

# 1-step for 802.1AS Details

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# Agenda

- Review of current proposal
- Media independent (Clause 10)
- Media dependent for Ethernet (Clause 11)
- Coordination with 1588

*Note: I have an annotated PDF if you care to get the details*

# Review

no TC mode!

- **Most changes in Clause 11 (full-duplex point-to-point) media dependent layer**
  - port can be “oneStepTransmit” (capable of one step Sync transmit) and “oneStepReceive” (capable of correctly receiving one step Sync) (per domain per port global variables)
  - if so capable, a master port can be in “oneStepTXOper” (per domain port global)
    - slave port operation updated to support 1step, but no mode change ... already in AS-Rev/D1.0
- **Intention is that media independent layer is almost the same**
  - existing path unchanged
  - **remove time filtering of Syncs in PortSyncSyncSend in “sync locked” mode**
    - **do not drop \*early\* Syncs or synthesizing late Syncs ... that’s a media dependent thing**
    - **timeout still runs**
  - use Signaling to communicate “oneStepReceive” capability and “syncLockDisable”
  - need to propagate some of the unprocessed received fields
- **Notes and annex to explain implications of mixed 1step/2step networks**

# One major change

- **SourcePortIdentity in Sync (and FollowUp) messages should be the portIdentity of the port on the current GM**
  - no change to general messages (e.g., Announce)
- **This was the original proposal for 802.1AS “way back when”**
  - who knows why we changed it?
- **The current meaning of SourcePortIdentity has no useful purpose in Sync/FollowUp**
  - does it?
  - does \*anybody\* have a use for the current meaning?

# Problem with sync interval?

- It's really not clear to me what's really supposed to happen when different ports have different `currentLogSyncInterval` values ...
- it seems like we are trying to combine two separate modes into one state machine
  - one where a master port transmits a Sync as soon as possible after a Sync is processed by the slave port, and
  - and another where the master port has its own timing
- it's pretty ugly
  - I'm proposing the outline of a solution, and I'll help Geoff with the details
  - “syncLock” mode

# Media independent

- **Clause 10 state machines unchanged except**
  - master ports (sending sync) get some extra information propagated from the slave port (receiving sync)
    - propagate the received sourcePortIdentity and sequenceld
  - Add TLV to Signaling message to communicate “oneStepReceive” capability
- **Clause 10 data structures:**
  - Separate PortSyncSend and PortSyncReceive
  - MDSync<x> and PortSync<x> have new fields
    - rxSequenceld - holds sequenceld from the current slave port
  - <y>SyncSend have new fields:
    - rxSourcePortIdentity - received on the current slave port (maybe “GMPortIdentity” to be clear?)

<x> is “Send” or “Receive”, <y> is “MD” or “Port”

# Move info TLV to sync

- 802.1AS uses the Follow\_Up to carry useful information
  - move it to the Sync if oneStepOperation is true

Table 11-10—Follow\_Up information TLV

Bits								Octets	Offset
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
tlvType								2	0
lengthField								2	2
organizationId								3	4
organizationSubType								3	7
cumulativeScaledRateOffset								4	10
gmTimeBaseIndicator								2	14
lastGmPhaseChange								12	16
scaledLastGmFreqChange								4	28

# MDSyncReceiveSM

- **No changes for one step except:**
  - populating the MDSyncReceive structure from the Sync event message
    - including the TLV
  - include the sequenceld value



# MDSendSynchSM

("syncLocked") FALSE

- **Use currentLogSyncInterval for timing**
  - Slave port may be different sync rate, so we need to synthesize the Sync
- **Build sync from MDSendSync structure**
  - uses the newest upstreamTxTime and egress timestamp (and other latency info) to add the residence time to the correction field (same as before)
    - perhaps use improved Noseworthy algorithm
  - uses locally generated sequenceId
  - uses received sourcePortIdentity for sourcePortIdentity

# **MDSendSynchSM**

**("syncLocked") TRUE**

- **Slave port must follow Master port Sync timing**
- **Build sync from MDSendSync structure**
  - uses the upstreamTxTime and egress timestamp (and other latency info) to add the residence time to the correction field (same as AS-2011)
  - uses rxSequenceId for the sequenceId
  - uses received sourcePortIdentity for sourcePortIdentity

# Two-step pDelay

- **pDelay is infrequent**
  - 1 per second, NOT duplicated for domains (or at least it shouldn't be)
  - low processing load
- **pDelay is NOT relayed**
  - processing is local anyway, hardly anything to be gained with one-step

# Backwards compatibility

- Signaling is currently used to communicate with peer (per domain) port
  - rate for pDelay, sync and announce, computation of neighbor rate ratio, etc. in message interval request TLV
- Add one-step **receive** capability in the Signaling message
  - Hmm. I notice that we never define when Signaling messages are sent.
    - I also note that sometimes it's "Signaling" and sometimes it's "Signalling"
  - Should be sent about the same time pDelay process starts
- New TLV in message interval request Signaling message
  - new bit in TLV is "flags.oneStepReceive"
  - If oneStepReceive is TRUE, then the (per domain) port sending it can **receive** one-step sync

signaling transmitter signaling receiver	oneStepReceive false (only accept two step)	oneStepReceive true (can receive one step)
oneStepTransmit false (802.1AS-2011 or 802.1AS-REV two step only)	ignored, will send back only two step <b>oneStepTXOper = false</b>	ignored, will send back only two step <b>oneStepTXOper = false</b>
oneStepTransmit true (802.1AS rev one step capable)	accepted, will send back only two step <b>oneStepTXOper = false</b>	accepted, will send back one step <b>oneStepTXOper = TRUE</b>

# Notes on hybrid operation

- “Hybrid operation” means the path back to the GM includes both one step and two step links.
- There are two fields in sync/follow-up that now have possibly different meanings:
  - sequenceId
  - sourcePortIdentity on Sync / FollowUp

# sequenceID

- as far as I can tell, sequenceID is not relevant end-to-end, it's just a link parameter
  - only used to correlate sync with corresponding follow-up
- for a “syncLocked” path through a TAS, sequenceID is repeated ...
  - never tested or validated
    - consider the case of transition from TC-like to non-TC-like and vice-versa
  - but always incrementing at nearest upstream TAS (non-syncLocked path) or GM
- perhaps just require that each sequenceID is different than the previous “n” sync messages
  - where “n” is TBD, maybe 4

# sourcePortIdentity

- in 1588 the sourcePortIdentity is the identifier of the closest upstream GM or BC
- for 802.1AS-2011, all TAS's are BCs
- for 802.1AS-rev, I propose that a TAS is NOT a BC
  - meaning that sourcePortIdentity is just like the 1588 meaning
  - it could be “grand master identity”
    - *I think this would be really useful!*
  - but that would be breaking 1588, but perhaps if we ask 1588 to allow profiles to make this change

# 1588 implications

- **1588 TCs don't necessarily wait for a follow up on a master port**
  - so they don't/can't convert a two step sync into a one step synch
- **1588 has no concept of different ports in a TC doing different things**
  - like one step and two step in the same device
  - but then they don't define ethernet and wifi ports, either
- **Port capabilities in announce or signaling messages?**
  - help their plug-and-play, they were thinking about things like this for profile interoperation
- **Requests to 1588**
  - Allow these features to be included in a profile spec
  - Perhaps part of the new layered architecture



# All done!

Well, not exactly ... tbd includes:

- state machine updates for “syncLocked”
- state machine updates for setting “oneStepTXOper” (copy and paste from 10.3.14)

document history		
v1	2015-04-07	initial version, TSN call 2015-04-08
v2	2015-04-08	separate out “TC” mode, fix names, agenda
v3	2015-05-03	updates to for final discussion on AS call 2015-05-04
v4	2015-05-07	effect of not computing cumulative rate ratio, requirements for that, and note about loss of accuracy if rate ratio not used residence time correction
v5	2015-05-19	additional notes, change names to be consistent, using signaling for port capabilities
v6	2015-09-07	more consistent with 802.1AS-rev/D1.0
v7	2015-09-09	automatic syncLock, per domain oneStepTXOper