

Resource Allocation Protocol (RAP) based on 802.1CS Link-local Registration Protocol

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RECAP: Stream Reservation in AVB networks

End-stations trigger Reservation for Streams using MSRP

• Provide Stream specification and initiate reservation (Registration of Attributes)

Distributed Stream Reservation (by MSRP) in the network

- Health-Status for reservations (Aging of reservations to handle death registrations)
- Controls the forwarding of Stream Data (Configuration of Filtering Database)
- Dynamic reservation adopts to reconfiguration of topologies
- Ensures uniqueness of Stream data identification (unique Multicast DA for Streams)
- Avoids overbooking of Stream class (pre-condition for QoS)
- Calculates hardware-dependent resource requirement based on a generic Stream description (TSpec)
- Accumulates device-specific latency (can be hardware and configuration dependent)
- Configures the Traffic Class Shaper (AVB: only CBSA)
- Provides Reservation Failure information (1st error on path down to Listeners)

• ...

Resource Allocation Protocol (RAP) Proposal for new Features

Proposal for main new Features of the Resource Allocation Protocol

- Support configurable SR Classes with (Information for SR class Selection in end-stations, SR Class domain boundary detection)
- Support for further Traffic Shaper / Transmission Mechanisms (e.g. IEEE802.1Qch CQF)
- Improved distribution of Information
- Collaboration with upper layer reservation protocol (e.g. RSVP)

Proposal: Further potential features of a new Resource Allocation Protocol (to discuss)

- Support Capability for enhanced diagnostic (e.g. talker and listener get diagnostic information)
- Support seamless redundancy
- Provision of information required for configuration of stream policing & metering
- Not only restricted on Streams, potentially support also for other traffic types
- Minimal reconfiguration time for RAP in case of topology changes (reconfiguration time)

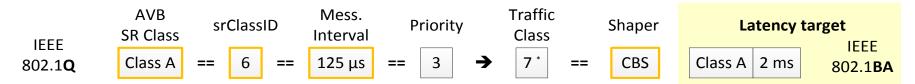
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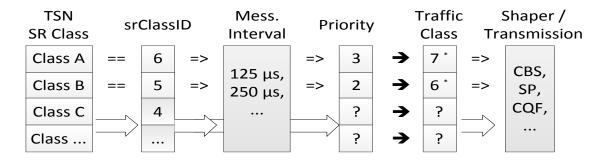
Configurable SR Classes

AVB used 2 pre-defined classes for Streams (SR Class A – 125μs / B – 250 μs)

802.1BA: Audio/video applications can use the latency targets (A 2ms / B 50ms) for class selection



• TSN already supports configurable SR Classes



Proposal: RAP distributes also the latency target of the SR Class

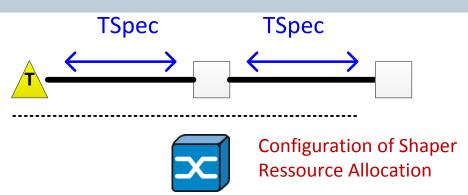
Information to support SR Class selection for applications in End-Stations (dependent on the current configuration of the network – provided to end stations)

Further detail: Usage of srClassID within the reservation to reference to a SR Class

Support for further Traffic Shaper / Transmission Mechanisms

(RAP should not be restricted to CBS)

- AVB introduced for AV Streams a generic traffic description (in AVB for CBSA with classMeasurementInterval)
 - MSRP configures the specific Shaper based on the generic traffic description of Streams



- TSN introduces more shapers / transmission mechanism and allows different usage models for their combination
 - The new allocation protocol (RAP) should include a generic part (independent from shaper / transmission mechanism)
 - Bandwidth and resource requirements (like Tspec)
 - Resource allocation for Streams depends on hardware and SR Class configuration
 - Implementation specific configuration of local resources based on generic values (generic calculation as abstraction layer for implementation specific configuration)

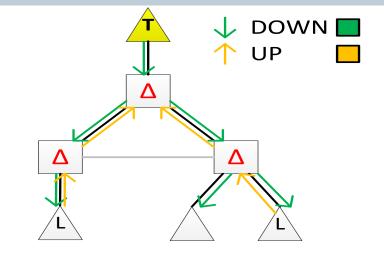
Proposal: Provide profiles for different Traffic Shaper / Transmission Mechanisms

(AVB defined the generic traffic description an provided a mapping to the AVB Shaper – the credit-based-shaper CBS)

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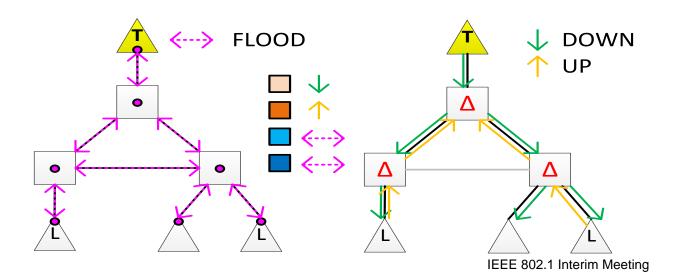
Improved distribution of Information

- All information is distributed in SRP using two attributes
 - Talker Advertise Vector goes downward (diagnostic by Talker Advertise Failed Vector)
 - Listener Advertise Vector goes upwards



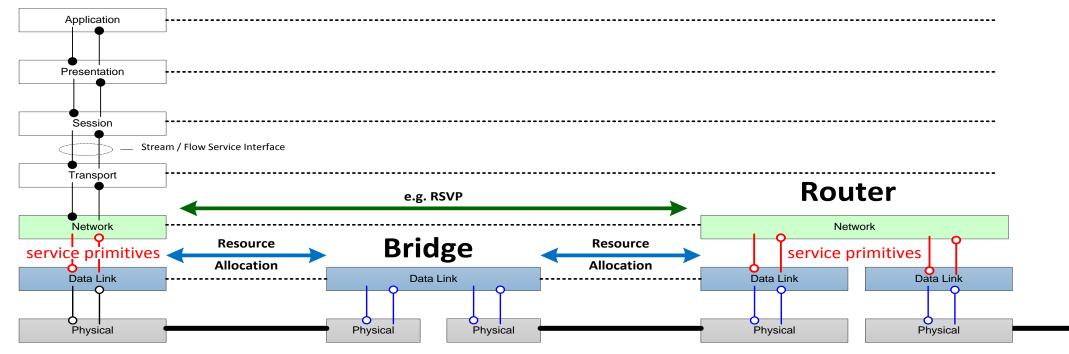
Proposal: Attributes with individual distribution mechanism for Resource Allocation

- More attributes to allow different distribution
- Attribute defines his distribution
- New kind of distribution: Unchanged over all links (flood)



Collaboration with upper Layer Resource Reservation Protocol (e.g. RSVP)

End-Station



Proposal: Specify service primitives to the upper layer or resource allocation

(similar like the Talker and Listener primitives in IEEE 802.1Q – table 35-8 and table 35-9)

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Questions?

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