

IEEE P802.1Qdd Resource Allocation Protocol (RAP)

Introduction to Draft 0.0

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Overview of D0.0

- Prepared based on the text contribution in [dd-chen-draft-text-contribution-0319-v01](#)
- But not yet formatted using the 802.1Q FM template
 - The editor will use the FM template from the next draft version
- Two new subclauses in Clause 99 filled with content

- ▲ 99.4 Definition of RAP parameters
 - ▷ 99.4.1 RAP base parameters
 - ▷ 99.4.2 RAP port parameters
 - ▷ 99.4.3 RAP SR class domain parameters
 - ▷ 99.4.4 RAP SR class port parameters
 - 99.4.5 RAP reservation modes

- ▲ 99.5 RAP attributes and TLV encoding
 - 99.5.1 Attribute type definitions
 - 99.5.2 TLV Structure
 - ▷ 99.5.3 Domain Attribute TLV
 - ▷ 99.5.4 Talker Announce Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.5 Listener Attach Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.6 Talker Announce Multiplex-Stream Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.7 Listener Attach Multiplex-Stream Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.8 Listener Announce Multiplex-Stream Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.9 Talker Attach Multiplex-Stream Attribute TLV
 - 99.5.10 Organizationally Defined sub-TLV

Fully configurable SR Class

The set of ***RAP SR class domain parameters*** defined in 99.4.3

- On a per-SR class per-device basis
- Describing the characteristics of an SR class supported on that device
- Carried by ***Domain Attribute*** for exchanges between neighbors and subject to consistency checks for detection of domain boundaries
- Fully configurable via the managed objects (to be in clause 12)
- No default values for a default SR class defined by Qdd
 - But can be specified by other standards, e.g. a profile

Introduction of RESERVATION-MODE

RESERVATION-MODE specified in 99.4.5

- The values for ***srClassReservationMode*** (99.4.3.2), one of the ***RAP SR class domain parameters*** used to characterize a given SR class
- Identifying the reservation method and algorithm used by RAP to reserve streams that use certain QoS functions and specifying the following
 - transmission selection algorithm (SP, CBS, ATS)
 - whether using scheduled traffic, e.g. CQF, (not defined as a transmission selection algorithm by 802.1Q)
 - which attributes and sub-TLVs
 - which TSpec format
 - latency and resource calculation algorithm (as informative?)
- A unique identifier formed using OUI or CID + Index (like ECT-ALGORITHMS in 802.1Q)
 - The values specified in this standard use OUI=00-80-C2

Support for Redundancy

- ***streamVlanIdList*** (99.4.1.3) allows use of multiple VIDs by a compound stream
 - One per Bridge, containing a list of VIDs allocated to different VLANs or a given VLAN configured on that Bridge
 - Carried in Domain Attribute and passed to Talker end stations
 - Choice of VID(s) for use by a Talker made by its higher layer entities
- ***Reservation ID*** (99.5.4.1) identifies a reservation made for each member stream
 - A 2-tuple carried by each reservation attribute and consisting of a ***StreamID*** that identifies a compound stream and a ***VID*** that identifies a path.
- ***TalkerPartialFailed*** (99.5.4.3 c) a third Talker Declaration Type used only for redundancy
 - Can be declared when multiple Talker attributes with the same StreamID but a different VID are merged by a CB bridge located at the stream merging point
 - Indicating that at least one path ok and one or more other paths failed

Two TSpec Types

■ ***TSpec Type 1 sub-TLV*** (99.5.4.8) – Class Measurement Interval based

- Same as the one used by AVB in MSRPv0
- For use with CBS, CQF, etc

	Octet	Length
Maximum SDU Size (99.5.4.8a)	1	2
Maximum Interval Frames (99.5.4.8b)	3	2

■ ***TSpec Type 2 sub-TLV*** (99.5.4.9) – Token Bucket based

- See contribution [dd-chen-RAP-ATS-0619-v02](#)
- For use with ATS, etc

	Octet	Length
Maximum SDU Size (99.5.4.8a)	1	2
Minimum SDU Size (99.5.4.8b)	3	2
Committed Information Rate (99.5.4.8b)	5	8
Committed Burst Size (99.5.4.8b)	9	2

The choice of which is made on a per SR Class basis and determined by ***RESERVATION-MODE*** assigned to that SR Class.

Support for Stream Multiplexing (Aggregation)

- The support for Stream Multiplexing (aggregation based on use of CQF) as described in [dd-chen-flow-aggregation-0119-v03](#) requires use of special reservation attributes and a distinct reservation flow.
- 4 (optional) attribute types are specified in D0.0, but not yet with content.
 - 2 for Talker-Multiplexing Stream (scheduling distributed by a single Talker)
 - **Talker Announce Multiplex-Stream attribute (99.5.6)**
 - **Listener Attach Multiplex-Stream attribute (99.5.7)**
 - 2 for Listener-Multiplexing Stream (scheduling distributed by a single Listener)
 - **Listener Announce Multiplex-Stream attribute (99.5.8)**
 - **Talker Attach Multiplex-Stream attribute (99.5.9)**