Suggestions for Automotive Profile outline

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Fundamental questions to answer, first

- Are we describing one way to build an in-vehicle network, or a box of tools for people designing automotive networks?
 - This presentation assumes we want a box of as few tools as possible.
- Are we building relationships (as with P802.1CM ←→ CPRI) with other SDOs who are writing standards that call out P802.1DF?
 - This presentation assumes that the answer is, "Yes."
- How much security do we do?
 - This presentation assumes that we will describe some available security features. The industry needs a comprehensive security plan.
- These questions have a big impact on the document. If the above assumed answers are incorrect, this presentation is of questionable value.

Notes

- The toolbox assumption leads this contribution to describe the tools in a bit more detail before dropping into the actual profiles that select among the tools presented. It is even possible that we will want to define tools that no profile requires. **But**,
- The document is a toolbox, not a catalog. We only pick features that are definitely applicable, and do not describe obscure options.
- Security affects all aspects of the document. That's why the Security section is near the front of the document. Security is likely too large a subject to be comprehensively covered in this document. Every clause will refer back to the Security clause.

P802.1DF table of contents

- 1. Outline, 2. Normative references, 3. Definitions, 4. Abbreviations
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Outline, 2. Normative references, Definitions, 4. Abbreviations

- These sections, of course, are mandated by the IEEE Standards Association.
- Also:
 - Introduction
 - Table of Contents
 - Annex A: PICS proforma
 - Annex <last>: Non-normative references
 - Annex Z: Working Group scratch pad

5. Conformance

- 1. Requirements terminology (explains shall, must, should)
- 2. PICS: describes use of PICS in Annex A
- 3. Automotive Bridge
- 4. Two-port Chained Station (3-port Bridge + end station)
- 5. Automotive end station
- There may be more than one profile defined, in which case the some of 5.3, 5.4, or 5.5 may be doubled.

6. Automotive In-Vehicle Networks

- The purpose of this clause is not historical or simply informative; the purpose is to justify a number of requirements on an automotive invehicle Bridged LAN. These requirements will be called out throughout the rest of the document to drive/justify the specifications.
- **1**. Brief introduction to existing in-vehicle networks
- 2. Interfacing with existing non-Ethernet networking technologies
- 3. Related standards' requirements on DF (e.g. AutoSAR)
- 4. Failure mode operations
- 5. Fast start-up issues
- 6. Maintenance mode operations
- 7. Supported physical media

7. Security

- See "notes"
- 1. Summary of useful external documents.
- 2. Threats
- 3. Cryptographic tools
- 4. Physical security tools
- 5. Application of these tools to following sections of this document

8. Traffic separation

- 1. Separation by VLAN
 - Separating groups of functional units on different VLANs
- 2. Topology separation
 - Multiple versions of the active topology can share a physical network: MST, SPB, SPB+PCR, configuration, network manager.
- 3. Physical separation
 - Separating groups of functional units on different LANs.
- 4. Connectivity by router
 - Selectively connecting different groups by IETF routing
- 5. Connectivity by application gateway
 - Selectively connecting different groups above the frame/packet layers.

9. Latency and congestion loss

- 1. Best effort flows
- 2. Continuous vs. Intermittent flows
 - Intermittent flows can be scheduled. Hard to mix both types on same port.
- 3. Time scheduling for intermittent flows.
- 4. Bounded latency, zero congestion loss
 - Pick (ideally) one queuing method for continuous flows.
- 5. Frame preemption
- 6. Cut-through forwarding

10. Topology and reliability

- 1. Physical topology verification and/or determination
 - Does the physical topology match expectations?
- 2. Best-effort active topology determination
 - Pick one: MST, SPB, none (no loops) or a non-802.1 ring protocol.
- 3. Critical flow active topology determination
 - Pick one: None (no loops), FRER paths, or a non-802.1 ring protocol.
- 4. Frame Replication and Elimination for Reliability
 - End-to-end, not ladder. Pick one: Configuration, SPB+PCR, net manager.
- **5**. End station duplication.
 - Also, the interaction between 9.1 and 9.2.

11. Protocols

1. Other IEEE 802 protocols required

- One section for each protocol. 802.1AX? LLDP? Ether OAM? CFM?
- 2. Configured reservations for TSN flows
 - This will certainly be required. Where do addresses come from? (9.1?)
- 3. Reservations made by network controller
 - Pick one: NETCONF? RESTCONF? SNMP? Application controller?
- 4. Reservations made by peer-to-peer protocols
 - Or not. If allowed, RAP? MSTP? A variant of either?

12. Maintenance mode

 What about the *network behavior* changes when the vehicle is in the shop? (Perhaps nothing)

13. Profiles

- One or two (hopefully one) profiles, for devices conformant to Clause 5, that will meet the needs of a significant market.
- 1. Profile 1
 - 1. Overview
 - 2. Selection of tools
 - **3**. Specific profile parameters
- **2**. Profile 2 ...

Annex C. Information elements for carriage in other protocols

• There are likely other protocols for which this document needs to define TLVs or other IEs: IEEE 802.1AB LLDP comes to mind. There may be some other high-level protocols that need bits defined.

