



## **P802.1ASed**

Type of Project: Amendment to IEEE Standard 802.1AS-2020

Project Request Type: Initiation / Amendment

PAR Request Date: PAR Approval Date: PAR Expiration Date: PAR Status: Draft

**Root Project:** 802.1AS-2020

**1.1 Project Number:** P802.1ASed **1.2 Type of Document:** Standard

1.3 Life Cycle: Full Use

2.1 Project Title: IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks--Timing and Synchronization

for Time-Sensitive Applications Amendment: Fault-Tolerant Timing with Time Integrity

3.1 Working Group: Higher Layer LAN Protocols Working Group(C/LAN/MAN/802.1 WG)

3.1.1 Contact Information for Working Group Chair:

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3.2 Society and Committee: IEEE Computer Society/LAN/MAN Standards Committee(C/LAN/MAN)

3.2.1 Contact Information for Standards Committee Chair:

Name: James Gilb

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4.1 Type of Ballot: Individual

4.2 Expected Date of submission of draft to the IEEE SA for Initial Standards Committee Ballot:

Mar 2026

4.3 Projected Completion Date for Submittal to RevCom: Nov 2026

## **5.1** Approximate number of people expected to be actively involved in the development of this project: 30

**5.2.a Scope of the complete standard:** This standard specifies protocols, procedures, and managed objects used to ensure that the synchronization requirements are met for time-sensitive applications, such as audio, video, and time-sensitive control, across networks, for example, IEEE 802 and similar media. This includes the maintenance of synchronized time during normal operation and following addition, removal, or failure of network components and network reconfiguration. It specifies the use of IEEE 1588(TM) specifications where applicable in the context of IEEE Std 802.1Q(TM)-2018. Synchronization to an externally provided timing signal [e.g., a recognized timing standard such as Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) or International Atomic Time (TAI)] is not part of this standard but is not precluded.

**5.2.b Scope of the project:** This amendment specifies protocols, processes, procedures, functions, mechanisms, and managed objects to enable fault-tolerant timing by increasing the availability of the time and adding time integrity. This is achieved using two or more generalized Precision Time Protocol (gPTP) domains, multiple time distribution paths, the local oscillator clock, and a time selection function with individual processes for times that have interdependencies and times that do not have interdependencies. Fault-tolerant timing includes fault-tolerant time generation and distribution.

5.3 Is the completion of this standard contingent upon the completion of another standard? Yes Explanation: This amendment will use the YANG data model being specified by IEEE P802.1ASdn.5.4 Purpose: This standard enables systems to meet the respective jitter, wander, and time-synchronization requirements for time-sensitive applications, including those that involve multiple streams delivered to multiple

end stations. To facilitate the widespread use of packet networks for these applications, synchronization information is one of the components needed at each network element where time-sensitive application data are mapped or demapped or a time-sensitive function is performed. This standard leverages the work of the IEEE 1588 Working Group by developing the additional specifications needed to address these requirements.

- **5.5 Need for the Project:** Fault-tolerant timing with time integrity is needed in some applications that use time synchronization (e.g., aerospace onboard networks) to provide reliable time to vital time-sensitive applications.
- **5.6 Stakeholders for the Standard:** Developers, manufacturers, distributors, or users of time-sensitive applications, components, and equipment.

## **6.1 Intellectual Property**

- **6.1.1** Is the Standards Committee aware of any copyright permissions needed for this project? No
- **6.1.2** Is the Standards Committee aware of possible registration activity related to this project?

**Explanation:** The YANG Data Model will be assigned a Uniform Resource Name (URN) based on the IEEE RA URN tutorial and IEEE Std 802d.

- 7.1 Are there other standards or projects with a similar scope? No
- 7.2 Is it the intent to develop this document jointly with another organization? No

## **8.1 Additional Explanatory Notes:** #2.1, #5.2.b, #5.5:

Time Integrity: A measure of the confidence in the correctness of the time supplied by gPTP. #5.2:

IEEE Std 802.1Q, IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks - Bridges and Bridged Networks IEEE Std 1588, IEEE Standard for a Precision Clock Synchronization Protocol for Network Measurement and Control Systems

UTC - Coordinated Universal Time

TAI - International Atomic Time

#5.3.1:

While 'YANG' (developed by the Internet Engineering Task Force) appears to be an acronym, its expansion is not meaningful. YANG is a data modeling language for the definition of data sent over network management protocols specified by IETF Request For Comments (RFC) 7950, The YANG 1.1 Data Modeling Language. IEEE P802.1ASdn, Draft Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Timing and Synchronization for Time-Sensitive Applications - Amendment: YANG Data Model #6.1.2:

IEEE Std 802d, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802 Standards; link to the IEEE RA URN tutorial: https://standards.ieee.org/wp-content/uploads/import/documents/tutorials/ieeeurn.pdf