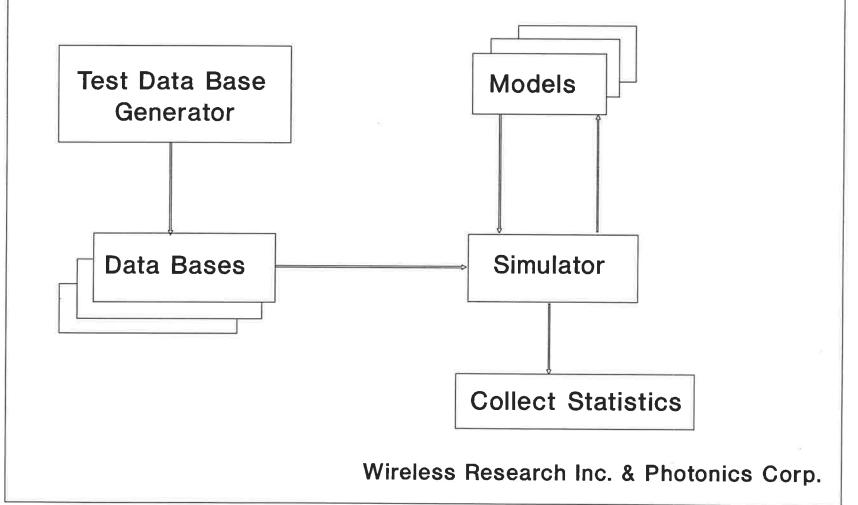
#### A Simulator for Evaluating MAC Proposals Why?

- Wireless networks have different characteristics
  - Large signal strength variations
  - Interference from hidden nodes
  - Dynamic topologies
- Discussion of wireless MAC layers has been heated
  - Past experiences have led to strongly-held opinions
  - Little quantitative information has emerged
- 802.11 needs objective methods for evaluating MACs
  - Simulation provides an economical method

# Objectives Wireless MAC Simulator

- Wide variety of test environments
- Transportable to many computing platforms
  - Written in C
  - Minimize & isolate machine dependencies
- Code publicly available
- Test against previously published results

# Structure Wireless MAC Simulator



## Data Base Description Wireless MAC Simulator

- Many data bases may be created
- Packet size distribution by node
- Connectivity by node
- Traffic generation rate by node
- Number of nodes
- Time slots per maximum length packet
- Time slots for propagation & carrier detect delay

# Simulator Description Wireless MAC Simulator

- Startup
  - Reads data base, parses ,creates program data base
  - Initializes variables
  - Setup display
- Models
  - Model created for each MAC to be simulated
  - Called by simulator each time slot
  - Implemented as state machines
  - Calculates actions each time slot
- Simulator
  - Each time slot calls model for each node
  - Calls statistics update

# Simulator Support Wireless MAC Simulator

- Statistics generator
  - Provides support functions to model
  - Presents bar-graph display of network state
  - Reports cumulative statistics
- Data base generator
  - Creates scenarios for simulation

#### Network Node Information Structure Wireless MAC Simulator

Maintained for each network node:

Probability of transmission
Fraction of traffic load
Probability of small packet
Current packet size
Current destination node
How long packet has been transmitting
Connectivity to each other node
Probability of each other node as destination

# Simulator Program Flow Wireless MAC Simulator

```
startup (read data base file and initialize variables)
select MAC, slot size (if slotted),
model
 while not stopped
   count rounds
   for each node
    run MAC (state machine-if packet is ready, choose
                       packet size, destination &
                       apply MAC rules to send
                      -update state, collision count.
                       success count
                      -update how long transmitted
   for each node
    determine if a collision is occuring
      (by checking connectivity model to other sending
      nodes)
   update screen
```

# Development Status Wireless MAC Simulator

- The simulator is incomplete.
  - This is an interim report
  - Features and models are being added
- ALOHA & Slotted ALOHA models agree with prior work
- Next steps:
  - Test against P-persistent CSMA results
  - Experiment with new MAC proposals
  - Evaluate effects of client-server model
  - Evaluate capture effects

5204596 rounds

Simple ALOHA using network 75.net

Long attempts = 25715

Long successes = 9720 (37.799%)

Short attempts = 0

Short successes = 0 (0.000)

Node 61 lost a 100 round packet to node 0

Elapsed time = 08:35:24.04. Program returned (13). Press any key.