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WPAN CFA

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Application Scenario for WPAN

 Network of personal computing devices in a classroom environment

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Need for a New Standard

- A classroom network:
 - does **not** need range (typical range < 10m)
 - does **not** need ad-hoc networking (has well defined network control)
 - does **not** need support for telephony
 - does **not** need roaming/hand-off between networks

all of which are part of LAN stds and add complexity, cost, power

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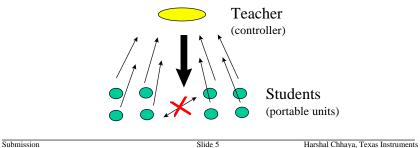
System Characteristics

- Characteristics of the educational network environment
 - 1. There is a teacher (control)
 - 2. A concentrated set of nodes
 - 3. Nearby cells (classrooms)
 - 4. Moderate high bandwidth
 - 5. Very cost sensitive
 - 6. Long battery life (24 hrs)
 - 7. Data reliability/premium on usability/selfcorrecting/redundancy

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Well-defined Control (Teacher)

- One primary controller
- No peer-peer communication



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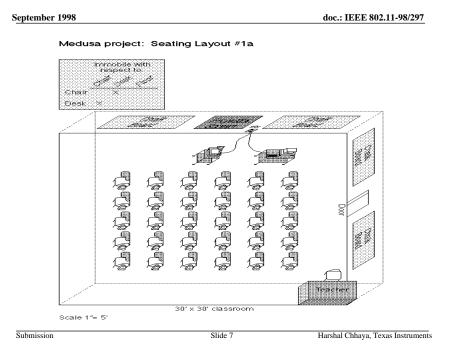
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Concentrated Set of Nodes

- Typical classroom
 - 30 (school) 128 (college) students in a room
 - Maximum distance from teacher < 15m
 - Distance between students (nodes) ~ 1 m

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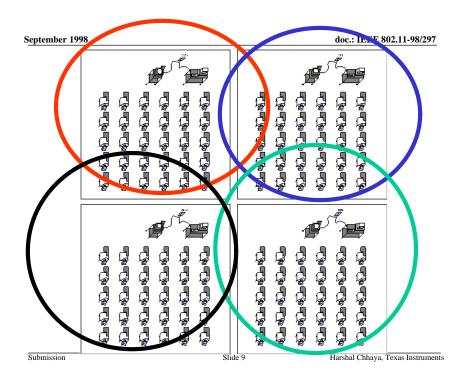


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Adjacent Networks

- Adjoining classrooms create co-located networks
- Neighboring networks should **not** interfere
- Implies limited communication range for hand-held units

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Moderately High Bandwidth

- Desired: 1-2 Mbps
- Data types:
 - Bulk transfers (broadcast)
 - Multimedia streams
 - Interactive sessions

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Very Cost Sensitive

- Network devices are PDAs, calculators, data loggers etc.
- Cost: US\$ 100-200

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 The price premium for networking cannot exceed 20% of the cost of the endpoint devices

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Strict Power Requirements

- Devices are battery powered
- Peak power drain: 100 ma @ 3V

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 The network and endpoint devices must be capable of continuous uninterrupted operation for an entire working day

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Network Reliability

- An unreliable network is unusable too disruptive
- Worst case should be a slow down

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System Features

- Network should be scalable from classrooms (~30 students) to lecture halls (~100 students)
- Should support outdoor networking (field trips etc.)
- Presence of minimal emitters data loggers, pointing devices etc.
- Various classroom cells connected via (wired?) School LAN

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PHY Considerations

- IR
 - Pluses
 - Negligible interference with other consumer devices
 - Cheap
 - Physically contained
 - No regulatory constraints (no EMI issues)
 - Minuses
 - Line of sight propagation
 - Degradation in direct sunlight

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PHY Considerations

- RF
 - Pluses
 - Not line-of-sight
 - Variety of vendors/technologies
 - Minuses
 - Interference with adjacent cells (classes)
 - Regulatory constraints

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PHY Considerations

• No clear choice!

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MAC Characteristics

- Fair: access to network should be position independent
- Power efficient: a battery life of 8-12 hrs, ideally more
- Support for bulk transfers, isochronous and asynchronous data
- Cheap to implement: network devices are not computationally powerful

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Theory of Operation

- Devices within controller's sphere of influence can join the network
- Once "logged in", they use the network to transfer data
- Mechanics of data-transfer are MACdependant
- Network devices can access other networks (school LAN, Internet) via the controller

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Theory of Operation (Contd.)

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- Adjacent networks (cells) should not interfere
- Their controllers may communicate via another network (school LAN)

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Why Is This Interesting?

- Completely untapped market
- ~ 10 million communications capable handheld devices in schools
- Solve the "last 10 m" problem
- Allow access to vast resources on the Internet
- Support NSF initiatives
- Socially relevant

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WPAN application: Classroom network

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Comments/Questions?

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