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Re:	IEEE 802.16 NetMan Task Group Call for Contribution			
Abstract	To expedite the handover procedure, backbone messages transfer security context and HO related information. To protect the security context and backbone messages, shared keys between BSs are required. In this contribution, method to share the keys dynamically is presented.			
Purpose	Adopt changes			
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# Secure Message Transfer between BSs in the Backbone network

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# 1. Vulnerabilities in MSS Security Context Transfer Message

HMAC Tuple of RNG\_RSP in 6.3.2.3.6 expedites security authentication by notifying MSS through the HO Process Optimization TLV that the PKM\_REQ/RSP sequence may be omitted for the current HO re\_entry attempt. Thus, BS must obtain security context before sending RNG\_RSP to compute the HMAC Tuple.

After a HO\_REQ/RSP exchange, an MSS may seek to use pre\_authentication to effect a fast handover. An MSS seeking to use pre\_authentication shall transmit a PKM\_PREAUTH\_REQ with OMAC Tuple. Thus, target BSs must obtain security context before receiving PKM Pre\_Authentication Request message to validate the OMAC Tuple.

To this end, MSS Security Context Transfer Request/Response messages are defined in ANNEX D.2.15. Unfortunately, only authentication for messages in backbone network is provided, but confidentiality is not serviced for messages in ANNEX D.2. Thus, an attacker can obtain AK and TEK in non\_negligible probability by monitoring BSs interested to capture an MSS Security Context Transfer Response message for a enough time period. Thus, it is required to provide confidentiality service for MSS Security Context Transfer Response message and authentication service of the security field for all inter\_BS messages, it is necessary to share a key between communicating BSs. The key may be provisioned in each BS, but it is more desirable to dynamically generate a key in every session in view of security and convenience.

# 2. Solution

If Backbone network communication protocol accommodates some underlying security protocol such as IPSec, the key distribution problem between BSs is resolved and also we do not need any more the security field of backbone messages. Also, timestamp field is not required for prevention of replay attack because IPSec already prevents replay attack effectively. Similarly, Task Group F of IEEE 802.11 has recommended IPSec to protect messages of Inter-Access-Point Protocol (IAPP).

### 3. Proposed text changes

We propose to change the annex named by "Annex D. Backbone network HO procedures" in IEEE 802.16e-D4. *[Remove the timestamp field in Table D4 at section D.2.1, page 211:]* 

Field	Size	Notes
Message Type = ?	8-bit	
Sender BS-ID	48-bit	Base station unique identifier (Same number as that broad- casted on the DL-MAP message)
Target BS-ID	48-bit	Base station unique identifier (Same number as that broad- casted on the DL-MAP message)
Time Stamp	<del>32-bit</del>	Number of milliseconds since midnight GMT (set to 0xffffffff to ignore)
Num Records	16-bit	Number of MSS identity records

### Table D4\_Global Message Header

[Change Table D5 at section D.2.2, page 211:]

#### Table D5\_I-am-host-of Message

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS on initial network entry
Reason	8-bit	<ul> <li>#0: Network Attached</li> <li>#1: Successful Handover</li> <li>#2: Handover Failure</li> <li>#3:-7: <i>reserved</i></li> </ul>
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

[Change Table D6 at section D.2.3, page 212:]

Table D6\_MSS-info-request Message

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		

MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS (as provided by the MSS or by the <i>I-am-host-of</i> message)	
Action flag	8-bit	0 – Request information 1 – MSS arrived from Idle mode 2 – MSS has transitioned to another paging group 3 – MSS request handover 4-7 – reserved	
}			
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message	

# [Change Table D7 at section D.2.4, page 212: ]

Table D7	MSS-info-res	ponse Message

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS (as provided by the MSS or by the <i>I-am-host-of</i> message)
N_NSIE		Number of Network Service Information Elements
For (k=0; k <n_nsie; k++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_nsie;>		
Field Size	16-bit	Size, in bytes, of TLV encoded information field below
TLV encoded information	Variable	TLV information as allowed on a DSA-REQ MAC message
}		
N_SAIE		Number of Security Association Information Elements
For (k=0; k <n_saie; k++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_saie;>		
Field Size	16-bit	Size, in bytes, of TLV encoded information field below
TLV encoded information	Variable	TLV information as allowed on a PKM-xxx MAC messages
}		
N_MSS_CAP		Number of MSS Capabilities
For (k=0; k <n_mss_cap; k++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_mss_cap;>		
Field Size	16-bit	Size, in bytes, of TLV encoded information field below
TLV encoded information	Variable	TLV information as allowed on a SBC-REQ MAC message
}		
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

### [Change Table D8 at section D.2.5, page 213: ]

Table D8	HO-	pre-notification	Message
	_		

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<u>152-bit</u> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS (as provided by the MSS or by the <i>I-am-host-of</i> message)
Estimated Time to HO	16-bit	In milliseconds, relative to the time stamp. A value of 0 indicates that the estimated time is unknown.
Required BW	8-bit	Bandwidth which is required by MSS (to guarantee minimum packet data transmission)
For (i=0; i <num_sfid_records; i++)<="" td=""><td></td><td></td></num_sfid_records;>		
SFID	32 bits	
For (i=0; i <num_qos_records; i++) {</num_qos_records; 		
Required QoS	Variable	11.13 QoS Parameter definition encodings that in combination define an AdmittedQoSParamSet specific to the SFID
}		
}		
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

[Change Table D9 at section D.2.6, page 214: ]

Table D9\_HO-pre-notification-response Message

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS (as provided by the MSS or by the <i>I-am-host-of</i> message)
BW Estimated	8-bit	Bandwidth which is provided by BS (to guarantee mini- mum packet data transmission) TBD how to set this field

QoS Estimated	8-bit	Quality of Service level — Unsolicited Grant Service (UGS) — Real-time Polling Service (rtPS) — Non-real-time Polling Service (nrtPS) — Best Effort
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

[Change Table D10 at section D.2.7, page 214: ]

# Table D10\_HO-confirm Message

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS unique identifier	48-bit	48-bit universal MAC address of the MSS (as provided to the BS on the RNG-REQ message)
BW Estimated	8-bit	Bandwidth which is provided by BS (to guarantee minimum packet data transmission) TBD how to set this field
QoS Estimated	8-bit	Quality of Service level — Unsolicited Grant Service (UGS) — Real-time Polling Service (rtPS) — Non-real-time Polling Service (nrtPS) — Best Effort Service (BE)
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

# [Change the table at the end of section D.2.8, page 215:]

Field	Size	Notes
Message Type = ?	8-bit	
Sender BS-ID	48-bit	Base station unique identifier (Same number as that broadcasted on the DL-MAP message)
Target BS-ID	48-bit	Base station unique identifier (Same number as that broadcasted on the DL-MAP message)
Time Stamp	32-bit	Number of milliseconds since midnight GMT (set to 0xffffffff to ignore)
Action	4-bit	<ul> <li>0 – Assign target BS to paging groups</li> <li>1 – Remove target BS from paging groups</li> <li>2 – Query (which paging groups target BS belongs to?)</li> <li>3 – Information (paging groups sender BS belongs to)</li> </ul>
Num Records	4-bit	Number of paging-group-ID records
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" records;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
Paging-group-ID	16-bit	Paging-group-ID
PAGING_CYCLE	16-bit	Cycle in which the paging message is transmitted within the paging group
PAGING OFFSET	8-bit	MSS PAGING OFFSET parameter
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message
CRC field	32-bit	IEEE CRC-32

# [Change the table at the end of section D.2.9, page 216:]

Field	Size	Notes
Message Type = ?	8-bit	
Sender BS-ID	48-bit	Base station unique identifier (Same number as that broadcasted on the DL-MAP message)
Recipient BS-ID	48-bit	Set to 0xffffff to indicate broadcast
Time Stamp	32-bit	Number of milliseconds since midnight GMT (set to 0xffffffff to ignore)
Num MSS	8-bit	Number of MSSs to page
For (j=0; j <num j++)="" mss;="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num>		
MSS MAC address	48-bit	
Paging Group ID	8-bit	The identifier of the paging group to which the MSS belongs.
PAGING CYCLE	16-bit	MSS PAGING CYCLE parameter
PAGING OFFSET	8-bit	MSS PAGING OFFSET parameter
Action code	3-bit	0=MSS enters Idle Mode 1=MSS exits Idle Mode 2=MSS should be paged to perform ranging to establish location and acknowledgement message 3=MSS should be paged to enter network 4-7= <i>Reserved</i>
Reserved	5-bit	
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message
CRC field	32-bit	IEEE CRC-32

### [Change the table at the end of section D.2.10, page 217:]

Field	Size	Notes
MSS_PINGPONG_Notification_Message_Format() {		
Global Header	152 bits	
MSS unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit unique identifier of the MSS
Estimated PP time	8 bits	Same value in MSS_PINGPONG_Report message
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message
CRC field	32 bits	IEEE CRC-32
}		

[Change the table at the end of section D.2.11, page 217:]

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
for (i=0; i <num_records; i++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></num_records;>		
MSS unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit universal MAC address of the MSS (as provided to the BS on the RNG-REQ message)
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

[Change the table at the end of section D.2.12, page 217:]

Field	Size	Notes
Message Type = ?	8-bit	
Server BS-ID	48 bits	BS unique identifier (same number as that broadcast on the DL-MAP mes- sage)
Target BS-ID	48 bits	Set to 0xFFFFFF to indicate broadcast
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

[Change the table at the end of section D.2.13, page 218:]

Field	Size	Notes
Message Type = ?	8 bits	
Sender BS-ID	48 bits	BS unique identifier (same number as that broadcast on the DL-MAP message)
Target BS-ID	48 bits	Set to 0xFFFFFF to indicate broadcast
Time Stamp	32 bits	Number of milliseconds since midnight GMT (set to 0xFFFFFF to ignore)
Configuration Change Count	8 bits	Incremented each time the information for the BS has changed.
TLV Encoded information	Variable	TLV information as allowed on DCD, UCD messages.
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message.

[Change the table at the end of section D.2.14, page 218: ]

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	152 bits	
Message Type = ?	8 bits	
for (j=0; j <numrecords; j++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></numrecords;>		
MSS Unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit unique identifier of the MSS
}		
Security field		A means to authenticate this message.

# [Change the table at the end of section D.2.15, page 219: ]

Field	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> 120 bit	
Message Type = ?	8 bits	
for (j=0; j <numrecords; j++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></numrecords;>		
MSS Unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit unique identifier of the MSS
"Older" AK	160 bits	
"Older" AK Remaining Key Lifetime	32 bits	
"Older" AK Key Sequence Number	8 bits	
"Newer" AK	160 bits	
"Newer" AK Remaining Key Lifetime	32 bits	
"Newer" AK Key Sequence Number	8 bits	
N_SAIE	8 bits	Number of Security Association Infor- mation Elements
for (k=0; i <n_saie; k++)="" td="" {<=""><td></td><td></td></n_saie;>		
SA Descriptor	Variable	These properties include the SAID, the SA type, and the cryptographic suite employed within the SA.
"Older" TEK		
"Older" TEK Remaining Key Lifetime	32 bits	
"Older" TEK Key Sequence Number	8 bits	
"Older" TEK CBC Init Vector	Equal to block length of cipher	
}		
}		
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message

#### [Change Table D11 at section D.2.17, page 223:]

#### Table D11\_MSS-Data-Forwarding Message

Syntax	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
Length	16 bits	The length in bytes of the MAC SDU including the Global Header, MSS unique identifier, and Security field.
MSS unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS on initial network entry
MAC SDU	variable	
Security Field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message.

#### [Change Table D12 at section D.2.18, page 223:]

#### Table D12\_Stop-Data-Forwarding Message

Syntax	Size	Notes
Global Header	<del>152-bit</del> <u>120 bit</u>	
MSS unique identifier	48 bits	48-bit unique identifier used by MSS on initial network entry.
Action	TBD	TBD
Security field	TBD	A means to authenticate this message.

### [Add the following at section D.3, page 223: ]

#### D.3 Backbone network communication protocol

Backbone network communication protocol is run on top of the IPSec. All the backbone messages are transferred in the secure channel between BSs using IPSec that provides message authentication and confidentiality services. Transport mode rather than tunnel mode of IPSec should be used. Only for the message authentication, AH(Authentication Header) should be used, and MSS Security Context Transfer Request and MSS Security Context Transfer Reply must be transferred in ESP(Encapsulating Security Payload) of IPSec.