Efficient frequency reuse for 802.16j -Activities for wireless broadband service in Japan-

IEEE 802.16 Presentation Submission Template (Rev. 8.3)

Document Number:

IEEE C802.16j-06/054r1

Date Submitted:

2006-07-03

Source:

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Venue:

IEEE 802.16 Session #44, San Diego, CA, USA

Base Document:

None

Purpose:

This contribution is provided as input for 802.16j technical requirements and related issues.

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Efficient frequency reuse for 802.16j

-Activities for wireless broadband service in Japan-

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Objectives of this contribution

- To inform activities for wireless broadband service in Japan
- To include efficient frequency reuse as one of the technical requirements for 802.16j

Activities for wireless broadband service in Japan

 MIC will inquire the council on wireless broadband service (February 27, 2006)

The Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communication (MIC) announced that they would inquire with the information communication council to find out what kind of technical conditions are necessary to realize the <u>wireless broadband service using a 2.5GHz band</u>. The idea will be obtained in November.

These are quoted from the following URL.

http://www.jetrocgo.org/index2.php?option=com_content&do_p df=1&id=351

Activities for Wireless broadband service in Japan (cont'd)

- Requirements for BWA service using 2.5GHz band
 - Transmission speed should be faster than those of 3G and 3.5G cellular system
 - DL 20~30Mbps and over
 - UL 10Mbps and over
 - Frequency usage efficiency should be higher than those of 3G and
 3.5G cellular system
 - TDD system
 - etc.

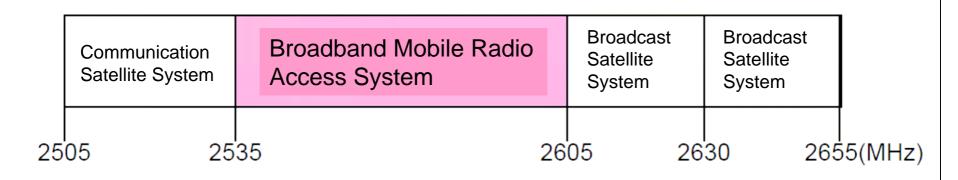
Reference

http://www.soumu.go.jp/s-news/2006/pdf/060227_2_bs1.pdf (Japanese Release)

Activities for Wireless broadband service in Japan (cont'd)

Study items

- Technical requirements for efficient frequency usage
 - Required guard bandwidth between BWA system and neighbor system
 - Required guard bandwidth between BWA systems
- Frequency sharing technique between operators



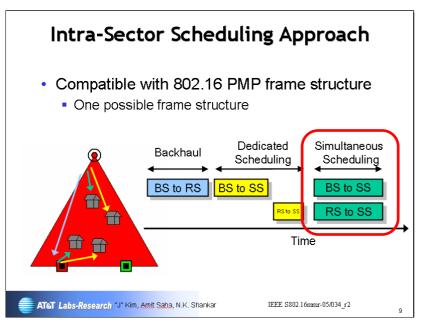
Note

Detail of frequency allocations for the wireless broadband service has not been decided yet.

Technical requirements for 802.16j

- Efficient frequency reuse
 - Since frequency allocation for BWA is limited, operators want to make efficient use of the radio resource.
 - We require efficient frequency reuse even in the case of relay use.
 - The requirement for efficient frequency reuse is common among operators, as can be seen from the approach below.

Refer to IEEE S802.16mmr-05/034_r2



Conclusions • (1,6,6) system with 6 mBS per cell shows: • QPSK ½ Outage improvement around 80 % • Overall sector throughput improves from 16 Mbps to 21 Mbps • Less Gains under more severe interference situations: e.g., (1,3,6) • Capacity improvement in multihop forwarding system more than compensates for radio resources diverted towards RS - RS Link • If simultaneous scheduling is supported. • Without sophisticated interference management

Conclusions

We discussed:

- Activities for wireless broadband service in Japan
- Efficient frequency reuse to be included to technical requirements for 802.16j