#### A RS Clustering Scheme for IEEE 802.16j

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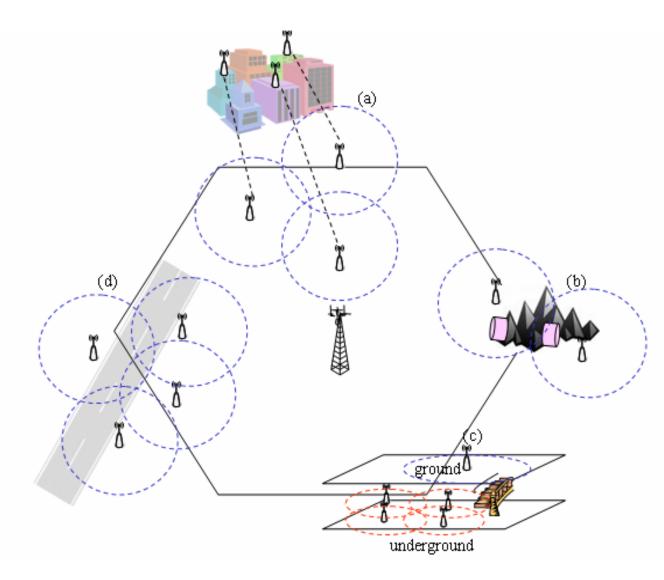
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#### Introduction

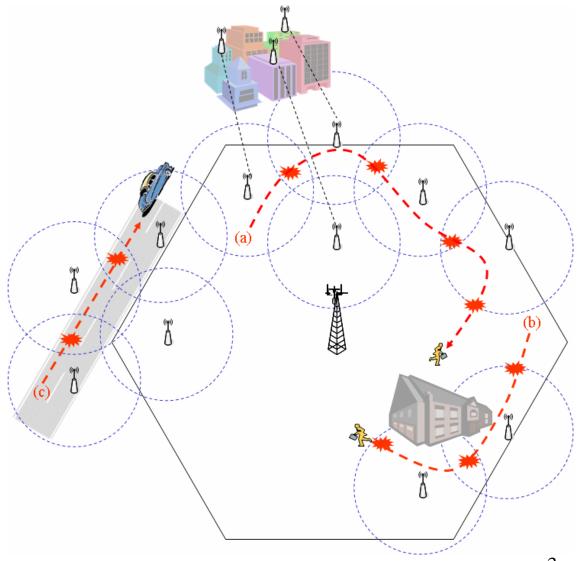


RSs may be deployed <u>close to each other</u> so as to serve a specific area, for example:

- (a) Large urban area
- (b) In a tunnel
- (c) In an underground
- (d) Along a high way

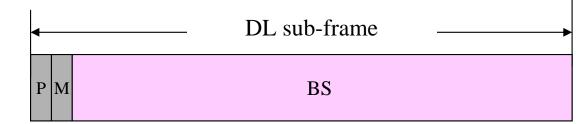
#### **Problem Definition**

- Frequent Handovers
  - Frequent handovers
     may be happened for
     the MS in this case
  - For example:
    Path a : 4 handovers
    Path b : 3 handovers
    Path c : 2 handovers

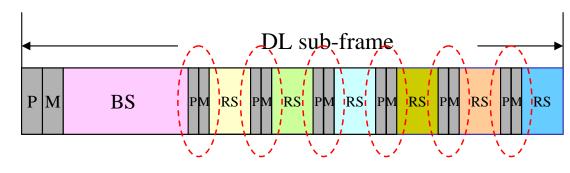


## **Problem Definition**

- <u>More overhead</u> by more relay regions
  - RS transmission may be time division manner, and each relay zone may require its control signals. ex. preamble, FCH, and MAP
  - More capacity consumption by more relay regions



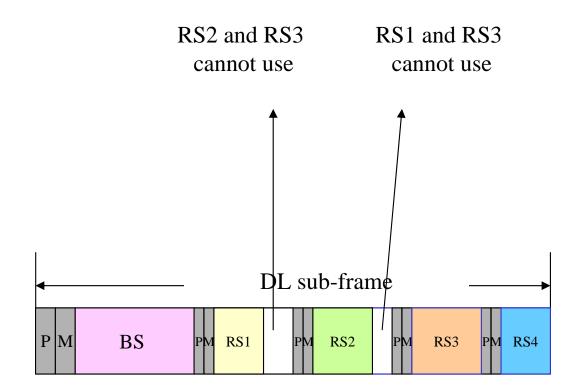




One BS with 6 RSs case

#### **Problem Definition**

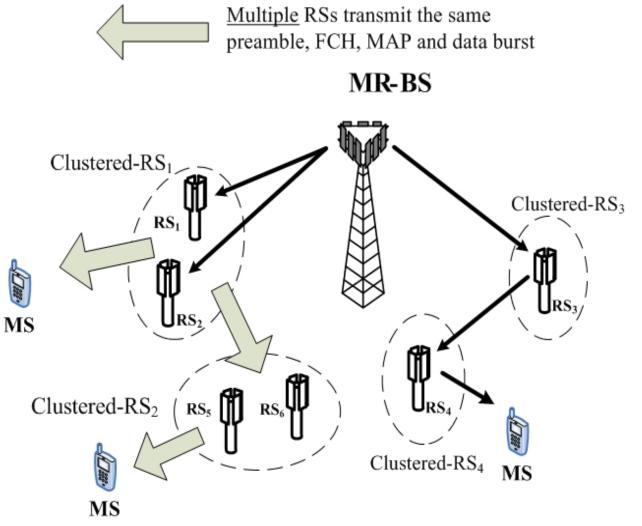
- Lower trucking efficiency if resources are pre-allocated to each relay region
  - May happen when decentralized resource allocation is considered
  - The resource may not be fully utilized



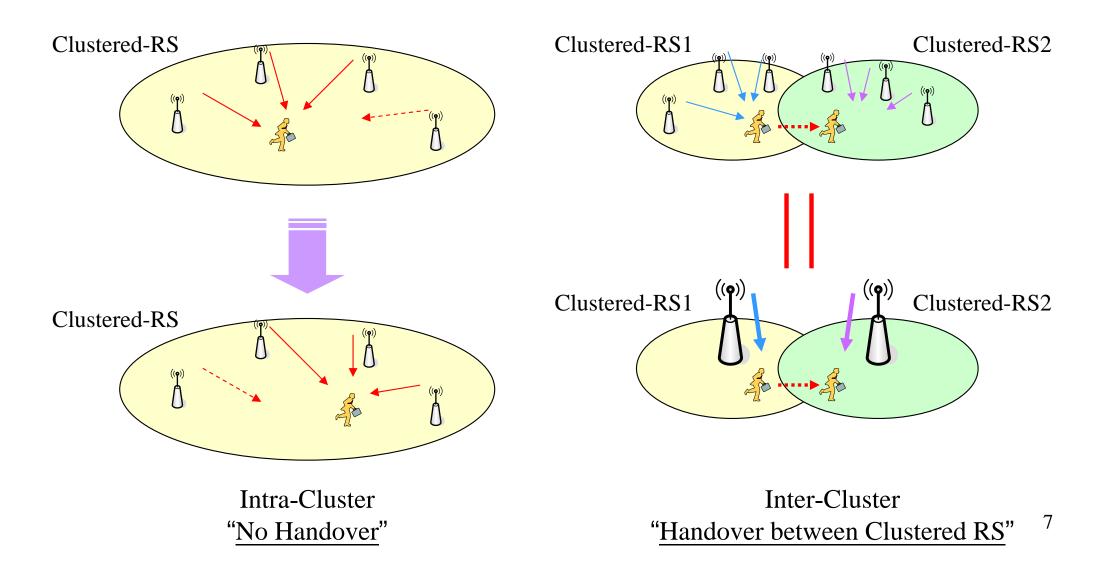
One BS with 4 RSs case

# **Concept of RS Clustering**

- Clustered-RS
  - A set of RSs which transmit the same preamble, FCH, MAP and data burst
  - The set may include single RS
- Adjacent RSs could be clustered together as a clustered-RS
  - Reduce handover frequency between RSs
- Advantage
  - Lower handover frequency
  - Control overhead reduction
  - Radio resource sharing



## Mobility Managements for RS Clustering



#### Summary

- Enable the <u>RS clustering</u> concept can achieve <u>lower</u> <u>handover frequency</u>, <u>lower control overhead</u> and <u>higher</u> <u>resource utilization efficiency</u>.
- A <u>measurement mechanism</u> is required to estimate <u>how</u> close the relay stations are
  - Addressed in text proposal