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Purpose	Adoption
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## Stuff, the sequel

*Nico van Waes  
Nokia Wireless Routers*

*Change paragraph on page 2, line 9:*

Additional MAC features are also introduced, such as ARQ on a per-connection basis to deal with the inherent lossy behavior of the wireless medium, **and the support of mesh topologies.**

*Change paragraph on page 2, line 18:*

The physical environment for the 2-11 GHz license-exempt bands is similar to that of 2-11 GHz licensed bands as described in 1.2.2. However, the license-exempt nature introduces additional interference and co-existence issues, whereas regulatory constraints limit the allowed radiated power. In addition to the features described in 1.2.2, the PHY and MAC introduce mechanisms such as DFS to detect and avoid interference. **and support for Mesh topologies.**

*Change Table 0a*

**Table 0a—Air Interface Nomenclature**

Designation	Applicability	PHY specification	Additional MAC requirements	Options	Duplexing alternative
WirelessMAN-SC	10-66 GHz	8.2			TDD FDD
WirelessMAN-SCa	2-11 GHz licensed bands	8.3		AAS (6.2.7.7) ARQ (6.2.4) STC (8.3.3)	TDD FDD
WirelessMAN-OFDM	2-11 GHz licensed bands	8.4		AAS (6.2.7.7) ARQ (6.2.4) <b>Mesh (6.2.6.7)</b> STC (8.4.8)	TDD FDD
WirelessMAN-OFDMA	2-11 GHz licensed bands	8.5		AAS (6.2.7.7) ARQ (6.2.4) STC (8.5.8)	TDD FDD
WirelessHUMAN	2-11 GHz license-exempt bands	<b>REF 8.3, 8.4 or 8.5 and 8.6</b>	DFS (6.2.14)	AAS (6.2.7.7) ARQ (6.2.4) Mesh (6.2.6.7) STC ( <b>8.3.x.x/</b> 8.4.8/8.5.8)	TDD

*change paragraph on page 3, line 6:*

Implementations of this standard for license-exempt frequencies between 2 and 11 GHz (such as those listed in B.1) shall comply with the WirelessMAN-SCa PHY as described in 8.3, the Wire-

lessMAN-OFDM PHY as described in 8.4, or the WirelessMAN-OFDMA PHY as described in 8.5. They shall further comply with the DFS protocols (6.2.14) and with REF 8.6.

*Insert under Table 56k*

**Table 56l—MSH-NCFG Channel Information Element**

Syntax	Size	Notes
MSH-NCFG_Channel_IE() {		for licensed channels
for (i=0; i< Channels; ++i) {		
<b>Physical Channel center frequency</b>	24 bits	Positive integer in kHz
<b>Physical Channel width</b>	8 bits	Positive integer in 100 kHz
}		
<b>Channel Re-use</b>	3 bits	Minimum number of hops of separation between links, before a channel can be re-used by the centralized scheduling algorithm. Range is 1 hop to 7 hops, 0 for no re-use.
<b>Reserved</b>	5 bits	
}		

*Copy 8.4.4.2.2 (or the new 8.4.6.2.2) to and insert above 8.3.1.4.5.3:*

When a channel measurement report is needed (see 6.2.14), the extended DIUC = 15 is used with the sub-code 0x00 and with 8-bit Channel Nr value as shown in REF Table 116aq. The OFDM DFS IE shall be followed by the Null IE (DIUC=14). When used, the CID of the DL-MAP\_IE() shall be set to the broadcast CID.

**Table 56m—SCa Channel measurement Information Element format**

Syntax	Size	Notes
Report_Information_Element() {		
extended DIUC	4 bits	DFS = 0x00
<b>Channel Nr</b>	8 bits	Channel number (see Table 116cl) Set to 0x00 for licensed bands
<b>Offset</b>	12 bits	
<b>Reserved</b>	4 bits	
}		

**|** *Change Table 116 aa:*

**Table 116aa—OFDM Symbol Parameters**

Parameter	Value
$N_{FFT}$	256
$N_{used}$	200
$F_s/BW$	licensed channel bandwidths which are multiples of 1.75 MHz and license-exempt: 8/7 any other bandwidth: 7/6
$(T_g/T_b)$	1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32
Number of lower frequency guard carriers	28
Number of higher frequency guard carriers	27
Frequency offset indices of guard carriers	-128,-127,...,-101 +101,+102,...,127
Frequency offset indices of BasicFixedLocationPilots	-84,-60,-36,-12,12,36,60,84
Subchannel number: Allocated frequency offset indices of carriers	1: {-100,...,-89}, {-50,...,-39}, {1,...,13}, {51,...,63} 2: {-88,...,-76}, {-38,...,-26}, {14,...,25}, {64,...,75} 3: {-75,...,-64}, {-25,...,-14}, {26,...,38}, {76,...,88} 4: {-63,...,-51}, {-13,...,-1}, {39,...,50}, {89,...,100}

**|** *Change Table 116 ab:*

**Table 116ab—The inner Convolutional code with Puncturing Configuration**

Rate	Code Rates			
	1/2	2/3	3/4	5/6
$d_{free}$	10	6	5	4
X	1	10	101	10101
Y	1	11	110	11010
XY	$X_1Y_1$	$X_1Y_1Y_2$	$X_1Y_1Y_2X_3$	$X_1Y_1Y_2X_3Y_4X_5$

**|** *Replace paragraph on page 144, line 62 with:*

The encoding is performed by first passing the data in block format through the RS encoder and then passing it through a zero-terminating convolutional encoder.

- | *Replace paragraph on page 146, line 28 with:*

The encoding is performed by first passing the data in block format through the RS encoder and then passing it through a convolutional encoder. A single 0x00 tail byte is appended to the end of each allocation. The actual data transmitted is hence one byte less than the Uncoded Block Size indicated in REF Table 116ac. In the RS encoder, the redundant bits are sent before the input bits, keeping the 0x00 tail byte at the end of the allocation.

- | *Add under Table 116ac:*

When sub-channelization is active (see REF 8.4.4.3.5), the FEC shall bypass the RS encoder and use the Overall Coding Rate as indicated in Table 116ac as CC Code Rate. The Uncoded Block Size and Coded Block size may be computed by dividing the values listed in REF Table 116ac by 4 and 2 for 1 and 2 sub-channel allocations respectively.

- | *Change Table 116 am:*

**Table 116am—OFDM Frame durations ( $T_F$  ms)**

Code(N)	PMP	Code(N)	Mesh
0-4	$\text{round}((N/2+3)/T_s)*T_s$	0-8	$\text{round}((2N+4)/T_s)*T_s$
5-6	$\text{round}((N+2)/T_s)*T_s$		
7-12	$\text{round}((2N-4)/T_s)*T_s$		
13-255	Reserved	9-255	Reserved

- | *Change Table 116 at:*

Table 116at—OFDM UL-MAP information element format

Syntax	Size	Notes
UL-MAP_information_element() {		
<b>CID</b>	16 bits	
<b>UIUC</b>	4 bits	
if (UIUC == 4)		
Focused_contention_IE()	28 bits	
else if (UIUC == 15)		
Extended UIUC dependent IE	variable	Power_Control_IE() or AAS_UL_IE()
else {		
if (subchannelization <sup>a</sup> ) {		
<b>Subchannel Index</b>	3 bits	0x1 Sub-channel 1    0x5 Sub-channel 1 and 3 0x2 Sub-channel 2    0x6 Sub-channel 2 and 4 0x3 Sub-channel 3    0x0 Reserved 0x4 Sub-channel 4    0x7 Reserved
<b>Duration</b>	5 bits	in OFDM symbols
<b>Reserved</b>	4 bits	Reserved
} else		
<b>Duration</b>	12 bits	in OFDM symbols
}		
}		

a. When sub-channelization is active (see REF 8.4.4.3.5), only UIUC's 5 through 13 shall be used.

#### Insert 8.4.4.3.5

##### 8.4.4.3.5 UL-MAP sub-channelization IE Format

Within a frame, the BS may allocate a portion of the UL allocations to sub-channelized traffic.

The UL Subchannelization\_IE implicitly indicates the start of the allocation and explicitly indicates the Duration and the Number of Allocations. A SS not capable of sub-channelization shall skip the next Number of Allocations UL-

MAP\_IEs in the UL-MAP and resume interpreting the UL-MAP afterwards with the start of the next allocation Duration OFDM symbols after the last allocation ended.

**Table 116ay—OFDM sub-channelization information element format**

Syntax	Size	Notes
sub-channelization_Information_element() {		
<b>extended UIUC</b>	4 bits	AAS = 0x0x
<b>Duration</b>	12 bits	
<b>Number of allocations</b>	12 bits	
}		

A SS capable of sub-channelization shall decode the sub-channelized allocations, whereby the 12 bit Duration field in non-sub-channelized UL-MAP messages is replaced by a 3 bit Subchannel Index field, a 5 bit Duration field and 4 reserved bits as shown in REF Table 116at. A sub-channelized allocation shall start when all preceding allocations to the allocated sub-channels have terminated.

*Rename 8.4.11.1 to 8.6 WirelessHUMAN specific components*

*Rename 8.4.11.2.1 to Mesh frame structure and insert as 8.4.5.*

*Delete 8.4.11.2.2 header and move text, minus first sentence to 8.4.3.6.*

*Delete 8.5.15*

*Change Type 10 Value in Table 124 to:*

DL channel number as defined in REF 8.6. Used for license-exempt operation only.

*and change scope to:*

SCa, OFDM, OFDMA