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<th>Project</th>
<th>IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group [<a href="http://ieee802.org/16">http://ieee802.org/16</a>]</th>
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<td>Title</td>
<td>x.509 security enhancement for 802.16e</td>
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<td>Date Submitted</td>
<td>2004-11-18</td>
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| Source(s)            | Philip Barber  
                        Broadband Mobile Technologies  
                        David S. McGinniss  
                        Sprint  
                        8302 Sebastian Inlet  
                        Frisco, TX 75035       |
| Voice:               | 630-926-3184                                                           |
| Fax:                 |                                                                          |
| Re:                  | IEEE P802.16e/D5-2004                                                  |
| Abstract             | This adds x.509 SS certificates as an 802.16e requirement.              |
| Purpose              | The purpose of this document is to prevent cloning of 802.16e SS and BS devices. |
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Motivation
Operators will need authorization of 802.16e devices designed to be delivered with as few SKU's as possible for worldwide retail distribution. These devices will offer many profiles for operation in different bandwidths and frequencies. Verification that the device is unique and has certain characteristics is desired.

Background
The 802.16e products will be produced en mass with support for a variety of profiles and suitable for operation on many operator networks worldwide. In a retail environment this device will be common and open to cloning if security is not put in place to prevent it. The certificate in the SS embedded by the manufacturer should be required and be in write once memory. The CA should be a higher level body governing certification as this will prevent verification issues if a manufacturer no longer is in business.

The extended attributes of the x.509 should be used to offer assistance to the backend system in determining authorization and key attributes of the device. As stated in the 802.16d document the extended attributes are constrained and should be augmented to facilitate quick assessment of device capabilities. This can help backend systems designed to provide over the air subscription and provisioning information about the device immediately upon entry of an unconfigured device. In its simplest form a SKU manufacture date and serial number would require that specified operational characteristics along with initial configuration be supplied to the CA and distributed in some standard for to the operators. Any method to distribute the required information as part of the certificate is welcomed.

Proposed Text changes
Replace Section 7.6.2 of the 802.16-2004 base document text below.

7.6.2 SS certificate storage and management in the SS
Manufacturer-issued SS certificates shall be stored in SS permanent, write-once memory. SSs that have factory-installed RSA private/public key pairs shall also have factory-installed SS certificates. SSs that rely on internal algorithms to generate an RSA key pair shall support a mechanism for installing a manufacturer-issued SS certificate following key generation. The CA certificate of the Manufacturer CA that signed the SS certificate shall be embedded into the SS software. If a manufacturer issues SS certificates with multiple Manufacturer CA certificates, the SS software shall include ALL of that manufacturer's CA certificates. The specific Manufacturer CA certificate installed by the SS [i.e., advertised in Authentication Information messages and returned by the management information base (MIB) object] shall be that identifying the issuer of that modem's SS certificate.

with.

7.6.2 SS x.509 SS certificated are required. These manufacturer issued SS certificates shall be stored in SS permanent, write-once memory. SSs that have factory-installed RSA private/public key pairs shall also have factory-installed SS certificates. SSs that rely on internal algorithms to generate an RSA key pair shall support a mechanism for installing a manufacturer issued SS certificate following key generation. The CA certificate of the Manufacturer CA that signed the SS certificate shall be embedded into the SS software. If a manufacturer issues SS certificates with multiple Manufacturer CA certificates, the SS software shall include ALL of that
manufacturer’s CA certificates. The specific Manufacturer CA certificate installed by the SS [i.e., advertised in Authentication Information messages and returned by the management information base (MIB) object] shall be that identifying the issuer of that modem’s SS certificate.® It is recommended that a higher organizational unit maintain CA authority.

Section 7.6.1.4.1 of the 802.16-2004 base document

7.6.1.4.1 Manufacturer certificate
countryName=<Country of Manufacturer>
[stateOrProvinceName=<state/province>]
[localityName=<City>]
organizationName=<Company Name>
organizationalUnitName=WirelessMAN
[organizationalUnitName=<Manufacturing Location>]
commonName=<Company Name> <Certification Authority>

The countryName, organizationName, and commonName attributes shall be included and shall have the values shown. The organizationalUnitName having the value “WirelessMAN” shall be included. The organizationalUnitName representing manufacturing location should be included. If included, it shall be preceded by the organizationalUnitName having value “WirelessMAN”. The stateOrProvinceName and localityName may be included. Other extended attributes are allowed and may be included. Other attributes are not allowed and shall not be included.

7.6.1.4.2 SS certificate
countryName=<Country of Manufacturer>
organizationName=<Company Name>
organizationalUnitName=<manufacturing location>
commonName=<Serial Number>
commonName=<MAC Address>
deviceSku=<SKU>
DateofManufacture=<Manufacture Date>

The MAC address shall be the SS’s MAC address. It is expressed as six pairs of hexadecimal digits separated by colons (:), e.g., 00:60:21:A5:0A:23. The Alpha HEX characters (A-F) shall be expressed as uppercase letters.

The organizationalUnitName in an SS certificate, which describes the modem’s manufacturing location, should be the same as the organizationalUnitName in the issuer Name describing a manufacturing location. The countryName, organizationName, organizationalUnitName, commonName, deviceSku, and DateofManufacture attributes shall be included. Other extended attributes are allowed and may be included. Other attributes are not allowed and shall not be included.