# Keep Alive Mechanism For Session Information Management

## Project
IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group &lt;http://ieee802.org/16&gt;

## Title
Keep Alive Mechanism For Session Information Management

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## Abstract
In order to minimize the session information which are inactive for long time, Keep Alive mechanism is introduced. After configured number of unresponsiveness to Keep Alive message, BS purges inactive session information to optimal utilize the session information storage.

## Purpose
Discuss and Adopt as the session information management mechanism

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Keep Alive Mechanism for Session Information Management

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SK Telecom

1. Problem Statements

Current IEEE 802.16d/e standard does not specify session information purge procedure. Previously, main target of 802.16 was fixed broadband wireless access and session purging procedure caused by mobility was not considered. During the traversal(or handoff), target BS may retrieves session information from source BS and may requests to source BS to purge all the session related information. But if the target BS somehow does not get source BS ID from MSS, or MSS does not request source BS to purge all the session information before traversal, then session information will not be purged by BS. Inactive session information grows over time and may cause system failure due to database drain if appropriate measure is not taken.

2. Overview of Proposed Solution

To differentiate between connection and session, session is defined as below. Session is established when registration is complete, but to extensively define all the shared-information between MSS and BS, information obtained after registration procedure like Service Flow Parameters, IP Address are also included in Session Information.

connection: A unidirectional mapping between base station (BS) and subscriber station (SS) medium access control (MAC) peers for the purpose of transporting a service flow’s traffic. Connections are identified by a connection identifier (CID). All traffic is carried on a connection, even for service flows that implement connectionless protocols, such as Internet Protocol (IP).

Session: A session refers to a shared state between the BS and MSS and it is established after registration is complete. Session information includes Basic CID, Primary Management CID, Secondary Management CID, Security Association, MSS capabilities, MAC Address. Transport CID, Service Flow Parameters, IP Address of SS, NAI etc also are included in session information.

The MSS and BS shall monitor the traffic flowing on the downlink connection and uplink connection, respectively, directed to-or-from the MSS. If either the MSS or the BS detects a period of inactivity of at least Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes, it may send a KeepAliveRequest message. The recipient of the message shall respond by sending the KeepAliveResponse message. When a KeepAliveResponse message is received, the recipient shall not send another KeepAliveRequest message for at least Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes. If either the MSS or the BS does not detect any traffic from the other-side directed to it for a period of at least Session Close Time minutes, it shall purge the session information of that MSS and all the other information related with the MSS. If the value of Session Close Time is set to zero, the MSS and BS shall not send or expect keep-alive messages, and shall disable the transitions occurring as a consequence of not receiving these messages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Session Close Time</td>
<td>2 byte</td>
<td>Default is 2880, that is 48 hours. 0 means disable keepAlive messages; all other values are in minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of KeepAlive</td>
<td>1 byte</td>
<td>Default is 3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Proposed Changes to IEEE 802.16e/D2

3. Definitions

[Add the following text to section 3:]

3.75 Session:
A session refers to a shared state between the BS and MSS and it is established after registration is complete. Session information includes Basic CID, Primary Management CID, Secondary Management CID, Security Association, MSS capabilities, MAC Address, Transport CID, Service Flow Parameters, IP Address of SS, NAI etc also are included in session information.

[Add the following after 6.3.21 MSS Idle Mode]

6.3.22 Session Information Management

A session is established when registration is complete, and session information includes Basic CID, Primary Management CID, Secondary Management CID, Security Association, MSS capabilities, MAC Address. But information obtained after registration procedure like Service Flow Parameters, IP Address are also referred to as session information.

The MSS and BS shall monitor the traffic flowing on the downlink connection and uplink connection, respectively, directed to-or-from the MSS. If either the MSS or the BS detects a period of inactivity of at least Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes, it may send a KeepAliveRequest message. The recipient of the message shall respond by sending the KeepAliveResponse message. When a KeepAliveResponse message is received, the recipient shall not send another KeepAliveRequest message for at least Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes and extend the Session Close Time with Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes. If either the MSS or the BS does not detect any traffic from the other-side directed to it for a period of at least Session Close Time minutes, it shall purge the session information of that MSS and other information related with the MSS. If the value of Session Close Time is set to zero, the MSS and BS shall not send or expect keep-alive messages, and shall disable the transitions occurring as a consequence of not receiving these messages.

[In Section 6.3.2.3 MAC Management messages]

[Change Table 14a as shown]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Message Description</th>
<th>Connection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>MOB-HO-IND</td>
<td>HO indication message</td>
<td>basic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>KA-REQ</td>
<td>KeepAlive request message</td>
<td>primary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>KA-RSP</td>
<td>KeepAlive response message</td>
<td>primary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6463-255</td>
<td>reserved</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Add the following after 6.3.2.3.58 BS Broadcast Paging(MOB_PAG-ADV) message]
6.3.2.3.59 KeepAlive request(KA-REQ) message

This message is sent when either the MSS or the BS detects a period of inactivity of at least Session Close Time/ Number of KeepAlive minutes.

Table 1 KA-REQ message format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Syntax</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KeepAlive_Message_Format()</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Message Type = 61</td>
<td>8 bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction ID</td>
<td>16 bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLV Encoded Attributes</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>TLV specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.3.2.3.60 KeepAlive response(KA-RSP) message

This message is sent when either the MSS or the BS receives KeepAlive request message. When a KeepAliveResponse message is received, the recipient shall not send another KeepAliveRequest message for at least Session Close Time/Number of KeepAlive minutes.

Table 2 KA-RSP message format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Syntax</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KeepAlive_Message_Format()</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Message Type = 62</td>
<td>8 bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction ID</td>
<td>16 bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Code</td>
<td>8 bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLV Encoded Attributes</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>TLV specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.7 REG-REQ/RSP management message encodings

[Insert immediately before the start of section 11.8]

11.7.11 Keep Alive parameters

11.7.11.1 Session Close Time

The value of this field specifies the inactivity period, in minutes, after which both the MSS and the BS purges the session information related with the MSS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Scope</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Default is 2880, that is 48 hours; 0 means disable keepAlive messages; all other values are in minutes.</td>
<td>REG-RSP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.7.11.2 Number of KeepAlive
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Scope</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Default is 3.</td>
<td>REG-RSP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

{Change 12.1.1.4.8 as shown}

12.1.1.4.8 REG-RSP
— Secondary Management CID
— Uplink CID Support
— Vendor ID Encoding (if present in REG-REQ)
— PKM Flow Control (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— DSx Flow Control (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— MCA Flow Control (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— IP version (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— MAC CRC support (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— Multicast Polling Group CID support (if present in REG-REQ or changed from default)
— Vendor-specific information (Compound, only allowed if Vendor ID present in REG-REQ, and extensions provided)
— Vendor ID
— Vendor-specific extensions
— Session Close Time (default = 2880 min)
— Number of KeepAlive (default = 3)
— HMAC Tuple