



# Phase I Simulation Results

Pinar Yilmaz and Necdet Uzun

AuroraNetics, Inc.

July 8-13, 2001 Portland, Oregon



# Contents



- Objectives
- Single/dual priority transit buffer ring contention resolution algorithms
- Simulation results
- Conclusion



# **Objectives**



- Guaranteed END-TO-END delay and jitter bound for high priority traffic
- Priority discrimination and separation
  - LP traffic does not affect performance of HP traffic
- No packet loss on the ring
- Maximum available ring throughput
  - Delay/jitter performance of HP traffic is not affected by over provisioning of LP traffic
- Best possible delay and jitter for low priority traffic



# Simulation Models

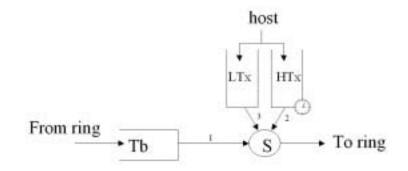


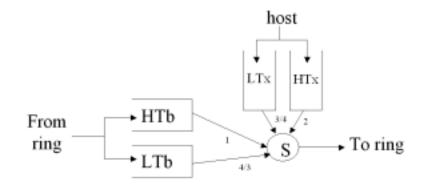
## • Single Transit Buffer

- Tb = 4KB (Cut-Through)
- Transit packets have priority over transmit packets

#### Two Transit Buffers

- HTb = 4KB (Store-and Forward)
- LTb = 256KB (Store-and Forward)
- Only high-priority transit traffic cuts through the transmit traffic
- Transit packets are fully stored before they are forwarded to the ring (SF)







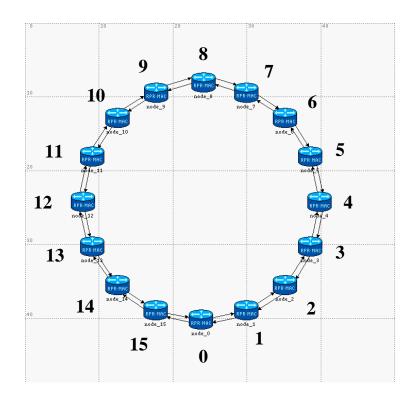
roces



# Scenarios



- 16 node, OC192 dual ring
- 100 km:
  - Segment Delay =  $31.25\mu$ sec
- 1000km:
  - Segment Delay =  $312.5\mu$ sec
- Packet size:
  - 64B(%60), 512B(%20), 1518B(%20)



- 400



# Traffic scenarios: Mesh (Any-to-Any)



- HTx: 370Mbps CBR
  - 1 tri-modal source per node
- LTx: 2.1Gbps bursts
  - 16 tri-modal sources per node
  - on 1msec, off 9msec, exponential distribution
  - total of ~3.4Gbps LTx per node
- Total traffic injected: ~60Gbps
  - Total HP traffic is ~6Gbps



# Traffic scenarios: Hub (Any-to-Hub, Hub-to-Any)



- Node 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 to Hub (Node 0):
  - HTx: 430Mbps CBR
    - 1 tri-modal source per node
  - LTx: 2Gbps bursts
    - 1 tri-modal source per node
    - on 1msec, off 1msec, exponential distribution
    - total of ~1Gbps LTx per node
- Total traffic injected: ~10Gbps
- Total HP traffic is ~3Gbps



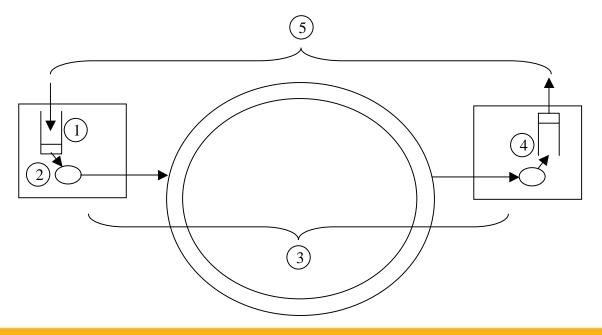
# Important Statistics



MAC ETE = Queuing Delay + Medium Access Delay +
Ring ETE Delay (+Receive Buffer Delay)

Ring ETE = Pkt Tx + PropDelay + Transit Node Delay

Transit Node Delay = Pkt Handling Time + (Insertion/Tb) Buffer Delay



Optical Speeds

roces Packe



# High Priority Ring ETE Delay Jitter Calculation



- Node 7 to Node 0, 100 km ring
  - 64B Transmission Delay = 0.07 µsec
  - 1500B Transmission Delay = 1.24 µsec
  - Propagation Delay =  $31.25 \mu sec$  (on each segment)
- Best Case: 64B pkt never waits
- Worst Case: 1500B pkt waits for a 1500B pkt at every node
- Single Transit Buffer (Cut-Through)
  - Best Case: 7\*PropDelay + TransDelay = 218.82 μsec
  - Worst Case: 7\*PropDelay + 6\*TransDelay = 226.19 μsec
  - Ring ETE Jitter:  $226.19 218.82 = 7.37 \mu sec$
- Two Transit Buffers (Store-and Forward)
  - Best Case: 7\*(PropDelay + TransDelay) = 219.24 μsec
  - Worst Case:
    - $7*(PropDelay + TransDelay) + 6*TransDelay = 234.87 \mu sec$
  - Ring ETE Jitter:  $234.87 219.24 = 15.63 \mu sec$



# High Priority Medium Access Delay Jitter Calculation Aurora Netics, Inc.

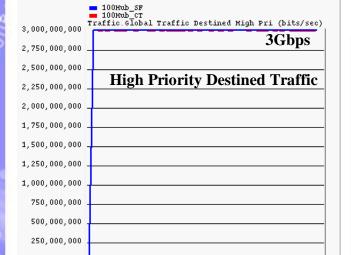
- Worst Case: Node 1 wants to send to Node 0
- Single Transit Buffer (Cut-Through)
  - Congestion message is sent to upstream and is relayed all the way up to Node 7 and Node 7 decreases its LP add rate.
  - $(6*PropDelay)*2 = 375 \mu sec$  (DEPENDS ON RING SIZE)
- Two Transit Buffers (Store-and Forward)
  - All the prior nodes (7,6,5,4,3,2) have sent 1500B HP pkts back to back and transmission starts immediately after pkt from Node 2 is completely received.
  - $-6*TransDelay = 7.44 \mu sec$

#### DA I PROCES

# 100 km Hub - Throughput

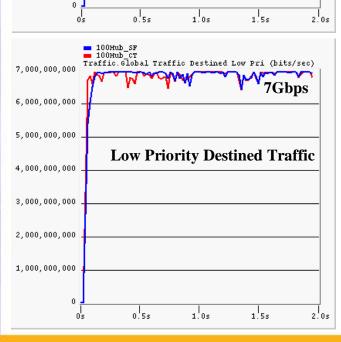


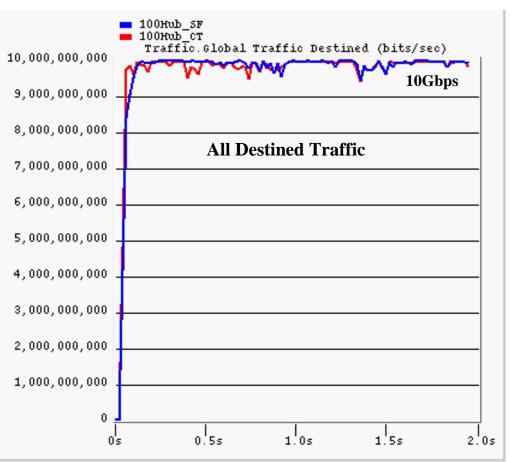


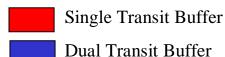




#### roces Packe





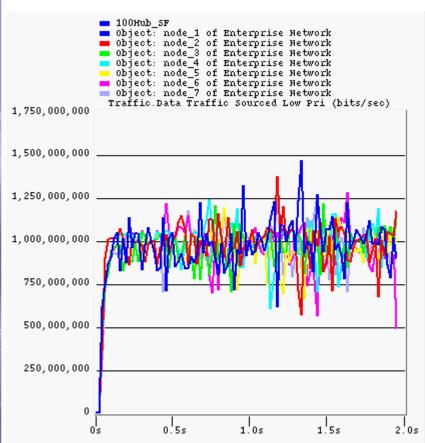


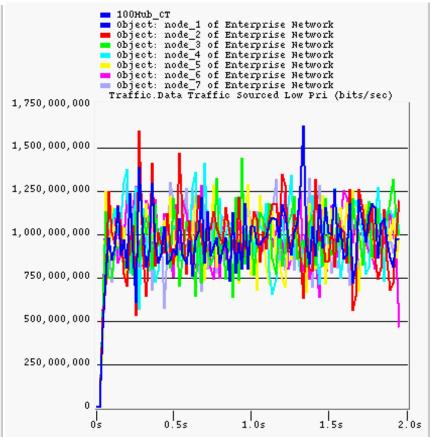
# 100 km Hub – Fairness PROCES Low Priority Traffic Sourced



#### **Dual Transit Buffer**

# **Single Transit Buffer**





100.000

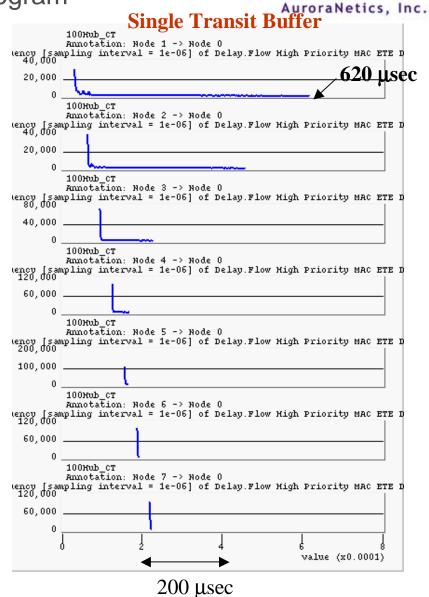
### 100 km Hub High Priority MAC ETE Delay Histogram

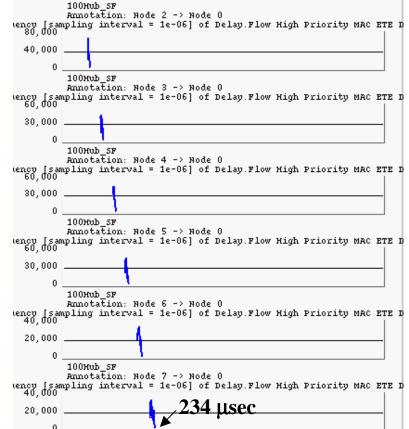
tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow High Priority MAC ETE D

**Dual Transit Buffer** 

Annotation: Node 1 -> Node 0





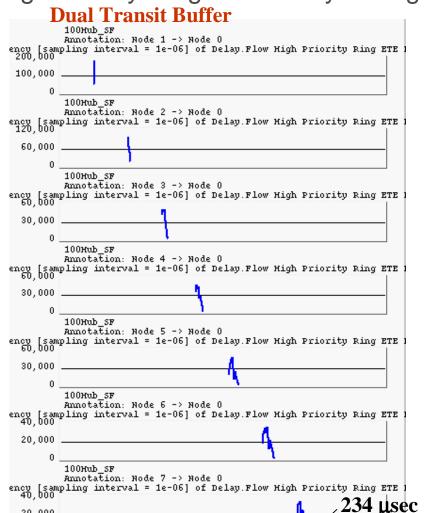


200 µsec

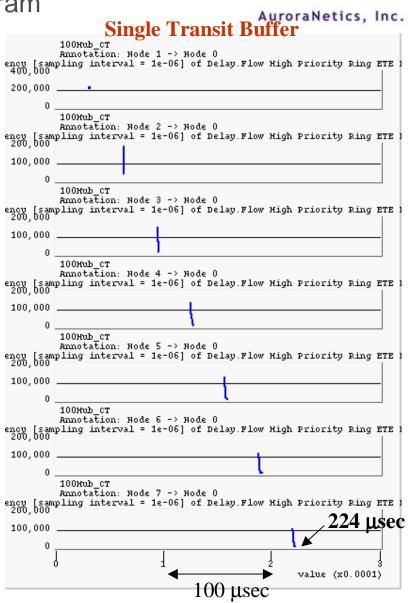
value (x0.0001)

### 100 km Hub High Priority Ring ETE Delay Histogram





100 μsec



Optical Speeds

roces Packe

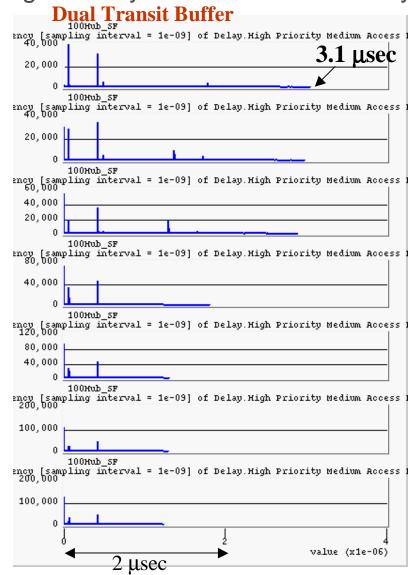
value (x0.0001)

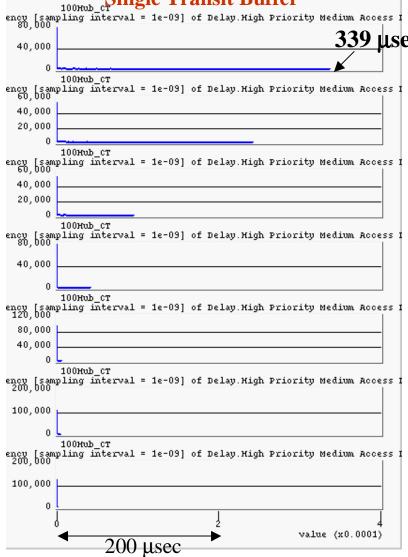
## 100 km Hub High Priority Medium Access Delay Histogram





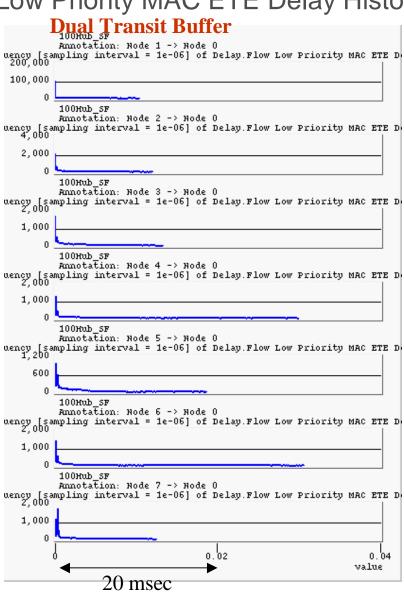


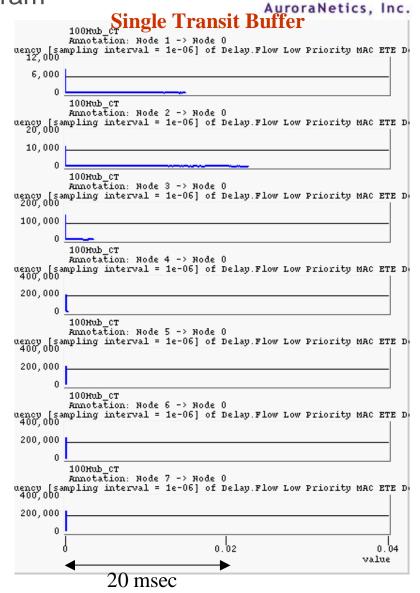




### 100 km Hub Low Priority MAC ETE Delay Histogram







100 km Hub

100Hub SF

100Hub SF

100Hub SF

300,000

10,000

10,000

6,000

10,000

Low Priority Ring ETE Delay Histogram **Dual Transit Buffer** 

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D 20,000

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D 20,000

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D

tency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D

ency [sampling interval = 1e-06] of Delay.Flow Low Priority Ring ETE D 20,000

400 μsec

Annotation: Node 1 -> Node 0

Annotation: Node 2 -> Node 0

Annotation: Node 3 -> Node 0

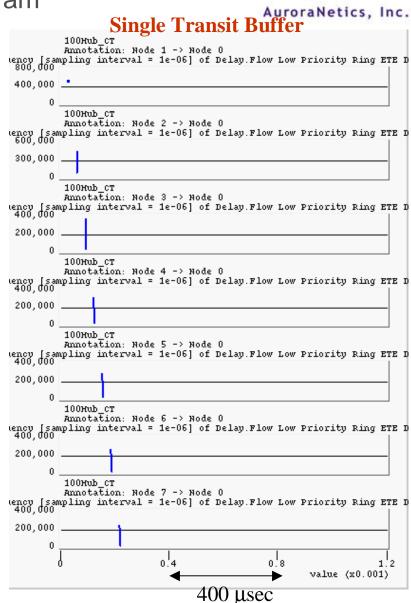
Annotation: Node 4 -> Node 0

Annotation: Node 5 -> Node 0

Annotation: Node 6 -> Node 0

Annotation: Node 7 -> Node 0



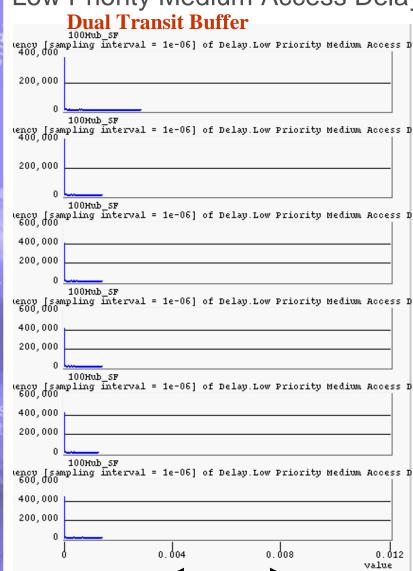


value (x0.001)

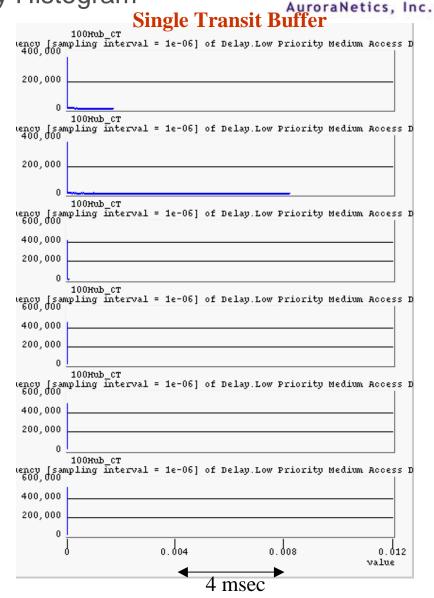
#### DA 1 PROCES

## 100 km Hub Low Priority Medium Access Delay Histogram





4 msec

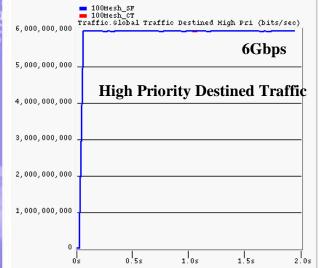


roces

### 100 km Mesh - Throughput

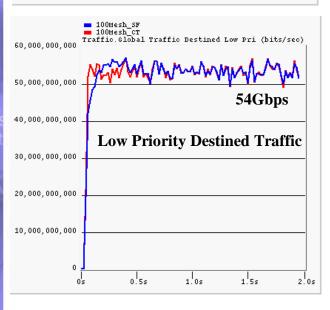


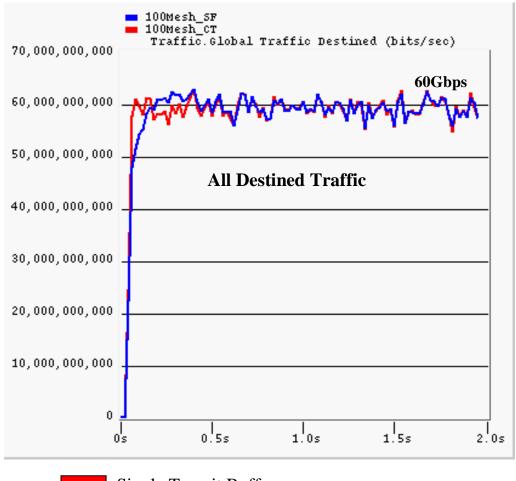












Single Transit Buffer

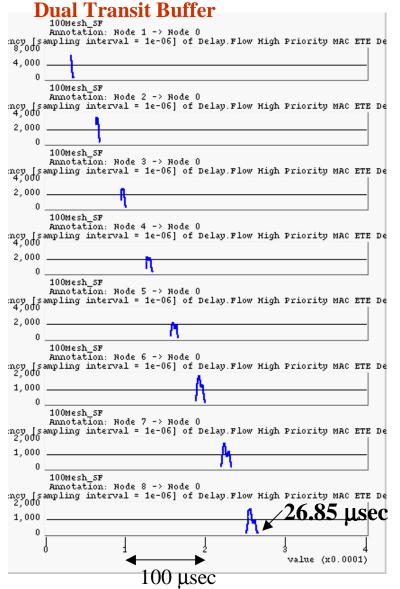
Dual Transit Buffer

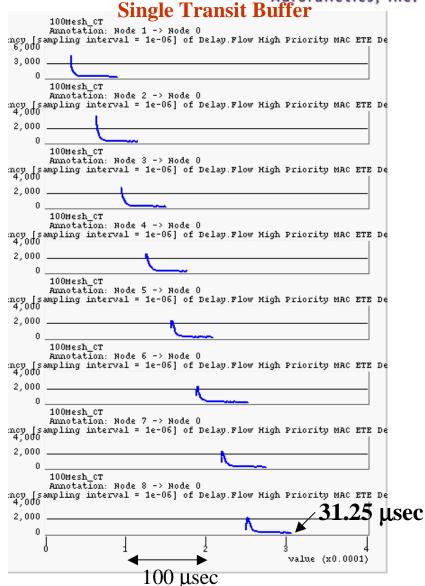
Optica

## 100 km Mesh High Priority MAC ETE Delay Histogram



AuroraNetics, Inc.





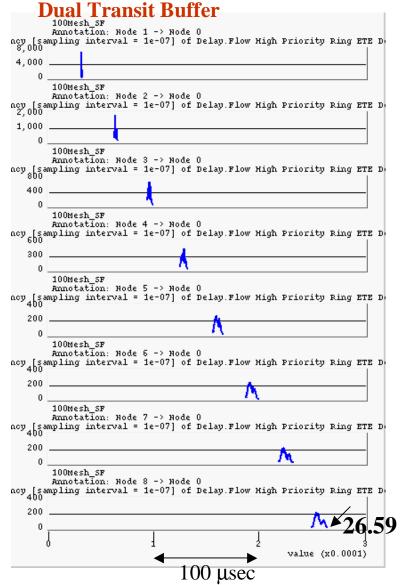
7/5/200

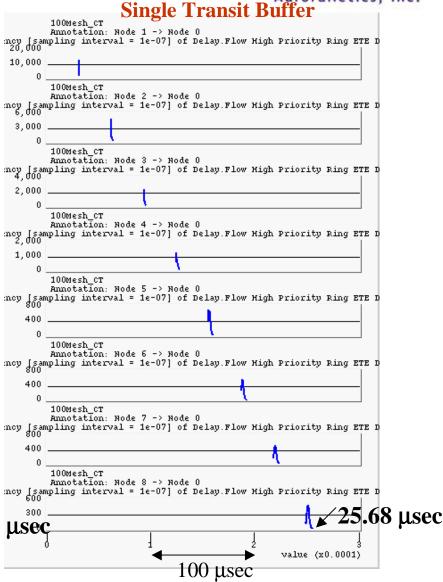
# nign i

100 km Mesh High Priority Ring ETE Delay Histogram



AuroraNetics, Inc.



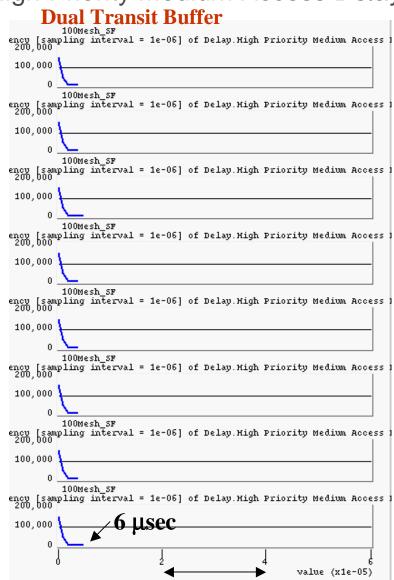


Packe

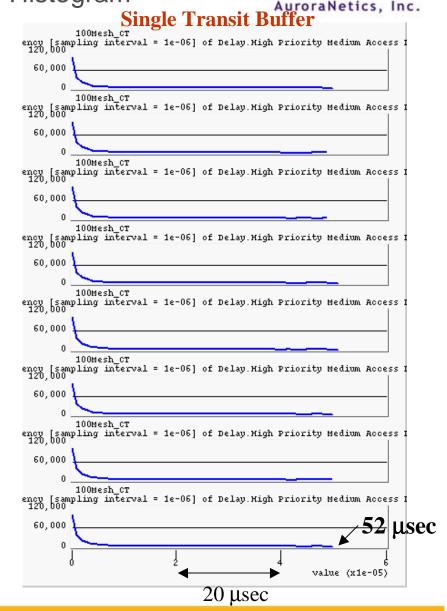
Optica

#### 100 km Mesh High Priority Medium Access Delay Histogram





20 µsec



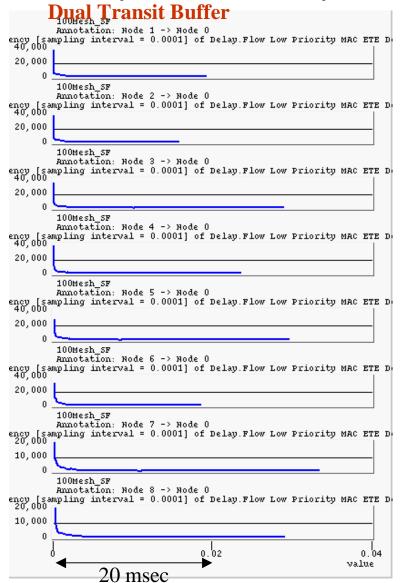
Optica

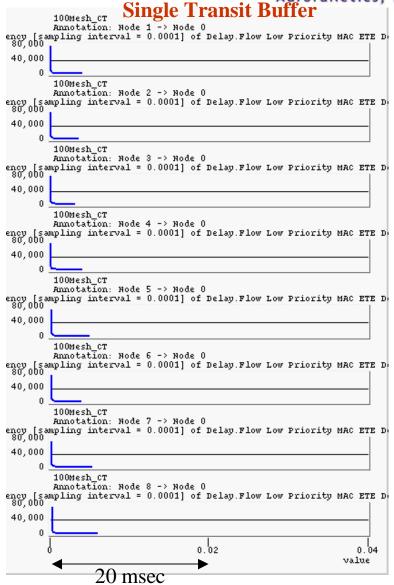
Packe

#### 100 km Mesh Low Priority MAC ETE Delay Histogram



AuroraNetics, Inc.





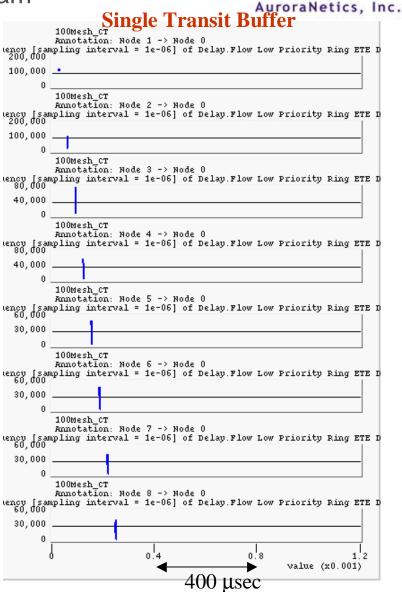
Network Co

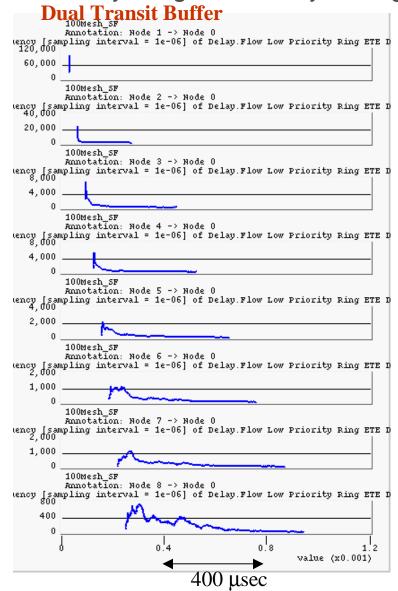
Optica Speeds

roces Packe

## 100 km Mesh Low Priority Ring ETE Delay Histogram







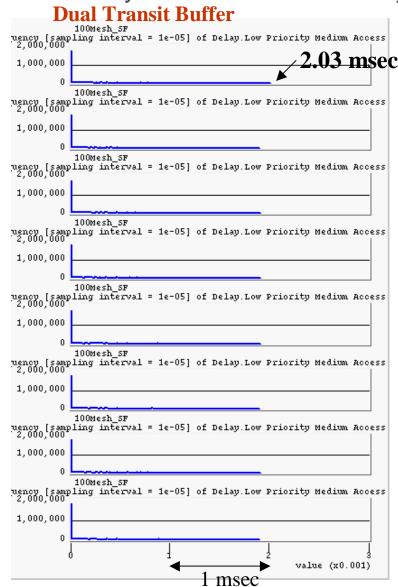
#### D A T P R O C E S

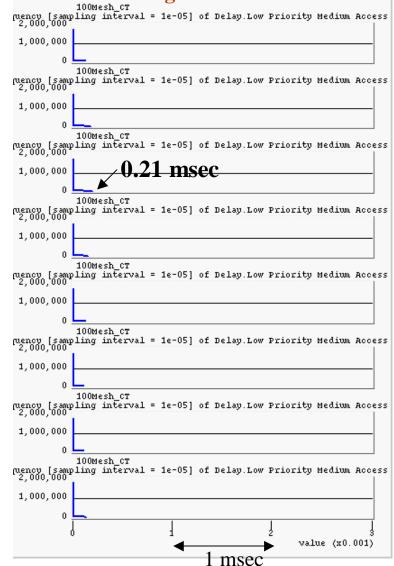
#### 100 km Mesh

Low Priority Medium Access Delay Histogram











# **HP Jitter Comparison**



- Single transit buffer implementation compromises HP jitter
  - Nodes are bombarded with LP transit packets
  - Transit packets do not give HP transmit packets a chance to get into the ring
- Multi transit buffer implementation guarantees HP jitter bound by decoupling HP and LP traffic
  - For a store-and-forward buffer, while a transit packet is being stored, a transmit packet gets a chance to enter to the ring