

CX4 Receive Sensitivity Limits

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Agenda




- Objective
- Simulation
- Measurements
- Summary

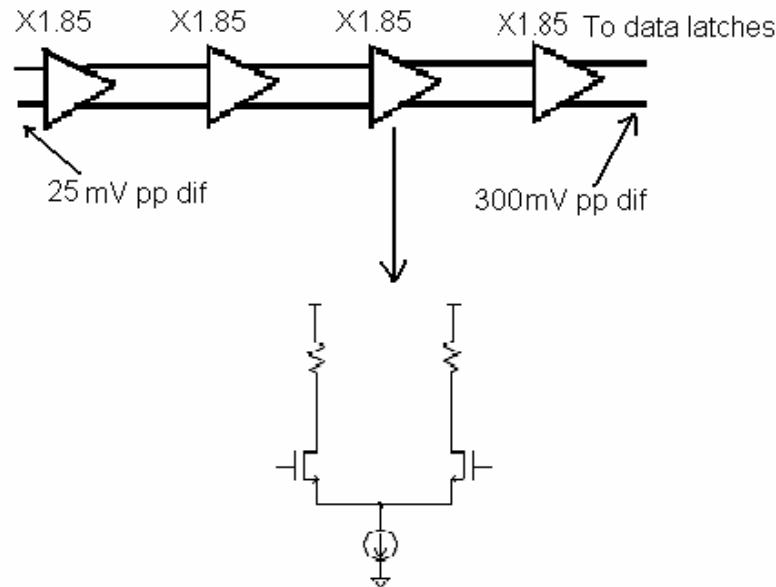
Objective

- CX4 compliance channel has more attenuation than XAUI
- Either transmit level has to be increased, or receive sensitivity has to be reduced, or both
- XAUI input sensitivity specs were fairly easy to meet, so XAUI designers didn't have to push the limits
- This presentation looks at practical limits on receive sensitivity for CX4

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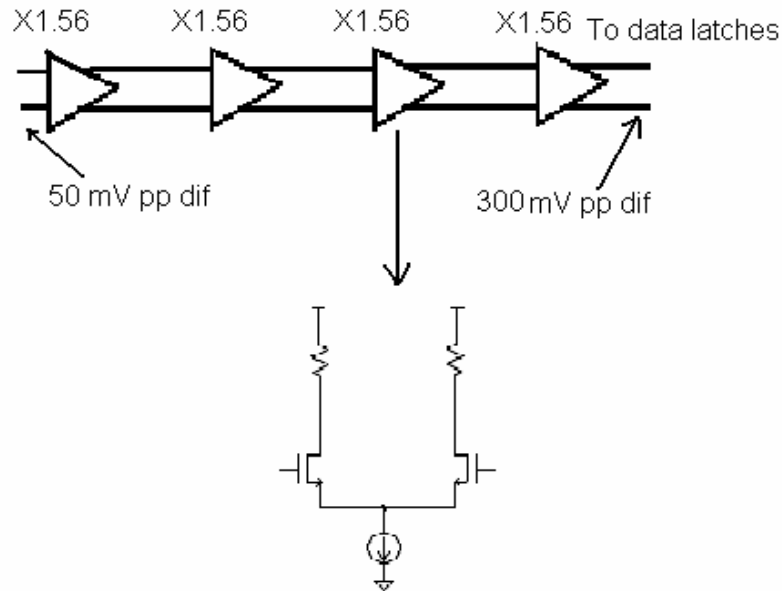
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Standard Receiver Circuit



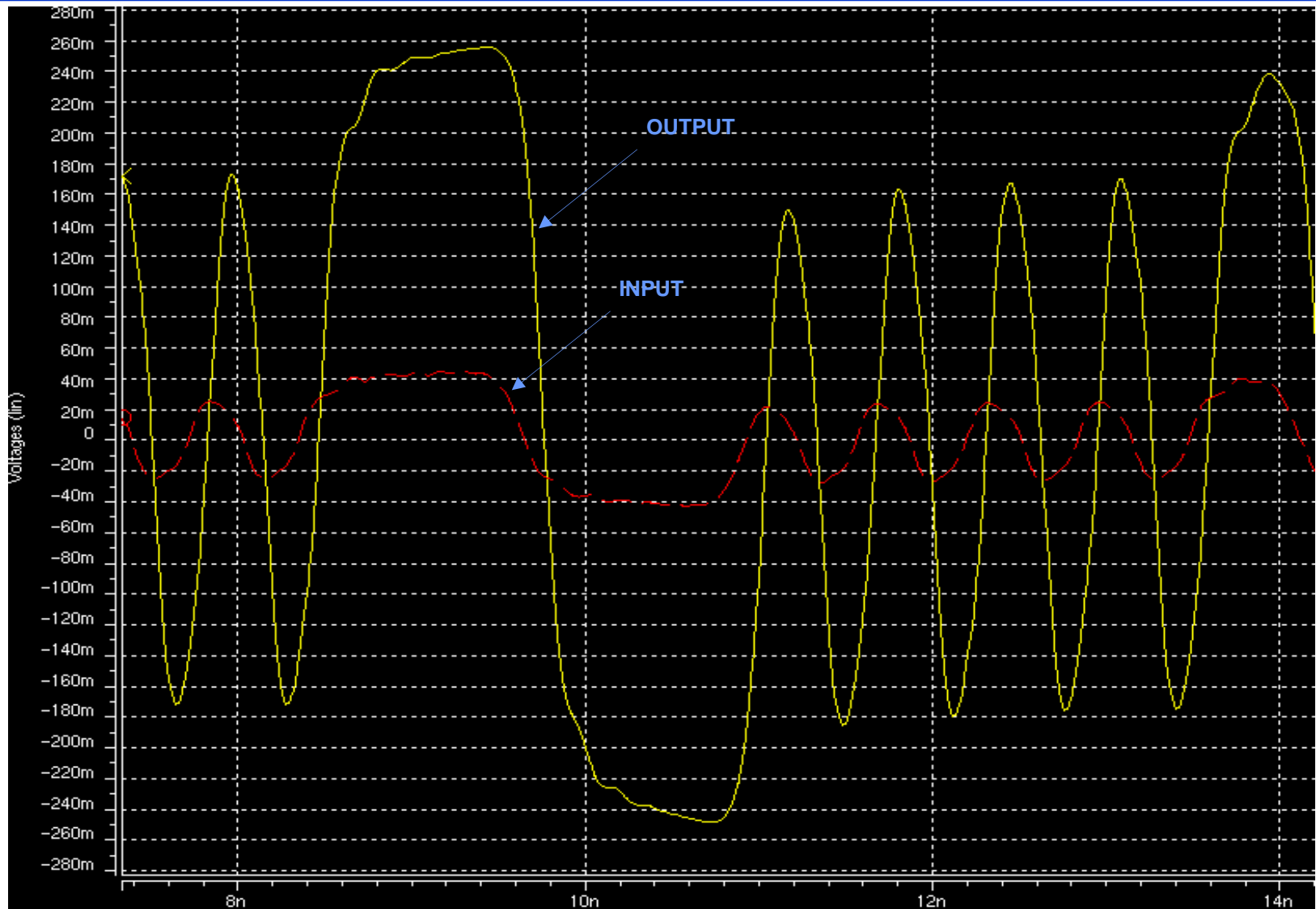
- Design simple, fairly standard, not pushing performance
- Only need 200mV pp dif output to trip CML latch, above has 300mV
- With modest gain, can achieve input sensitivity of 25mv pp dif typ → easy to achieve
- Works at $V_{DD}=1.2-3.3V$

Worst Case Input Sensitivity Simulation on Previous Standard Receiver Circuit



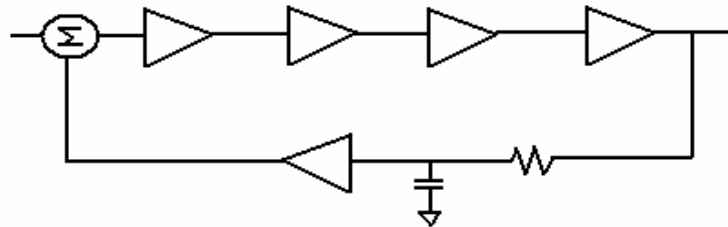
- Worst case: $V_{DD}=1.05V$, 125 C, slow process
- Overall gain drop by factor of 2, but to achieve 300mV pp dif at latch, still only need 50mV pp dif at input
- Only need 200mV pp dif to trip latch, so lots of margin for offsets, drop across package, etc.

Worst Case Simulated Results on Previous Standard Receiver Circuit



What about Offsets?

- Two approaches
 - ◆ Size input transistors to keep input offset to $\sim 10\text{mV}$
 - This increases input xstor size, slows down circuit somewhat
 - It is doable, medium difficulty
 - ◆ Add offset cancellation circuit




- Fairly simple, not critical performance, low power
- Can reduce input offset to $< 5\text{mV}$ with little difficulty

Other Possible Improvements on Input Sensitivity

- Use inductor loads
 - ◆ Simulations show input sensitivity improved 1.5x
 - ◆ Larger area

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Measured Results

- Measured input sensitivity on 2 vendors XAUI parts in 3 different technologies
- Results

	Technology	Measured Receive Sensitivity @ 1.5G
Vendor A	0.18u	73 mv pp dif
Vendor A	0.13u	31 mv pp dif
Vendor B	?	38mV pp dif

- All 3 cases above achieved <75mV while shooting for 200mV spec → indicates tighter receive sensitivity is not difficult

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Conclusion

- 50mV receive input sensitivity is achievable
 - ◆ Simple
 - ◆ Small area
 - ◆ Low power
 - ◆ Compatible with wide range of supplies
 - ◆ Many XAUI designs already achieve this
- All simulations and results with single frequency waveforms, need to re-check with “stressed” eye