The transmitting window of an ONU is indicated in the GATE message where start time and length are specified. An ONU begins transmission when its localTime counter matches the start_time value indicated in the GATE message. An ONU concludes its transmission with sufficient margin to ensure that the laser is turned off before the grant length interval has elapsed.

Multiple outstanding grants may be issued to each ONU. The OLT shall not issue more than the maximum supported maximum outstanding grants as advertised by the ONU during registration (see pending grants in 77.3.6.3).

In order to maintain the watchdog timer at the ONU, grants are periodically generated. For this purpose empty GATE messages may be issued periodically.

When registered, the ONU ignores all gate messages where the Discovery flag is set.

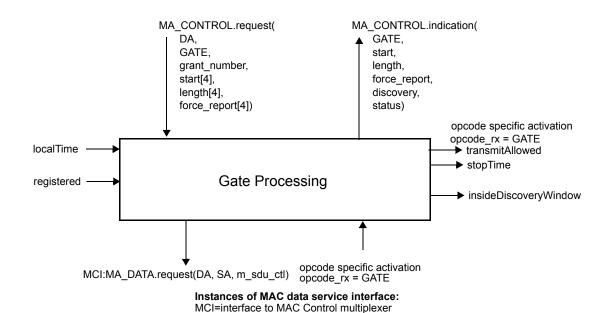


Figure 77-1—Gate Processing Service Interface

77.0.0.1 Constants

discoveryGrantLength

TYPE: 32 bit unsigned

This constant represents the duration of ONU's transmission during discovery attempt. discovery-GrantLength is equal to one FEC codeword (see FEC_CODEWORD_SIZE in 77.2.2.1) expressed in units of time_quanta.

VALUE: 13

gate_timeout

TYPE: 32-bit unsigned

This constant represents the maximum allowed interval of time between two GATE messages generated by the OLT to the same ONU.

VALUE: 0x002FAF08 (50 milliseconds)

max_future_grant_time	1
TYPE: 32 bit unsigned	2
This constant holds the time limiting the future time horizon for a valid incoming grant.	3
VALUE: 0x03B9ACA0 (1 second)	4 5
min_processing_time	6
TYPE: 32 bit unsigned	7
This constant is the time required for the ONU processing time.	8
VALUE: 0x00000400 (16.384 us)	9
minGrantLength	10 11
TYPE: 32 bit unsigned	12
This constant represents the minimum data portion of a grant. minGrantLength is equal to one FEC	13
codeword (see FEC CODEWORD SIZE in 77.2.2.1), less the initial 16 idle octets, expressed in	14
units of time quanta.	15
VALUE: 12	16
	17
tqSize This constant is defined in 77.2.2.1.	18 19
This constant is defined in 77.2.2.1.	20
77.0.0.2 Variables	21
BEGIN	22 23
TYPE: Boolean	24
This variable is used when initiating operation of the functional block state diagram. It is set to true	25
following initialization and every reset.	26
	27
BurstOverhead	28
TYPE: integer	29
This variable represents the burst overhead and equals the sum of laserOnTime, laserOffTime,	30
syncTime and an additional two time_quanta to account for END_BURST_DELIMITER and two	31
leading IDLE vectors of the payload. This variable is expressed in units of time_quanta.	32
counter	33 34
TYPE: integer	35
This variable is used as a loop iterator counting the number of incoming grants in a GATE message.	36
This variable is used as a toop herator counting the name of or mostling grants in a of the message.	37
currentGrant	38
TYPE:	39
structure	40
{	41
DA: 48 bit unsigned, a.k.a MAC address type	42
start 32 bit unsigned	43
length 16 bit unsigned	44
force_report Boolean	45
discovery Boolean	46
This coniable is used for level stances of a new line count state during a new coninc. It is the stance of a new line count state during a new coninc. It is the stance of a new line count state during a new line coun	47
This variable is used for local storage of a pending grant state during processing. It is dynamically	48
set by the Gate Processing functional block and is not exposed. The state is a structure field composed of multiple subfields.	49 50
The state is a structure field composed of multiple subfields.	50 51
data_rx	52
This variable is defined in 77.2.2.3.	53
This variable is defined in 11.2.2.3.	54
	J-T

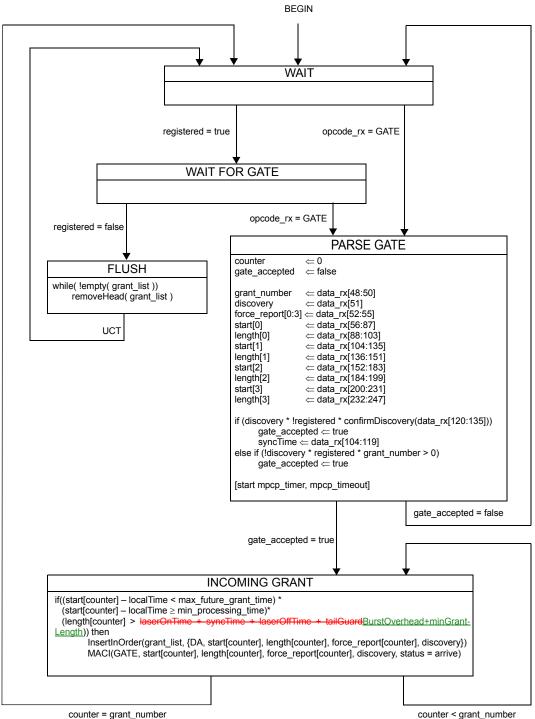


Figure 77-2—Gate Processing ONU Programing state diagram

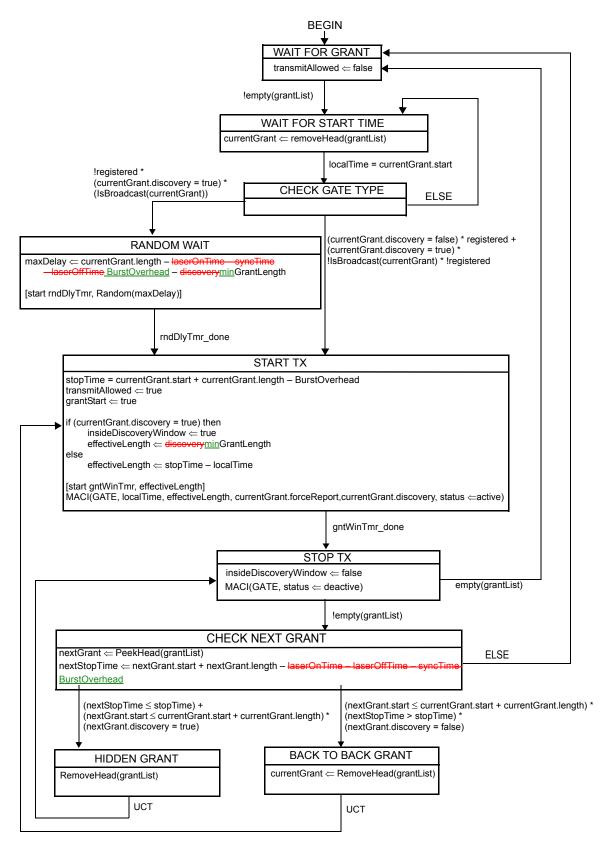


Figure 77–3—Gate Processing ONU Activation state diagram