

# 10GE WAN PHY Delineation Performance

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The material of this presentation is based on the document available at:  
[http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/3/10G\\_study/public/email\\_attach/delineation\\_perf.doc](http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/3/10G_study/public/email_attach/delineation_perf.doc)

# Agenda

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- **Delineation Performance Parameters**
- **10GE WAN PHY Review**
- **10GE WAN PHY Delineation**
  - Framer Performance
  - Pointer Processing Performance
  - Encapsulation Performance
  - Combined Delineation Performance
  - Frame Throughput

# Delineation Performance Parameters

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- **Delineation performance is calculated using the following statistics:**
  - **Mean Time To Frame (MTTF)**
  - **Probability of Loss of Frame (PLF) & Mean Time To Frame Loss (MTTFL)**
  - **Probability of False Framing (PFF)**
  - **Probability of Rejecting False Frame (PRFF)**

Schemes	Mean Time To frame	Prob. of Frame Loss	Mean Time to Frame Loss	Prob. of False Framing	Prob. of Rejecting False Frame
<b>10GE WAN PHY</b>	254.4 $\mu$ sec	$9.56 \times 10^{-21}$	0.7 million years	$2.23 \times 10^{-30}$	0.9995
<b>10GE 8B/10B</b>	1.2 $\mu$ sec	$2 \times 10^{-11}$	4.5 hours	0	Not Applicable

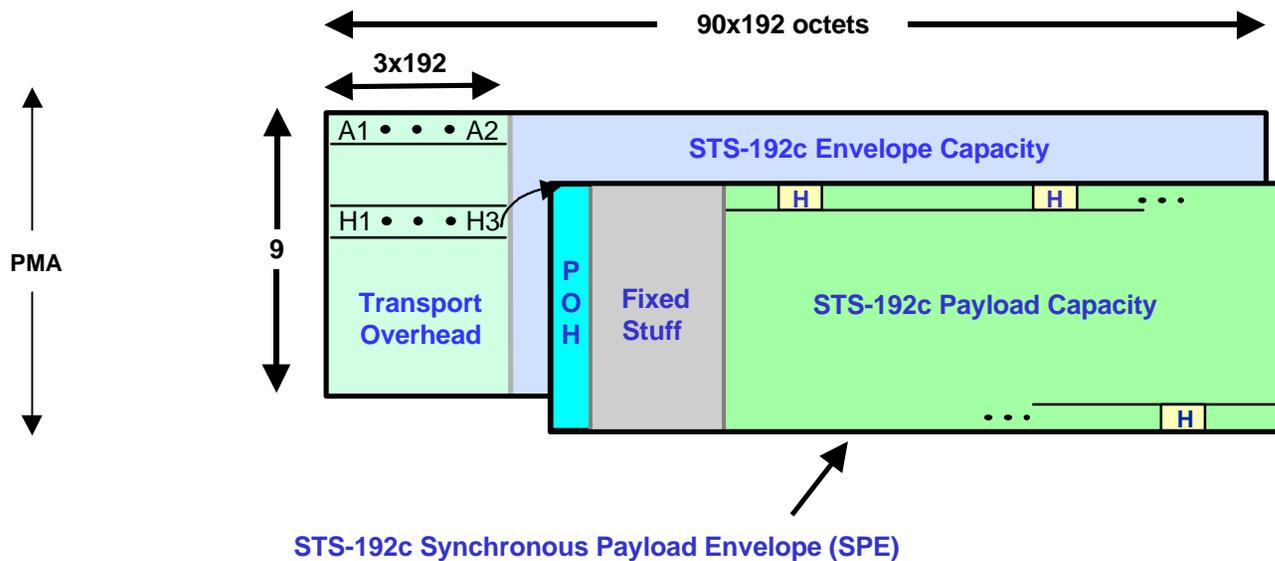
*Summary of 10GE WAN PHY and 8B/10B delineation performance*

*(BER =  $10^{-12}$ , SONET Link Rate = 10 Gbps, 8B/10B Link Rate = 12.5 Gbps, Avg Packet Size = 500 bytes).*

# 10GE WAN PHY Review

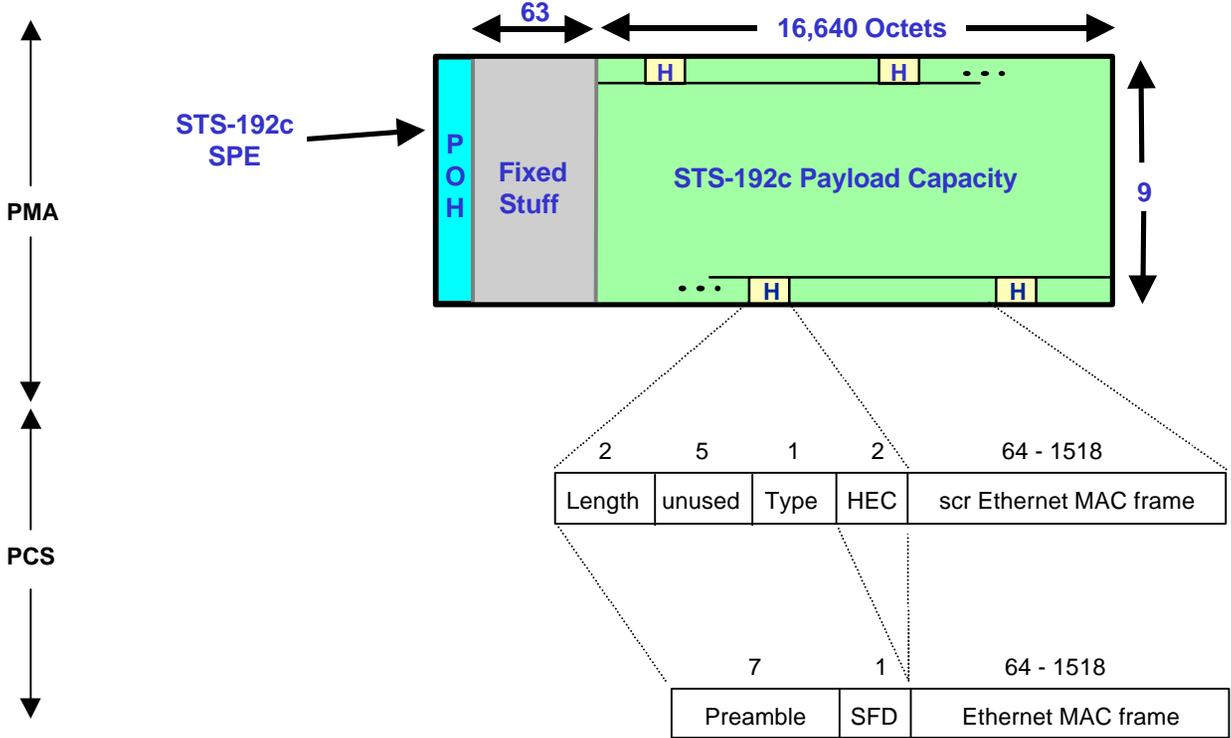
## Delineation Steps

- 1) Find SONET frame
- 2) Pointer processing to locate start of payload envelope

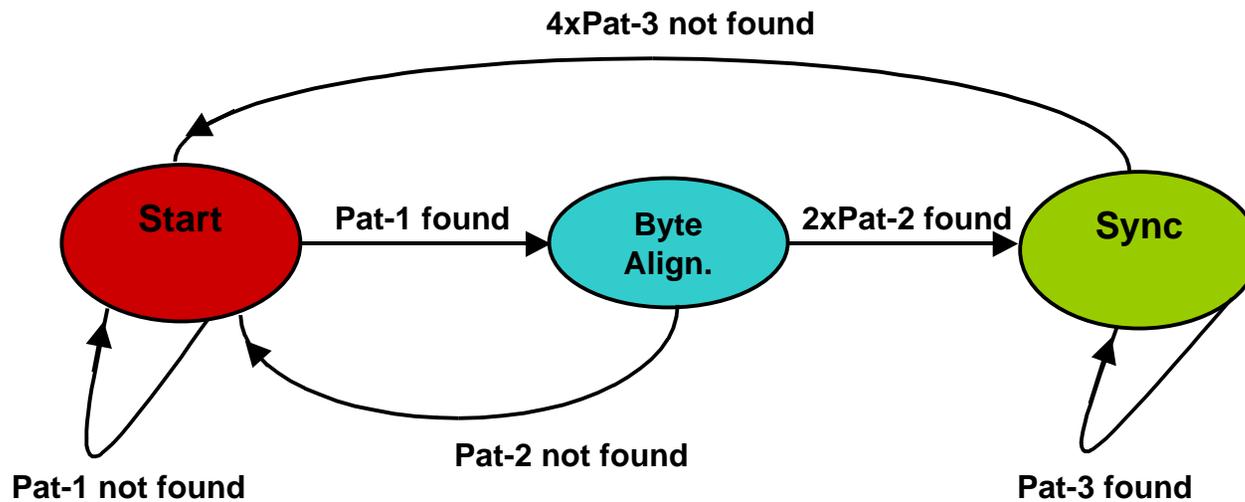
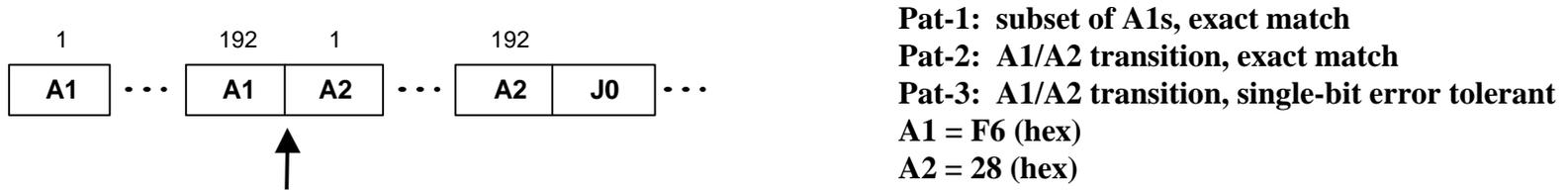


# 10GE WAN PHY Review (cont'd)

## 3) Delineation of encapsulated MAC frames



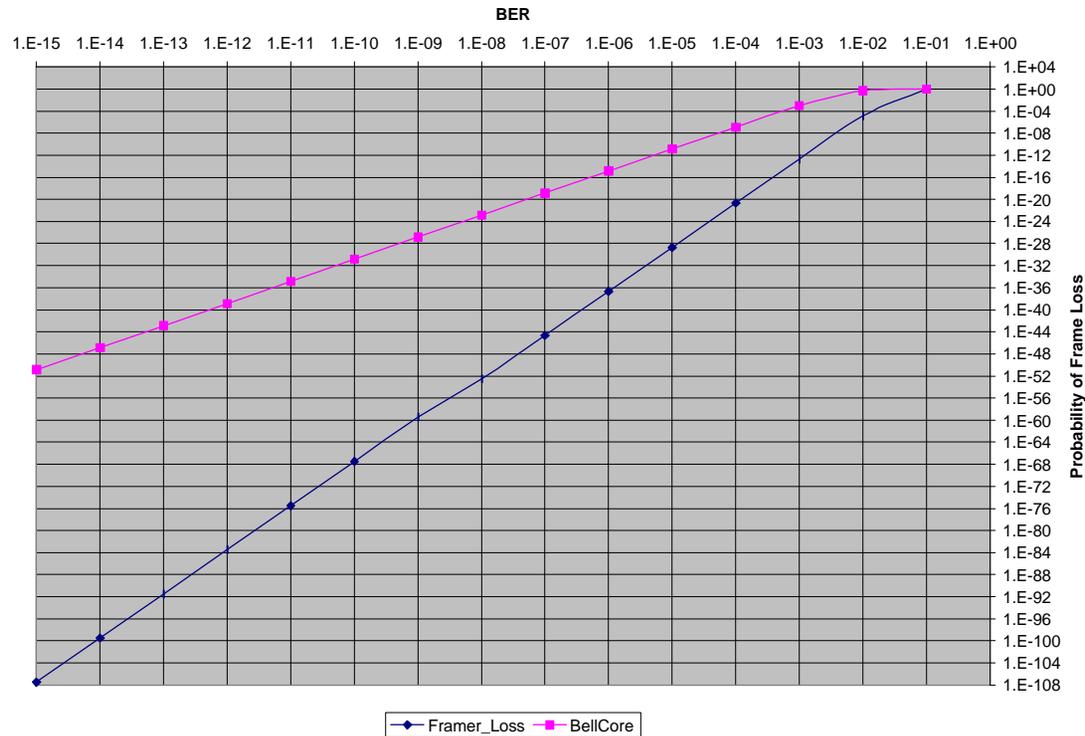
# 10GE WAN PHY Delineation: SONET Framer



# 10GE WAN PHY Delineation: Framer Performance

$$\text{Prob (frame loss due to errors in A1, A2)} = [1 - [(1-\text{BER})^8 + 8 * \text{BER} * (1-\text{BER})^7]^{24}]^4$$

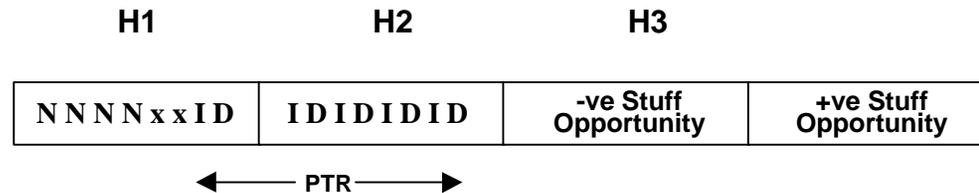
$$\text{Prob} \approx 3.26 * 10^{12} * \text{BER}^8$$



# 10GE WAN PHY Delineation: Pointer Processing

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- **STS Payload Pointer Coding (H1-3)**



**N** New Data Flag (nominal value is '0110')

**x** Unused (nominal value is '00')

**I** Increment (invert 5-I bits to show Positive Stuff)

**D** Decrement (invert 5-D bits to show Negative Stuff)

**H1-2** = '1001001111111111' indicates concatenation

- **Loss of pointer occurs due to**

- errors causing a pointer change to be ignored
- errors emulating a pointer change

# 10GE WAN PHY: Pointer Processing Performance

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## Pointer Misdetection

### 1- Pointer Increment

- 8 of 10 majority vote  $\Rightarrow$  Prob (Inc is misdetection) =  $1 - \text{Prob}(<3 \text{ errors in 10 bits})$
- worst case frequency offset = 100 ppm (Enet) + 20 ppm (SONET) = 120 ppm  $\Rightarrow$  778 adj/sec
- Prob (Inc is misdetection)  $\approx 5.84 * \text{BER}^3$

### 2- Pointer Decrement

- the same as item 1  $\Rightarrow$  Prob (Dec is misdetection)  $\approx 5.84 * \text{BER}^3$

### 3- New Data Flag (NDF)

- provisioned, happens  $\approx$  once a year (e.g. new payload type)  $\Rightarrow$  Prob(NDF is ignored)  $\approx 0$

### 4- Concatenation Flag is lost if:

- it is all ones for 3 consecutive frames (i.e. looks like AIS)  $\Rightarrow$  Prob  $\approx 0.0001 * \text{BER}^{10}$
- it is anything other than AIS or concatenation flag for 8 consecutive frames  $\Rightarrow$  Prob  $\approx 1.5\text{E}9 * \text{BER}^8$
- it is a valid pointer value, and remains the same for 3 consecutive frames  $\Rightarrow$  Prob  $\approx 1000 * \text{BER}^4$

### 5- New Pointer Value

- happens  $\approx$  once a year (e.g. protection/restoration)  $\Rightarrow$  Prob( a new pointer value is ignored)  $\approx 0$

AIS = Alarm Indication Signal

# 10GE WAN PHY: Pointer Processing Performance (cont'd)

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## Pointer Emulation

### 1- Pointer Increment

- the 8 of 10 majority vote must be emulated
- $\text{Prob}(\text{Inc emulation}) \approx 10 * \text{BER}^3$

### 2- Pointer Decrement

- the same as item 1  $\Rightarrow \text{Prob}(\text{Dec emulation}) \approx 10 * \text{BER}^3$

### 3- New Data Flag (NDF)

- need 3 of 4 bits to be in error and the associated pointer value to be a valid number
- $\text{Prob}(\text{NDF emulation}) \approx 3 * \text{BER}^3$

### 4- Concatenation Flag

- need 3 consecutive matches of the 14-bit concatenation flag (applies to STS-1#1 only)
- $\text{Prob}(\text{Concatenation flag emulation}) \approx 3.7\text{E-}9 * \text{BER}^9$

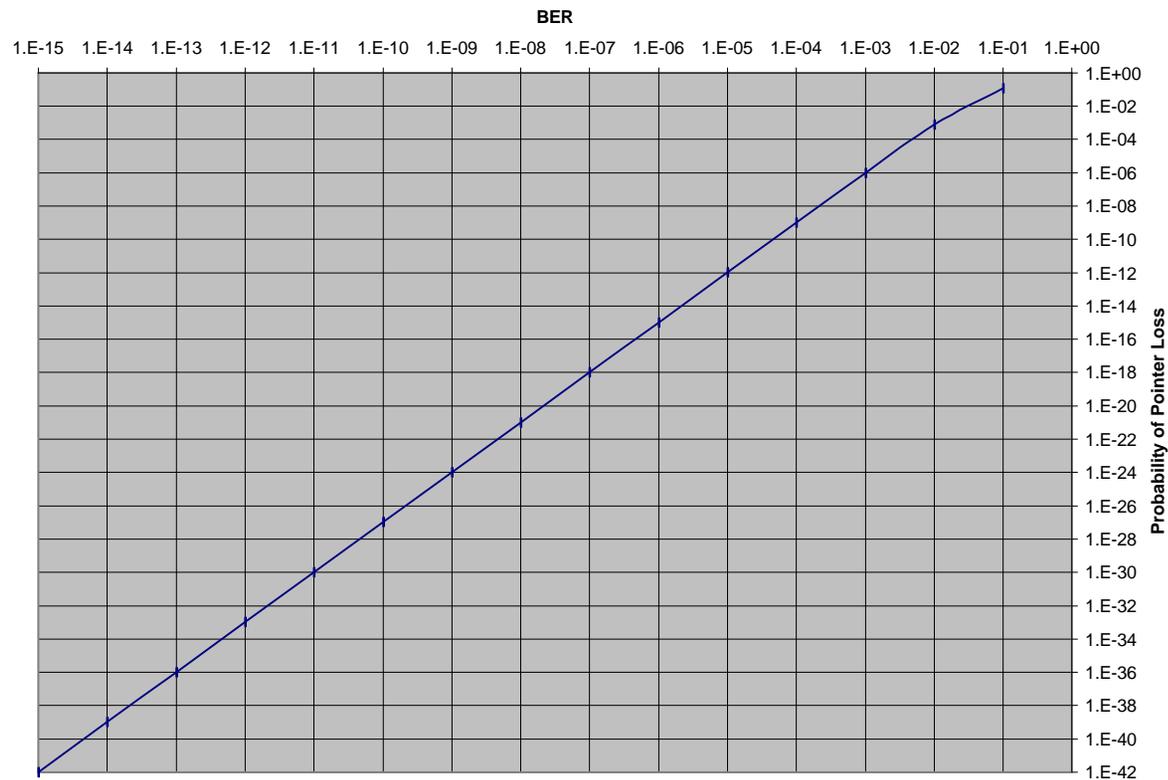
### 5- New Pointer Value

- need the pointer value to change and the change to persist for 2 consecutive frames
- $\text{Prob}(\text{New Pointer emulation}) \approx 1\text{E}3 * \text{BER}^3$

# 10GE WAN PHY: Pointer Processing Performance (cont'd)

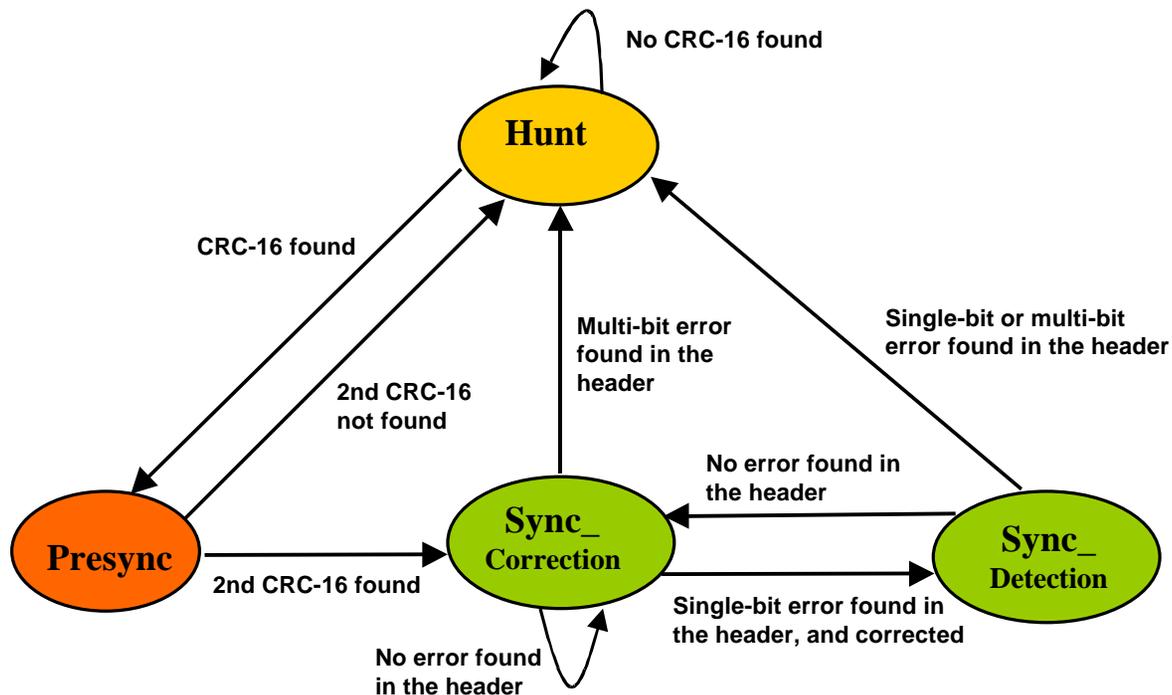
$$\text{Prob (Pointer Loss)} \approx 5.84 * \text{BER}^3 + 5.84 * \text{BER}^3 + 0.0001 * \text{BER}^{10} + 1.5\text{E}9 * \text{BER}^8 + 1000 * \text{BER}^4 + 10 * \text{BER}^3 + 10 * \text{BER}^3 + 3 * \text{BER}^3 + 3.7\text{E}-9 * \text{BER}^9 + 1\text{E}3 * \text{BER}^3$$

$$\text{Prob (Pointer Loss)} \approx 1000 * \text{BER}^3$$



# 10GE WAN PHY Delineation of Encap'd MAC Frames

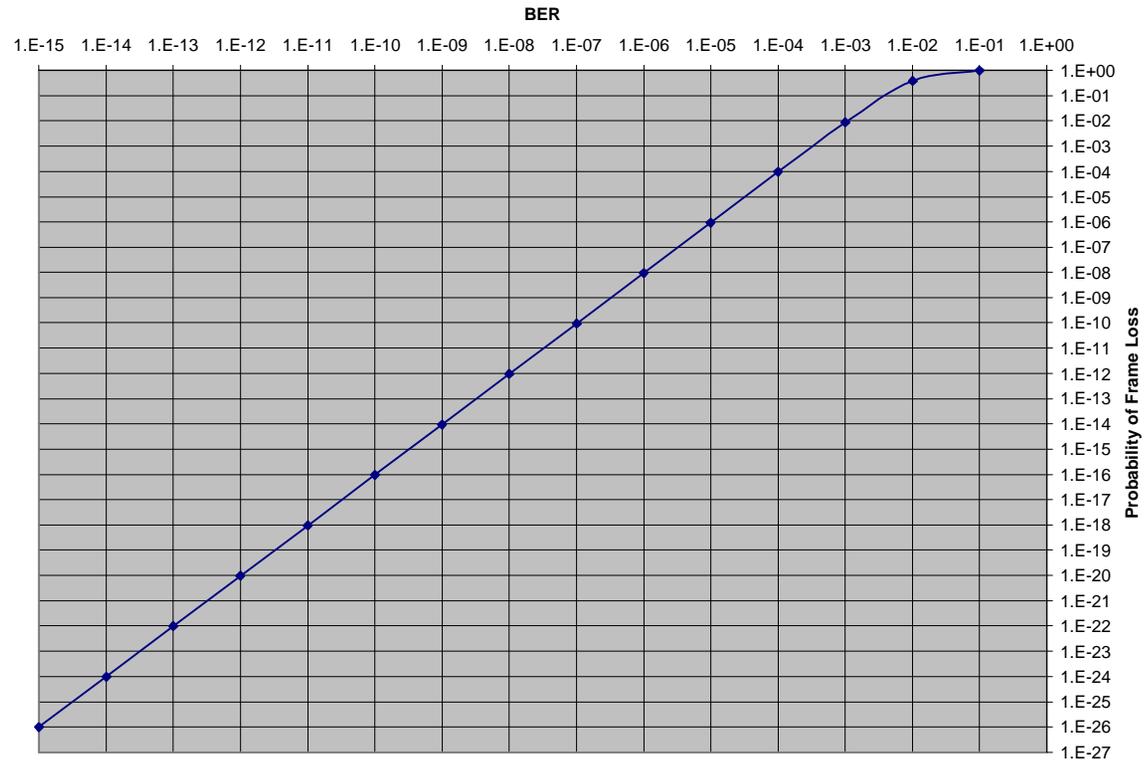
- Modified version of the Header Error Control (HEC) check algorithm specified in ITU-T I.432.
- Two CRC-16 matches are required to move the framer to the Sync\_Correction state.
- The header length is 10 bytes (CRC-16 is calculated over the first 8 bytes of the header).
- Single bit CRC-16 error correction is enabled in the Sync\_Correction state.



# Delineation of Encap'd MAC Frames Performance

Prob (frame loss with single bit error correction) =  $1 - [(1-BER)^{80} + \binom{80}{1}BER(1-BER)^{159}]$

$$\text{Prob} \approx 9560 * BER^2$$

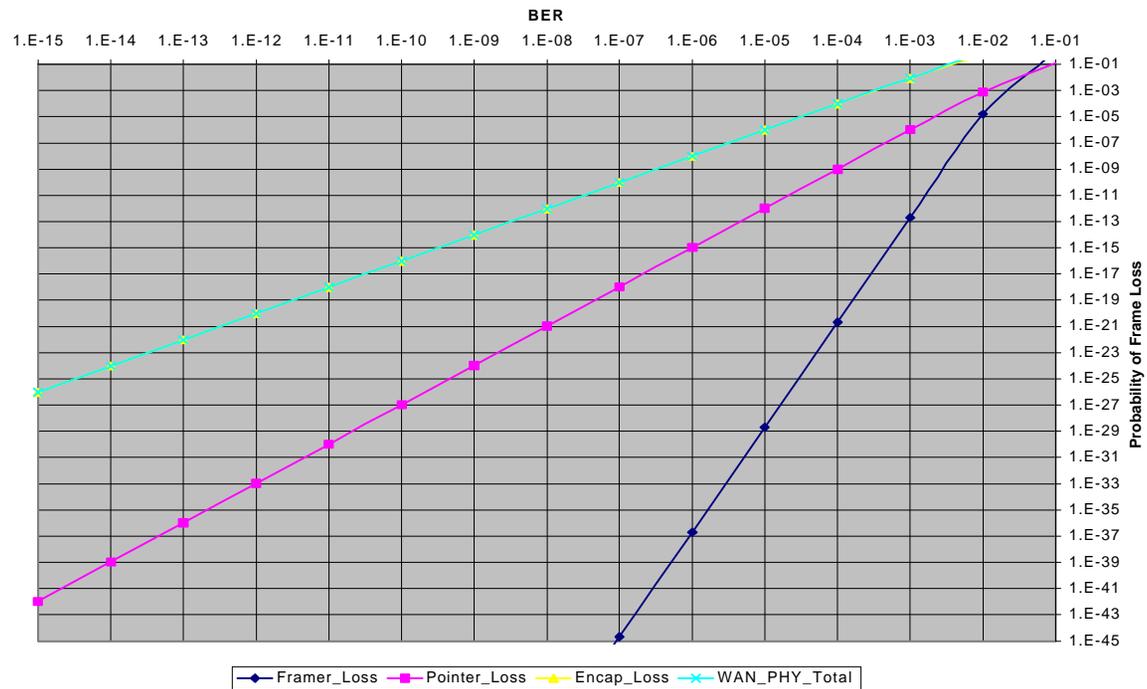


# 10GE WAN PHY: Combined Delineation Performance

- Prob (SONET framer loss)  $\approx 3.26 \cdot 10^{12} * BER^8$
- Prob (SONET pointer loss)  $\approx 1000 * BER^3$
- Prob (Encap frame loss)  $\approx 9560 * BER^2$

⇒ Overall performance is dominated by the Encapsulation performance:

$$\text{Prob (frame loss)}_{\text{overall}} \approx 9560 * BER^2$$

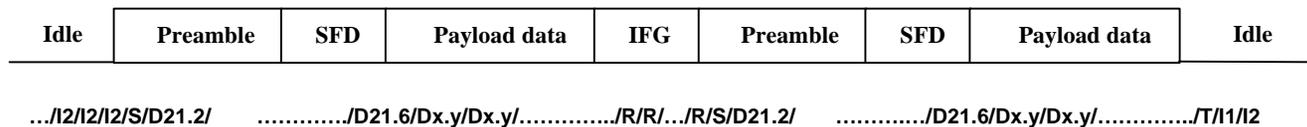


# 8B/10B Delineation

## Special Characters

### Related To Delineation:

Name	Description	Encoding	10B Code-Word (RD -)	10B Code-Word (RD+)
/I1/	Idle 1	/K28.5/D5.6/	001111 1010 / 101001 0110	110000 0101 / 101001 0110
/I2/	Idle 2	/K28.5/D16.2/	001111 1010 / 011011 0101	110000 0101 / 100100 0101
/R/	Carrier Extended	/K23.7/	111010 1000	000101 0111
/S/	Start of Packet	/K27.7/	110110 1000	001001 0111
/T/	End of Packet	/K29.7/	101110 1000	010001 0111
Preamble	Preamble	/D21.2/	101010 0101	101010 0101
SFD	Start of Frame Delimiter	/D21.6/	101010 0110	101010 0110
Comma	Comma character	/K28.5/	001111 1010	110000 0101



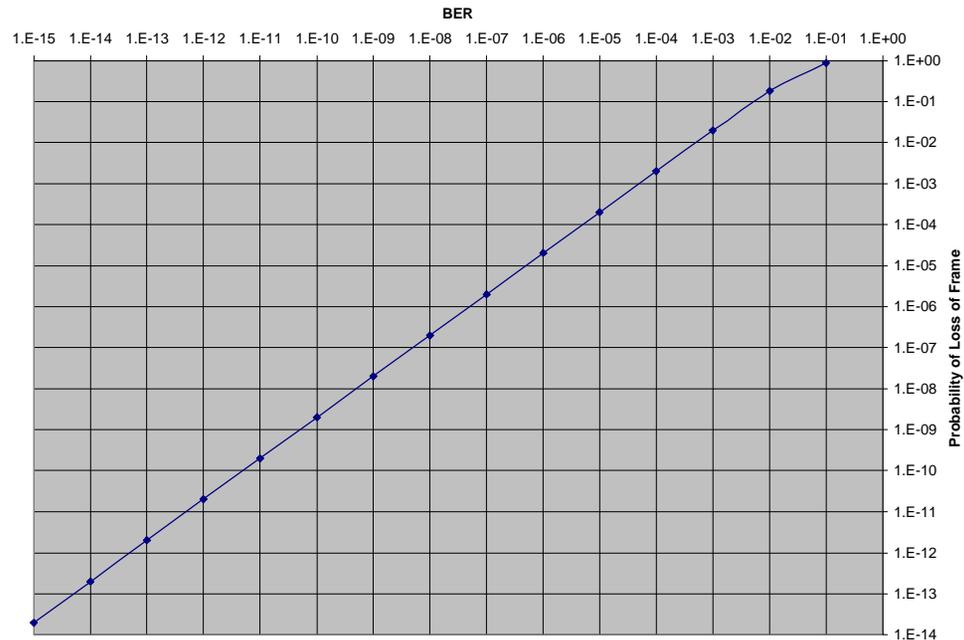
**SFD:** Start of Frame Delimiter

**IFG:** Inter Frame Gap

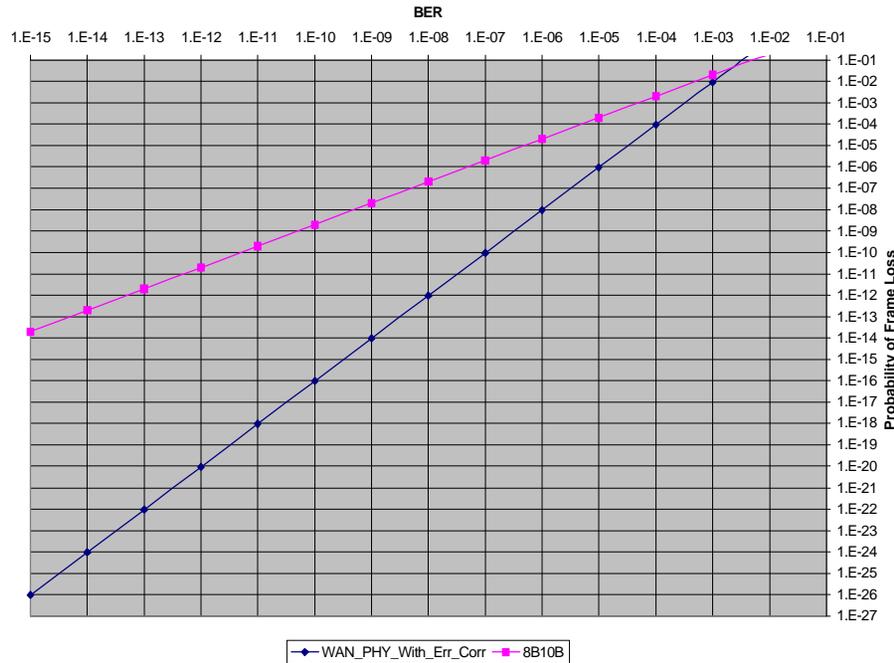
# 8B/10B Delineation Performance

- **Loss of delineation is due to:**
  - errors corrupting the delineation characters (/S/, /T/, /R/)
  - errors emulating the delineation characters: Single-bit error is detected by the Running Disparity (RD) check, so it can not emulate the delineation flag.

$$\text{Prob (frame loss)} = 1 - (1 - \text{BER})^{20}$$



# 10GE WAN PHY vs 8B/10B Delineation Performance



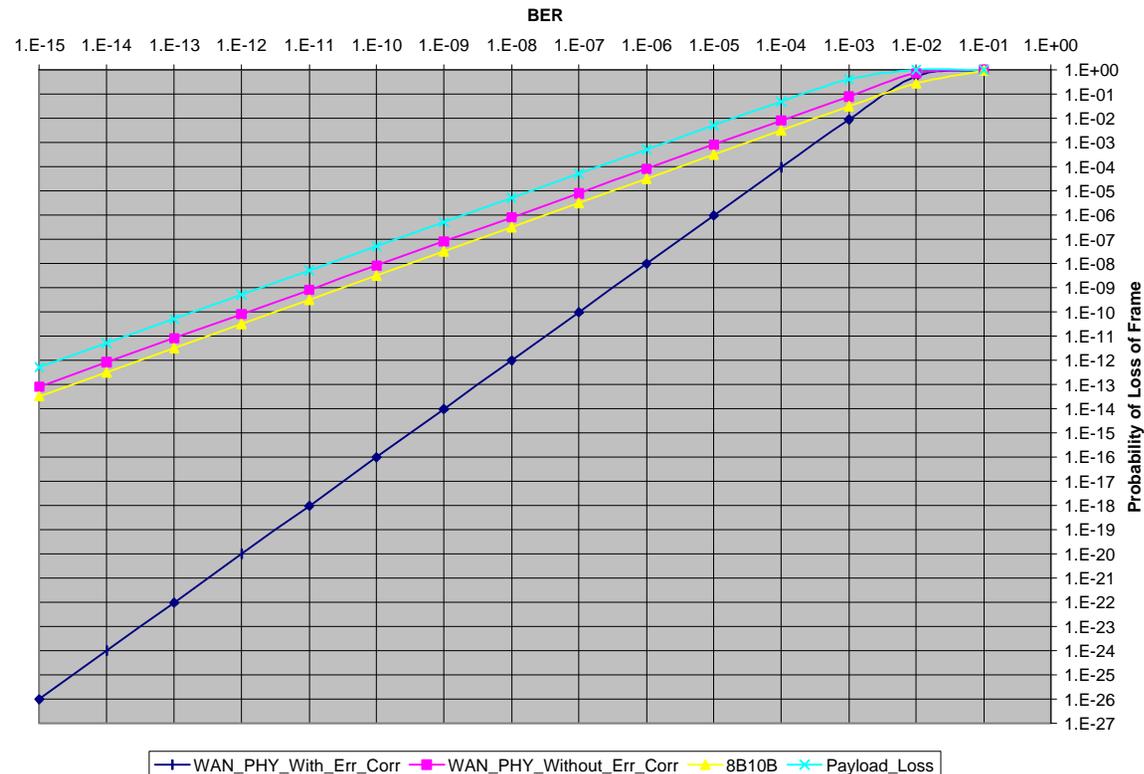
Schemes	Prob. of Frame Loss	Mean Time to Frame Loss
10GE WAN PHY	$9.56 \times 10^{-21}$	0.7 million years
10GE 8B/10B	$2 \times 10^{-11}$	4.5 hours

*BER=10<sup>-12</sup>, SONET Link Rate=10Gbps,  
8B/10B Link Rate=12.5Gbps, Avg Packet Size=500 bytes*

**10GE WAN PHY probability of frame loss performance is as robust as 8B/10B**

# PLF Due To Delineation Error vs Payload Error

- A frame can be tossed due to a delineation error or a payload error
- A well-balanced design should have: PLF (delineation error) < PLF (payload error)



# Frame Throughput

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**Degradation\_In\_Thruput = (Number of bits lost) / (Number of bits transmitted)**

**Degradation\_In\_Thruput = (K \* 1518 \* 8) / (MTTFL \* BitRate)**

K = Number of frames lost from the time delineation is lost until acquired again.

MTTFL = 1 / (PLF \* FrameRate)

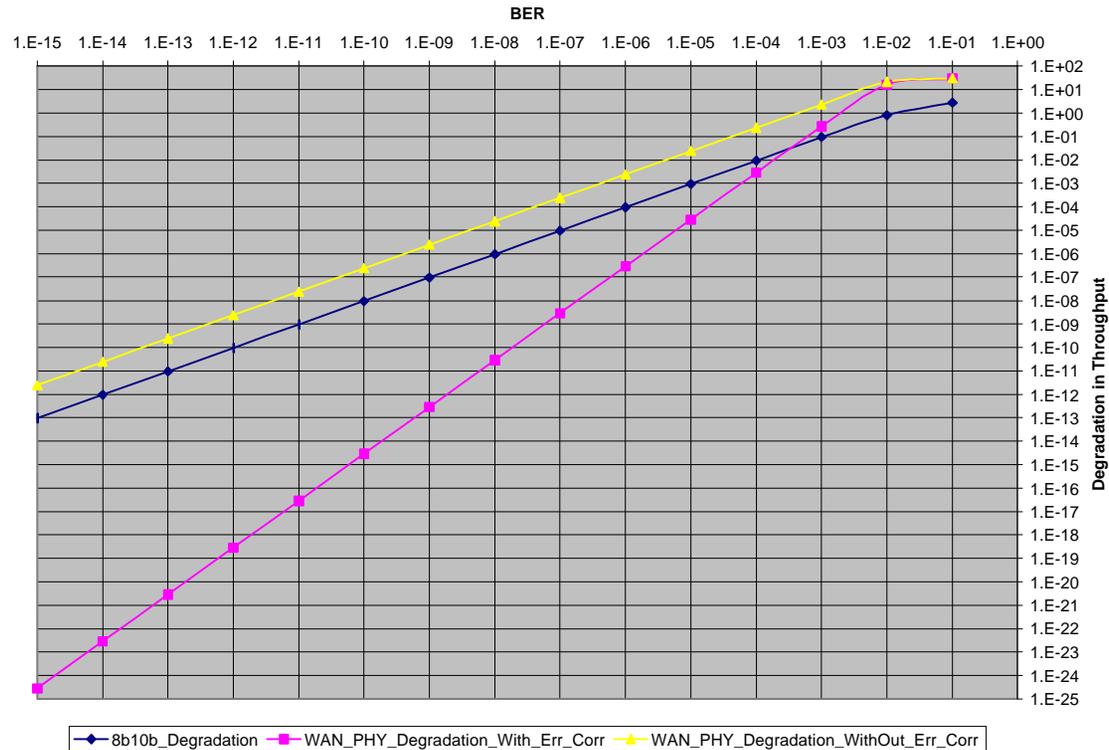
FrameRate = BitRate/AvgFrameLength

**Degradation\_In\_Thruput = (K \* 1518 \* 8 \* PLF) / (AvgFrameLength in bits)**

For 10GE WAN PHY  $\Rightarrow$  K=5, AvgFrameLength = (500 + 10)/2 = 255 bytes

For 8B/10B  $\Rightarrow$  K=1, AveFrameLength = 500 bytes

# Frame Throughput (cont'd)



**10GE WAN PHY delineation performance with single bit error correction is as good as 8B/10B**