Leveraging CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Efforts for IEEE 802.3 50G Backplane

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Purposes

- Review the status of the CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 project, and discuss why and how to leverage this highly relevant effort for the IEEE 802.3 50G backplane (BP) project
- Leveraging to achieve better spec project efficiency, and product development cost effectiveness crossing both Ethernet and OTN markets



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I. CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Highlights



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Latest CEI-56G-LR Project Objectives (oif2016.025.01)

- 1. Support serial baud rates (fb) within the range from 18 Gsym/s to 29 Gsym/s.
- 2. Capable of achieving a raw BER of 1e-4. FEC is assumed to be used in the system to achieve corrected BER of 1e-15. The FEC is outside the scope of this IA. FEC also needs to be able to correct burst errors.
- 3. Capable of driving up to 686 mm of PCB and up to 2 connectors.
- 4. Shall support AC-coupled operation.
- 5. Shall allow multi-lanes (1 to n).
- 6. Shall support hot plug.





CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Spec Highlight (I)

• IL Max target: currently set at 25.5 dB at Nyquist



Latest CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Spec draft: OIF2016.025.01



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CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Spec Highlight (II)

- The Channel Operating Margin (COM) is the FOM for channel
- Ref TX: 4-tap FIR, 2 pre and 1 post
- Ref RX: CTLE: with both low and high-freq pole/zero pairs;
 DFE: 12-taps, limit the C-1 <=0.5, and the rest Cn <=0.2

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Signaling rate	fb	18 - 29	Gsym/s
Maximum start frequency	<i>f</i> min	0.05	GHz
Maximum frequency step	Δf	0.01	GHz
Device package model Single-ended device capacitance Transmission line length, Test 1 Transmission line length, Test 2 Single-ended package capacitance at package-to- board interface Differential impedance	Cd Zp Zp Cp Zc	250 12 30 110	fF mm mm fF
Single-ended reference resistance	Ro	50	Ω
Single-ended termination resistance	Rd	55	Ω
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	fr	0.75 × fb	
Transmitter equalizer, minimum cursor coefficient	<i>c</i> (0)	0.60	_
Transmitter equalizer, 2nd pre-cursor coefficient Minimum value Maximum value Step size	c(2)	-0.10 0 0.02	
Transmitter equalizer, 1st pre-cursor coefficient Minimum value Maximum value Step size	<i>c</i> (–1)	-0.28 0 0.02	
Transmitter equalizer, post-cursor coefficient Minimum value Maximum value Step size	c(1)	-0.28 0 0.02	
Continuous time filter, DC gain Minimum value Maximum value Step size	goc	-20 0 1	dB dB dB
Continuous time filter, DC gain2 Minimum value Maximum value Step size	gDC2	-6 0 1	dB dB dB
Continuous time filter, zero frequencies	fz fz2	fь /2.5 fb /40	GHz GHz
Continuous time filter, pole frequencies	fp1 fp2 fp3	fb/2.5 fb/40 fb	GHz GHz

Transmitter differential peak output voltage Victim Far-end aggressor Near-end aggressor	Av Ate Ane	0.43* 0.43* 0.65	v v v
Number of signal levels	L	4	_
Level separation mismatch ratio	RLM	0.95	—
Transmitter signal-to-noise ratio	SNRTX	31	dB
Number of samples per unit interval	Μ	32	_
Decision feedback equalizer (DFE) length	Nb	12	UI
Normalized DFE coefficient magnitude limit for $n = 2$ to N _b	bmax(1) bmax(2-Nb)	0.5 0.2	_
Random jitter, RMS	<i>ORJ</i>	0.01	UI
Dual-Dirac jitter, peak	ADD	0.02	UI
One-sided noise spectral density	ηo	2.6 × 10 ⁻⁸	V ² /GHz
Target detector error ratio	DER0	10 ⁻⁴	_
Channel operating margin, min	COM	3	dB

See also OIF2015.336.00

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CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Test Parameters/Methodology:TX

- Conventional parameters:
 - Diff and CM voltages, AC and DC
 - Diff and CM RL
 - Jitter (DJ, RJ, DCD/EOJ)
- PAM4 TX
 - SNR
 - Nonlinearity (level separation mismatch ratio, RLM)



$$S_{min} = \frac{min(V_D - V_C, V_C - V_B, V_B - V_A)}{2}$$
(a)

$$V_{avg} = \frac{V_A + V_B + V_C + V_D}{4}$$
 (b)

$$ES_1 = \frac{V_B - V_{avg}}{V_A - V_{avg}}$$
(c)

$$ES_2 = \frac{V_C - V_{avg}}{V_D - V_{avg}} \tag{d}$$

$$R_{LM} = \frac{6 \cdot S_{min}}{V_D - V_A}$$
(e)



Note: RLM test method is subject to further improvement and be aligned with new changes in CDAUI-8 c2c

CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Test Parameters/Methodology:RX

- Three major subtests
 - Diff RL and Diff-to-CM RL
 - Interference tolerance
 - Input with worst TX + worst channel, multiple test conditions
 - Calibration is done with COM
 - Jitter tolerance







II. Leveraging and Benefits



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Summary for CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 Spec Characteristics

- Complete spec draft (no TBDs) has been around since Nov/2015 and has gone through two comment/resolution cycles
- Spec bears many similarities to 25GE BP (clause 94, PAM4) and CDAUI-8 C2C in terms of parameters, specification, and test methodologies
- Spec is subject to further change and improvement





Benefits of Leveraging

- It is believed that reuse the industry investments on CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 for better efficiency of the 50GE BP development
- It is believed that appropriate alignment in spec and test methodology will enable efficient product development and manufacture for vendors play in both Ethernet and OTN markets



III. A Path Forward





IL Target Increase Requests

- OIF2016.026.00/Nokia suggests to increase the IL target at Nyquist from the current 25.5 dB to 30 dB due to the symbol rate increase in order to be backward compatible with CEI-25G-LR channels
- Cisco suggests IL of ~32 dB would meet the system requirement for 50G Ethernet backplane and cable assembly



A 30 dB BP Channel Study



- Channel B: IL ~ 30 dB at Nyquist
- ILD, RL, comply with CEI-25G-LR, but ICN exceeds the limit



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Simulation Results

- TX assumptions
 - Largely similar to
 CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 COM,
 except that
 actual package is used
- RX assumptions
 - Largely similar to
 CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 COM,
 except that
 actual package is used
- More studies, both simulations and measurements are needed, but this study shows 30 dB BP is possible









The Tracking/Alignment Between CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 and 50GE BP

- If 50G SG would adopt the 30 dB IL as its objective, it is anticipated/hoped that some parameters in the current 56G-LR-PAM4 spec draft will likely be changed/improved to meet the new IL objective, consequently
 - It is anticipated/hoped that CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 loss objective will likely be increase from the current 25.5 dB to 30 dB at Nyquist
 - It is our view that it would be good to keep future 50GE BP spec and CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 spec tracked/aligned





IV. Summary and Closing Remarks





Summary

- CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 project started in 2014 and the current spec draft has gone through two comment/resolution cycles
- Leveraging CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 specification will enable
 - 50 GE spec project development efficiency
 - cost effective product development crossing both Ethernet and OTN markets
- If 30 dB IL objective would be adopted for the 50 GE backplane
 - It is anticipated/desirable that CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 objective and spec will likely be changed and aligned
 - It is desirable to have CEI-56G-LR-PAM4 spec and 50 GE BP spec be tracked and aligned moving forward



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