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Objectives for NG 200G and 400G PHYs

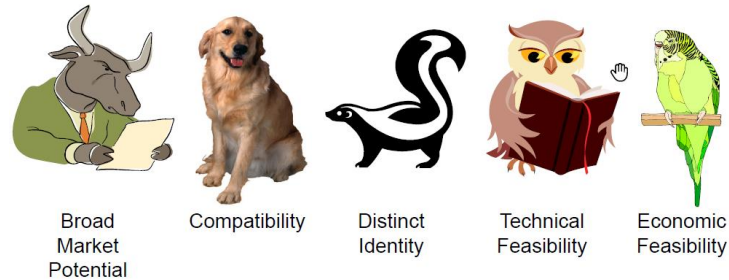
NG 200G & 400G PHYs over fewer MMF Pairs Study Group

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Developing our Objectives

- A key task of the Study Group is to develop a set of objectives for NG 200G & 400G PHYs over fewer MMF pairs
 - It is important to get the objectives right
 - We need 75% support to adopt
 - Objectives must support 5 Criteria



- IEEE has always preferred a minimum set of PMDs
- As experts, we need to make the tough choices
- We should avoid a “let the market decide” mentality
- This contribution suggests some possible wording for the objectives and what questions need to be answered by the Study Group before a suitable set of objectives can be agreed

A look back at previous projects

- Objective
 - 802.3bm NG 40G and 100G
 - Define a 100 Gb/s PHY for operation up to at least 100 m of MMF
 - 802.3bs 200G and 400G
 - Provide physical layer specifications which support 400 Gb/s operation over at least 100 m of MMF
 - 802.3by 25G
 - Define a single-lane 25 Gb/s PHY for operation over MMF consistent with IEEE P802.3bm Clause 95
 - 802.3cd 50 Gb/s, 100 Gb/s, and 200 Gb/s
 - Define a single-lane 50 Gb/s PHY for operation over MMF with lengths up to at least 100m MMF
 - Define a two-lane 100 Gb/s PHY for operation over MMF with lengths up to at least 100m MMF
 - Define a four-lane 200 Gb/s PHY for operation over MMF with lengths up to at least 100m MMF
 - Resulting Standard
 - The required operating range was consistent for each project*
 - 0.5m to 70m for OM3
 - 0.5m to 100m for OM4
 - **The reach objective(s) for NG 200G and 400G must support the same reaches as previous projects**
 - **Supports upgrade path for installed base**
 - **Ensures application coverage is maintained**
 - **Going below 100m limits broad market potential**
- *Note: 802.3bs and 802.3cd added a reach objective of 0.5m to 100m for OM5

We should develop a minimum set of PMD objectives

- Manufacturers want a return on their investment
 - Multiple PMDs fragment development efforts
 - Multiple PMDs fragment the market
- Customers don't care about the technology
 - Customers want cost effective solutions
 - Customers want to minimize uncertainty
 - Our objectives should provide clear guidance to the market
- Our choice(s) for objectives should consider
 - Broad market potential as well as technical and economic feasibility
 - Lowest overall interconnect cost including fiber, interfaces and power consumption
 - Future proofing the fiber infrastructure

Technology Options – The Swanson Selector

- Goal is to evaluate 200G and 400G over fewer MMF fiber pairs

| Technology (per fiber) | 1 fiber pair | 2 fiber pairs | 4 fiber pairs | 8 fiber pairs | 16 fiber pairs |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---|----------------|
| 25G-λ NRZ | 25G-SR | | 100G-SR4 | | 400G-SR16 |
| 50G-λ PAM4 | 50G-SR | 100G-SR2 | 200G-SR4 | 400G-SR8 | |
| 2x50G-λ PAM4 | 100G-SR1.2 | 200G-SR2.2 | 400G-SR4.2 | Examples of technologies for 200 & 400 Gb/s links over fewer MMF fiber pairs | |
| 4x25G-λ NRZ | 100G-SR1.4 | 200G-SR2.4 | 400G-SR4.4 | | |
| 4x50G-λ PAM4 | 200G-SR1.4 | 400G-SR2.4 | 800G-SR4.4 | | |



Existing IEEE standard
 In progress in 802.3cd

Multi-Wavelength Nomenclature
 SRm.n m = # fiber pairs
 n = # wavelengths

Recommended SG Focus

- Objectives can be considered by the SG for all options shown below but the 3 circled options have garnered the most interest thus far

| Technology (per fiber) | 1 fiber pair | 2 fiber pairs | 4 fiber pairs | 8 fiber pairs | 16 fiber pairs |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|----------------|
| 25G- λ NRZ | 25G-SR | | 100G-SR4 | | 400G-SR16 |
| 50G- λ PAM4 | 50G-SR | 100G-SR2 | 200G-SR4 | 400G-SR8 | |
| 2x50G- λ PAM4 | 100G-SR1.2 | 200G-SR2.2 | 400G-SR4.2 | Examples of technologies for 200 & 400 Gb/s links over fewer MMF fiber pairs | |
| 4x25G- λ NRZ | 100G-SR1.4 | 200G-SR2.4 | 400G-SR4.4 | | |
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Example Objectives

- Two sets of objectives may be required for some variants
 - One part of the objective needs to address the installed base of MMF
 - One part of the objective needs to address new fiber
 - Or we could go with just the first part
- Example objectives include the following (we could do 1, 2 or all 3 of the options)
 1. **“Define a 200 Gb/s PHY for operation over**
 - **1 pair of installed MMF with lengths up to at least 100m**
 - **1 pair of MMF with lengths at least 100m”**
 2. **“Define a 400 Gb/s PHY for operation over**
 - **4 pairs of installed MMF with lengths up to at least 100m**
 - **4 pairs of MMF with lengths at least 100m**
 3. **“Define a 400 Gb/s PHY for operation over**
 - **8 pairs of MMF with lengths up to at least 100m**

Questions for the SG to answer

- Technical feasibility of PMD
 - For 400G, confirm that 2λ SWDM can support 70m on OM3 and 100m on OM4
 - Determine capability of OM5
 - For 200G, confirm that 4λ SWDM can support 70m on OM3 and 100m on OM4
 - Determine capability of OM5
 - For both 200G and 400G, characterize installed base of MMF for performance at wavelengths longer than 850nm
 - Recommend TIA study this
 - How will we verify technical feasibility?
 - Recommend development of publicly available model
- Economic feasibility of PMD
 - Confirm that the new PMDs provide significant value over the existing PMDs
 - For 400G, compare the relative costs of 400G-SR8 and 400G-SR4.2 to 400G-SR16
 - For 200G, compare the relative costs of 200G-SR1.4 to 200G-SR4
- Evaluate the importance of supporting breakout capability

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