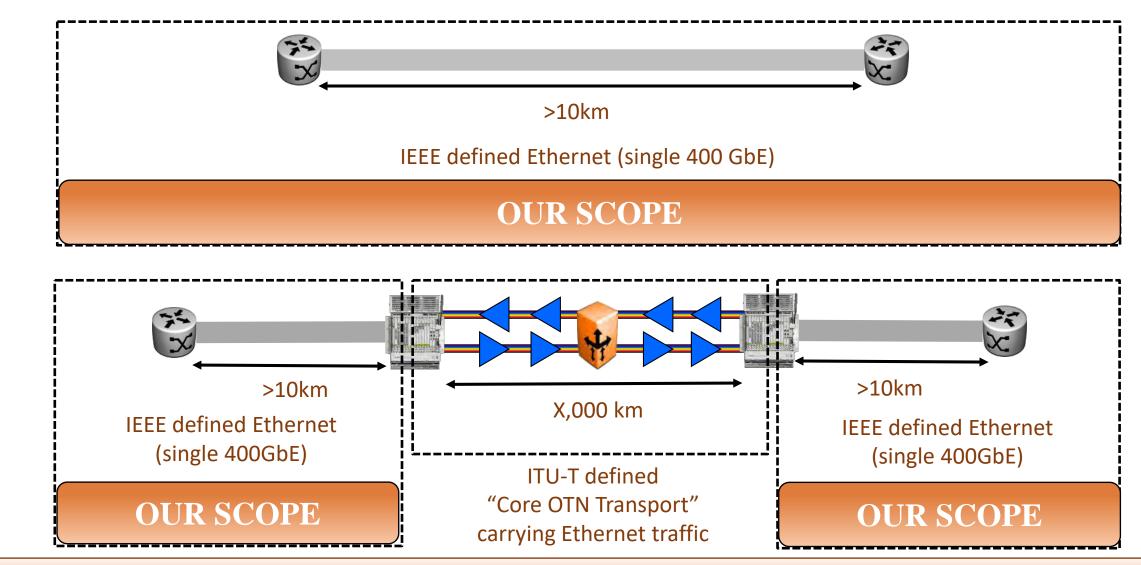
CFI Consensus -"Beyond 10km" PHYs

Draft Consensus Presentation John D'Ambrosia Futurewei, Subsidiary of Huawei

Objective for this Meeting

- To *measure the interest* in starting a study group to address:
 - Beyond 10 km Optics for 50GbE, 200GbE, and 400GbE PHYs
- We don't need to
 - Fully explore the problem
 - Debate strengths and weaknesses of solutions
 - Choose any one solution
 - Create PAR or five criteria
 - Create a standard or specification
- Anyone in the room may speak / vote
- RESPECT... give it, get it

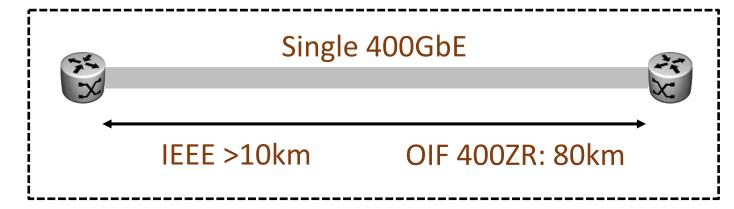
What Are We Talking About?

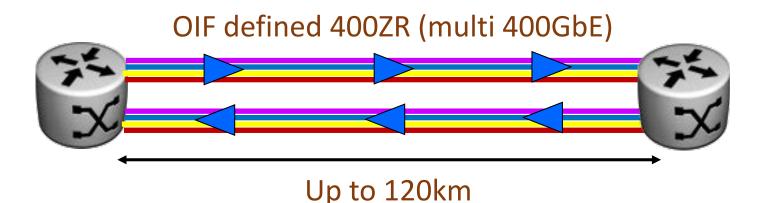


Scenario #1

Scenario #2

400GbE and Potential Relationship to OIF 400ZR Data Center Interconnect (DCI) Solution





- Coherent Optics is one potential solution to achieving reaches beyond 10km for 400GbE.
- It is not within the proposed scope of this effort to do a <u>multi 400GbE</u> coherent optical solution.
- It is recognized that a coherent solution developed by either organization could be leveraged for both application spaces.

Agenda

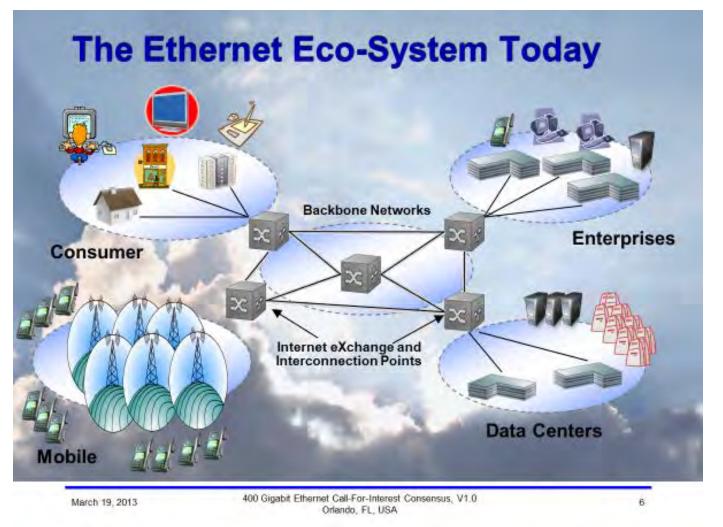
- Addressing Reaches Beyond 10km
- The Technical Aspect- "Beyond 10km" PHYs
- Why Now?
- Straw Polls

Addressing Reaches Beyond 10km

Today's Point-to-Point SMF Ethernet Family

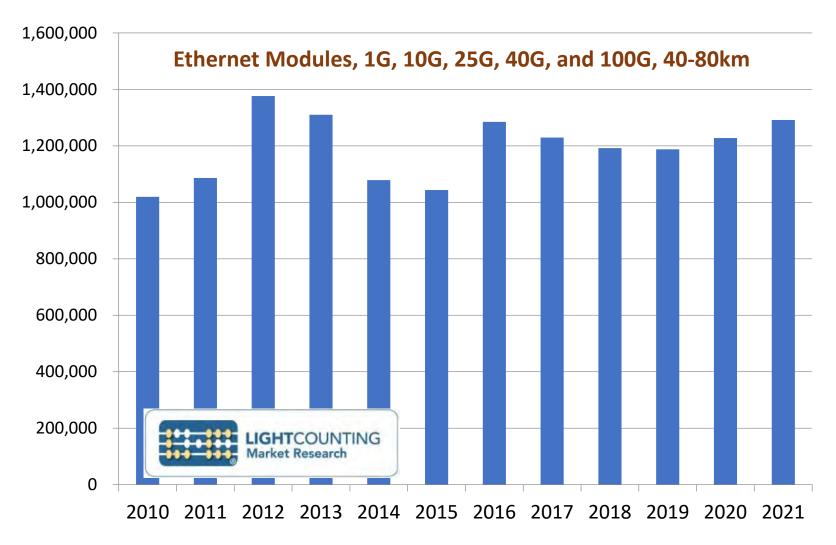
| | 500m | 2km | 10km | 20km | 40km |
|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| 10GBASE- | | | L4 | | ER |
| 25GBASE- | | | LR | | ER |
| 40GBASE- | PSM4 | | LR4 | | ER4 |
| | | FR | | | |
| 50GBASE- | | FR | LR | | |
| 100GBASE- | | 10X10 | | | |
| | PSM4 | CWDM4 / CLR4 | LR4 / WDM4-10 | WDM4-20 | ER4 / WDM4-40 |
| | DR | | | | |
| 200GBASE- | | FR4 | LR4 | | |
| 400GBASE- | | FR8 | LR8 | | |
| | DR4 | | | | |
| Black Text | IEEE Standard | | | | |
| Red Text | In Standardization | | | | |
| Blue Text | Non-IEEE standard but c | omplies to IEEE electrical ir | nterfaces | | |

Beyond 10km Optics Throughout The Eco-System



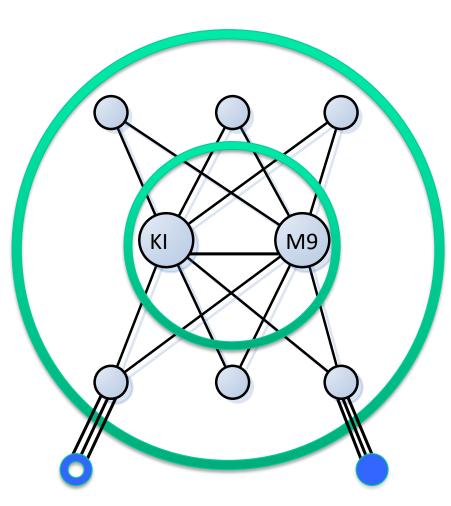
- Not "Data Center"
- Exists throughout the Eco-System
- 3M units for 40km and beyond shipped annually (see next page)
- Continuing bandwidth growth factors resonate throughout the ecosystem
- Not targeted by Ethernet standards for 50GbE, 200GbE, and 400GbE

Annual Shipments for 40km+ Applications



- For 100GbE, 40km, LightCounting projects a market that will roughly triple in value from 2017 to 2021.
- SONET 40-80km shipments represent another half-million units in 2016. SONET is transitioning to Ethernet.
- 1 / 2.5 / 10 Gb/s DWDM / CWDM
 40km & 80km optics will exceed
 1M units this year and growing
- Totals are for merchant supplier shipments. Captive supply could add another half-million units.
- Data courtesy of LightCounting

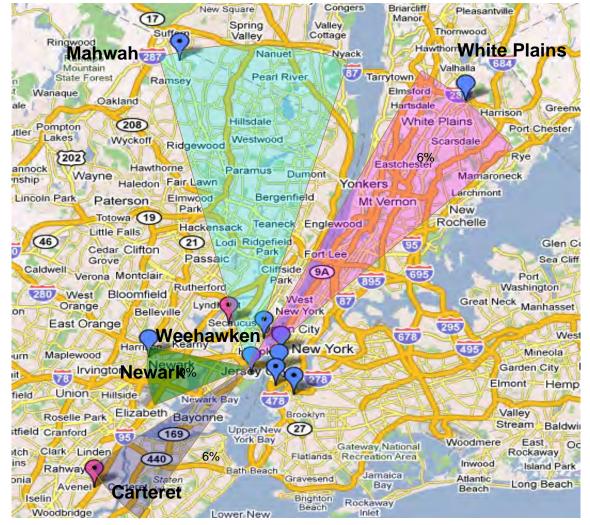
MSK-IX & Geographical Challenges



Source: Alexander Ilin, MSK-IX

- MLAG interaction between KI & M9 (~40km distance)
- Passive 10G DWDM solution between core, predictable network size
- Smooth migration from old equipment to a new one
- Ring-topology concept:
 - Tier 0 connect core to each other,
 - Tier 1 core datacenters and switches,
 - Tier 2 edge datacenters.
- Current capacity between several Tier1 switches and Core: 640Gbps (n x 10G) with Future plans 100G+ links between them.
- Need solution for 100G+ optical transceivers between Core & Tier1 up to 40 km

NY, USA Financial Industry & Geographical Challenges



Note: All locations a for illustration purposes only and do not reflect actual locations

Weehawken, NJ

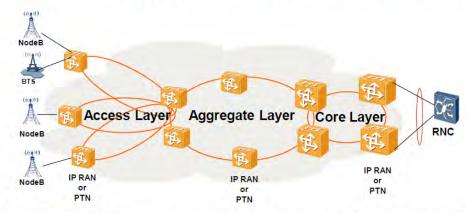
- Carrier Access (Global) / Colocation Facility
- Used extensively by Financial Industry to support:
 - Connections to carrier access
 & hosting centers
 - Connections to "Execution Venues"
- Connections (Line of Sight)
 - Newark, NJ (16 km)
 - Carteret, NJ (32 km)
 - White Plains, NY (40 km)
 - Mahwah, NJ (42km)

Source: Andrew Bach, Independent

Note - Content currently in development and may be updated

Mobile Backhaul Demand for Beyond 10km

40km Reach in Mobile Backhaul Network



In <u>huang_ecdc_01_0716</u> and observation from shipment in Carrier network, 40km volume is increasing

| Transmission Distance | <2km | 10km | 40km | 80km |
|---|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| 10GE distribution | 0.28% | 44.46% | 44.05% | 11.20% |
| 100GE distribution (more than 15K modules) | 0 | 56.43% | 34.59% | 8.97% |

Source: Xinyuan Wang Huawei,

http://www.ieee802.org/3/ad hoc/ngrates/public/16 09/wang ecdc 01 0916.pdf

Present status and forecast

· According to our survey, long distance module is a mandatory requirement for us

| Statistics for 10GE & 100GE | Modules used | in PTN, as of | June, 2016 | |
|---|--------------|---------------|------------|--------|
| Transmission Distance | <2km | 10km | 40km | 80km |
| 10GE distribution | 0.28% | 44.46% | 44.05% | 11.20% |
| 100GE distribution (more than 15K modules) | 0 | 56.43% | 34.59% | 8.97% |

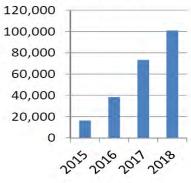
• According to the increase of LTE traffic, as LTE backhaul network, PTN will face 4~5 times traffic in 2017 or 2018.

Then we will have to use 400GE interface in the

same scenario and take the same percentage with

In 2018~2019, we expected the requirement for

LTE traffic (G)



400GE ER modules will be more than 10K.

Source: Huang/ Cheng, China Mobile,

100GE and 10GE.

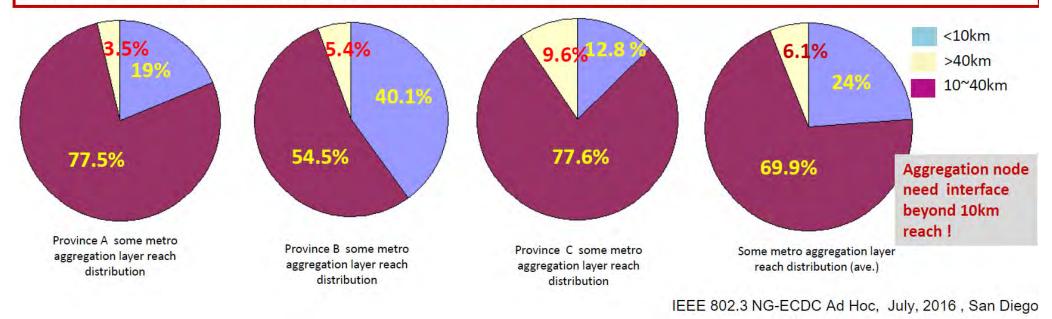
http://www.ieee802.org/3/ad_hoc/ngrates/public/16_07/huang_ecdc_01_0716.pdf

CAICT 中国信通院

Aggregation node distance from actual networks

As metro core usually use WDM/OTN to extend reach distance of Ethernet interface, therefore current aggregation layer transmission distance is crucial to the future higher bitrate interface, such as 200GE and 400GE,etc.

Furthermore, each metro network may has its own distribution characteristic of reach distance, and some metro aggregation layer node distance from actual networks in China are investigated, and these nodes would has the requirement to deploy link capability more than 10GE.



Source: Wenyu Zhao, CAICT

http://www.ieee802.org/3/ad_hoc/ngrates/public/16_07/zhao_ecdc_01_0716.pdf

Summary Observed Reaches - Telecom

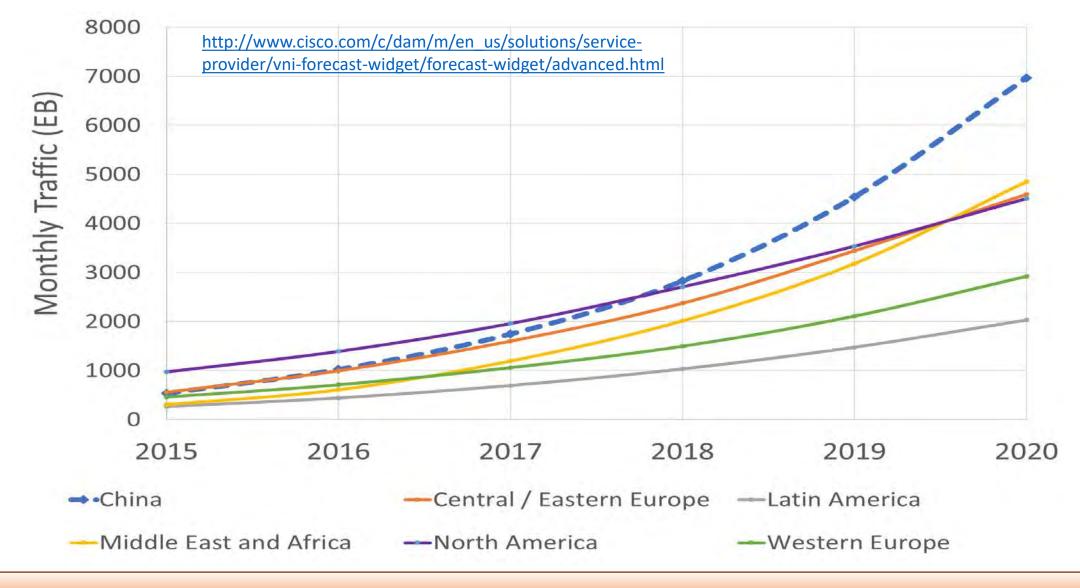
| Source | | <2km | 10km | 40km | >40km | 80km |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| China Mobile * | 10GbE | 0.3% | 44.5% | 44.1% | - | 11.2% |
| | 100GbE | 0 | 56.4% | 34.6% | - | 9.0% |
| CAICT Aggregation Nodes ** | Province A | - | 19.0% | 77.5% | 3.5% | - |
| (200GbE / 400GbE) | Province B | - | 40.1% | 54.5% | 5.4% | - |
| | Province C | - | 12.8% | 77.6% | 12.8% | - |
| | Province D | - | 24% | 69.9% | 6.1% | - |
| LightCounting | 10 GbE | _ *** | 93% | 5.4% | - | 1.6% |
| | 10 GbE Telecom | 0 | 76% | 17% | - | 7% |

* - Source: Huang/ Cheng, China Mobile, <u>http://www.ieee802.org/3/ad_hoc/ngrates/public/16_07/huang_ecdc_01_0716.pdf</u>

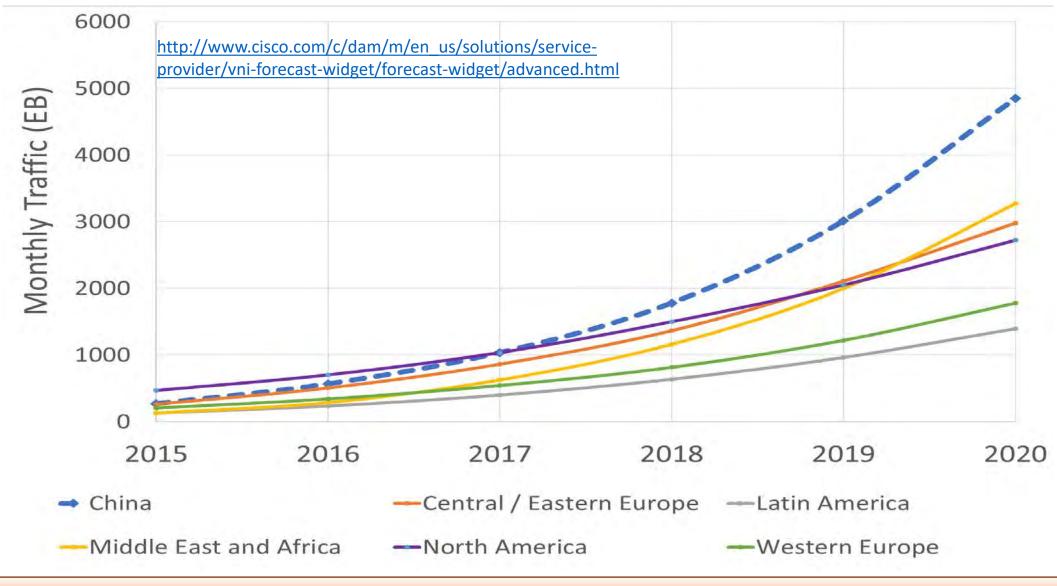
** - Source: Wenyu Zhao, CAICT< <u>http://www.ieee802.org/3/ad_hoc/ngrates/public/16_07/zhao_ecdc_01_0716.pdf</u>

*** - 10GLR "Subspec" volume not included for this analysis

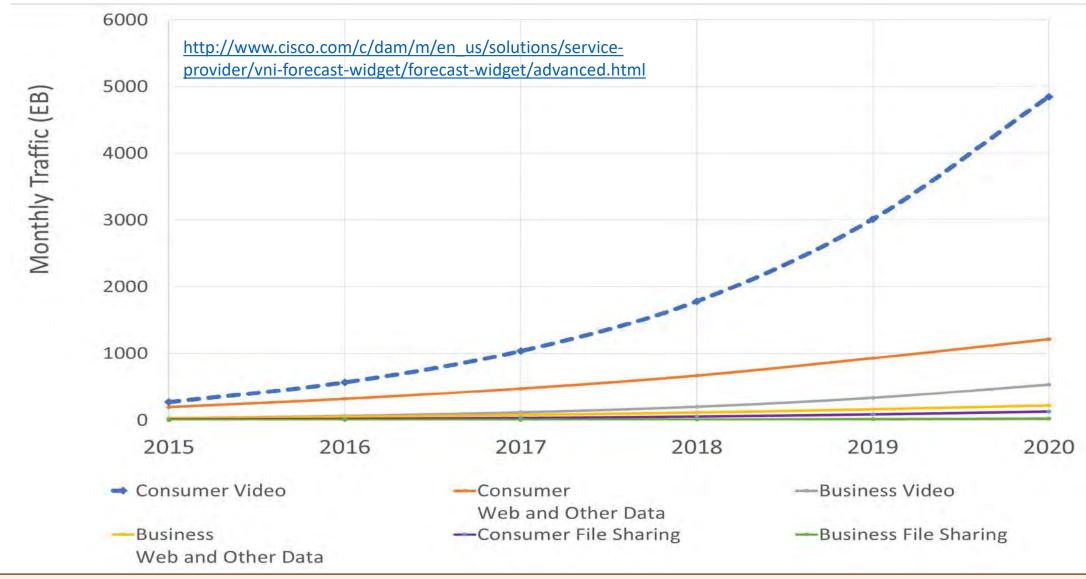
Mobile Networks Bandwidth Trends



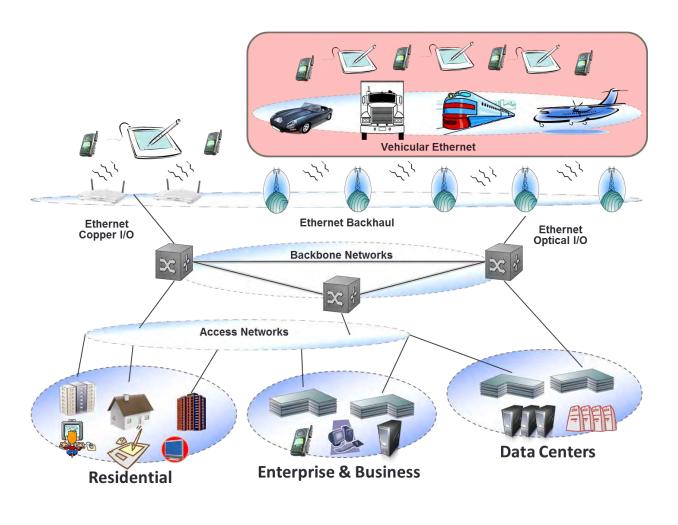
Consumer Video on Mobile Networks



Mobile Networks - Application Bandwidth - China



Emerging Bandwidth Driver - Connected Cars



Source: carlson_400_01_1113.pdf

- 802.3 BWA Growth
 - Increased # users
 - x Increased access rates / methods
 - x Increased services

BANDWIDTH EXPLOSION

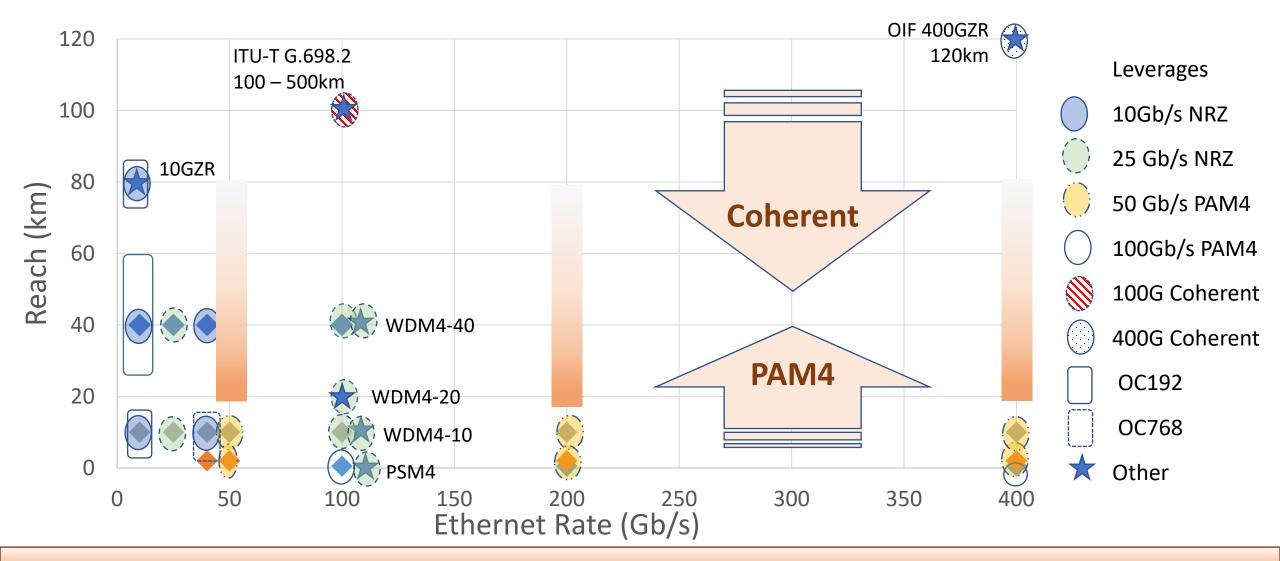
- 2019- 117 Million Vehicles to be produced *
- Vehicular access ?
 - Car Cellular Connection(s)
 - Passenger cell Phone
- Applications
 - Automotive navigation / real time in-car data sharing
 - Automotive (firmware update/ regulatory)
 - Infotainment
 - Emerging Applications TBD
 - * CFI Multi-Gig Automotive Ethernet PHY

Summary

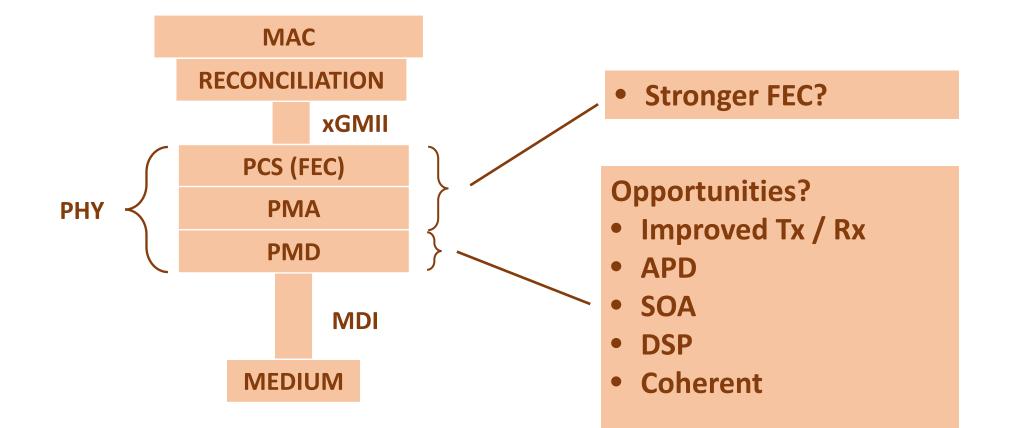
- 3M units (GbE to 100GbE) for 40km and beyond shipped annually
 - Not a data center application!
 - Bandwidth growth throughout EcoSystem
- "Geographically challenged" applications exist throughout Ecosystem
 - Internet Exchanges
 - Financial Industry
 - Mobile Backhaul
- China Mobile Networks
 - Traffic in China alone exceeds other regions of the world
 - Consumer video driving application
- Emerging applications to drive future traffic over mobile networks

The Technical Aspect-"Beyond 10km" PHYs

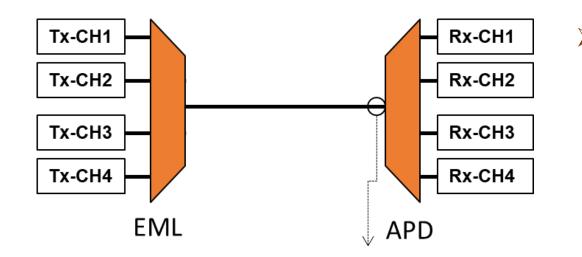
The SMF Optical Landscape



An Ethernet Overview of the Problem



4X50G PAM4 System Performance: BER



Test method

>Online test

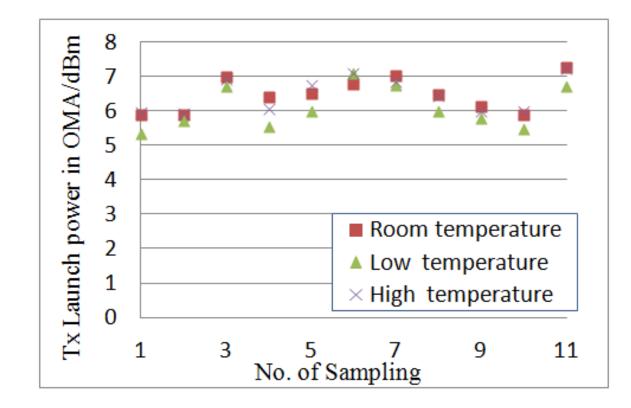
All optical devices commercially available
 Tx power (OMA) was adjusted to 5dBm
 Data Pattern – PRBS31

Best/Worst case of BER test results (@ input to optical demux) of 11 random samples

| | Tx Power (OMA dBm) | Rx Sensitivity (OMA dBm) | Budget (dB) | Temp (°C) | BER |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Sample 1 | 5 | -18.6 | 23.6 | 25 | 2.4E-4 |
| Sample 2 | 5 | -17.9 | 22.9 | 25 | 2.4E-4 |

Source: Xu Yu, Huawei

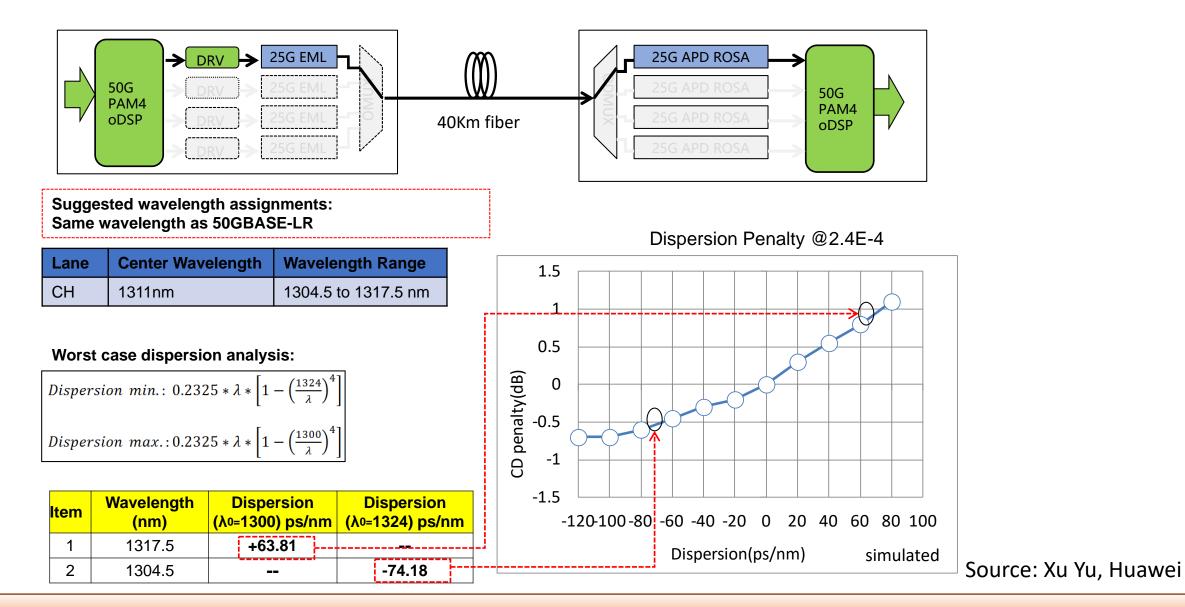
Tested Result of Transmitter Output Power



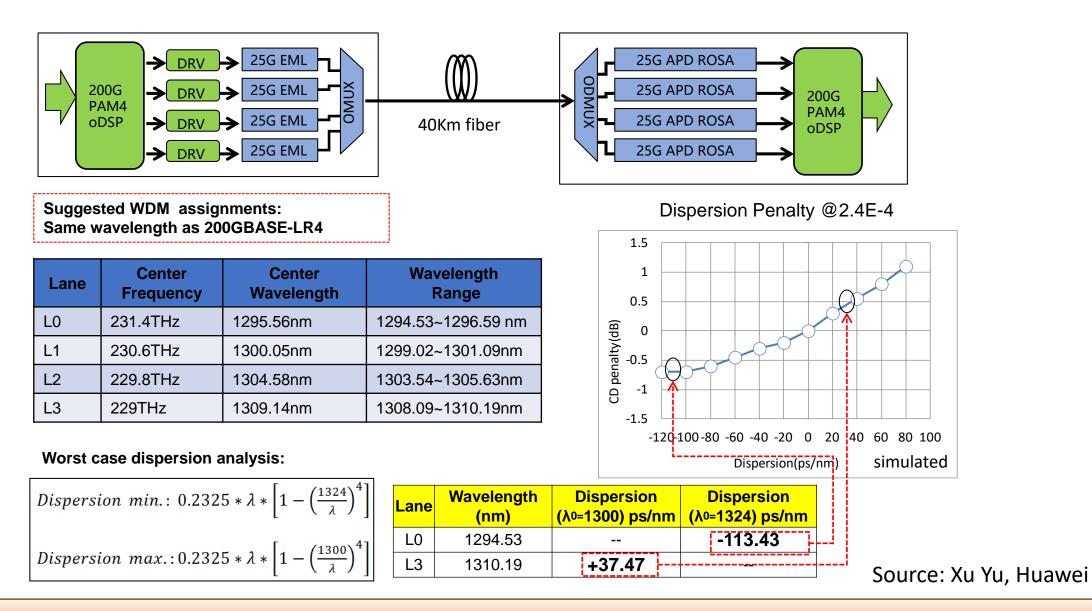
- > 11 samples were tested in whole temperature range
- > All of TX output power are higher than 5dBm, even under worst case.
- Note Temperature testing of APD Receiver has not been tested.

Source: Xu Yu, Huawei

1X50G PAM4 System Performance: Dispersion Penalty



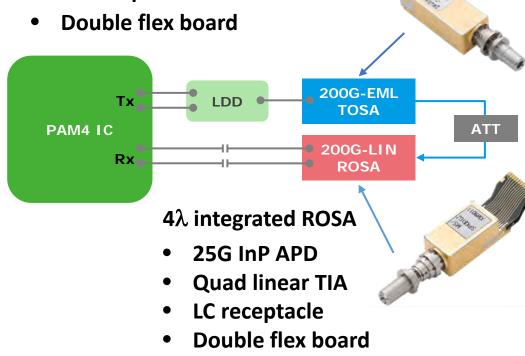
4X50G PAM4 System Performance: Dispersion Penalty



200Gb/s Test Results (50Gb/s x 4λ EML TOSA & APD Linear ROSA)

 4λ integrated TOSA

- LAN-grid 4x25G EML
- Built-in thermo-electric cooler
- LC receptacle

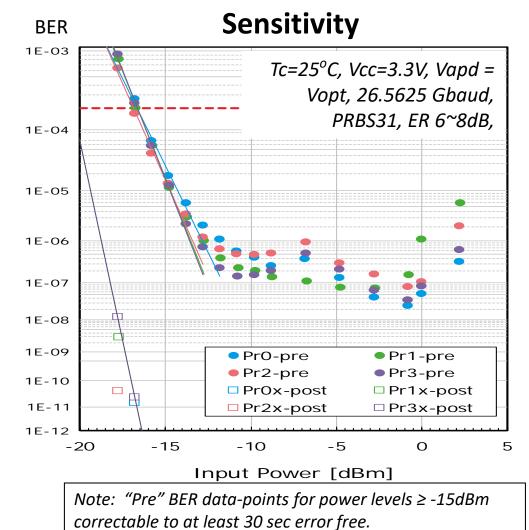


Source: Kenneth Jackson, Sumitomo Electric Device Innovations, USA

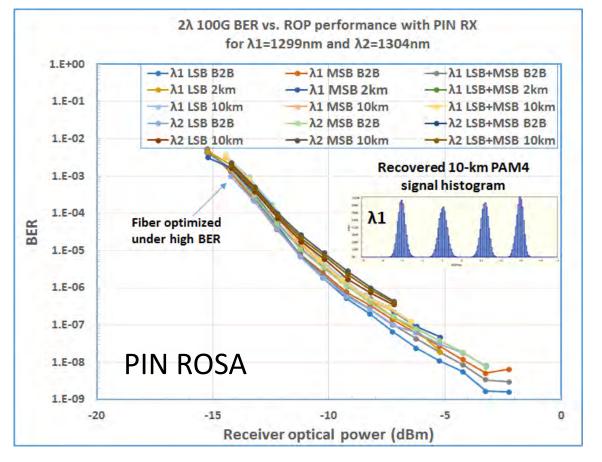
Draft – Beyond 10km PHYs CFI Consensus Presentation

Setup

Test

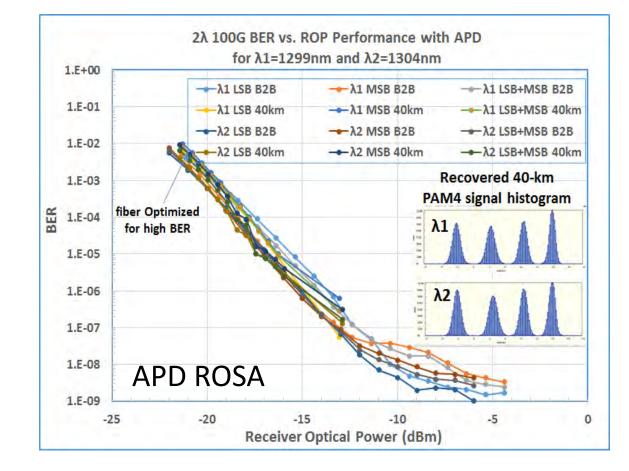


Impact of Use of APD (2λ @ 51.5625 Gb/s PAM4)



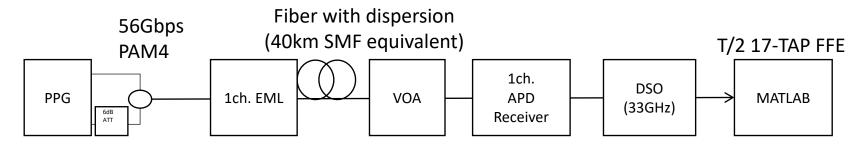
Data: PRBS31

Used actual chip implementation with real-time DSP embedded inside the silicon



Source: Frank Chang, Inphi, "OFC 2016: Link Performance Investigation of Industry First 100G PAM4 IC Chipset with Real-time DSP for Data Center Connectivity "

Receiver sensitivity with APD ROSA



Receiver sensitivity with APD-ROSA 1E-2 B2B +39ps/nm -215ps/nm 1E-3 BER 1E-4 1E-5 1E-6 Data Pattern PRBS15 1E-7 -25 -20 -15 -10

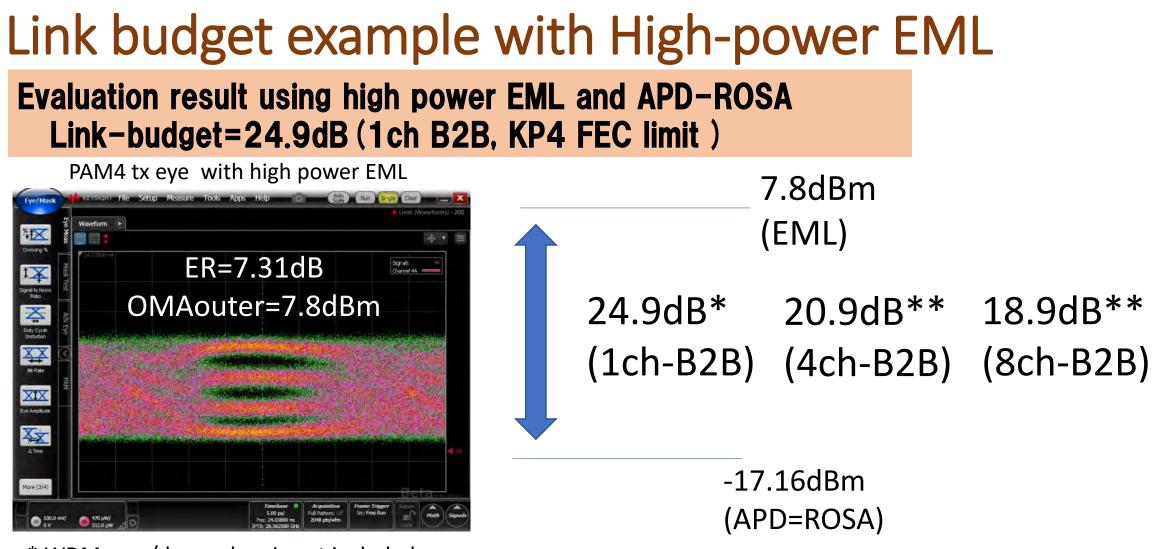
Received Power, OMAouter (dBm)

56G PAM4 reach extension is achieved.

APD receiver can achieve rec. sensitivity of -16.7 dBm for the worst case dispersion(neg.)* -18.0 dBm for the worst case dispersion (B2B) (* assumed 8-lane LAN-WDM over SMF)

Assuming KP4 FEC but still 56Gpps can accommodate stronger FEC overhead.

Source: Yoshiaki Sone, NTT



* WDM mux/demux loss is not included

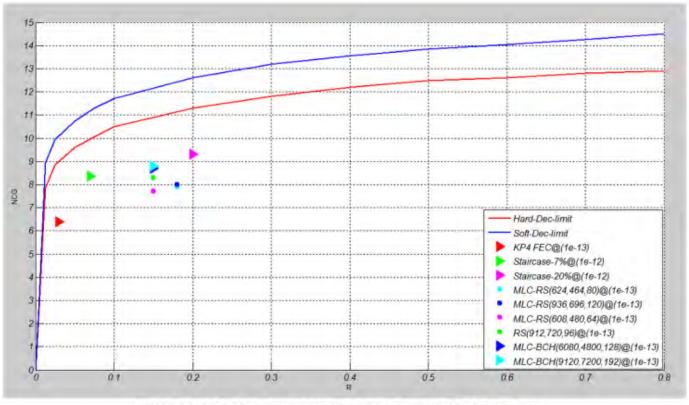
** 4:1 Ratio 2 dB, 8:1 Ration 3 dB mux/demux loss (see

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/14 09 30/cole 01 0914 smf.pdf

Source: Yoshiaki Sone, NTT

Beyond 10km :Stronger FEC

Several Potential HD-FECs with 8-9dB NCG can help to achieve beyond 10km 400GbE RS-FEC, BCH-FEC, MLC-FEC or Staircase FEC. (<u>wang_ecdc_01_0316</u>)



NCG for HG FEC options, Assuming post BER@1E-13 objective.

Note - This is a theoretical analysis that assumes penalty for increased bit rate is just the noise bandwidth increase and does not include other penalties.

The OIF 400ZR Project

- Implementation agreement (IA) for pluggable digital coherent optical (DCO) modules
 - Amplified short-reach DWDM applications with distances up to 120 km
 - Passive single channel ZR (80km)
- Single-carrier 400 G, coherent detection and advanced DSP / FEC algorithms.
- Operates as a 400 GbE PMD compatible with 400G-AUI.
- Other formats could be considered in the project as well.
- Supporters from more than 34 companies, including end users, system and component suppliers. Unanimous support for start of project

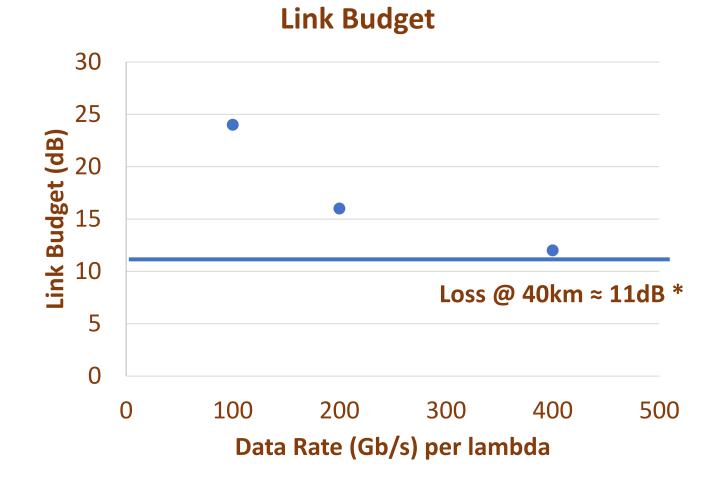
Source: OIF Liaison to IEEE 802.3, Nov 7, 2016: http://www.ieee802.org/3/minutes/nov16/incoming/OIF to IEEE 802d3 Nov 2016.pdf



 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Assumes tunable } \lambda \text{ not required} \\ \text{for this application} \end{array}$

Source: Tom Williams, Acacia

Targeting 40km with Coherent Technology



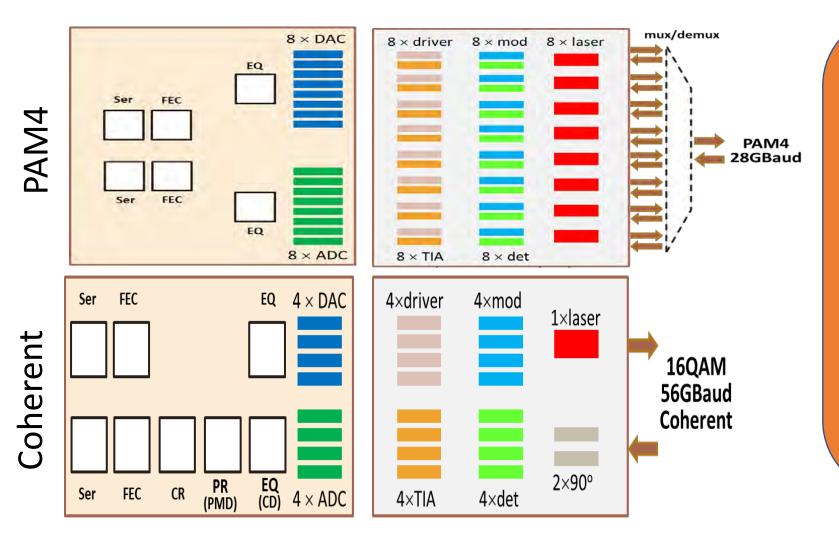
Assumptions

- Modulation Format
 - 100G QPSK @ ~30Gbaud
 - 200G 16QAM @ ~30Gbaud
 - 400G 16QAM @ ~60Gbaud
- Tx and Rx power levels achievable with high yield and multiple optical technologies
- Note Longer reach, ie. higher link budgets, can be supported by transmit SOA/EDFA or with additional amplification

<u>* - http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/tools/Fibre characteristics V 3 0.xls</u>

Source: Tom Williams, Acacia

Implementation Cost Considerations



Implementation costs need to be studied –

- Inclusion of components
- Number of components
- Operation rate of components
- Specifications of components

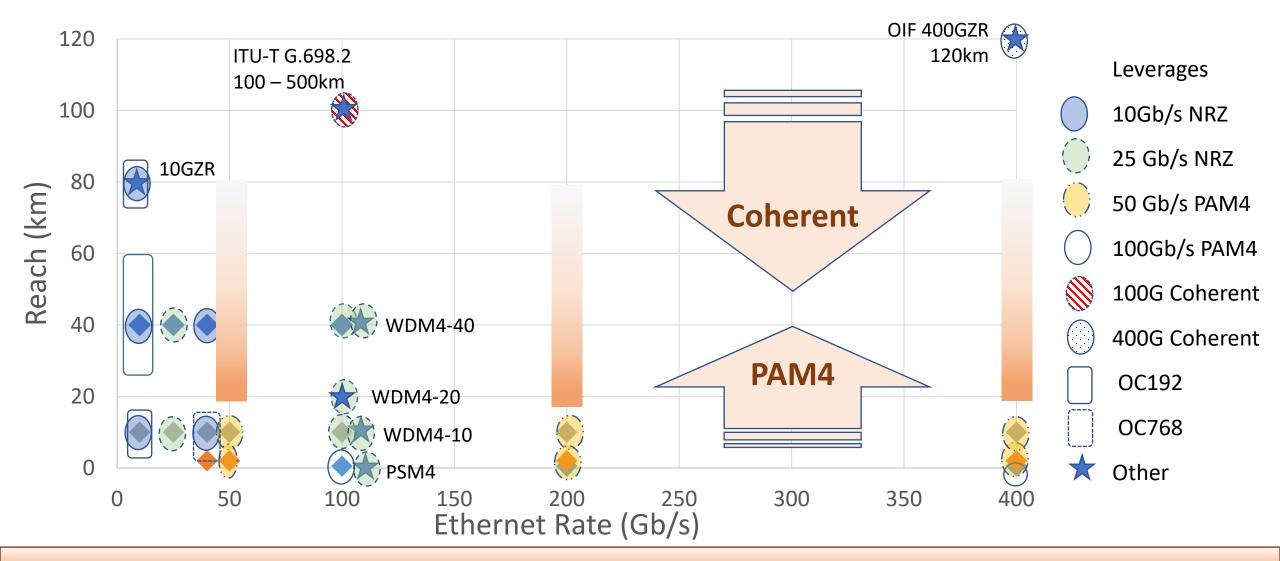
Source: Tom Williams, Acacia

"Beyond 10km" & Technical Feasibility

- Overall bandwidth growth continues: IEEE 802.3 BWA: 2020 Capacity Requirements - 10 Terabit
- Need for supporting greater bandwidth at longer reaches is growing.
 - Example application space– Mobile Backhaul Networks
 - Mobile Networks in China illustrate the impact of consumer video
 - Emerging future bandwidth growth driver- Automotive
 - Other examples of "geographically challenged" reaches highlighted- Financial, Metro
- Growing evidence of different ways to tackle "Beyond 10km" optics for 50GbE, 200GbE, 400GbE
 - Technology advances, such as APDs
 - Industry efforts (OIF, ITU-T) could be leveraged.
- This is achievable

Why Now?

The SMF Optical Landscape



Why Now?

- Applications for "Beyond 10km"
 - Everywhere
 - Not same volumes as Data Center but relevant to overall EcoSystem
- Traffic is growing everywhere
 - More users
 - More ways to access the internet faster
 - Higher bandwidth content
 - New applications enabled
 - And it goes on
- There are no Ethernet solutions for Beyond 10km for 50GbE, 200GbE, and 400GbE
- Time is not on our side...

Contributors

John D'Ambrosia, Futurewei, Subsidiary of Huawei

Thanks to the following individuals for their input or slides -

- Pete Anslow, Ciena
- Andrew Bach, Independent
- Steve Carlson, High Speed Design
- Frank Chang, Inphi
- Weiqiang Cheng, China Mobile
- Lu Huang, China Mobile
- Alexander Ilin, MSK-IX
- Kenneth Jackson, Sumitomo Electric Device Innovations, USA
- Dale Murray, LightCounting
- Gary Nicholl, Cisco
- Yoshiaki Sone, NTT
- Xinyuan Wang Huawei
- Tom Williams, Acacia
- Xu Yu, Huawei
- Wenyu Zhao, CAICT

Thanks to IEEE 802.3 New Ethernet Applications Ad hoc for feedback

Supporters

- Justin Abbott, Lumentum
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- Curtis Donahue, UNH-IOL
- Mike Dudek, Cavium
- David Estes, Spirent
- Ali Ghiasi, Ghiasi Quantum
- Ruibo Han, China Mobile
- Lu Huang, China Mobile
- Jonathan Inhham, Foxconn Interconnect
 Technology
- Tom Issenhuth, Issenhuth Consulting / Huawei

- Jonathan King, Finisar
- Ken Jackson, Sumitomo Electric Device Innovators, USA
- Jeff Lapak, UNH-IOL
- Hanan Leizerovich, MultiPhy
- David Lewis, Lumentum
- Jon Lewis, Dell EMC
- Junjie Li, China Telecom
- Jeff Maki, Juniper
- David Malicoat, SENKO Advanced Components
- Greg McSorley, Amphenol
- Rich Mellitz, Samtec
- Christophe Metivier, Arista
- Gary Nicholl, Cisco
- Paul Nikolich, Independent
- Mark Nowell, Cisco
- David Ofelt, Juniper
- Salvatore Rotolo, ST Microelectronics
- Yoshiaki Sone, NTT

- Gerry Pepper, Ixia
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- Ted Sprague, Infinera
- Rob Stone, Broadcom
- Phil Sun, Credo Semiconductor
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- Matt Traverso, Cisco
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- Xinyuan Wang, Huawei
- Winston Way, NeoPhotonics
- Brian Welch, Luxtera
- Tom Williams, Acacia
- Yu Xu, Huawei
- Ryan Yu, Oplink Communication
- Wenyu Zhao, CAICT
- Pavel Zivny Tektronix

Straw Polls

Call-For-Interest

• Should a Study Group be formed to consider "Beyond 10km" PHYs for 50GbE, 200GbE, and 400GbE PHYs?

Y: N: A:

Room Count:

Participation

• I would participate in the "Beyond 10km Optics" Study Group in IEEE 802.3.

Tally:

 My company would support participation in the "Beyond 10km Optics" Study Group in IEEE 802.3 Tally:

Future Work

- Ask 802.3 on Thursday
 - Form "Beyond 10km" PHYs SG
- If approved, on Friday
 - Request 802 EC form "Beyond 10km Optics" SG
 - First Beyond 10km Optics SG meeting, week of Sept 2017 IEEE 802.3 Interim
 - Teleconference Calls to be scheduled