

10Gb/s Four Fiber Parallel Transmission Array

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Parallel PMD Objectives

- 1. Demonstrate 10G parallel transmission capability for 100/300m targets.**
- 2. Establish optical interface parameters supporting both 100/300m distances.**
- 3. Coordinate with 10GFC technical committee to create a protocol independent parallel optical standard.**

Parallel 10Gb/s Applications

100m Link Distance

- OEM rack-to-rack switch connection.
- Server point-to-point connection.
- Network storage attachment.
- Back plane link extension.

300m Link Distance

- LAN Backbone

Multi Protocol Solution

One Parallel transceiver design for:

- **10G Ethernet**
 - Optional XAUI interface
- **Fibre Channel 10G**
 - Supports 8B/10B encoding
- **ATM (OC-48)x4 cross connect**
 - Scrambled data (PRBS $2^{31}-1$)
- **Infiniband[®]**
 - 4x 2.5Gb/s parallel data

Parallel Interface Characteristics

- **Supports bi-directional 4x 2.5Gb/s MMF and SMF.**
- **Rate Independent**
 - 8B/10B block coded serial rate of 3.125GBaud/3.1875GBaud (each fiber).
- **Connector Independent**
 - Ferrule Array Connector (FAC).
 - Ribbon Fiber Connector (RFC).

Parallel 10Gb/s Distances on MMF at 850nm

- 100m over installed base of 200MHz-km 62/125 μ m MMF*.
- 225m over 500MHz-km 50/125 μ m ribbon fiber*.

* Reference FC-PI rev 8.1 Table 25 - Multimode Fiber Bandwidth

Parallel 10Gb/s Distances on MMF at 1310nm

- 300m over installed base of 500MHz-km 62/125 μ m MMF*.
- 300m over installed 500MHz-km 50/125 μ m MMF*.
- MMF conditioned launch eliminates patchcord.

*Reference FC-PI rev 8.1 Table 25 - Multimode Fiber Bandwidth

850nm Transmitter Characteristics

Description	Unit	50μm MMF	62.5μm MMF
Type		850nm Laser	
Nominal Signaling Speed	GBaud	3.125	
Rate Tolerance	ppm	+2,-.01%	
Wavelength range (λ)	nm	830-860	
RMS Spectral Width	nm	0.85	
Average Launch Power (max)	dBm	-4	
Average Launch Power (min)	dBm	-9	
Rise/Fall, max (20%-80%)	ps	105	
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), min	mW	0.250	
RIN ₁₂ (OMA), max	dB/Hz	-120	

Note: Assumes 8B/10B encoded data.

Note: Bold text indicates suggested value.

850nm Receiver Characteristics

Description	Unit	50µm MMF	62.5µm MMF
Nominal Signaling Speed	Gbaud	3.125	
Wavelength range (λ)	nm	830-860	
Average Receive Power, max.	dBm	0.0	
Optical Modulation Amplitude, min	mW	0.050	
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), min.	mW	0.096	0.109
Receiver electrical 3dB upper cutoff frequency, max.	GHz	(2.5)	
Stressed Receiver ISI test, min.	dB	1.26	2.03
Return Loss, min.	dB/Hz	12	

Note: Blue text indicates suggested new value.

Discussion: Requirement to specify upper 3dB cutoff frequency

1310nm Transmitter Characteristics

Description	Unit	62.5/125, 50/125 μ m MMF
Type		1310nm Laser
Nominal Signaling Speed	Gbaud	3.125
Rate Tolerance	%	+2,-.01
Wavelength range (λ)	nm	1280-1340
RMS Spectral Width	nm	4
Average Launch Power (max)	dBm	-3
Average Launch Power (min)	dBm	-10
Rise/Fall, max (20%-80%)	ps	105
Optical Modulation Amplitude, min	mW	0.200
RIN ₁₂ (OMA), max	dB/Hz	-120

Note: Blue text indicates suggested new values.

1310nm Receiver Characteristics

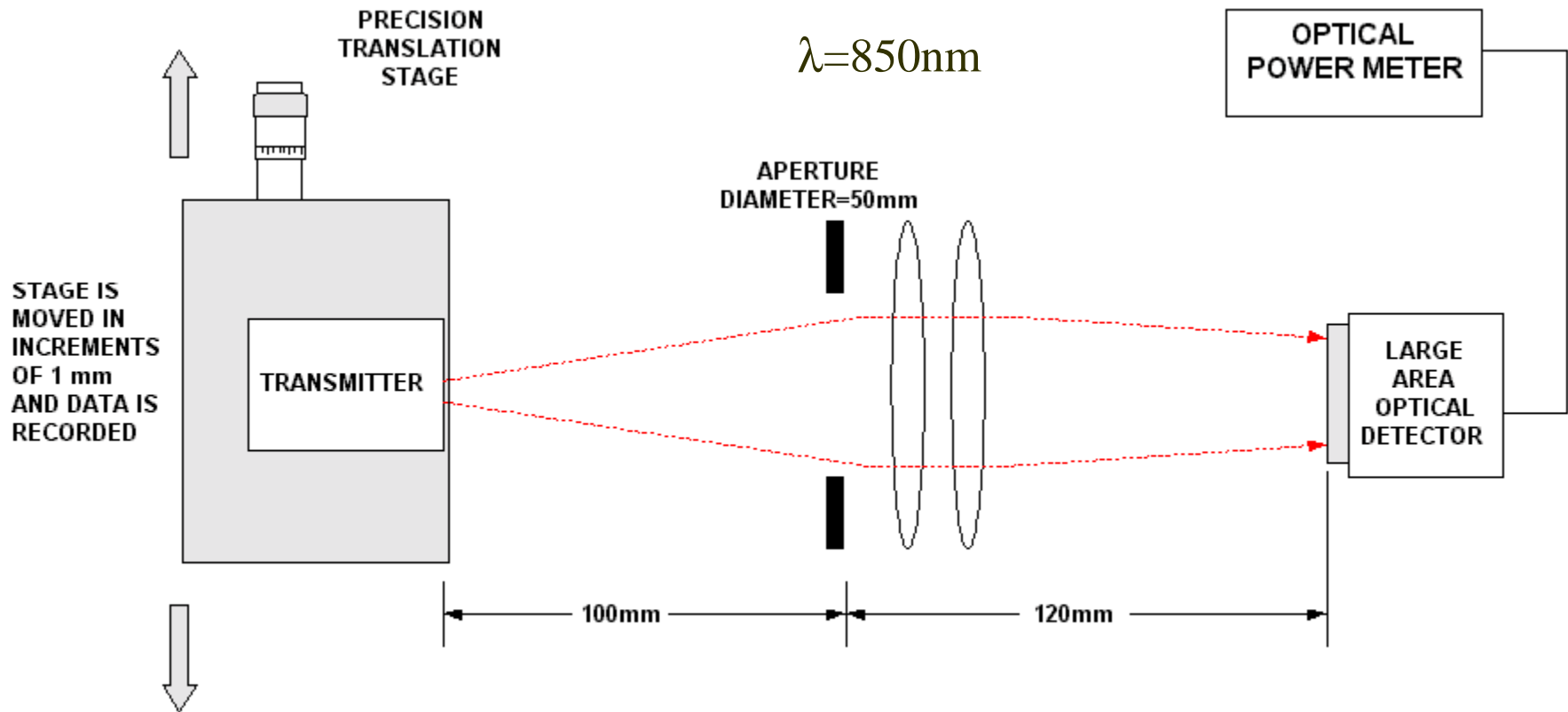
Description	Unit	62.5/125, 50/125 μ m MMF
Nominal Signaling Speed	Gbaud	3.125
Wavelength range (λ)	nm	1270-1355
Average Receive Power, max.	dBm	-3
Optical Modulation Amplitude, min.	mW	0.020
Return Loss, min.	dB/Hz	12

Note: Blue text indicates suggested new value.

Jitter (pk-pk), max.

	Unit	α_T	δ_T	γ_T	γ_R	δ_R	α_R
Deterministic (DJ)	UI	0,13	0,14	0,26	0,28	0,39	0,40
Total (TJ)	UI	0,25	0,26	0,44	0,48	0,64	0,65

IEC-825 Class 1 Compliance Test Setup



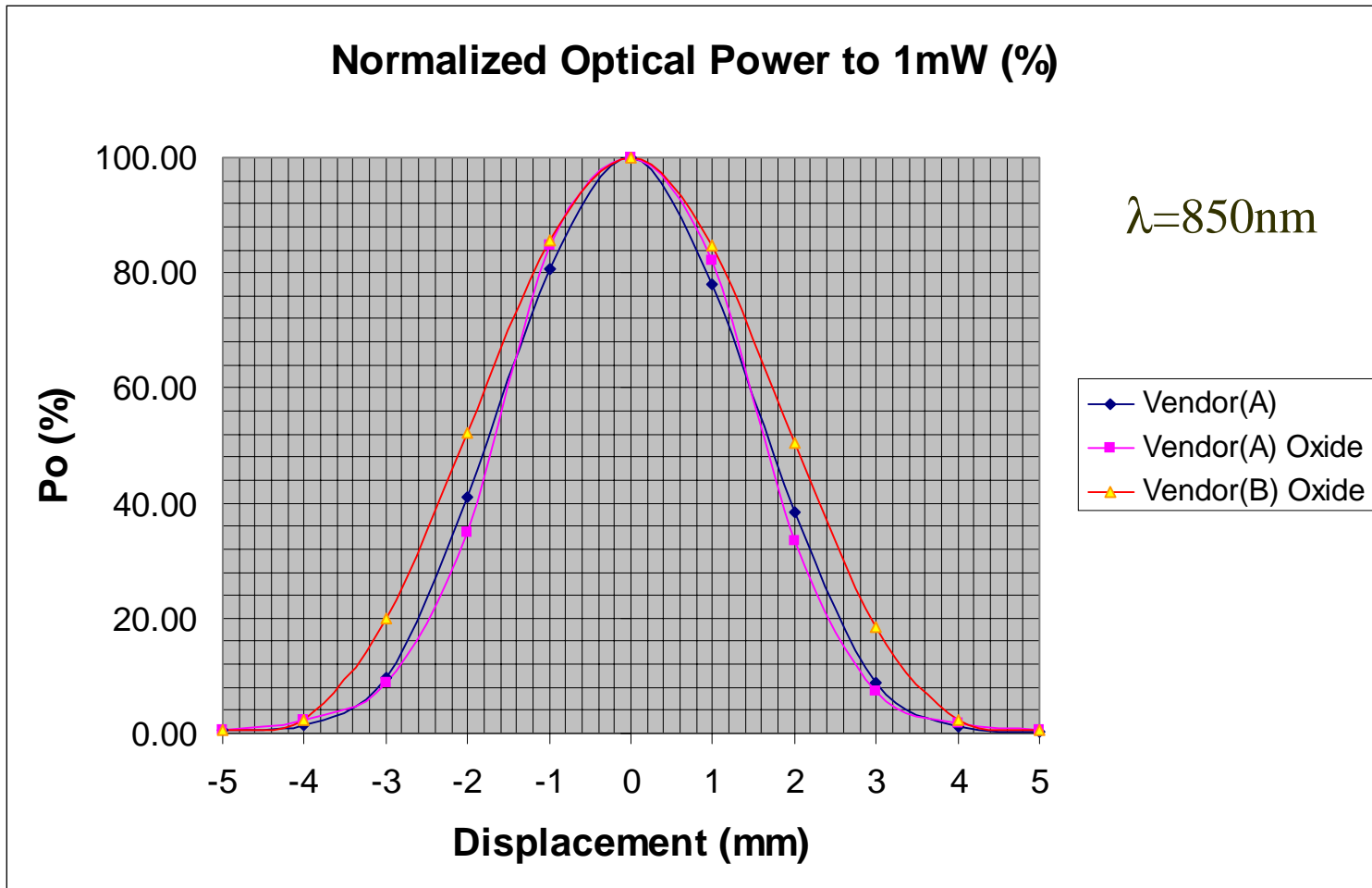
Note: Large area detector is equivalent to 6mm diameter of human body model.

Free Space Optical Output Power

$\lambda=850\text{nm}$

DISPLACEMENT (mm)	Normalized Optical Power to 1mW (%)		
	VENDOR A	VENDOR A (OXIDE)	VENDOR B (OXIDE)
-5	0.49	0.52	0.71
-4	1.38	2.32	2.42
-3	9.65	8.81	20.09
-2	40.94	34.88	52.28
-1	80.51	84.69	85.75
0	100.00	100.00	100.00
1	78.05	82.00	84.62
2	38.48	33.39	50.57
3	8.76	7.42	18.52
4	1.18	1.86	2.28
5	0.39	0.56	0.57

Free Space Optical Output Power



Free Space Connector Choice

- **3.125mm pitch multi-Ferrule Array Connector (FAC) allows for a Non-OFC application.**
- **250 μ m pitch Ribbon Fiber Connector (RFC) will require OFC or reduced optical power for IEC-825 and CDRH Class 1 Laser safety compliance.**

Maximum Differential Delay Computation

$$\Delta T_{\max} = \Delta T_{\text{chro}} + \Delta T_{\text{fl}} + \Delta T_{\text{tx}} + \Delta T_{\text{rx}}$$

Where;

ΔT_{chro} = Max. Chromatic Differential Delay

ΔT_{f} = Max. Fiber Length Differential Delay

ΔT_{tx} = Max. Transmitter E/O Differential Delay

ΔT_{rx} = Max. Receiver O/E Differential Delay

Chromatic Differential Delay Test

- **Objective**

- To test chromatic differential delay over 100m fiber using transmitters with varying wavelengths.

- **Procedure**

- Transmit PRBS 2^7-1 through a 100m fiber using a transmitter with a known wavelength and record data from oscilloscope.
- Replace transmitter with a different wavelength and record delay.

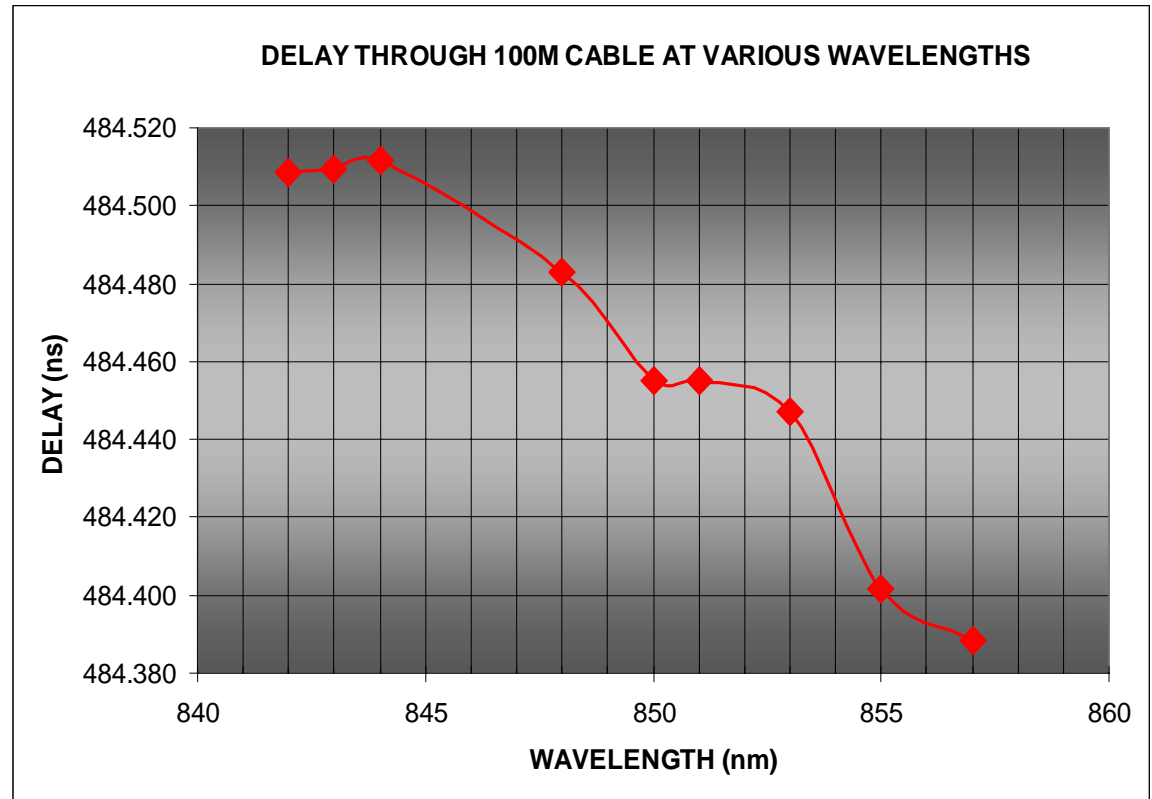
Chromatic Differential Delay

wavelength(nm)	Delay (ns)
842	484.508
843	484.509
844	484.512
848	484.483
850	484.455
851	484.455
853	484.447
855	484.402
857	484.388

Mean = 484.462(ns)

Variance = 0.002081(ns)

Std.Deviation = 0.046(ns)



Differential Fiber Delay Test

- **Objective**

- To test differential delay over 100m parallel fiber

- **Procedure**

- Transmit PRBS 2^7-1 through a 3m fiber and record data from oscilloscope.
- Replace the 3m fiber with 100m trunk cable and record delay through 12 individual fibers.

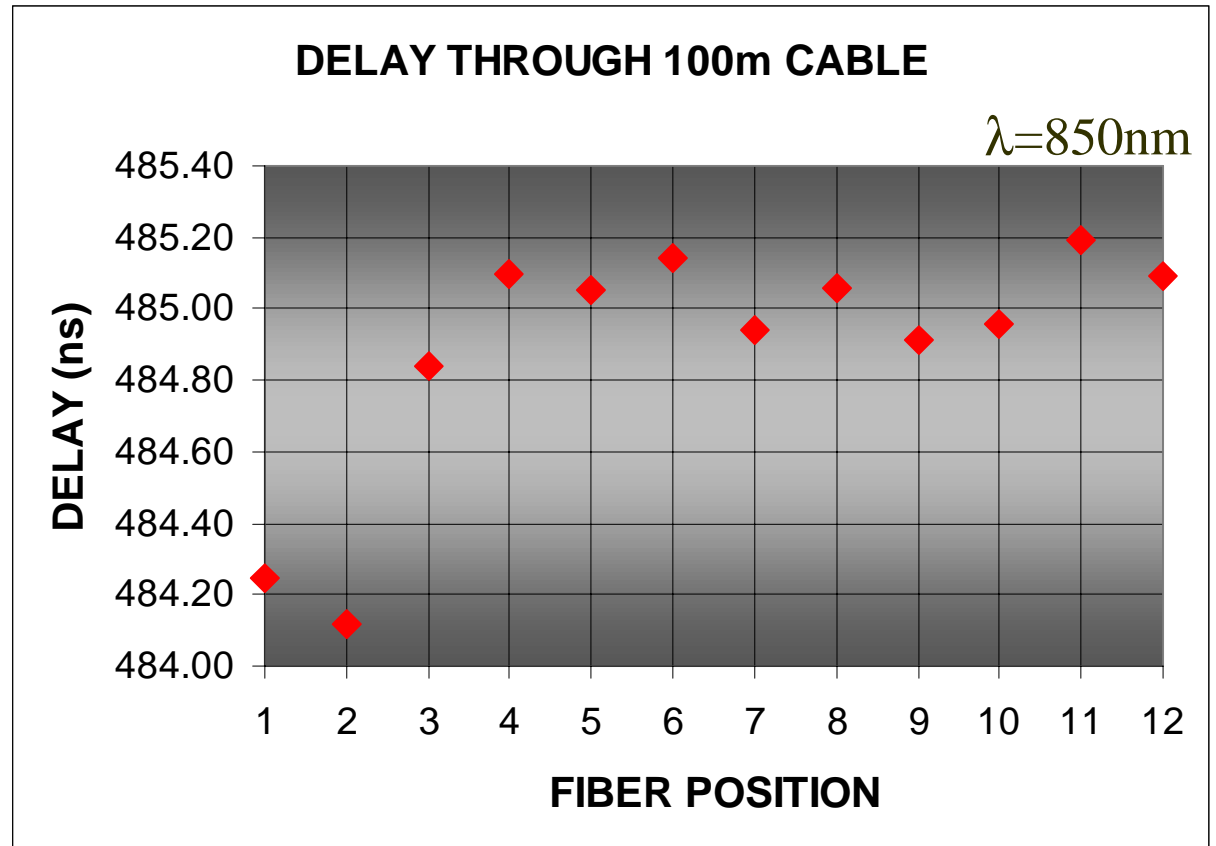
Delay by Fiber Position

FIBER POSITION	DELAY(ns)
1	484.244
2	484.118
3	484.839
4	485.096
5	485.052
6	485.141
7	484.941
8	485.061
9	484.910
10	484.955
11	485.194
12	485.092

Mean = 484.887(ns)

Variance = 0.119793(ns)

Std.Deviation = 0.35(ns)



Transmitter Differential Delay Test

- **Objective**

- To test variation in delay among individual transmitters.

- **Procedure**

- Use a transmitter to send PRBS 2^7-1 and record data from oscilloscope.
- Replace the transmitter and record delay.

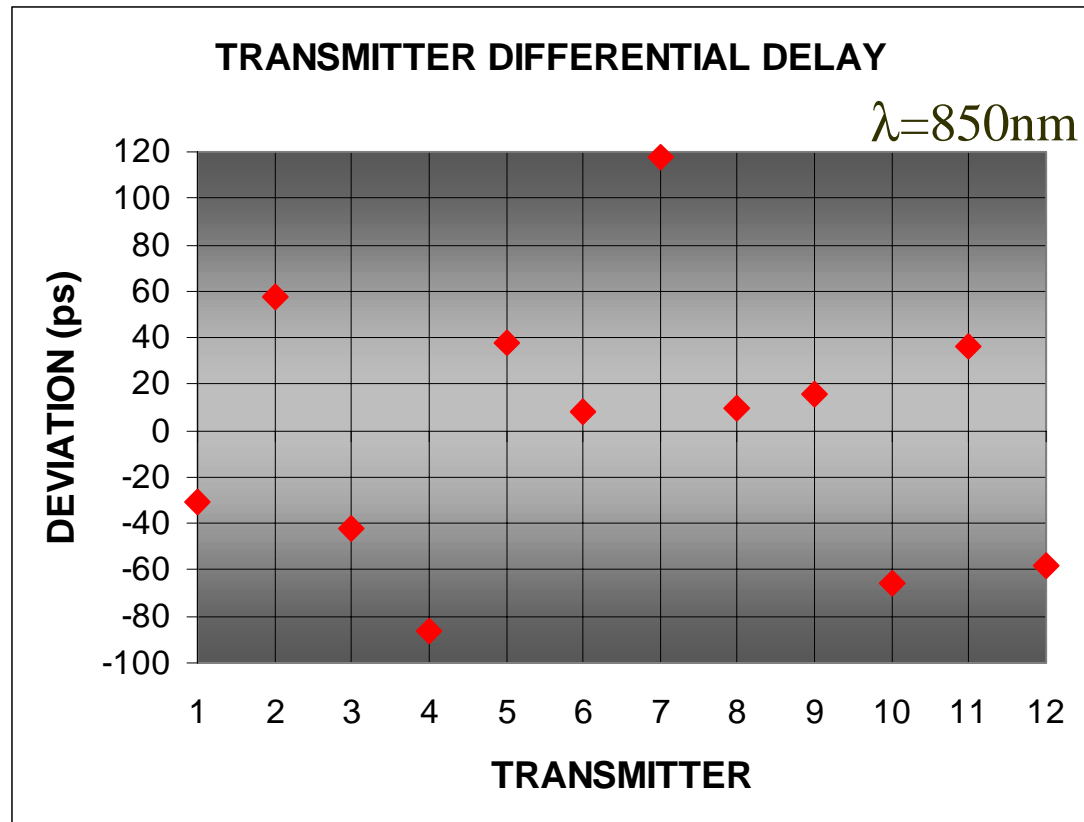
Transmitter Differential Delay

Transmitter	Deviation (ps)
1	-31.083
2	57.917
3	-42.083
4	-86.083
5	37.917
6	7.917
7	117.917
8	9.917
9	15.917
10	-66.083
11	35.917
12	-58.083

Mean = 236.555(ns)

Variance = 0.003481(ns)

Std.Deviation = 0.059(ns)



Receiver Differential Delay Test

- **Objective**

- To test variation in delay among individual receivers.

- **Procedure**

- Receive a PRBS 2^7-1 and record data on an oscilloscope.
- Replace the receiver and record delay.

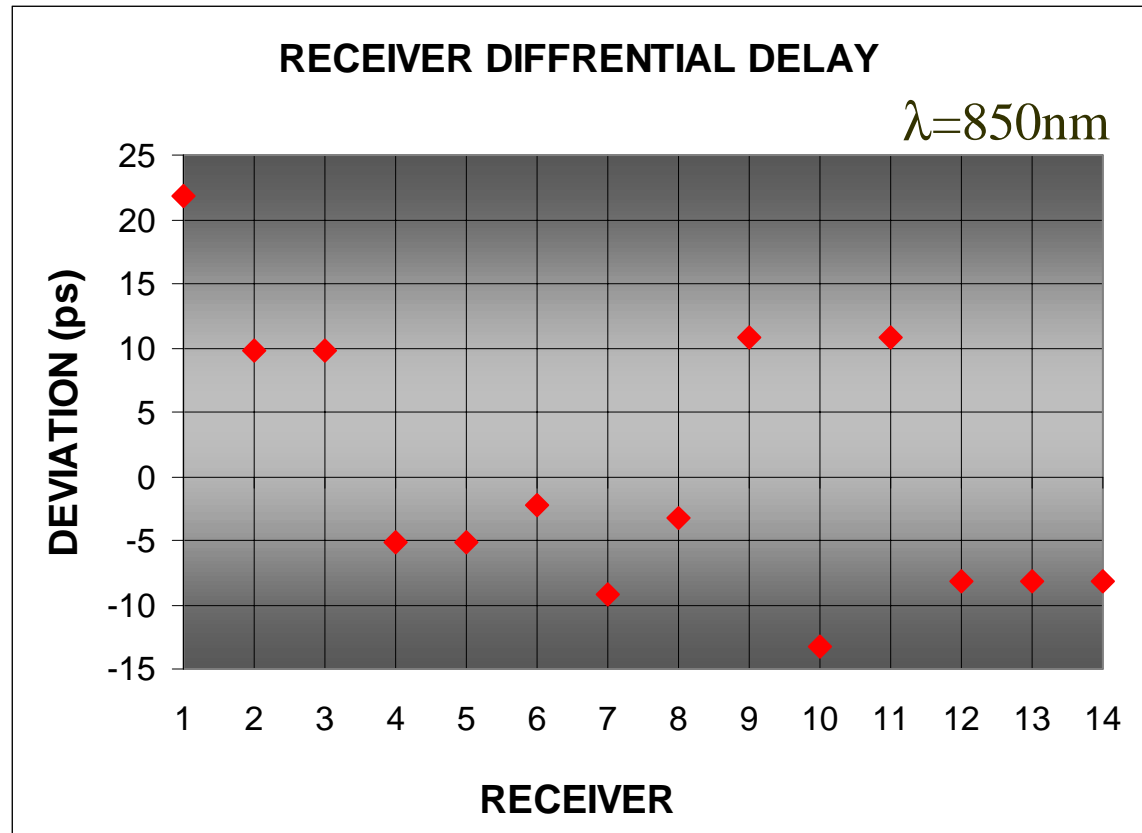
Receiver Differential Delay

Receiver	Deviation (ps)
1	21.786
2	9.786
3	9.786
4	-5.214
5	-5.214
6	-2.214
7	-9.214
8	-3.214
9	10.786
10	-13.214
11	10.786
12	-8.214
13	-8.214
14	-8.214

Mean = 251.839(ns)

Variance = 0.00011(ns)

Std.Deviation = 0.01049(ns)



System Total Differential Delay Computation

$$\sigma_{tot} = \sqrt{\sigma_{chro}^2 + \sigma_{fl}^2 + \sigma_{tx}^2 + \sigma_{rx}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = 0.358ns$$

$$6\sigma_{tot} = 2.148ns$$

Where;

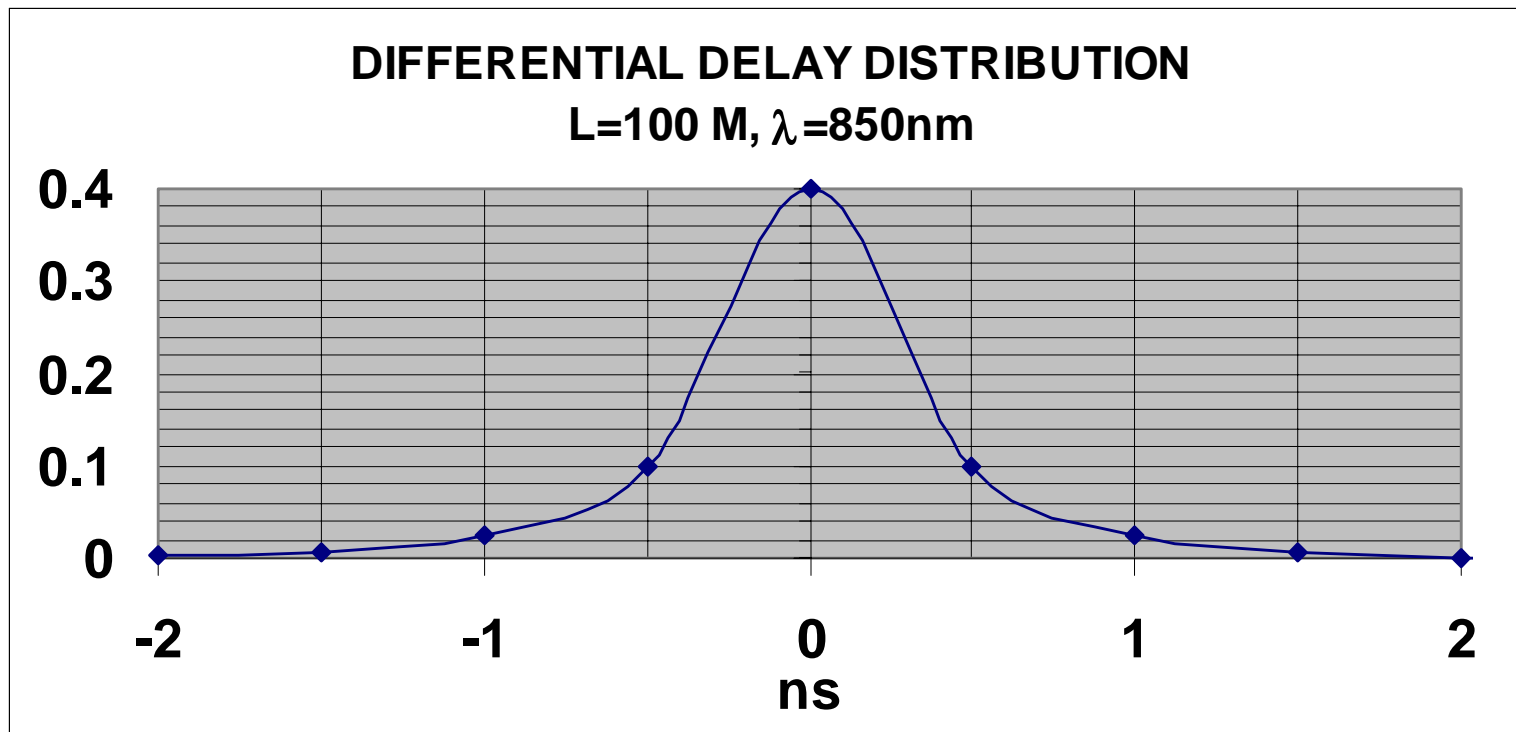
σ_{chro} = Chromatic Differential Delay

σ_{fl} = Fiber Length Differential Delay

σ_{tx} = Transmitter E/O Differential Delay

σ_{rx} = Receiver O/E Differential Delay

System Total Differential Delay



Conclusions

1. Addressed 300m LAN backbone parallel fiber transmission solution.
2. Established advantage of 3.125mm spacing for non-OFC applications.
3. Demonstrated differential delay characteristics enabling 10GbE four fiber parallel transmission over installed MMF.

This multi-protocol standard will address 10GbE, 10G Fibre Channel, Infiniband[®], and ATM.