

CI 00 SC P2 L7 # 1  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Missing word 'for'  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 (FEC) sublayer for 10GBASE-R PHYs  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 73 SC 73.7.7 P146 L21 # 2  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A  
 Change 'sent' to 'set'  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 as above  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 45 SC P23 L7 # 3  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 The latest draft of 802.3an is D4.0. The next revision of 802.3ap should reference the latest revision of 802.3an.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change editing instructions to reference latest draft of 802.3an.  
 Add (Register 1.9) at end of subclause 45.2.1.8 heading  
 Change description of bit 7.1.7 in Table 45-119 to match 802.3an  
 Scan 802.3an for any other differences and implement as necessary.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Add (Register 1.9) at end of subclause 45.2.1.8 heading  
 Change description of bit 7.1.7 in Table 45-119 to match 802.3an  
 Also copy over text from 802.3an 45.2.7.6, 45.2.7.7, 45.2.7.8 and 45.2.7.9 and change editing instructions for these subclauses to change from insert.

CI 45 SC 45.2.7.6 P43 L7 # 4  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 802.3ap does not use extended next pages.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Add text to 45.2.7.6 to say bit 7.16.12 is reserved/tied low for 802.3ap PHYs  
 Add text to 45.2.7.7 to say bit 7.19.12 is reserved for 802.3ap PHYs  
 Add text to 45.2.7.8 and 45.2.7.9 to say that even though these registers have XNP in their titles backplane ethernet treats these as next page registers.

Also change LD NP to XNP on line 40 on page 45 and NP to XNP on line 33 on page 46.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 73 SC 73.6 P140 L52 # 5  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 Next page support is mandatory  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change 'may support' to 'supports'  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

**CI 73**    **SC 73.6.8**                      **P 143**    **L 31**                      # **6**

Marris, Arthur                                      Cadence

*Comment Type*    **T**                      *Comment Status*    **A**

If next pages are to be sent and the XNP transmit register has not been loaded the Link Codeword may be transmitted more than 8 times.

Also the names of the registers in 73.6.8 need to be updated.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add the following to the last sentence: 'or more if next pages are to be exchanged and the AN XNP transmit register has not yet been loaded.'

Change 'Auto-Negotiation Next Page transmit' to 'AN XNP transmit'.

Change 'Auto-Negotiation link partner ability' to 'AN LP XNP ability'.

*Response*                                      *Response Status*    **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Instead change "six to eight" to "at least six to eight"

Also, since this aspect is controlled by the state machine, it doesn't need an independent sha Change "shall" to "will."

Delete the corresponding PICs entry.

Accept the register name changes. Corrected the register names throughout Clause 73 (e.g. 73.6.7).

**CI 72**    **SC 6.10.2.3**                      **P 102**    **L 15**                      # **7**

Andre, Szczepanek                                      Texas Instruments

*Comment Type*    **E**                      *Comment Status*    **A**                      *Complete*

transmiteequalizer

*SuggestedRemedy*

transmit equalizer

*Response*                                      *Response Status*    **C**

ACCEPT.

**CI 72**    **SC 6.10.3.1**                      **P 106**    **L 33**                      # **8**

Andre, Szczepanek                                      Texas Instruments

*Comment Type*    **E**                      *Comment Status*    **A**                      *Complete*

Definition of gain, deleted, yet gain is still referenced in definition of COEFF\_UPDATE.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Re-instate definition of gain with the following text:  
Integer variable containing the increment/decrement value used for coefficient updates. The value of gain is implementation dependant.

You can also remove the proviso  
""The value of gain is implementation dependant"" from the definition of COEFF\_UPDATE.

*Response*                                      *Response Status*    **C**

ACCEPT.

**CI 72**    **SC 7.1.10**                                      **P 119**    **L 37**                      # **9**

Andre, Szczepanek                                      Texas Instruments

*Comment Type*    **ER**                      *Comment Status*    **A**                      *Complete*

Note d) refers to ""Vpk greater than 600mV"" whereas note c) has had such text replaced with a reference to ""a violation of 72.7.1.4"".

*SuggestedRemedy*

change note d) to form of c)

*Response*                                      *Response Status*    **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

Cl 72 SC 6.10.2.6 P 105 L 51 # 10  
 Andre, Szczepanek Texas Instruments

Comment Type T Comment Status R Complete

"The pseudo-random generator shall have a random seed at the start of the training pattern"

My reading of this is that the generator must be reseeded for every training pattern, and it is not acceptable to free-run the generator between successive patterns. Was this what was agreed ?.

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

It is intended that a random seed be used for each training frame.

The intent of the random seed is to make synchronization between victim and aggressors less likely, thereby decorrelating crosstalk. A free running PRBS makes synchronization between victim and aggressors more likely.

Cl 69b SC 69B.4.6 P 217 L 7 # 11  
 Mellitz, Richard Intel

Comment Type T Comment Status R

It was shown in "dambrosia\_c1\_0506.pdf" implementation plays an important role in determining crosstalk. Considering it took us 3 years to figure this out, I think it would be worth mentioning.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert before line 7

The assignment for which channels are considered as near and far end crosstalk aggressors should be based on an analysis of connector pinouts, system channel characteristics, and backplane architecture. The half duplex nature the PHY dictates that channels cannot simultaneously be both a NEXT and FEXT aggressors even though s parameter measurement of such are possible.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The proposed statement seems implicit in the definition of the terms NEXT and FEXT, and does not need to be re-stated.

Cl 69b SC 69B.4.6.4 P 217 L 45 # 12  
 Mellitz, Richard Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It has been demonstrated in "spagna\_c1\_0406.pdf" that ICR needs to be account for channel self impairments to distinguish a "good" from "bad" channel. An ILD penalty is required to either adjust the ICR limit or the ICR fit. This need be reflective of potential receiver gain and channel return loss.

SuggestedRemedy

Change eq 69b-24 to

$ICR_{fit}(f) - ICR_{penalty} \geq ICR_{min}(f) = 14.8 - 18.7 * \log(f/5GHz)$

Add the following text before line 11 on page 218

The ICR computed in equation 69b-23 inherently incorporates channel self-impairments and can not distinguish between channels that have large ILD and channels that have no ILD. An ICR penalty respective of ILD is defined to adjust the ICR test. Two parameters are used to determine the ICR penalty,  $FBX(fb)$  and  $IILD^2$ .

The attenuation fit below  $A_{max}$  at frequency  $f_b$ ,  $FBX(fb)$  is defined equation 69B-XX

$FBX(fb) = A_{max}(fb) - A(fb)(69B-XX)$

The integral of insertion loss deviation squared,  $IILD^2$  is defined in equation 69B-YY

$IILD^2 = \int_{f_a}^{f_b} (ILD(f)^2 df) / 1e9$  | from  $f_a$  to  $f_b$ .(69B-YY)

The parameter  $ILD_{penalty}$  is defined in equation 69B-ZZ

$ILD_{penalty} =$   
 IF  $(-2.21 + 0.9 IILD^2 + 0.0351 * (FBX(fb) - 3.57)) > 0$   
 THEN  $(-2.21 + 0.9 IILD^2 + 0.0351 * (FBX(fb) - 3.57))$   
 ELSE 0(69B-ZZ)

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Straw Poll #1

Use Mellitz\_01\_0506 as the basis for modifications to Annex 69B.

Yes - 17

No - 0

Refer to Comment #13

CI 69B SC 69B.4.6 P 217 L 5 # 13  
Mellitz, Richard Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It was demonstrated in "valliappan\_c2\_0506.pdf" that the crosstalk aggressor amplitude effects channel performance. I believe we need to add some test to direct to system designers to consider this. In my opinion this is system issue is outside the domain of this standard.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change:

""assume that aggressors and victim are driven by PHYs of the same type.""

To:

""assume that aggressors and victim are driven by PHYs of the same type and characteristics. It is the system designer's responsibility to adjust the power sum crosstalk based on system design constraints. The worst case adjustment can not exceed 3.5 dB."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to healey\_02\_0506. In addition change 10GBASE-KX4 maximum differential output amplitude to 1200 mV peak to peak.

Straw Poll #2

Preference for which option

A) Reduce all port types maximum transmit amplitude as a measure to reduce crosstalk

B) Add a correction factor to power sum crosstalk to account for transmit amplitude

C) Some combination of A & B.

Option A - 5

Option B - 13

Option C - 2

Refer to Comments 28 and 38

Motion #2

(Technical >=75%)

Move to accept the response.

Moved by Schelto van Doorn

Second by Charles Moore

All

Yes - 17

No - 0

Abstain - 1

Motion Passes

CI 45 SC 45.2.7.2.2 P 42 L 54 # 14

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status A

In the page received bit (7.1.6) definition it says that the AN advertisement register is valid when the page received bit is set the first time.

In fact it is the AN LP base page ability register that is valid the first time this bit is set.

This text is wrong in 802.3an and as it may be too late to correct this in 802.3an it should be corrected here in 802.3ap.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change 'AN advertisement register(s) 7.16-7.18' to 'AN LP base page ability registers 7.19-7.21' and insert a struck through '7.16' to indicate the change from 802.3an.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.8 P 117 L 39 # 15

Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The definition of peak-peak duty cycle distortion is not consistent with the conventions used to define peak-peak deterministic jitter yet the wording of the clause indicates that they are.

Peak-peak deterministic jitter is range of time deviation for transitions.

Peak-peak duty cycle distortion is the difference between the width of a one pulse and a zero pulse, which twice the range of the deviation measured on a given transition.

Therefore, when it is stated that DCD is considered a component of the 0.15 UI peak-peak DJ, and its limit is 0.05 UI peak-peak, this misleads the reader to believe that 0.10 UI peak-peak is left for other forms of DJ, when in fact is is 0.125 UI peak-peak.

Language should be added to clarify this discrepancy, or the definitions should be made consistent.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add lanuguage to differentiate peak-peak DCD from peak-peak DJ (including an appropriate footnote in Table 72-6, or redefine DCD to be half of the difference between the width of the one pulse and width of the zero pulse.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #29

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.8 P 117 L 42 # 16  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete

This test calls for a test pattern consisting of an clock-like {1, 0, 1, 0} sequence, yet provides no guidance as to how this pattern is to be generated by the DUT, or how long the repetition should continue.

This issue is also present in 72.7.1.4, which calls for a clock-like test pattern to verify peak-peak differential output voltage.

The transmit jitter test requirements call out that the pseudo-random pattern defined in 49.2.8 with the seed values shown in 52-20 be used. This would lead the reader to believe that the An and Bn seeds should be loaded into the appropriate registers for the test. However, this understanding would be due to a unfortunate use of nomenclature in clause 52. The intent was to define two test patterns. Test pattern 1 uses the seeds BnBiBnBi and test pattern 2 uses the seeds AnAiAnAi. For other 10GBASE-R PMDs, test pattern 2 or PRBS31 is prescribed for stressed receiver testing, so it is proposed that these patterns be used for 10GBASE-KR transmit jitter testing and interference tolerance testing.

Within test pattern 2, there are three occurrences of an 11-bit series of clock-like data {0, 1, 0, 1...}. It would seem appropriate to require that the minimum clock-like waveform sequence length should some value smaller than this to enable to use of test pattern 2 or PRBS31 to verify duty cycle distortion requirements. Such a scheme would spare the task force the effort to allocation additional bits in management (clause 45) to support the generation of clock-like sequences.

Refer to <http://ieee802.org/3/bladesg/email/msg00729.html> for a more detailed overview of the clause 52 test patterns

#### SuggestedRemedy

1. Define the test pattern for transmit jitter measurement (72.7.1.9) be test patterns 2 or 3 as defined in 52.9.1.1
2. Define the test pattern for interference tolerance testing (Table 72-11) be test patterns 2 or 3 as defined in 52.9.1.1
3. Re-define the duty cycle distortion test pattern in 72.7.1.8 to be no fewer than eight symbols of alternating polarity. Add a note that such patterns may be found in the training pattern field of the training frames or test patterns 2 or 3 as defined in 52.9.1.1.
4. Re-define the test pattern for differential output voltage (72.7.1.4) in a similar fashion to (3) above.
5. It is also suggested that the duty cycle distortion measurement requirements text be moved to 72.1.7.9 with the other transmitter jitter test requirements

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

- 1) Accept
- 2) Accept
- 3) Accept

- 4) Accept
- 5) Move appropriate text from 72.7.1.8 to 72.7.1.9.

CI 72 SC Figure 72-9 P 114 L 12 # 17  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete (FIG. 72-7)

This is beyond the scope of this recirculation ballot, but it is an issue that I wanted to put to the Task Force for consideration.

The capacitor value for the transmitter test fixture is defined to be 4.7 nF while the maximum recommended value in 72.7.2.3 is 100 nF. For the prescribed mixed frequency test patterns, 4.7 nF will yeild considerably more baseline wander which will impact measurement results (namely, transmit jitter).

While such baseline wander should be budgeted for in applications that choose to use coupling capacitor values in this range, it is inherent to the pattern and not necessarily relevant to transmitter compliance tests. It is recommended that the higher coupling capacitor value be reflected in the figure.

This was brought to my attention by the fact the Figure 70-2 should a 100 nF coupling capacitor, and reasoning for this escapes me. It is suggested that this be reverted to 4.7 nF.

#### SuggestedRemedy

1. Change coupling capacitor values in Figure 72-9 to 100 nF
2. Change coupling capacitor values in Figure 70-2 to 4.7 nF

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.10 P 118 L 1 # 18  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete

While all of the critical pieces appear to be present, the modifications adopted at the March plenary meeting have not been correctly woven into the original text. A list of the most egregious issues is below:

1. Page 118, line 29: Per 72.7.1.11, transmit equalizer performance is now based on 6 voltages, 2 ripple bounds, and 2 ratios. These changes are not reflected this sentence. The text continues to reference the old variable definitions.
2. Table 72-7 still refers to Vpre, Vpst, and Vss even though, per 72.7.1.11, these variables no longer exist
3. Table 72-8 still refers to Vss even though this variable no longer exists
4. Requirements for Vripple, Vfripple, and Vpre/Vpst/Vss matching are compliance requirements and should appear in 72.7.1.10, rather than 72.7.1.11 which is concerned with measurement requirements.
5. Page 119, line 35. The text for item (c) was changed to represent a requirement which are identical to the original text and current text of item (d). The referenced subclause really does little more than say that Vpk cannot exceed 600 mV. It is suggested that one consistent phrasing of the requirement be used.
6. There is no rigorous definition of the term "ripple" in 72.7.1.11.

*SuggestedRemedy*

The required corrections are difficult to thoroughly enumerate in this comment form so a document illustrating the proposed corrections will be submitted prior to the interim meeting.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.6.5 P 100 L 2 # 19  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A footnote reference Table 72-6

This is beyond the scope of this recirculation ballot, but it is an issue that I wanted to put to the Task Force for consideration.

Requirement (a) states that the transmitter shall be turned off such that it drives a constant level (i.e. no transitions). The definition of no transitions is somewhat dependent on the sensitivity of the receiver, as it can be expected that the "constant" level will have some ripple about the average value. This value should be bounded so that the receiver may set a squelch level appropriately and prevent false locking.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Adopt a maximum voltage ripple limit for an "off" transmitter and list it in table 72-6. Also consider comparable specifications for clauses 70 and 71. This values should be less than the minimum sensitivity assumed in the simulation models (e.g. less than 20 to 30 mVpk-pk).

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Define the maximum voltage modulation on an off tx to be 30mV p-p.

Add entry to Table 70-4, 71-4, 72-6.

CI 72 SC Figure 72-1 P 99 L 13 # 20  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete

Insert missing underscore in "tx\_bit" and "rx\_bit".  
 Expand text box for "signal\_detect" so that it does not word-wrap.  
 Also check Figures 70-1 and 71-1 for similar editorial corrections.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Per comment

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 72.6.10.2.3 P 102 L 15 # 21  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete  
 ""transmitteequalizer"" should be ""transmit equalizer""  
 Also, missing comma from line 17, ""initialize, and coefficient updates""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Per comment.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC Table 72-11 P 122 L 35 # 22  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete  
 Suggest changes to the nomenclature to clean up the table and avoid the gratuitous use of  
 subscripts...  
 ""Rise time min"" to ""Applied transition time (min)"". Units remain ""ps"".  
 ""Applied jitter"" to ""Applied jitter (rms)"". Units change to ""mUI"".  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Per comments. Also change clauses 70 and 71 for the sake of consistency.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change Rise time min to Minimum transition time and Applied jitter to Applied jitter (RMS) to  
 Tables 70-7, Table 71-7 and 72-10.

CI 72 SC 72.6.10.2.1 P 101 L 47 # 23  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 This wording applied when the training pattern was PRBS58, but it is not true now that the  
 pattern is PRBS11. The frame marker does not occur in the training pattern.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change sentence to read:  
 ""This pattern does not appear in the control channel or the training pattern and therefore  
 serves as a unique indicator of the start of a training frame.""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 72.6.10.2.3.2 P 103 L 22 # 24  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 This is beyond the scope of this recirculation ballot, but it is a problem that the Task Force  
 may want to address prior to sponsor ballot.  
 72.6.10.2.3.2 states that preset shall not be asserted in conjunction with initialize or coefficient  
 updates. In the event that this should happen, it is implied that preset takes precedence.  
 However, 72.6.10.2.3.3 has similar statements yet implies that initialize takes precedence.  
 Which is it?

SuggestedRemedy  
 Establish self-consistent ranking of coefficient update operations (for example, from highest  
 precedence to lowest: preset, initialize, coefficient update).  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Added priority to the description of the COEFF\_UPDATE function:  
 If multiple actions are requested in the coefficient update field priority will be:  
 1) preset  
 2) initialize  
 3) inc/dec

CI 72 SC 72.6.10.2.3.4 P 103 L 42 # 25  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A complete  
 The sentence ""The amount of change implemented by the transmitter in response to the  
 coefficient update request is not specified in the standard"" is not a true statement. The  
 change is bounded to a range as defined in 72.7.1.10.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Strike the sentence.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Change sentence from:  
 The amount of change implemented by the transmitter in response to the coefficient update  
 request is not specified in the standard.  
 To:  
 The amount of change implemented by the transmitter in response to the coefficient update  
 request shall meet the requirements of Table 72-7 and section 72.7.1.10.

Cl 72 SC 72.6.10.2.3.2 P 103 L 8 # 26  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status R complete

This is beyond the scope of this recirculation ballot, but it is an issue that I wanted to put to the Task Force for consideration.

I am concerned that the preset and initialization control have no protection from decoding errors. The differential coefficient update scheme was adopted so that the system could recover from the occasional error in control field reception, and the "receiver ready" indications require that the same value be received in three consecutive control frames before the change in state is acknowledged. However, a single decoding error can cause the transmitter to default to a state, possibly very far away from the optimum transmitter value. On the very challenging channels where this scenario is more likely, this may be an error from which the link cannot recover.

*SuggestedRemedy*

If the Task Force wishes to address this issue, there are several ways that the protocol can be made more robust. The simplest may be the application of a consistency check to all fields and not just receiver ready.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 72 SC 72.6.10.3.4 P 108 L 46 # 27  
 Healey, Adam Agere Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A complete

The new definition of coefficient update is not consistent with its usage in the corresponding state machine (Figure 72-8).

In addition, use of the term "gain" to indicate the change in the coefficient does not seem to be appropriate. The term "step" is recommended and the note at the end of the definition on page 109 should refer to the requirements of 72.7.1.10 and Table 72-7. Simply saying that the gain/step is implementation dependent is not satisfactory.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Make Figure 72-8 consistent with the COEFF\_UPDATE function defined in 72.6.10.3.4 or vice versa. Modify nomenclature in the function definition according to the recommendations in the comment.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

New text:  
 FUNCTION:

COEFF\_UPDATE(coefficient, preset, initialize, inc, dec)  
 Returns an updated coefficient based on the contents of the coefficient update field in the training frame. Sets a fixed coefficient value, or adds, or subtracts from the current coefficient value to create the updated coefficient. If multiple actions are requested in the coefficient update field priority will be:  
 1) preset  
 2) initialize  
 3) inc/dec

Values:

preset: If preset is TRUE then the function returns the coefficient value equivalent to no equalization (C(-1) & C(1) coefficients are set to zero, C(0) set to maximum).

initialize: If initialize is TRUE then the function returns the coefficient value such that the transmit output meets the conditions defined in 72.6.10.3.2

inc: If inc is TRUE then the function returns coefficient + step

dec: If dec is TRUE then the function returns coefficient - step

The requirements for the value of step are defined in 72.7.1.10 and Table 72-7.

CI 69B SC 69B.4.6 P 217 L 5 # 28  
 radhakrishnan, prakash Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

As was shown by Magesh the crosstalk amplitude has a significant effect on the Channel performance. The Reciever eye can get closed depedeing on the amplitude and equalizer settings of the victim and aggressor.  
 In a real system we can have a KX4 channel whose max amplitude can be 1.6V adjacent to a KR channel with 800mV amplitude. This can cause a significant amount of crosstalk coupling and the RX eye can be closed.

*SuggestedRemedy*

The spec should be changed to restrict the amplitude of the transmitter or we need to come up with a common set of crosstalk assumptions to enable the system designer to make the tradeoff between Insertion loss and crosstalk.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to comment 13. Note that the commenter is not a member of the P802.3ap Working Group Ballot pool and this comment should be treated as technical.

Refer to 13, 38

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.8 P 117 L 40 # 29  
 Ablor, Joe IBM

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Need to search for DCD

DCD is defined to be a portion of the jitter budget with a value of 0.05UIpp. The description however results in a unitless ratio that is inconsistent with this definition and is causing confusion as evidenced by recent reflector exchanges.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Following wording is recommended:  
 Duty cycle distortion (DCD) is considered a component of deterministic jitter and shall not exceed 0.05 UI peak-to-peak. The Duty Cycle Distortion is defined as the absolute value of the difference in the mean pulse width of a "1" pulse or the mean pulse width of a "0" pulse (as measured at the mean of the high and low voltage levels in a clock-like repeating 0,1,0,1 bit sequence) and the nominal pulse width.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Straw Poll #3  
 Based on the expected revision to the definition of DCD, should the DCD be  
 A) 0.05 UI peak to peak  
 B) 0.025 UI peak to peak

A) 6  
 B) 6

Change text to  
 "Duty cycle distortion (DCD) is considered a component of deterministic jitter and shall not exceed 0.035 UI peak-to-peak. The Duty Cycle Distortion is defined as the absolute value of the difference in the mean pulse width of a "1" pulse or the mean pulse width of a "0" pulse (as measured at the mean of the high and low voltage levels in a clock-like repeating 0,1,0,1 bit sequence) and the nominal pulse width."

Make corresponding changes to Table 72-6 and where appropriate.

Motion #1  
 (Technical >= 75%)  
 Move to accept response.

Moved by Charles Moore  
 Second by Tom Palkert

All  
 Yes - 15  
 No - 0  
 Abstain - 2

Motion Passes

CI 72 SC 72.7.2.1 P 122 L 28 # 30  
 Abler, Joe IBM  
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A Complete  
 The EIT test requirements do not account for the impact of DCD, which is a significant portion of the test budget. See abler\_c1\_0506

SuggestedRemedy  
 Add an entry to Table 72.11 requiring that a minimum of 0.05U<sub>lpp</sub> DCD be applied during testing. The 15mV<sub>pp</sub> baseline spec is then appropriate for the test. Alternatively, allow 2 testing options, one where a minimum of 0.05U<sub>lpp</sub> DCD is applied, and another with no specification on DCD. The EIT baseline spec needs to change. For the option with min 0.05U<sub>lpp</sub> DCD applied a value of 15mV<sub>pp</sub> is appropriate. For the option with no DCD spec the EIT baseline should be increased to 25mV<sub>pp</sub>.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to Comment #59.

CI 72 SC 72.6.10.2.3.4 P 103 L 42 # 31  
 Abler, Joe IBM  
 Comment Type TR Comment Status R  
 ""The amount of change implemented by the transmitter in response to the coefficient update request is not specified in the standard."  
 This is inconsistent with section 72.7.1.10

SuggestedRemedy  
 delete Table 72-7 (page 118) and associated text.

Response Response Status C  
 REJECT.

See comment 25

CI 72 SC 7 P 114 L 45 # 32  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete  
 For consistency with clause 70 and 71 specify the nominal Unit Interval.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Add following text: ""The corresponding unit interval is nominally 96.96 pS.""

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 7 P 115 L 1 # 33  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete  
 Capitalization error.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change ""the common mode ..."" to ""The common mode ...""

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 72 SC 7 P 117 L 33 # 34  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Complete  
 Incomplete reference

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change reference 45.2.1.78 to 45.2.1.78.3

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

CI 69A SC 2 P 206 L 31 # 35  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 BER pattern generators do not, in general, have direct control of the rise and fall time. Furthermore, it has been shown that the EIT baseline value depends on the rise and fall time of the pattern generator (re. valliappan\_c1\_0506).

SuggestedRemedy  
 Introduce a dependency between the EIT baseline and the generator rise/fall time.

A supporting presentation will be shown at the May interim meeting.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to moore\_01\_0506

CI 72 SC 6.10 P 111 L 45 # 36  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Complete

There is a disconnect in the Frame Lock state diagram in Figure 72-4 on page 99 between the Function of SLIP which defines the  $\delta$ frame sync position and the new\_marker variable which defines when a candidate frame marker is available. The disconnect occurs because for each  $\delta$ frame sync position there are 137 possible candidate frame marker positions. Note that 137 is a 4384 UI frame divided by the 32 UI marker.

The Frame Lock state diagram seems to either a) only check one of the 137 frame marker positions for five frames or b) only check five frame marker positions for one frame sync position. Both of these behaviors seem sub-optimal as a) would take 137 times longer to gain  $\delta$ frame\_lock = true and b) would not test all of the possible frame marker positions

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change the Frame Lock state diagram to check all 137 possible candidate frame marker positions for each  $\delta$ frame sync position.

A supporting presentation will be shown at the May Interim.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Reference spagna\_01\_0506

CI 72 SC 7 P 122 L 34 # 37  
 Spagna, Fulvio INTEL

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Consolidate simulation work presented at the Channel-ad-hoc meetings and update the EITR baseline limit.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change EIT baseline limit to 16 mVpp.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to Comment #59.

CI 72 SC 7.1.10 P 107 L # 38  
 Valliappan, Magesh Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

If aggressor transmitters are at their highest amplitude setting, receivers will not be able to interoperate. We should limit the transmit amplitude to a smaller range and limit the equalization.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change Transmitter max Vpp to 1000mV.  
 In 72.7.2.4, at the end of the paragraph add -

In table 72-8, row 1, change Vss range to 220mV to 275mV  
 In table 72-8, row 2, change Vss range to 400mV to 500mV  
 On line 36 on same page change 600mV to 500mV

change 1200mV to 1000mV in  
 1) On Line 52, 72.7.2.4, page 110,  
 2) In table 72-6 change 1200 to 1000  
 3) 72.7.1.4 page 102, line 50  
 4) 72.10.4.4 item TC4

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to Comment 13.

CI 45 SC 45.2.1.1 P 24 L 1 # 39  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom

Comment Type E Comment Status R

802.3an added 10M/100M/1000M bit encodings to register bits 1.0.13 & 1.0.6 that are supposed to match the Clause 22 encodings. There is now a selection for 1000M (1Gbps) via these bits

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add wording that states this encoding shall be ignored or that it selects the 1000BASE-KX phy

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

For the 1000BASE-KX PHY 1000 mb/s would be selected.

There is no need to add any further wording.



CI 72 SC 72.7.1.10 P 119 L 18 # 46  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Vss no longer exists  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Replace with Vrss & Vfss  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.10 P 119 L 35 # 47  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Both the increment and decrement commands for C(-1) & C(1) can cause a violation of 72.7.1.4 but only decrement is stated.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 change "... decrement applied ..." to "... decrement or increment applied ..."  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 119 L 47 # 48  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 the tollerance of Vrpre to Vfpre and Vrpst to Vfpst and Vrss to Vfss are all state with "must be" instead of shall  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 replace the 3 instances of "must be" with "shall".  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 120 L 27 # 49  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 In Figure 72-14: Vrss is incorrectly labeled as Vrrss.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change Vrrss to Vrss  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 120 L 30 # 50  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Vfss is incorrectly labeled as VfRss. Also Vfss has the opposite polarity of Vrss. It would be much easier and straight forward if Vfss and Vrss are the same polarity.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change Vfrss to -Vfss.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 120 L 37 # 51  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Vrpre is labeld shuch that it is the opposite polarity as Vfpre. It would be much easier and straight forward if Vfpre and Vrpre are the same polarity.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 change Vrpre to -Vrpre  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 120 L 28 # 52  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Vfpst has the opposit polarity as Vrpst. It would be much easier and straight forward if Vrpst and Vfpst were the same polarity.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change Vfpst to -Vfpst  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 119 L 47 # 53  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 This comment ties together with the comments on the polarity of Vrpst, Vfpst and Vfss. If the suggested remedy for changing the polarity of these measurements is accepted there is no longer a need for "absolute value" in this paragraph.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Remove the the three instances of "absolute"  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.10 P 118 L 46 # 54  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 If the suggested remedies for the polarity of Vrpst, Vfpst and Vfss are accepted the requirements for the Vpre column also need to have their polarity reversed.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Reverse (invert) the polarity of the requirements for Vpre column.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.11 P 120 L 47 # 55  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 The definition for "t2" is exactly the same as for "t0". This can cause confusion and needs to be changed  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 change the definition to: "... of the first rising edge, later in time than t1, of the ..."  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 72 SC 72.7.1.10 P 119 L 37 # 56  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Complete  
 Table 72-8 says that a c(0) status of maximum has Vss between 400-600mV and since this is the non-equalized case vpk = Vss. Line d) here says that a c(0) status of maximum has Vpk at 580-595mV, status of maximum given if Vpk would be greater than 600mV if the increment were to take place. This places two seperate meanings for maximum.  
 For each c(0) increment that returns a status of updated Vpre, Vpst, Vss has to increase by a least 5mV, therefor the differential output amplitude has to increase by at least 10mV. Therefore if a c(0) status for increment returns maximum the output amplitude has to be between 1160-1190mV. If the output amplitude cannot reach 1080-1190mV and an increment is given to c(0) the only recourse is to return a status of not updated. This places two seperate meanings for not updated.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change requirement "d" to:  
 d) Any coefficient update equal to increment applied to c(0) that would result in Vpk between 400mV and 600 mV and Vrpst, Vrpst, Vrss, Vpre, Vfpst and Vfss to increase by less than 5mV shall return a coefficient status value of maximum.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Refer to healey\_01\_0506.zip

CI 70 SC 70.7.2.1 P72 L 34 # 57  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A e

It has not been shown that this EITbase limit is the appropriate value. Since this is the one value that is meant to show that a 1000BASE-KX receiver will work and that existing 1000BASE-X phys are meant to be included the task force needs to demonstrate this level screens out phys that won't work on the targeted media as well as passes those that meet 1000BASE-X.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Demonstrate this value is appropriate and / or change to a properly demonstrated value that is.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to Comment #59

CI 71 SC 71.7.2.1 P90 L 6 # 58  
 Baumer, Howard Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status A e

It has not been shown that this EITbase limit is the appropriate value. Since this is the one value that is meant to show that a 1000BASE-KX4 receiver will work and that existing 1000BASE-CX4 like phys are meant to be included the task force needs to demonstrate this level screens out phys that won't work on the targeted media as well as passes those that meet 1000BASE-X4.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Demonstrate this value is appropriate and / or change to a properly demonstrated value that is.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Refer to Comment #59.

CI 69A SC 69A.3 P207 L 50 # 59  
 Telang, Vivek Broadcom Corp.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

This is a pile-on to the Unsatisfied Comment (#31) on Draft 2.3 that proposed the use of a broadband (white) noise source as an interferer in the EIT test. That comment was rejected primarily because it did not include a technically complete remedy, but a straw poll showed that there was broad support for the concept. At this meeting I am bringing in proposed draft text that describes a technically complete remedy. I am submitting this comment to trigger the discussion of the draft text.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Use moore\_04\_0506 as the basis for new text.

Motion #3  
 (Technical >=75%)  
 Move to accept response  
 Moved by John D'Ambrosia  
 Second by Vivek Telang

All  
 Yes -17  
 No - 0  
 Abstain - 0

Motion Passes

CI 99 SC P 2 L 7 # 60  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type E Comment Status A e

Insert ""for"" before ""10GBASE-R PHYs"" in line 7.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Modify line 7 as follows:

Finally, Clause 74 defines an optional forward error correction (FEC) sublayer for 10GBASE-R PHYs for improved link performance.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 01 SC 1.4 P 16 L 35 # 61  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Line 35: Replace ""Clauses 72"" with ""Clause 72""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Line 35: Replace ""Clauses 72"" with ""Clause 72""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 01 SC 1.4 P 16 L 38 # 62  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Line 38: Missing hyperlink. Add reference link to ""Clause 70""  
 Line 43: Missing hyperlink. Add reference link to ""Clause 71""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Line 38: Add reference link to ""Clause 70""  
 Line 43: Add reference link to ""Clause 71""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.13 P 17 L 45 # 63  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Missing Hyperlinks:  
 Line 45: Add reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Line 45: Add reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.14 P 18 L 19 # 64  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Line 19: Fix stray capitals: ""Sublayer"" to ""sublayer""  
 Line 20: Missing reference link: Add reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Line 19: Fix stray capitals: change ""Sublayer"" to ""sublayer""  
 Line 20: Missing reference link: Add reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Line 19: (Reject): Stray capitals for Sublayer can not be changed because they are part of the base text and are not included in the change text.  
 Line 20: (Accept)

Cl 30 SC 30.6.1.1.7 P 20 L 40 # 65  
 Ganga, Ilango Intel  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A e  
 Page 20, Line 40: Missing reference link to ""73.6""  
 Page 21, Line 2, line 11 & line 25: Missing reference link to ""73.6.1""  
 Page 21, Line 10 & line 23: Missing reference link to ""Clause 73""  
 Page 21, Line 41 : Missing reference link to ""Clause 69""  
 Page 22, Line 2: Missing reference link to ""Clause 69""  
 Page 22, Line 4: Missing reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Page 20, line 40: Fix the missing reference link to ""73.6""  
 Page 21, line 2, line 11 & line 25: Fix the missing reference link to ""73.6.1""  
 Page 21, Line 10 & line 23: Fix the missing reference link to ""Clause 73""  
 Page 21, Line 41 : Fix the Missing reference link to ""Clause 69""  
 Page 22, Line 2: Fix the missing reference link to ""Clause 69""  
 Page 22, Line 4: Fix the missing reference link to ""Clause 74""  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.





**Cl 45**    **SC 45.2.7.100.1**    **P 49**    **L 46**    # **77**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **A**  
 Put the 'only' right beside whatever it restricts: which is not setting.  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 'This bit is set only if 10GBASE-KR operation has also been negotiated.' Also change 9 point font to default 10 point.  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 ACCEPT.

**Cl 74**    **SC 74.8**    **P 193**    **L 25**    # **78**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **A**    *e*  
 The short tables 74-2 and 74-3 have the same column headings: might as well combine them into one table 'MDIO/FEC variable mapping'. It would be nice to put the ability bits first (lower numbered register)  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 Please combine the tables, and put all the descriptions under 74.8  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Combine the tables 74-2 and 74-3 and put the ability bits first in the table. Modify the text in 7.8 that references this table.

**Cl 74**    **SC 74.8.1**    **P 194**    **L 18**    # **79**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **A**    *e*  
 Put the 'only' right beside whatever it restricts: which is not enabling.  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 The FEC function is enabled on the link only if...  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 ACCEPT.

Modify the text as follows:

"The FEC function is enabled on the link only if both link partners advertise they have FEC ability..."

**Cl 74**    **SC 74.14.5**    **P 203**    **L 54**    # **80**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **A**    *e*  
 This isn't a proper name. Also only one state machine  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 Change 'State Machines' to 'state machine'  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 ACCEPT.

**Cl 74**    **SC 74.2**    **P 172**    **L 17**    # **81**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **A**    *e*  
 In 'support Forward Error Correction mechanism', this isn't the name of the sublayer so I think the capitals are unnecessary.  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 Change to lower case.  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 ACCEPT.

**Cl 30**    **SC 30.5.1.1.14**    **P 18**    **L 19**    # **82**  
 Dawe, Piers    Avago Technologies  
**Comment Type**    **E**    **Comment Status**    **R**    *r*  
 Sublayer  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 sublayer  
**Response**    **Response Status**    **C**  
 REJECT.

Stray capitals for "Sublayer" can not be changed because they are part of the base text in 802.3-2005 and are not included in the change text.

Cl 73 SC 73.6.5 P 142 L 40 # 83  
 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 This statement that FEC is only used with 10GBASE-KR is too sweeping. There are other FECs, for example in 65.2: designed for 1000BASE-PX but could be applied to 1000BASE-KX, and this FEC is available for other 10GBASE-R types, as it is a separate sublayer. But 10GBASE-KR is the only 10GBASE-R port type that can use Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation for Backplane Ethernet and FEC.

*SuggestedRemedy*  
 Delete 'and FEC is only used with 10GBASE-KR' (or rewrite it). If not already done, consider if you want to address 65.2 1000BASE-X FEC for 1000BASE-KX in this AN clause - there may be no interest in it.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 There is no interest in using 1000BASE-X FEC for 1000BASE-KX (as evidenced by there having been no proposals to do so). Also that aspect of this comment is out of scope for this recirculation as there has been no change in that aspect of Backplane Ethernet.

Change "and FEC is only used with 10GBASE-KR" to "this FEC capability is only used with 10GBASE-KR".  
 The previous paragraph makes it clear that this bit is for 10GBASE-KR FEC. If another optional FEC is added for another Clause 73 PHY in the future, it would probably need its own bit because having the optional FEC associated with one PHY doesn't mean one has the optional FEC associated with another PHY.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1 P 187 L 13 # 84  
 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 D2.3 comment 4: "During the IEEE 802. 3" meetings, after a (very) lengthy debate on whether to refer to the type of WDM used in 10GBASE- LX4 as "WWDM" or "CWDM", it was the consensus of the group to refer to it as "LX4- WDM". After this debate, it was discovered that all references to "WWDM" or "CWDM" had been previously removed from the document, so the consensus was not captured. Change all instances of "WWDW" to "LX4-WDM" (multiple instances). Like my comments last time about error counter rates (rejected), this is nothing to do with Backplane Ethernet. Also, the whole of 802.3 should be changed or none of it: ' WWDM' is also used in Clause 44, Introduction to 10 Gb/s baseband network, and survived last year's revision project. So I believe we should not make irrelevant changes now the maintenance or revision processes are more appropriate.

*SuggestedRemedy*  
 Undo the 'WDM' changes.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

D2.3 comment 4 should not have been implemented in D2.4, because it should be made as a maintenance request to 802.3-2005.

The LX4-WDM change is already made in 802.3ap-D2.4 subclauses 45.2.1.7.4, 45.2.1.7.5, 45.2.1.8.

Undo the WWDM or CWDM to LX4-WDM changes made in Clause 45.

CI 74 SC 74.12 P 196 L 5 # 85  
Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status A e

Won't one want to test the FEC sublayer too? Is FEC compatible with PCS test patterns 1 and 2? I think I would want to test with FEC both on and off, so this subclause looks like it's too restrictive and not necessarily good advice. Does it serve any purpose any more?

*SuggestedRemedy*

Delete the subclause

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

74.12 is an informative text that outlines to disable FEC functions while 10GBASE-R PCS is configured for test pattern mode.

The phrase "should also be" can be modified to "may be" in line #9 as follows:

"When the 10GBASE-R PHY is configured for test-pattern mode the FEC function may be disabled by setting the FEC Enable variable to zero"