

IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet

Open Questions for the Task Force

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Time to shift our focus

- Our job is to work on writing the standard for energy efficient Ethernet
 - The first milestone will be to complete draft 1.0 of the specification
 - If we can accomplish this coming out of the March 2008 meeting, we will be on track for completion of the standard in November 2009
 - This would coincide with completion of the current Energy Star specification for energy savings on computers
 - □ As much as I would like to see us finish in November, 2009
 - The most import thing is to produce a good standard

IEEE 802.3az Objectives

- Define a mechanism to reduce power consumption during periods of low link utilization for the following PHYs
 - -100BASE-TX (Full Duplex)
 - -1000BASE-T (Full Duplex)
 - -10GBASE-T
 - -10GBASE-KR
 - -10GBASE-KX4
- Define a protocol to coordinate transitions to or from a lower level of power consumption
- The link status should not change as a result of the transition

IEEE 802.3az Objectives

- No frames in transit shall be dropped or corrupted during the transition to and from the lower level of power consumption
- The transition time to and from the lower level of power consumption should be transparent to upper layer protocols and applications
- Define a 10 megabit PHY with a reduced transmit amplitude requirement such that it shall be fully interoperable with legacy 10BASE-T PHYsover 100 m of Class D (Category 5) or better cabling to enable reduced power implementations.
- Any new twisted-pair and/or backplane PHY for EEE shall include legacy compatible auto negotiation



What is the maximum transition time?

What are the alternatives to frame-based communication to cause speed changes?

How do we achieve transparency with upper layers?

How will a EEE PHY communicate with the control policy and visa versa?

How much energy will be used by a "fast start" PHY?

How much energy will be used by a "subset" PHY?

What metrics should we use to measure energy use?



What will the designation be for EEE capable PHYs?

append an E?

e.g. 10BASE-TE, 100BASE-TE, 1000BASE-TE, 10GBASE-TE, 10GBASE-KRE, 10GBASE-KX4E

Clauses we need to work on

- 1 Introduction
- 5 Layer Management
- 14 10BASE-T

Annex A (possibly if we need to add references for metrics, etc.)

Annex B (should we do something like this) ?

Clauses we need to work on

- 28 Auto-negotiation
 - Annex 28A ?
 - Annex 28B (Technology Ability) ?

Annex 28C (define new message code, PHY ID, etc)

Annex 28D (define new extensions) ?

30 - Management
Maybe Annexes 30A-C

Clauses we need to work on

■ 37 -1000BASE-X Auto-negotiation

■ Uses /C/ ordered_sets. /C/ ordered_sets which are "directly analogous to FLP Bursts as defined in Clause 28"

70-73 Backplane

XX? New clause for Energy Efficient Ethernet

Layer models depends on technology choice

Fast Start?

	Higher Layers											
	LLC (Logical Link Control) or other MAC Client											
	MAC Control (Optional)											
	MAC – Media Access Control Reconciliation Sublayer (RS)											
	MII				MII			GMII			XG	MII
[PCS		F	PCS		F	PCS		PCS			
	PMA		PMA		PMA		PMA					
	PMD			PMD		PMD		PMD				
	(10BASE-T)			(100BASE-T)			(1000BASE-T) (10G			BAS	E-T)	
	MDI											
	MEDIUM 4								7			

Layer models depends on technology choice

Higher Layers												
LLC (Logical Link Control) or other MAC Client												
MAC Control (Optional)												
MAC – Media Access Control												
Reconciliation Sublayer (RS)												
		MII			MII			GMII			XG	iMII
F	PCS PCS			5	F	PCS I			PCS			
PMA			F	PMA			PMA			PMA		
PMD (10BASE-T)			(100	PME)BAS) E-T)	(100	PMD (1000BASE-T)		PMD (10GBASE-T)			
MDI												
MEDIUM										7		

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Subset PHY?

Higher Layers										
LLC (Logi	LLC (Logical Link Control) or other MAC Client									
MAC Control (Optional)										
MAC – Media Access Control										
Reconciliation Sublayer (RS)										
EEE										
		XGMII	XGMII							
EEE										
PCS	PCS	PCS	PCS							
PMA	PMA	PMA	PMA							
PMD	PMD	PMD	PMD							
(10BASE-T)	(100BASE-T)	(1000BASE-T)	(10GBASE-T)							
MDI										
MEDIUM										

A possible 802.3az timeline



Thank You!