



40GbE Serial Proposal

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Introduction

- 40GbE over 10km of SMF was adopted as an Objective to address servers, datacenters and access interconnection (*barbieri_01_0308, simsarian_01_0308*)
- Two options have been discussed
 - 40GbE 10km CWDM 4x10G (*cole_03_0308*)
 - 40GbE 10km Serial (*traverso_04_0308*)
- This proposal addresses the merits of Serial 40GbE
 - Equal or less power than CWDM both near-term and long-term
 - Stimulates new IC and optics development resulting in a cost advantage over CWDM modules when 40GE volume becomes significant (2011)

Technical Feasibility

40GbE Serial

- The Serial 40GbE PMD is feasible for a 10km link with 1310nm EML
- EML and PIN/TIA are in modest-volume production for 40G VSR today
 - **Low cost 40G EML and PIN/TIA to be available in 2008**
 - **Low cost TOSA/ROSA package to be available in 2009 / 2010**
- 40G (16:1) MUX/DMUX in SiGe has been shipping since 2004
 - **With simplified (4:1) for 40GbE, MUX/DMUX power can be reduced to 2.0W (SiGe) in 2009 and less than 1.5W (CMOS) in 2010 /2011**
- History has shown that electrical mux'ing is more reliable and simpler to manufacture than multi-channel implementations using optical mux'ing
 - **Produces better system end to end performance**

40GbE serial link budget is feasible

Link Power Budget and Penalties

Description	1	2
Operating Distance (m)	10000	10000
Fiber Modal BW (MHz-km)	1000000	1000000
Wavelength Range (nm)	1300-1324	300-1324
Link Power Budget (dB)	8.70	8.70
Channel Insertion Loss (dB)	6.24	6.15
Link Power Penalties (dB)	2.19	2.18
Ptotal central (dB)	6.43	6.33
Unallocated Margin (dB)	0.26	0.37
Pisi (dB)	1.43	1.41

Link Budget 8.7dB

Worst-case margin 0.26dB

Transmit Characteristics

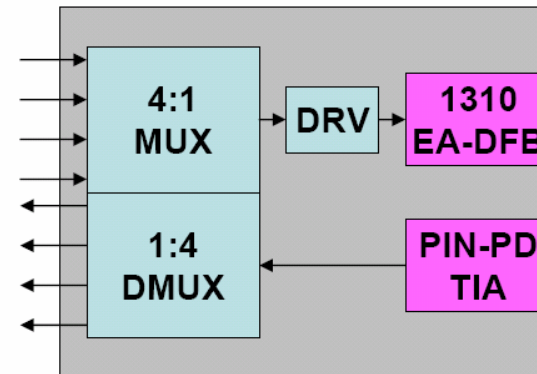
Description	1	2
Signal Speed (Gbaud)	41.2500	41.2500
Wavelength (nm)	1300	1324
Trise / Tfall (20%-80%) (ps)	10.0	10.0
Max RMS Spectral Width (nm)	0.10	0.10
Max Avg Launch Power (dBm)	4.0	4.0
Min Avg Launch Power (dBm)	0.71	0.71
Min Optical Mod. Amp. (mW)	1.736	1.736
OMA ((dBm)	2.40	2.40
Min Extinction Ratio (dB)	8.2	8.2
Max RIN (dB/Hz)	-132	-132
Min Disp Wavelength (nm)	1324	1300

Lower ER can be used w/ higher Avg Pwr

Receive Characteristics

Description	1	2
Signal Speed (Gbaud)	41.2500	41.2500
Wavelength Range (nm)	1300-1324	300-1324
Rx Bandwidth (MHz)	30,000	30,000
Receive Sensitivity (dBm)	-4.9752	-4.9752
Min Optical Mod. Amp. (mW)	0.2344	0.2344
Min Optical Mod. Amp. (dBm)	-6.30	-6.30

Rx sensitivity (OMA) -6.3dB → PIN



Basics	Input=	Bold	Ts(20-80)	10	ps
	Q=	7.04	Ts(10-90)	15	ps
	Base Rate=	41250	RIN(OMA)	-132	dB/Hz
		MBd	RIN at MinER	-134.6	dB/Hz
Transmitter			RIN_Coef=	0.70	
	Wavelength Uc	1300	Det.Jitter	1.0	ps inc. l
	Uw (see notes)	0.10	DCD_DJ=	1	ps TP3
	Tx pwr OMA=	2.395	Effect. DJ=	0.00	(UI) ex
	Min. Ext Ratio=	8.20	MPN k(OMA)	0	
	"Worst"ave.TxPwr	0.71	Tx eye height	62.7%	
	Ext. ratio penalty	1.32	Refl Tx	-12	dB
			ModalNoisePen	0	dB

40GbE CWDM vs. Serial Power Comparison

40G 10km CWDM	Y2009 Power (W)	Y2011 Power (W)	40G 10km Serial	Y2009 Power (W)	Y2011 Power (W)
DML TOSA/Mux	0	0	EML TOSA/TEC	1.5	1.0
4X DML Driver	3.0	2.0	EML Driver	0.8	0.6
XFI CDR	2.0	1.5	4:1 & 1:4 /CDR	2.0*	1.5**
4X PIN/TIA ROSA	1.0	0.7	PIN/TIA	0.4	0.3
Total Power	6.0	4.2	-	4.7	3.4
Ratio to CWDM	1	1	-	0.78	0.81

* SiGe

**CMOS.

Economic Feasibility

- Known cost factors, reliable data
 - Reasonable cost for performance
 - Consideration of installation costs
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- Optical vendors generally agree that serial optics are the most cost effective in long term.
- Three optics vendors agree that cost cross-over (relative to CWDM) occurs in 2011 (If serial 40GbE is adopted in 802.3ba)
- The dominant costs for today's 40G SONET Serdes and driver are in the packaging. With relaxed spec's and the availability of lower-cost packaging, 40GbE cost will be far lower than 40G SONET at the outset.
- LX4 was never cost effective for SMF application; it was only effective for legacy MMF prior to lower-cost EDC availability.
- CWDM product development (by PMD vendors) and qualification (by systems vendors) would incur significant costs with an only short-lived cost advantage.

40GbE CWDM vs. serial Cost Comparison

CWDM 4X10G10km	Cost Factor	40G 10km Serial	YR 2009 Cost Factor	YR 2011 Cost Factor
4X DML TOSA + Optical MUX	1	EML TOSA	2-3x*	1x
4x DML Driver	1	EML Driver	4x	<1x
Quad XFI CDR	1	4:1 & 1:4 MUX/DMUX	3x	2x
4X PIN/TIA ROSA + Optical DMUX	1	PIN/TIA	4x*	1x
Total Cost	1	-	2.8x*	1x

*Today's 40G component cost is dominated by the package, low yield due to older process technology, and low volume production,. Also, suppliers are targeting long-haul DWDM specs, which have more challenging specs than Ethernet requires.

With the availability of low cost package, faster process, and higher volume of Ethernet the cost for 40G optics and Serdes will be significantly reduced. Beyond 2011, 40G components will continue to reduce in cost, while CWDM components will flatten.

The same trend was evidenced in the 10G deployment.

40GBASE-LR transmit characteristics

Description	40GBASE-LR	Unit
Signaling speed (nominal)	41.25	GBd
Signaling speed variation from nominal (max)	±100	ppm
Center wavelength (range) ⁽¹⁾	1300 - 1324	nm
Side mode suppression ratio (min)	35	dB
Average launch power (max) ^{(1), (2)}	4	dBm
Average launch power ^{(1), (3)} (min)	TBD	
Launch Power (min) in OMA minus Tx penalty ^{(1), (4)}	2.4	dBm
Optical Modulation Amplitude ⁽⁵⁾ (min)	TBD	dBm
Tx Penalty ⁽⁴⁾ (max)	TBD	dB
Average launch power of OFF transmitter ⁽⁶⁾ (max)	-30	dBm
Extinction ratio (min)	6	dB
RIN ₁₂ OMA (max)	-132	dB/Hz
Optical Return Loss Tolerance (max)	12	dB
Transmitter Reflectance ⁽⁷⁾ (max)	-12	dB
Transmitter eye mask definition	TBD	

40GBASE-LR transmit characteristics (notes)

- (1) For further study
- (2) Limited by eye safety
- (3) Informative
- (4) Tx penalty may be TDP, TWDP, and may combine other Tx parameters
- (5) Even if Tx penalty < 1 , the OMA (min) must exceed this value
- (6) Examples of an OFF transmitter are: no power supplied to the PMD, laser shutdown for safety conditions.
- (7) Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.

40GBASE-LR receive characteristics

Description	40GBASE-LR	Unit
Signaling speed (nominal)	41.25	GBd
Signaling speed variation from nominal (max)	± 100	ppm
Center wavelength ⁽¹⁾ (range)	1300 - 1324	nm
Average receiver power ⁽²⁾ (max)	TBD	dBm
Average receive power ^{(3), (4)} (min)	TBD	dBm
Receiver sensitivity (max) in OMA ⁽¹⁾	-6.3	dBm
Receiver reflectance (max)	-12	dB
Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA (max)	TBD	dBm
- Vertical eye closure penalty (target)	TBD	dB
- Stressed eye jitter (target)	TBD	UI pk-pk
TP4 jitter allocation	TBD	UI

- (1) For further study
- (2) The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having a power level equal to the Average Receive Power (max) plus at least 1dB.
- (3) Informative
- (4) For further study; depends on connector loss

40GBASE-LR link power budget

Parameter	40GBASE-LR	Unit
Power budget ⁽¹⁾	8.7	dB
Operating distance	10	km
Channel insertion loss ⁽¹⁾	6.2	dB
Allocation for penalties	TBD	dB
Additional insertion loss allowed	TBD	dB

(1) For further study

Summary

- 802.3ba adoption of the 40GbE Serial PMD for 10Km SMF will:
 - Accelerate the development of low cost optics and serdes
 - Bypass a CWDM standard/product, eliminating:
 - An entire standardization cycle
 - An entire product development cycle
 - An entire product qualification cycle
 - It will do so with:
 - No schedule delay
 - Lower power than CWDM modules
 - Lower cost than CWDM about the time of volume demand
 - Accelerate the deployment of high volume 40Gb Ethernet