C/ <b>00</b>	SC 0	P 235	L1	# 51
Dawe, Pier	S	Independent		

### Comment Type T Comment Status R

After recent changes to the electrical spec including crosstalk limits, it's time to revisit the error propagation analysis, which has been done with example (not limit) KR error propagation statistics but not for CRn. Remember that unlike KR, CRn is for multi-vendor use, not just for closed systems

### SuggestedRemedy

Using the current draft spec, between now and January find out what the error propagation statistics of CRn could be, then work out the MTTFPA. If it isn't adequate, fix the issue. (There may be several ways to fix it, e.g. tightening the hi\_ber rules.)

Note that "adequate" must be VERY good indeed. A packet falsely accepted is a much more serious issue than a dropped packet.

#### Response Response Status C

REJECT. The analysis of crosstalk has changed from limit based to integrated noise. The CRn channel insertion has decreased aligning it closer to KR. In summary, it's not necessary to revisit the error propagation analysis, as KR error propagation statistics still apply. Please see gustlin\_04\_0509 CR4/CR10 MTTFPA.

CI <b>00</b>	SC 0	P 383	L <b>6</b>	# 49
Dawe, Piers	5	Independent		

### Comment Type T Comment Status R

Following up D2.1 comment 159 and D2.2 comment 82: we should not call part of the receiver a "transmitter" or part of the transmitter a "receiver".

According to 83.3, a PMA has TX and RX directions, each of which has an input and an output. nAUI is intended to connect PMAs, e.g. one in the host and one in a module. Therefore nAUI must connect a (host) TX (transmitter) output to a (module) transmitter input, and a (module) RX (receiver) output to a (host) receiver input. 83B used to use, and 86A uses, the terms host output, module input, module output, host input, according to resolution of D2.0 comment 470:

'ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Need to avoid using "receive" or "receiver" on the transmit path (down the stack, PMA to MDI) or "transmit" or "transmitter" on the receive path (up the stack, MDI to PMA).

Change names using the terms host, module, input and output. For example, in the caption of Table 86-6 change "PPI electrical transmit signal output specifications at TP1a" to "nPPI host electrical output specifications at TP1a" '

This is compatible with 83 and the rest of 802.3ba except 83A and now 83B. But Figure 83A-2 shows two "Transmitter"s and two "Receiver"s, one for each direction. This isn't compatible terminology.

If we were not trying to move to Sponsor ballot this would be a TR.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change "Transmitter" to "output", "Transmit Compliance Point" to "output compliance point", "Receiver" to "input", and "Receiver Compliance Points" and "Receive Compliance Point" to "input compliance point", throughout 83A.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The commentor has not provided a sufficiently complete proposal. Commenter is invited to submit a refined proposal in sponsor ballot.

CI 00 SC 0

C/ <b>00</b> SC <b>0</b> Dawe, Piers	P <b>396</b> Independent	L <b>40</b>	# 50	C/ 01 Dawe, Piers	SC 1.5	P 27 Independent	L <b>32</b>	# 52
Comment Type <b>T</b> Figure 83B-3 has been	Comment Status R messed up. It shows two path both paths went from a driver	is: Tx from righ	nt to left and Rx from	Comment Ty LSB and	,	Comment Status R denote proper names. This was	nearly right in a	an earlier draft.
going from transmitter to the receive path "transm response to D2.0 comm	o receiver. Calling part of the nitter" is bad, and not consiste nent 470.	transmit path " nt with Clause	receiver" and part of 83 or 86A. See		-	nificant Bit" to "least significant bit" ".	, change "Mos	t Significant Bit" to
the receive side. "Response" to D2.0 con	ot have this problem because i nment 82 does not answer the	comment.		Response REJEC <sup>-</sup>	г.	Response Status C		
If we were not trying to SuggestedRemedy	o move to Sponsor ballot this	would be a TR.		This cor	nment is ma	ade against unchanged text and th	nerefore out of	scope for this ballot.
Change transmitter or tr	ansmit back to to output, char	nge receiver (b	ack) to input,	The cap	italization of	f MSB, LSB was changed as per r	esolution to co	mment #668 in D2.
throughout 83B. Response REJECT.	Response Status C					gnizes that the change suggested editor to resubmit this comment ag		
See comment#49								
C/ <b>01</b> SC <b>1.3</b> Kolesar, Paul	P 25 CommScope	L <b>45</b>	# 1					
Comment Type ER TIA published the "OM4 note tracking its progres	Comment Status A fiber" standard, TIA 492AAAI ss.	D, eliminating t	he need for the Editor's					
SuggestedRemedy Delete lines 45 and 46,	the Editor's note to be remove	d prior to publi	cation.					
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C							
The document TIA-492/ not needed. Remove th	AAAD has been published as one Editor's note.	of Oct, 2009. \$	So this Editor's note is					

C/ 01 SC 1.5

CI 82	SC 82.2.17	P181	L <b>40</b>	# 53
Dawe, Pier	s	Independent		

### Comment Type T Comment Status R

Following up on D2.2 comment 69, "There are two error counting mechanisms that can be used on 64B/66B signals: errored blocks and BIP errors... We should be unambiguous which is meant by BER for the purposes of compliance. As the errored block counter is not very good in service at marginal and good BERs, we expect in-service monitoring to use BIP (that's why it was introduced). It is HIGHLY desirable that the same definition of BER apply in compliance testing with the scrambled idle signal as in service."

Also it seems that the 82.2.17 Test-pattern checker will typically count 2 for an isolated error while the 82.2.14 BIP checker will count 1.

Note that any change to the PCS operation would be a simplification, and option 1 below makes no change.

### SuggestedRemedy

Option 1: no chnage to silicon: Add text to 82.2.17 line 33 "However, the BIP error count according to 82.2.14 is the preferred measure for BER."

Option 2: To bring the definition of BER in scrambled idle test pattern mode in line with the expected de-facto definition of errors in service, it would be desirable to change: "When operating in scrambled idle test pattern, the test-pattern error counter counts blocks with a mismatch. Any mismatch indicates an error and shall increment the test-pattern

error counter." to

Response

"When operating in scrambled idle test pattern, the test-pattern error counter counts BIP errors according to 82.2.14.".

There may be consequential changes to wording in Clause 45.

Response Status C

### REJECT.

It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.

The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.

The per pcs lane BIP counters do operate in test pattern mode, and the test pattern error counting that is specified in the draft is consistent with clause 49, so with the draft as is allows a user to choose to look at the BIP or test pattern error counter.

CI 83	SC 83.5.10	P <b>213</b>	L 23	# 54	
Dawe, Piers		Independent			

### Comment Type **T** Comment Status **D**

Following up on D2.2 comment 79. Objection 1 cited anslow\_05\_0709, which showed that with 32 UI offset between lanes, the peak baseline wander was about 50% more than for a single PRBS31. Now that the minimum offset has been increased to 20,000 UI (D2.2 comment 75), I believe that this issue and objection 2 "it can be shown that it is not unduly onerous" have been addressed. (But I haven't absolutely proved by simulation that objection 1 is overcome.) As to the last objection, "other mechanisms (e.g., scrambled idle test pattern, BIP) are available for multi-sublayer testing": these don't work with factory-standard PRBS31-based test equipment; that's why we have a PRBS31 feature.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change "on each of the lanes" to "on each of the PCS lanes" here and at line 32. Change "one lane and any other lane" to "one PCS lane and any other PCS lane" In the paragraphs beginning line 40 and top of page 214, change "lane" or "lanes" to "PCS lane" or PCS lanes". Change "Ln9\_PRBS\_TX\_test\_err\_counter count" to "Ln19 PRBS TX test err counter count".

Delete "Note that bit multiplexing of per-lane PRBS31 may produce a signal which is not meaningful for downstream sublayers."

Provide 20 PRBS31 error counters in each direction, one per PCS lane. Add informative NOTE explaining that a 10G, 20G or 40G PRBS31 contains PCS lanes with PRBS31s with much more than 20,000 UI offset.

Another solution which would take a few more words would be to mandate generation by 10G lanes and checking by PCS lanes. Although for 40G, because we have a binary series of lane speeds, generating per PMA lane (whatever that is) and checking per (10G) PCS lane is ideal.

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Per analysis anslow\_01\_1109.pdf as updated in the meeting bit-interleaved PRBS31 signals with an offset of at least 20000 bits produces a pattern which, in terms of clock content is significantly less stressful than either serial PRBS31 or scrambled idles, and is also less stressful than PRBS31 in terms of baseline wander.

CI 83 SC 83.5.10 Page 3 of 23 11/18/2009 2:08:05 PM

CI 83	SC 83.5.10	P <b>213</b>	L 25	# 60	C/ 83A	SC 8	33A.2.1	P <b>377</b>	L 23	# 5
Dawe, Pie	rs	Independent			Petrilla, Jo	าท		Avago Techno	logies	
Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status R			Comment	Туре	т	Comment Status R		
randoi	m number generator	e random is not a good idea and very difficult or impos nt, and at least here there i	sible to test for	However,	for 85 there a	it's from	0.05 GHz technical	insertion loss in 83A & 83B to 11.1 GHz and for 86A it's reasons for the differences	s from 0.01 GH in the low frequ	z to 11.1 GHz. Unless lency range limit, these
Suggested	dRemedy							nce scrambled data has sig insertion loss frequency rate		
		t, random seeds" to "from						d loss of low frequency cont		
		ecommendation for a mini			Suggested	Remed	У			
randoi			use pecado i				,	A-1, 83A-2, 83A-9, 83B-1, 8	, ,	
Response	F F	Response Status <b>C</b>			86A-6,	86A-7,	86A-15 &	86A-16 change the lower lin	nit of the freque	ency range to 0.01 GHz.
REJE	CT.				Response			Response Status C		
The p	repead remody cou	ld lead to error if a designe	r agage the wor	de "necudo rendom"	REJEC	CT.				
portion betwee Severa	ns of the PRBS31 se en lanes. al other proposed wo	1 generator itself to create equence used as seeds wo ordings proposed by the co d be difficult to understand	uld not provide mmenter were	the desired offset considered, and all had	comple betwee sugges	ete rega en Draft sted cha	rding the s 2.2 and Di ange, wher	that the Draft 2.3 is technic tated frequency ranges non raft 2.3. The task force reco e applicable, might be consi esubmit this comment again	e of which had gnizes that you dered an impro	changed r
origina	,			no had not seen the	CI 83A	SC 8	33A.3.3	P 379	L <b>40</b>	# 20
C/ 83A	SC 83A.1	P376	L16	# 4	Ghiasi, Ali			Broadcom		
Petrilla, Jo	bhn	Avago Technol	ogies		Comment		TR	Comment Status D		
Comment	Type E	Comment Status R			Eye m	ask defi	ined at BEI	R 1E-12 is not practical and	often not meas	sured
		of XLAUI/CAUI is NRZ er	coding.		Suggested	Remed	У			
Suggested	dRemedy		-		We sh	ould co	nsider defir	ning eye mask at a BER who	ere sampling so	cope can be used
	-	ding.' to the characteristics	s list or combin	e with item f.	Proposed	•	se	Response Status Z		
Response	F	Response Status <b>C</b>			REJEC	CT.				
REJE					This co	omment	was WITH	IDRAWN by the commente	r.	
NRZ is	s implied throughout	the document								
It is no	oted that Draft 2.3 is	technically correct and cor	nplete.							
		de against unchanged tex	t and therefore	out of scope for this						
The al ballot.										

C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3

C/ 83A     SC 83A.3.3     P 379     L 46     # 6       Petrilla, John     Avago Technologies	C/         83A         SC         83A.3.3.1         P 380         L 14         # 57           Dawe, Piers         Independent         Independent
Comment Type       E       Comment Status       R         In table 83A-1, note a, "Rise/Fall time measurement methodology defined in 83A.3.3.2", is redundant with the entry, "83A.3.3.2", in the Subclause Reference column and can be deleted.	Comment Type         E         Comment Status         R           Draft says "See Figure 83A-5 for definition of de-emphasis" yet Figure 83A-5 does not define "de-emphasis": Equation 83A-3 does, as stated two sentences earlier. Also, should not put whole sentences in figures, especially if normative. That's what text is for.
SuggestedRemedy         In table 83A-1, delete note "a Rise/Fall time measurement methodology defined in 83A.3.3.2".         Response       Response Status         C         REJECT.	SuggestedRemedy Change to: "See Figure 83A-5 for an illustration of absolute driver output voltage limits, and definition of differential peak-to-peak amplitude. SLi <p> and SLi<n> are the positive and negative sides of the differential signal pair for lane i (i = 0, 1, 2, 3 for XLAUI. For CAUI i = 0:9)." Remove the sentence in square brackets from Figure 83A-5.</n></p>
It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.	Response       Response Status       C         REJECT.       It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot
The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response: proposed accept	The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response: proposed aip: change to: See Figure 83A-5 for an illustration of absolute driver output voltage limits, definition of differential peak to-

peak amplitude, and definition of the parameters used to calculate de-emphasis

Figure 83A-5 style is consistent with Figure 47-3

C/ 83A	SC 83A.3.3.1	P 380	L15	# 55
Dawe, Pier	s	Independent		

### Comment Type T Comment Status R

As stated in D2.0 comment 84, de-emphasis means a relative attenuation of the higher frequencies, as in "Dolby noise reduction is a form of dynamic preemphasis employed during recording, plus a form of dynamic deemphasis used during playback". Or according to the ANSI standard "ATIS Telecom Glossary 2007", deemphasis is "In FM transmission, the process of restoring (after detection) the amplitude-vs.-frequency characteristics of the signal." So de-emphasis is the opposite of what's happening here, which is "preemphasis

A system process designed to increase, within a band of frequencies, the magnitude of some (usually higher) frequencies with respect to the magnitude of other (usually lower) frequencies, in order to improve the overall signal-to-noise ratio by minimizing the adverse effects of such phenomena as attenuation differences, or saturation of recording media, in subsequent parts of the system. Note: Preemphasis has applications, for example, in audio recording and FM transmission.".

An implementation might achieve emphasis by a subtractive method, and the implementer might call his method what he wants. However, that's implementation. Viewed from the outside, pre-emphasis is a relative boosting of the higher frequencies and de-emphasis is its opposite.

Response to comment 84 gives no evidence.

If we were not trying to move to Sponsor ballot this would be a TR.

### SuggestedRemedy

We don't need to argue about de- versus pre-: just change "de-emphasis" to "emphasis" throughout.

Response

Response Status C

REJECT.

Figure 83A–5—Driver output voltage limits and definitions provides illustration of deemphasis as it applies to the usage in this clause. Therefore the document is self consistent.

CI 83A	SC 83A.3.3.1	P 380	L <b>21</b>	# 56
Dawe, Piers		Independent		

### Comment Type **T** Comment Status **D**

As requested in D2.0 comment 84, "Vtx-demph" should be replaced with "VMA" throughout 83A and 83B.

"Vtx-demph" is a bad metric for four reasons:

If using a sampling scope, a measurement at a point in time is slower than a measurement over a time window.

A measurement at a point in time is degraded by signal and instrument noise (hence needs averaging, which makes the measurement even slower).

A measurement at a point in time is degraded by waveform roughness caused by e.g. reflections (averaging over repeated measurements doesn't fix this).

This metric does the same job as the already well-established VMA, so it adds clutter for no benefit.

Also, draft says "Amplitude measurements are... taken at the center of the respective UI" yet Figure 83A-5 implies that "Maximum absolute output", "Minimum absolute output" and "Differential peak-to-peak amplitude" are taken from the extremes of the waveform irrespective of the UI.

Also, the number of waveforms to average is not a proper item of specification: measurement accuracy is something for the implementer to trade off against guard-bands and other cost considerations.

If we were not trying to move to Sponsor ballot this would be a TR.

### SuggestedRemedy

At line 10, replace "Amplitude measurements are taken using an average of at least 16 waveforms and taken at the center of the respective UI using a square wave test pattern as defined in 83.5.10."

with either:

"Differential peak-to-peak amplitude is defined by an average over the central 20% of the first UI of each half of the square wave test pattern defined in 83.5.10. VMA is defined in 86A.5.3.5." if the UI matters,

or:

"VMA is defined in 86A.5.3.5." if the UI doesn't matter for differential peak-to-peak amplitude, as in Figure 83A-5.

Replace "Vtx-demph" with "VMA" throughout.

If we want to give guidance on averaging, add "NOTE--It is recommended that at least 16 waveforms be averaged for an emphasis measurement."

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Page 6 of 23 11/18/2009 2:08:06 PM

C/83A SC 83A.3.3.4 P382 L18 # 8	C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4 P L # 10
Petrilla, John Avago Technologies	Petrilla, John Avago Technologies
Comment Type E Comment Status A Typo: "frequency" should be "frequency"	Comment Type E Comment Status A Inconsistent use of hyphenation appears in 83a with the term, 'differential-to-common' -
SuggestedRemedy Change "freqyency" to "frequency".	sometimes the hyphenation is used and sometimes not. See for example, lines 28 to 30, "Differential- to-common mode input return loss is given in Equation (83A-8) and is illustrated in Figure 83A-11. Differential to common mode input return loss". For
Response Response Status C ACCEPT.	consistency, replacing the hyphens with spaces is recommended. In 83a, there are 4 instances.
	SuggestedRemedy
This is not expected to be considered a substantive change because fixing a typo is generally not considered a substantive change.	Change from "Differential-to-common" to "Differential to common" on pages 383, 385 (2 instances) and 386.
C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3.4 P382 L3 # 7	Response Response Status C
Petrilla, John Avago Technologies	ACCEPT.
Comment Type E Comment Status R	See suggested remedy
In the first sentence, the phrase, "For frequencies from 10 MHz to 11.1 GHz,", is redundant with the content of eq. 83A-6 and should be deleted.	This is not considered a substantive change because removing hyphens in exchange for
SuggestedRemedy	spaces is generally not considered a substantive change.
Change from, "For frequencies from 10 MHz to 11.1 GHz, common mode output return loss" to "Common mode output return loss"	C/         83A         SC         83A.3.4         P 383         L 47         # 21           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom
Response Response Status C REJECT.	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Eye mask defined at BER 1E-12 is not practical and often not measured
It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.	SuggestedRemedy We should consider defining eye mask at a BER where sampling scope can be used
The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot	Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT.
The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response: proposed accept	This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4

C/ 83A SC 83A.: Petrilla, John	3.4.3 P 384 Avago Tech	L <b>37</b> Inologies	# 9	C/ 83A S Petrilla, John	SC 83A.5.1	P <b>389</b> Avago Techno	L <b>12</b> logies	# 12
omment Type E	Comment Status R			Comment Type	e T	Comment Status R		
	equencies from 10 MHz to 11.7 Ild be deleted.	1 GHz, ", is redund	dant with the content of	The text st Should no	tates., "The data t either pattern 3	pattern for jitter measure , pattern 5 (see table 86-1	ments shall be t 1) or valid traffi	est pattern PRBS31.". c be acceptable? See
uggestedRemedy						3b.2.3 page 404 line 7.		
	frequencies from 10 MHz to 11	.1 GHz, differenti	al input return loss" to	SuggestedRer	•			
"Differential input r						attern for jitter measureme Table 86-11, or valid XLAU		
Response	Response Status C				, ,	apply in 83a.5.2 line 32 an	0	,
REJECT.				Response	F	Response Status C		
It is noted that Dra	ft 2.3 is technically correct and	complete.		REJECT.				
The above comme	nt is made against unchanged	text and therefore	out of scope for this					
ballot	ni is made against unchanged							
The real f	and the fifth of the	and the last sector		It is noted	that Draft 2.3 is	technically correct and co	mplete.	
	ognizes that the change sugges or to resubmit this comment aga sed response:			The above ballot.	e comment is ma	de against unchanged te	t and therefore	out of scope for this
					0	that the change suggeste		
C/83A SC 83A.4		L <b>42</b>	# 11		the editor to res ng proposed res	ubmit this comment again	st draft D3.0. Th	ne editor shall provide
etrilla, John	Avago Tech	inologies			ng proposed les	polise.		
Comment Type E	Comment Status R			PAIP				
	UI/CAUI is primarily intended a m between integrated circuits .			Resolve co 83A.5:	omment to ensu	re consistancy between 83	BA and 83B	
"The XLAUI/CAUI	allows interconnect distances o e connector" and can be lead to	f approximately 2		Change fro	om, "The data pa	attern for jitter measureme	nts shall be tes	t pattern PRBS31."
SuggestedRemedy				To: "The deta	nottorn for littor	magauramanta aball ba ta	ot pottorn DDD	221 (000 82 E 10) or
Change from, "The	XLAUI/CAUI is primarily intendent of the second structure of the second struct		point interface of up to	"The data pattern for jitter measurements shall be test pattern PRBS31 (see 83.5.10) or scrambled idle (see 82.2.10)."				
	-			Change fro	om, "A PRBS31	pattern shall be used for e	evaluating XLAL	II/CAUI jitter tolerance.
	s primarily intended as a point- e connector between integrated		of up to approximately	to				
Response	Response Status C					.5.10) or scrambled idle (s	see 82.2.10) sha	all be used for
REJECT.				evaluating	XLAUI/CAUI jitt	er tolerance.		
	ft 2.3 is technically correct and	complete.		Add PICS	for Jitter Tolerar	nce Pattern		
The above comme	nt is made against unchanged	text and therefore	out of scope for this	83B.2.3 al	ready has the fo	llowing:		
ballot.	-		·		nmended pattern 10) or PRBS31 (	for evaluating XLAUI/CA	JI jitter toleranc	e is scrambled idle,

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	C/ 83A	Page 8 of 23
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line		SC 83A.5.1	11/18/2009 2:08:06 PM

# IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

C/ 83A SC 83A.5.1 Petrilla, John	P <b>389</b> Avago Techn	L16	# 13	<i>Cl</i> 83A Ghiasi, Ali	SC 83A		P <b>389</b> oadcom	L 37	# 22
Comment Type E	Comment Status R	0.09.00		Comment	Type <b>T</b> I				
	UI channels shall be active	during transmit ji	ter			3 not implemented repl		race stress"	
the term 'channel' where	nannel-channel crosstalk is i e the term 'lane' is more app of XLAUI form one channel.	propriate. For exa	ample, in 802.3ba	Suggested with "F Proposed 1	requency [	Dependent Attenuator			
uggestedRemedy				REJE		Response Stat	us Z		
testing to ensure any ch XLAUI/CAUI lanes shall	II/CAUI channels shall be a annel-channel crosstalk is i be active during transmit jit	ncluded in the jitt	er evaluation." to "All	This co	omment wa	as WITHDRAWN by the			
testing to ensure any la in 83a.5.2 line 31 and 8	ne-lane crosstalk is included 3b.2.3 page 404 line 6.	in the jitter evalu	uation." Repeat/apply	<i>CI</i> 83B Dawe, Pier	SC 83B s		P <b>396</b> dependent	L <b>7</b>	# 59
esponse	Response Status C			Comment	Гуре Е	Comment Sta	tus A		
REJECT.						Figure 83B-1, 2, 4, 6, 8 ause the charts have be			be smaller than 8 pt).
It is noted that the Draft	2.3 is technically correct an	id complete.		Suggested	Remedy				
	es that the change suggeste			Please	-				
mandates the editor to r the following proposed r accept	esubmit this comment again esponse:	nst draft D3.0. Tr	e editor shall provide	Response ACCE	PT.	Response Stat	us <b>C</b>		
/ 83A SC 83A.5.2 etrilla, John	P <b>389</b> Avago Techn	L 30 ologies	# 3	-		changing figure size -Fi	-		
omment Type E Please spell out +.	Comment Status R					ed to be considered a sidered a sidered a substantive c		change becaus	e fixing chart size is
·				C/ 83B	SC 83B	.1	P <b>397</b>	L <b>7</b>	# 58
uggestedRemedy Change "itter of the	filter stress + limiter and rar	dom iitter " to '	iitter of the filter	Dawe, Pier	s	Inc	dependent		
stress plus limiter and ra				Comment		Comment Sta			
esponse REJECT.	Response Status C					now support 0.87 dB co 00ths of dB (0.2%).	onnector los	ss, 83B should a	it least match it. But no
					e 0.5 to 0.9	here and in Figure 83 e loss budget the same		der reducing the	host insertion loss by
	2.3 is technically correct an made against unchanged te		out of scope for this	Response REJE(	·	Response Stat			
The task force recogniz	es that the change suggeste resubmit this comment again response:			Retime	ed & non-re	timed interfaces do no k budgeting if 83B char			3A provides additional
	d ER/editorial required GR/ patched A/accepted R/reje ubclause, page, line				d U/unsa	tisfied Z/withdrawn	CI 83 SC 83		Page 9 of 23 11/18/2009 2:08:06

### IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

C/         83B         SC         83B.2         P 404         L 13           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom		<i>Cl</i> <b>83B</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 83B.2.1	-	2 <b>401</b> adcom	L <b>47</b>	# 23
Comment Type TR Comment Status D Comment on D2.3 not implemented replace "PCB trace stress"		Comment Typ Eye masł		Comment Statu ER 1E-12 is not pr		often not meas	ured
SuggestedRemedy with "Frequency Dependent Attenuator"		SuggestedRe We shoul	-	fining eye mask at	a BER wh	ere sampling sc	ope can be used
Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT.		Proposed Res REJECT.	,	Response Statu	is <b>Z</b>		
This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.		This com	ment was WIT	THDRAWN by the	commente	r.	
C/ 83B SC 83B.2.1 P400 L1	# <u>1</u> 4	C/ 83B	SC 83B.2.2	F	<sup>2</sup> 402	L13	# <u>1</u> 5
Petrilla, John Avago Technologies		Petrilla, John		Ava	ago Techno	ologies	
Comment Type T Comment Status R		Comment Typ	be E	Comment Statu	10 <b>A</b>		
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the mo	odule.", could be	The refer	ence to Table	83B-3 in "Table 83	3B-3 also li	sts the equivale	nt test points for the
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and m signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv livalent test points	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL	nt test points for the PPI/CPPI" to "Table
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and me signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on receiver on the other, the terms Tx path(s) and Rx path(s) can be confusion	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als Response	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a so lists the equ	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL	·
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and m signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a ng.	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als Response ACCEPT This is no	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a so lists the equ ot considered a	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv ivalent test points <i>Response Statu</i> a substantive chan	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL PPI/CPPI".	PPI/CPPI" to "Table
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and me signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on receiver on the other, the terms Tx path(s) and Rx path(s) can be confusin <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Change "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the mo	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a ng.	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als Response ACCEPT This is no	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a so lists the equ	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv ivalent test points <i>Response Statu</i> a substantive chan	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL PPI/CPPI".	PPI/CPPI" to "Table
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and me signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on receiver on the other, the terms Tx path(s) and Rx path(s) can be confusin SuggestedRemedy Change "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the mo coupling for Rx inputs shall be located in the module." Response Response Status <b>C</b>	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a ng. odule." to "AC	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als Response ACCEPT This is no	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a so lists the equ ot considered a	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv ivalent test points <i>Response Statu</i> a substantive chan	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL PPI/CPPI".	PPI/CPPI" to "Table
The text, "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the me interpreted as requiring AC coupling means in both the Tx output and Rx in be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5, page 386, line 29, "AC-coupling is considered receiver for the purposes of this specification unless explicitly stated other coupling means on both ends of a path seem to serve little purpose and m signal performance. Further, since each lane or path has a transmitter on receiver on the other, the terms Tx path(s) and Rx path(s) can be confusin <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Change "AC coupling for both TX and RX paths shall be located in the mo coupling for Rx inputs shall be located in the module." <i>Response</i> REJECT.	odule.", could be inputs. This may d to be part of the rwise." AC nay likely degrade one end and a ng. odule." to "AC	The refer XLPPI/CF SuggestedRe Change, 83B-4 als Response ACCEPT This is no	ence to Table PPI" seems int emedy "Table 83B-3 a so lists the equ ot considered a	83B-3 in "Table 83 tended for Table 8 also lists the equiv ivalent test points <i>Response Statu</i> a substantive chan	3B-3 also li 3B-4. alent test p for the XLF	ooints for the XL PPI/CPPI".	PPI/CPPI" to "Table

C/ 83B SC 83B.2.2

### IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

C/     83B     SC     83B.2.3     P 403     L 50     # 16       Petrilla, John     Avago Technologies	C/         85         SC         85.10.10.3         P 259         L 42         # 65           Dawe, Piers         Independent
Comment Type       E       Comment Status       R         Random jitter is not usually specifed as peak-to-peak but either as RMS or for a given BER.         SuggestedRemedy         Change, " and 0.15 UI peak-to-peak random jitter" to "and 0.15 UI random jitter for BER         = 1E-12".         Response       Response Status         C         REJECT.	Comment Type       T       Comment Status       R         Repeating D2.2 comment 65:       Draft says "Multiple Disturber Near-End Crosstalk (MDNEXT) loss is specified as the power sum of the individual NEXT losses." and "MDNEXT loss is determined by summing the power of the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential         NEXT loss values". These statements are not correct: MDNEXT is the power sum of the individual NEXTs, but as equation 85-26 shows, "MDNEXT loss" is the inverse of the power sum of the individual INEXTs, but as equation 85-26 shows, "MDNEXT loss" is the inverse of the power sum of the individual NEXT losses would be dominated by the weakest NEXT, which is not what we want.
It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and	SuggestedRemedy My preferred solution is change "NEXT loss" to "NEXT" and "MDNEXT loss" to "MDNEXT",
mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide	and flip the signs. This brings the signs in line with CEI, SFP+, CXP.
the following proposed response:	Response Response Status C
proposed AIP	REJECT.
Considered a technical comment. Change, " and 0.15 UI peak-to-peak random jitter" to "and 0.15 UI peak-to-peak random jitter at BER = 1E-12". Insert the following sentence to 83A.5: Jitter values are specified at BER 10-12.	It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The task force recognizes that the change suggested would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response.
	PAIP
	Change "MDNEXT loss is determined by summing the power of the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)."

To: "MDNEXT loss is determined from the the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)."

C/ 85 SC 85.10.10.3

### IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

Cl         85         SC 85.10.10.3         P 270         L 32         # 64           Dawe, Piers         Independent	C/ 85 SC 85.10.2 P 256 L 30 # 62 Dawe, Piers Independent
Comment Type       E       Comment Status       R         Inconsistent notation: here we have MDNEXT subscript loss while previously in 85 we had Insertion_loss, IL, Return_loss. 85A uses IL a lot.       SuggestedRemedy         My preferred solution is to use simply "MDNEXT" to and flip the sign, and replace Insertion_loss and IL with SDD21 (and flip the sign), in line with CEI, SFP+ and CXP.         Response       Response Status         C       REJECT.	Comment Type         E         Comment Status         A           It is not clear in 85.10.2 what the vector IL is. It might be (P_incident-P_out)/P_incident, aligning with the English meaning of loss ("a person or thing or an amount that is lost: the power diminution of a circuit or circuit element corresponding to conversion of electrical energy into heat by resistance"           It might be 10 log10(P_out/P_incident) as in CEI-28G.           It might be P_incident/P_out or  V_incident]/ V_out  or  V_out / V_incident].           It might be 10 log10(P_incident/P_out).           But the equations do not say dB.           The reader can't tell if an "algebraic" or "geometric" fit is intended.
It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The task force recognizes that the change suggested would be an	SuggestedRemedy At least make clear whether IL is supposed to be in dB or not.
improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0.	Response Response Status C
The editor shall provide the following proposed response: PAIP	ACCEPT.
Use MDNEXT_loss in eq(85-26) and line 3 Pg 230. Use MDFEXT_loss in eq(85-27) and line 23 page 230.	Add dB to equation (85-19).
	This is the log of the ratio of two powers, and therefore it is in dB, and the unit for maximum insertion loss is already defined as being in dB in Table 85-8.
	This is not considered a substantive change because it provides clarification of a parameter in the equation i.e., adding explicit units.
	Cl 85 SC 85.10.3 P258 L6 # 61

Dawe, Piers

Response

REJECT.

stated.

Comment Type E

at 5.15625 GHz." SuggestedRemedy

CI 85 SC 85.10.3

Independent

Here we have IL(f), 85.10.2 says "IL is a column vector of the measured insertion loss values, ILn", while 85.10.7 says "IL is the value of the cable assembly insertion loss in dB

It would be better to use a different symbol for the "insertion loss" as a function of

The usage of IL is clear in context of usage i.e., as vector or at a given frequency f as

Comment Status R

Response Status C

frequency and for the "insertion loss" at a spot frequency.

C/ 85 SC 85.10.4 Ghiasi, Ali	P <b>259</b> Broadcom	L <b>20</b>	# 38	C/ <b>85</b> Dawe, Piers	SC 85.10.	7	P 260 Independent	L <b>46</b>	# 66
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D			Comment Ty	pe E	Comment	Status R		
ignore this critical aspe SuggestedRemedy	n mode return loss as well as ct of system node definition per CL86, see <i>Response Status</i> <b>Z</b>		o control EMI, but CL 85	and fall t Is what f the style Other ed	ime Tft" me ollows "Note guide allow itorial issue e equation	ean? e that" a NOTE, vs it, it's ambiguc es.	,	nd not part of the avoided.	o the 20% to 80% rise ne standard? Although nsistent (needs
REJECT.				SuggestedR	emedy				
This comment was WI	THDRAWN by the commente	r.		frequenc Change "where th Note tha inversely constant reference to "where fnt is i fft is ir fft is and th fnt= 2 fft= 23	y fn are giv ne equation t the 3 dB tr proportion of proportio e receiver b n GHz and i GHz and i reference r e other equ 36.5 / Tnt 6.5 / Tft	ren by" (or add "h parameters are ransmit filter ban al to the 20% to onality is 0.2365 bandwidth which is given by Equa s given by Equa ecciver 3 dB ban jation parameter (85-new (85-new)	80% rise and fall (e.g. Tnt fnt = 0.: is set to 7.5 GHz ation 85-new1, tion 85-new2, ndwidth, is 7.5 Gl s are given in Ta v1) 2)	t and Wft). 5-10. Fast Fourier trar times Tnt and ' 2365). In additio ." Hz, ble 85-10.	nsform (FFT) are Tft respectively. The
				Response		Response	Status C		
				correct a improver PAIP Change: are inver The cons Tnt fnt = GHz. To: Note	d that the D nd complet nent and m or shall prov Note that th sely propor stant of prop 0.2365). In that -3 dB	andates the edit vide the following he 3 dB transmit tional to the 20% portionality is 0.2 addition, fr is th transmit filter ba	e recognizes that for to resubmit th g proposed respo filter bandwidths to 80% rise and 2365 (e.g. e 3 dB reference ndwidths fnt and	is comment againse: a fnt and Fast Fo I fall times Tnt a receiver bandw fft are inversely	ggested would be an inst draft D3.0. purier transform (FFT) and Tft respectively. ridth which is set to 7.5 proportional to the 20 roportionality is 0.2365
COMMENT STATUS: D/dis	ed ER/editorial required GR/g spatched A/accepted R/rejec				U/unsatisf	fied Z/withdrawr	C/ 85	40.7	Page 13 of 23

SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

SC 85.10.7 11/18/2009 2:08:06 PM

### IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

### WG 3rd recirculation ballot

(e.g. Tnt fnt = 0.2365) where fnt is in units of Hz and Tnt is in units of seconds. In addition, fr is the -3 dB reference receiver bandwidth which is set to 7.5 GHz.

<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.10.92	P <b>26</b> Broadd		_28	# 39
Comment 7 Missing		Comment Status			
Suggestedi Please	Remedy see 86A.5.1.1.2				
Response REJEC The co		Response Status demonstrated the ap		he suggest	ed common mode
In addit comme	tion, the commen ents from the 2nd	to sytem perfomano t is out of the scope recirculation ballot a 02.3 from IEEE P802	of the ballot i. nd substantiv		
C/ 85	SC 85.11.1.1	P <b>26</b>		.31	# 40
Ghiasi, Ali		Broado			
	an reorder lane bunnector. Connec		s specific SL#		to the each pin of the ompromise the signation
			R4 MDI conne	ector contac	ct assignment shall b
85-12.		gnment is acceptable			ent is shown in Table Rx lane pairs are not
Proposed F	•	Response Status	Z		

C/ 85 SC 85.11.1.2.1 P269 L 20 # 41 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

#### Comment Status D Comment Type **TR**

MLD can reorder lane but figure 85-13 shows specific SL# connected to the each pin of the MDI connector. Connecting lane 1 to lane one of the the MDI could compromise the signal integrity

### SuggestedRemedy

Current statement "The Style-2 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment shall be as defiend in Table 85-13."

to "Example Style-2 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment is shown in Table 85-13. Other wiring assignment is acceptable as long as Tx lane and Rx lane pairs are not broken and the polarity is maintained."

Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

CI 85	SC 85.11.2	P 269	L38	# 43
Ghiasi, Al	li	Broadcom		
Comment	t Type TR	Comment Status D		
IEC X	XXXXXXXX-XXX w	as suppose to be remvoed		
Suggeste	dRemedy			

Plesae remove place holders

Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 85 SC 85.11.2

Draft 2.3 Comments	8	IEEE P	802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and	d 100Gb/s	Ethernet con	nments	WG 3rd recirculation ballo		
<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> SC <b>85.11.3</b> Ghiasi, Ali	P 271 Broadcom	L <b>20</b>	# 42	<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.4	P <b>250</b> Broadcom	L 22	# 26	
MDI connector. Conne integrity	Comment Status <b>D</b> out Table 85-14 shows specific cting lane 1 to lane one of the			Suggested	14 2nd line uses				
defiend in Table 85-14. to "Example 100GBASI	E-CR10 MDI connector conta t is acceptable as long as Tx	ct assignment i	s shown in Table 85-14.		ggested remedy not expected to	Response Status <b>C</b> be considered a substantive	change as it a	ddresses consistency in	
Proposed Response REJECT.	Response Status Z			Cl 85 Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.4	P 250 Broadcom	L <b>35</b>	# 27	
This comment was WIT	HDRAWN by the commenter			Comment T It was a		Comment Status <b>D</b> e min insertion loss but not im	plemented		
C/ 85 SC 85.8.3 Ghiasi, Ali	P 244 Broadcom	L <b>48</b>	# 25	Suggested Please	-	and updated the fig so it look	s like Fig86A-1	1	
Comment Type <b>TR</b> ghiasi 98 comment D2. is worng!	Comment Status <b>D</b> 3 not implemented, DDJ test	method not pro	wided and the reference	Proposed F REJEC		Response Status Z			
SuggestedRemedy				This co	mment was WI	HDRAWN by the commenter	r.		
measured with PRBS9 DDJ=max(dt1, dt2,,d		.8.3 with followi ).	ing definition	C/ <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali Comment T Figure		P251 Broadcom Comment Status D se to be udpated, why are you	L 17 u avoiding solid	# 28	
section. Total Jitter Excluding D	DJ = TJ - DDJ			Suggested Please		comment per D2.3 agrement			
Proposed Response REJECT.	Response Status Z			Proposed F	Response	Response Status Z			
This comment was WIT	HDRAWN by the commenter	:		This co	mment was WI	HDRAWN by the commenter	r.		

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CI 85
SC 85.8.3.5
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Draft 2.3	Comments
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C/ 85 SC 85.8.3.5	5 P251`	L <b>20</b>	# 29	C/ 85	SC 85.8.3.6	P <b>251</b>	L <b>50</b>	# 31
Ghiasi, Ali	Broadcom			Ghiasi, Ali		Broadcom		
	Comment Status R itter test fixture on the left dotte		2/Tp3 test fixture. TP3	<i>Comment</i> It is no	51	Comment Status <b>D</b> neasure the IL, is it probed at p	bin?	
•	how could it be called transmit	ter test fixtrue!		Suggested	Remedy			
SuggestedRemedy				Since	the EQ is the sa	ime as CL86 it must be measu	ured with HCB	
Please repaice the fig	gure showing MCB-HCB mated	pair, you borro	v fig 86-3 but with CL85	Proposed	•	Response Status Z		
Response	Response Status C			REJE	J.			
REJECT.				This c	omment was W	THDRAWN by the commente	r.	
	aft 2.3 is technically correct and and the figure provides an illust			<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Dawe, Pie	SC 85.8.3.7	P <b>251</b> Independent	L <b>48</b>	# <u>6</u> 3
mandates the editor t the following propose	nizes that the change suggeste to resubmit this comment again d response:			not jus	effects of differer	Comment Status R nees should be accounted fo l. Compare text at 86A.5.1.1. o move to Sponsor ballot this v		needs to be required
proposed AIP Change:The test fixtu	re of Figure 85-5, or its function	nal equivalent. i	s required for	Suggested	Remedy			
measuring the transn in 85.8.3 at TP2 and To: The test fixture of Fig	hitter specifications TP3 with the exception of the re ure 85-5, or its functional equiv	eturn loss specif	ied in 85.8.3.6.	the ref "Any c inserti	erence insertior lifferences betwo on loss are acco	of differences between the inset loss should be accounted for een the insertion loss of an act bunted for in the measurement d 83B.2 (twice).	in the measure tual test fixture	ements." to
transmitter specificat in 85.8.3 at TP2 and return loss specified	the receiver specifications in 8	5.8.4 at TP3 wit	h the exception of the	Response REJE		Response Status C		
And, change title of fi	gure 85-3 to reflect text change	es.		It is no	oted that the Dra	ft 2.3 is technically correct and	d complete.	
C/ 85 SC 85.8.3.6 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type TR It is not clear how to	<i>P</i> 251 Broadcom <i>Comment Status</i> <b>D</b> measure the RL, is it probed at	L 38	# 30	manda the fol PAIP	ates the editor to lowing proposed	izes that the change suggester resubmit this comment again response: of differences between the inst	st draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
SuggestedRemedy	ame as CL86 it must be measu			To:"Th inserti	ne differences be on loss are to be	l loss should be accounted for etween the insertion loss of an e accounted for in the measure	actual test fixtu	
Proposed Response REJECT.	Response Status Z			Impler	nent change in 8	35.10.8 and 83B.2.		
This comment was W	/ITHDRAWN by the commente	r.						

Cl	85
SC	85.8.3.7

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C/ <b>85</b> SC <b>85.8.</b> 4 Ghiasi, Ali	.3 P 253 Broadcom	L <b>37</b>	# 32	C/ <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.	4.3	P <b>253</b> Broadcom	L <b>39</b>	# 33
Comment Type TR Flg 85-6 defines LL they are	Comment Status <b>R</b> T and PGC but you have to read	d the next sectior	n before you know what	<i>Comment T</i> Why is			nment Status <b>R</b> I and why n=4, 10,?		
suggestedRemedy	setup definition in the same sec	tion		SuggestedF Replace	-	cable with "C	CR4 or CR10 cable as	sembley"	
Response REJECT.	Response Status C			Response REJEC	т.	Resp	onse Status C		
	Draft 2.3 is technically correct an	d complete, as L	UT and PGC are			Draft 2.3 is f figure is corr	technically correct and rect.	complete, bec	cause existing
mandates the edito the following propose PAIP Add legend to Figu LUT = lane under to PGC = pattern gen	e 85-6. est	nst draft D3.0. Th	e editor shall provide	mandat the follo PAIP C n pair Twinaxi n=4,10,	es the edito owing propo hange: Figu al cable	or to resubm sed respons	it this comment agains		be an improvement and he editor shall provide
	does not change requirements.	enange de ne d		<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.	4.3	P <b>253</b> Broadcom	L <b>39</b>	# 34
				Comment T	5 does not s		nment Status R	able RX side o	on the left, open, short,
				SuggestedF Please	-	erminated to	50 ohms		
				Response REJEC	Т.	Resp	onse Status C		
							technically correct and st are terminated in 10		
				mandat	es the edito		it this comment agains		be an improvement and he editor shall provide

the following proposed response:

PAIP

C/ 85 SC 85.8.4.3

Add text subclause 85.8.4.3 Test setup "The cable assembly test fixture receive lanes not connected to receivers are terminated in 100 ohm differentially."

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Draft 2.3	Comments
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Cl 85         SC 85.8.4.3.2         P 254         L 27         # 35           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom	C/         85         SC         85.8.4.3.3         P 254         L 45         # 36           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom
Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       R         How is someone suppose to know what this statement means"The MDNEXT is measured from points HTx to point LUT in figure 85-7"!       SuggestedRemedy         SuggestedRemedy       This section require more clear write up and more deatil picture         Response       Response Status       C	Comment TypeTRComment StatusDIts rise and fall times should be no less than 47 ps!Not clearSuggestedRemedy Replace with "Pattern generator transmitter target rise and fall times are 47 ps."Proposed ResponseResponse StatusZ
REJECT.	REJECT. This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.
It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete, since the definition of MDNEXT in 85.10.5 is sufficient to characterize the MDNEXT measurement. The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and	C/         85A         SC         85A.4         P 416         L 30         # 68           Dawe, Piers         Independent
mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response: PAIP Change: The MDNEXT is measured from points HTx to point LUT in Figure 85-7. To: The MDNEXT is determined from the individual NEXT losses measured from the host transmitter (HTx) test reference points to the LUT in Figure 85-7 using Equation (85-26).	Comment Type       E       Comment Status       R         Draft says "an assumed connector loss of 1.74 dB". I thought the allowed connector loss was 0.87 dB.       I thought the allowed connector loss of 1.74 dB". I thought the allowed connector loss be used to be used
C/ 85 SC 85.8.4.3.3 P 254 L 45 # 37 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom	ResponseResponse StatusCREJECT. An assumed single mated connector loss of 1.74 dB is correct.
Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The rise and fall time test patter not provided and definition         SuggestedRemedy         Rise and fall times are measrued with pattern of 8 ones and 8 zeros from 20-80%.         Proposed Response       Response Status       Z         REJECT.	Cl 85A       SC 85A.4       P 416       L 30       # 69         Dawe, Piers       Independent       Independent         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       A         Dead link. Also the English could be improved.       SuggestedRemedy       Turn "85.8.3.4" into a proper cross-reference.       Suggested rewording:
This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.	With the insertion loss from TP0 to TP2 or TP3 to TP5 given in 85.8.3.4 and         Response       Response Status         ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Turn "85.8.3.4" into a proper cross-reference.         This is not considered a substantive change as it fixes cross-reference linkage and does not change requirements.

C/ **85A** SC **85A.4** 

85A SC 85A.4	P416	L <b>34</b>	# 70	C/ 86		86.7.3	P 288	L 33	# 71
awe, Piers	Independent			Dawe	Piers		Independent		
Comment Type E	Comment Status R				ent Type	т	Comment Status R		
	aximum insertion loss allocation for d impedance printed circuit board prs or not?			nis in 	86.8.4.8 "	as in 68.6	ce signal level in OMA, each la 11, with the following differenc	es:	s "Max" in D2.3) is used
SuggestedRemedy							he signal are specified in Table ower in OMA at the receiver is		a the entired attenuate
Please make it clea	r. Similarly for the minimum loss	on the next pag	je.				ssed sensitivity in OMA, also g		
Response	Response Status C						be achieved."		
	tified as "the insertion losses from ptacle and from TP5 to the MDI I		'.	th a	e -5.4 limit lything fail Note this is	in Table 8 by setting s unlike st	e power in OMA to any value v 36-8. So the spec is arbitrary a the OMA low enough. ressed sensitivity which is a pr	and uncertain:	a tester can make
X 85A SC 85A.4	P <b>416</b> Independent	L <b>37</b>	# 67				ike an eye mask, which is also to move to Sponsor ballot this		۲.
	•			Sugge	stedReme	edy			
Comment Type E	Comment Status A ematical constant it should not be	italia			hange the		ce signal level in OMA, each la	no Mox E 4	dDm"
		italic.		tc			ce signal level in OwiA, each la		ubiii
SuggestedRemedy Change to upright, I	here and line 51.						ce, each lane, per conditions b of receiver jitter tolerance test		
Response	Response Status <b>C</b>						<ul> <li>-5.4 dBm" change "This is a test of the o</li> </ul>	ntiaal raasiyar	la abilitu" ta "littar
ACCEPT.							optical receiver's ability"	plical receiver	s ability to Jitter
See suggested rem This is not consider does not change ree	ed a substantive change as it add	resses implem	enting style guide a	"F	eceiver jitt	ter toleran	be to change "Receiver jitter t ce in OMA" and modify 86.8.4. r receiver jitter tolerance signa	.8 b to say that	the test signal's OMA
<b>86</b> SC <b>86.7.3</b>		L 33	# 17	Resp			Response Status C		given in Tuble 66 6.
etrilla, John	Avago Technol	ogies			EJECT.				
Comment Type E	Comment Status R			lt	is noted th		ft 2.3 is technically correct and		
input condition for th	w, "Receiver jitter tolerance signa he receiver jitter tolerance test. A t a dash as with the jitter entries a her conditions.	s such there sh	ould not be a Max i	n m th	andates th e following oposed Al	e editor to proposed P: Change	zes that the change suggested resubmit this comment agains response: "Receiver jitter tolerance sign	st draft D3.0. T nal level in OM	The editor shall provide
SuggestedRemedy				to	lerance in ecified in "	UMA" and Table 86-8	I change item b in 86.8.4.8 to b and the power in OMA at the	pe "The param receiver is set	eters of the signal are
	the row, "Receiver jitter tolerance her conditions for the receiver jitte from Max to a dash.			be re			a in OMA given in Table 86-8;"		
Response	Response Status C								
REJECT. See response to co									

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

CI 86 SC 86.7.3

11/18/2009 2:08:07 PM

<i>CI</i> <b>86</b> Petrilla, Joł	SC 86.7.3	P 288 Avago Techno	L 44	# 18	<i>Cl</i> <b>86</b> Anslow, P	SC 86.8.4.7	P <b>295</b> Nortel Ne	L 27	# 2
Comment		mment Status D	Jogles		Comment		Comment Status D	IWOIKS	
In table	e 86-8, footnote c states . (See also 86.8.4.4 e	s "TDP is defined with			The re	esponse to comm	nent 190 against Draft 2.2 oplied to subclause 86.8.4	to insert exception 1.7 instead	f in subclause 86.8.4.8
output	requirement for a max <sup>-</sup> ed to a max J2 of 0.46	TJ(BER = 1E-12) of 0.	7 UI. This requir	ement has since been	Suggestee				
change	d to keep in alignment						e mode-conditioning patcl 86.8.4.7 to subclause 86		2.5/125 um fiber is not
Suggested	-	na "TDD is defined with	0 45 111 affa at		Proposed	Response	Response Status Z		
instant	86-8 footnote c, chang to "TDP is defined wit of the sampling instant	h ±0.27 UI offsets of th	ne sampling insta	int for J2 and ±0.19 UI	REJE	СТ.			
Proposed F		oonse Status Z	0	·	This c	omment was WI	THDRAWN by the comm	enter.	
REJEC	. ,				C/ 86A	SC 86A.4.1	P <b>422</b>	L 23	# 73
This or	mment was WITHDRA	WN by the commente	r		Dawe, Pie	rs	Independe	ent	
This co		twin by the commente	1.		Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status R		
<i>CI</i> <b>86</b> Dawe, Pier	SC <b>86.8.4.7</b>	P 295 Independent	L <b>27</b>	# 72	As "lo	ss" is used in two	"Whatever you do, don't ways in 802.3 and the ir P for example), and neith	ndustry more widely	
Comment T Accord 86.8.4.	ing to D2.2 comment 1	<i>mment Status</i> <b>D</b> 90, the new bullet f sh	ould have been a	added to 86.8.4.8 not	what's badly 1/100	s lost), replacing defined and amb 0 of the frequenc	clear and unambiguous n iguous "X loss" language y was a step backwards.	nicrowave-compatib from 10BROAD36 Note that all of the	le S-parameters with and 10BASE-T at 10G/lane and 25G/lane
Suggested Move b	Remedy oullet f from 86.8.4.7 to	86.8.4.8.			avoidi	ng S-parameters	S-parameters. We won't move to Sponsor ballot t	0	al lanes (see CEI-28) by
Proposed F	Response Resp	oonse Status Z			Suggestee	dRemedy			
REJEC	ΞT.				Resto	re the S-parame	ers in 86A.		
This co	mment was WITHDRA	WN by the commente	r.		Response		Response Status C		
C/ 86	SC 86.8.4.7	P <b>295</b>	L <b>27</b>	# 19		omment restates	comment #85 from draft		
Petrilla, Joh	ท	Avago Techno	ologies		same comm		cted. It can therefore be	considered a "pile o	n" to the balloter's own
Comment		nment Status D			Comm	nent 85 against D	2.2 was discussed toge	her with Comment	15 against D 2.2 during
	ion, "f) The mode-cond s in 86.8.4.8. See reso			5 im fiber is not used."		nicago meeting. e of the Task For	ce on whether to remove	the S-parameters fr	om the draft was:
Suggested					Yes 3				
Move e	exception, "f) The mode from 86.8.4.7 to 86.8.4		rd suitable for 62	.5/125 ìm fiber is not	No 0				
Proposed I	Response Resi	oonse Status Z							
REJEC	ЭΤ.								
This co	mment was WITHDRA	WN by the commente	r.						
COMMENT	echnical required ER/o STATUS: D/dispatche DER: Clause, Subclau	ed A/accepted R/reject	general required cted RESPON	T/technical E/editorial G/g SE STATUS: O/open W/w	general /ritten C/close	ed U/unsatisfied	Z/withdrawn	86A 2 86A.4.1	Page 20 of 23 11/18/2009 2:08:07

### IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

Cl 86A SC 86A.4.1. Ghiasi, Ali	1 P422 Broadcom	L <b>32</b>	# 45	C/ 86A Dawe, Piers	SC 86A.4.2	P 425 Independent	L19	# 75
Comment Type TR With current set of spe deemphasis 3-5 dB re 216/218 on D2.1 and o SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status <b>D</b> ecifications the SerDes transm sulting in signifincat distortion	at TP1a and al	so see comment	Comment 7 BER is the san Note co Also, p 'ACCEI (down to stack, f	ype <b>T</b> a criterion of to be for the whole omment on relater D2.0 comme PT IN PRINCIP he stack, PMA ADI to PMA).	Comment Status R elerance, not a metric of it. It's project so should not be reported issue against 86.7.3 Table	eated here. e 86-8. eive" or "receive smitter" on the re	r" on the transmit path
REJECT.				Suggested	Ŭ			
Cl 86A SC 86A.4.1. Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type TR With current set of spe	Broadcom Comment Status D ecifications the SerDes transm sulting in signifincat distortion	L 43		"Receiv to "Host ir In footr happer D2.0 cc Make ti	put signal toler ote b, change ' s that the host mment 470). ne cross-reference e 86A-6 and 86	e ince, each lane (BER) - 10-12 rance, each lane, per condition 'host receiver (see 86A.5.3.8) input is a receiver input but w nce into a proper link. A.5.3.8 consider changing "re	ns below" ." to "host input e resolved to us	e "input" and "output" in
SuggestedRemedy				Response		Response Status C		
ghiasi_03_0909 Proposed Response REJECT.	either limit max DDJ to about 0 <i>Response Status</i> <b>Z</b> ITHDRAWN by the commente		3 dB de-emphasis, see	below f It is not Howev improve	t procedure in a 0-12" so indica ed that the Dra er, the task force ement and man hall provide the	86A.5.3.8.6 ends with "The BI ting a limit of BER is appropri ft 2.3 is technically correct an re recognizes that the change dates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response	iate. d complete. suggested belo his comment aga	w could be an
				Change		al toloranco, oach lano (BEP	)" to "Host input	signal tolorance, each

Change "Receiver signal tolerance, each lane (BER)" to "Host input signal tolerance, each lane (BER)"

In Note b change "host receiver" to "host electrical receiver" and make the reference a link. This change in terminology is in accordance with the response to comment 470 against D 2.0

C/ 86A SC 86A.4.2

C/ 86A SC 86A.5	5.1.1.2	P <b>429</b>	L <b>44</b>	# 74	C/ 86A	SC 86A.6	P <b>4</b> 3	88	L <b>26</b>	# 76
Dawe, Piers		Independent			Dawe, Piers		Indepe	endent		
Comment Type <b>T</b>	Commei	nt Status R			Comment Ty	pe T	Comment Status	R		
to be controlled to a according to the rol Also, every other sp	).9.3 which does a frequency high Il-off of the aggre	s not control above her than product cr essor signal. Qsq	10 GHz. HCB osstalk (affects is observed in	MCB crosstalk needs	between At 10 Mi If the PC MHz and	10 MHz and Iz the HCB re B loss is like 0.79 dB at 1	ference loss is 0.031 the MCB loss but scal	while at 1 ed to 3 dE neasurem	GHz it is abou 3 at 7 GHz it wo ent uncertainty	t 0.4 dB
SuggestedRemedy					SuggestedR	•				
Define an appropria 86A purposes). De				CB crosstalk (for Annex	••	-	0.01 <= f <= 1".			
Response		e Status <b>C</b>		poses).	Response			<b>c</b>		
REJECT.	Response				REJECT		Response Status	C		
It is noted that the I The task force reco	ognizes that the	change suggested	l below would b	e an improvement and ne editor shall provide		lear that there	e is a technical proble	n nor that	t the suggested	d remedy would
the following propos		on integrated cros	stalk noise of th	ne mated HCB and						track during resolution ent was an ' ACCEPT
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz."	o "The limits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN ' a 0	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 td="" valu<=""><td>ncluded: le equation</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></f<1>	ncluded: le equation			
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz."	D "The limits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P <b>435</b>	egrated crossta	lk noise of the mated	IN PRIN ' a 0 which ao	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 td="" valu<=""><td>ncluded: le equation e 0' concern that the minim</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></f<1>	ncluded: le equation e 0' concern that the minim			
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." <b>5.3.8.3</b>	o "The līmits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P <b>435</b> Independent	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN ' a 0 which ao	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the c</f<1>	ncluded: le equation e 0' concern that the minim	um insert		
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." <b>5.3.8.3</b> <i>Commen</i>	o "The līmits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P435 Independent nt Status A	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN ' 0 which ac 0.01 to 1	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the o GHz frequen</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range.	um insert	ion loss limit w	as unspecified for the
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." <b>5.3.8.3</b> <i>Commen</i>	o "The līmits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P435 Independent nt Status A	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN ' 0 which ac 0.01 to 7 C/ 88	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the c GHz frequen SC 88.8.10</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range.	um insert 51 com	ion loss limit w	as unspecified for the
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. łz." <b>5.3.8.3</b> <i>Commer</i> ures doesn't use	o "The līmits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P435 Independent nt Status A	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN '	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the o GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR cceiver sensiti</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P3t Broad Comment Status vy has corner frequency	um insert 5 <b>1</b> com <b>D</b> y of 10 Mł	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> <b>20</b> Hz also see co	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH Cl 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." <b>5.3.8.3</b> <i>Commer</i> ures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9.	o "The limits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P435 Independent <i>nt Status</i> <b>A</b> a box round the fi	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN 'a 0 which ac 0.01 to 7 C/ 88 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Ty Stress ru D2.1 and	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the c GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR receiver sensiti comment 12</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P3: Broad <i>Comment Status</i> vy has corner frequnc; 9 D2.2 will lead to higl	um insert 51 com D y of 10 Mł ner power	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see co	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH Cl 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." <b>5.3.8.3</b> <i>Commer</i> ures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9.	o "The līmits on inte 10.9.3 with the exc P435 Independent nt Status A	egrated crossta ception that the	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is	IN PRIN 'a 0 which ac 0.01 to 7 CI 88 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Ty Stress ra D2.1 and clock an of highe	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the c GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR ceiver sensiti comment 12 power supp CRU BW. Th</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P3t Broad Comment Status vy has corner frequnc; 9 D2.2 will lead to hig y noise do not scale w he CRU increased BW	um insert 51 com y of 10 Mł ner power vith higher has very	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see co and complexit baudrate so th little benifit on	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The here is very little benifit the VCO noise. The 10
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH C/ 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round Response ACCEPT. Removing the box a	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." 5.3.8.3 Commenures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9. <i>Response</i> around a figure	<ul> <li>The limits on interaction of the limits of the</li></ul>	egrated crossta ception that the <i>L</i> 2 gure. a substantive c	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is # 77	IN PRIN '	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the c GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR ceiver sensiti comment 12 power supp CRU BW. Th</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P 3t Broad Comment Status vy has corner frequnc; 9 D2.2 will lead to hig y noise do not scale w le CRU increased BW even in the case of fu	um insert 51 com y of 10 Mł ner power vith higher has very	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see co and complexit baudrate so th little benifit on	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The here is very little benifit
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH Cl 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round Response ACCEPT.	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." 5.3.8.3 Commenures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9. <i>Response</i> around a figure	<ul> <li>The limits on interaction of the limits of the</li></ul>	egrated crossta ception that the <i>L</i> 2 gure. a substantive c	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is # 77	IN PRIN 'a 0 which ac 0.01 to ' C/ 88 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Ty Stress ru D2.1 and clock an of highe MHz bui at 25 G Suggest	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the o GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR cceiver sensiti comment 12 d power supp CRU BW. Tr den will remin vith DFE impl edRemedy</f<1>	ncluded: e equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P 3t Broad Comment Status vy has corner frequnc; 9 D2.2 will lead to hig y noise do not scale w le CRU increased BW even in the case of fu	um insert 51 com y of 10 Mł ner power vith higher has very	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see co and complexit baudrate so th little benifit on	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The here is very little benifit the VCO noise. The 10
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH Cl 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round Response ACCEPT. Removing the box a	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." 5.3.8.3 Commenures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9. <i>Response</i> around a figure	<ul> <li>The limits on interaction of the limits of the</li></ul>	egrated crossta ception that the <i>L</i> 2 gure. a substantive c	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is # 77	IN PRIN 'a 0 which ac 0.01 to ' C/ 88 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Ty Stress rr D2.1 and clock an of highe MHz bui at 25 G SuggestedR Propose KHz to 7	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the o GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR cceiver sensiti comment 12 d power supp CRU BW. Th den will remin vith DFE impl edRemedy to consider c 0 KHz. Highe</f<1>	ncluded: le equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P3: Broad <i>Comment Status</i> vy has corner frequnc; 9 D2.2 will lead to higi y noise do not scale will be CRU increased BW even in the case of fu- ementation!	um insert 51 com D y of 10 Mł ner power has very iture gene IHz instea tle benifit	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see contrained complexity baudrate so the little benifit on irrations where ad of current 100 on the VCO notrained complexity ad of cu	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The here is very little benifit the VCO noise. The 10
MCB are specified HCB and MCB are 0.01 GHz to 15 GH Cl 86A SC 86A.5 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E House style for figu SuggestedRemedy Remove box round Response ACCEPT. Removing the box a	in 85.10.9.3." to specified in 85. Iz." 5.3.8.3 Commenures doesn't use I Figure 86A-9. <i>Response</i> around a figure	<ul> <li>The limits on interaction of the limits of the</li></ul>	egrated crossta ception that the <i>L</i> 2 gure. a substantive c	Ik noise of the mated frequency range is # 77	IN PRIN 'a 0 which ac 0.01 to ' C/ 88 Ghiasi, Ali Comment Ty Stress rr D2.1 and clock an of highe MHz bui at 25 G SuggestedR Propose KHz to 7	CIPLE ' and ir dd a row to th 01 <f<1 valu<br="">dressed the o GHz frequen SC 88.8.10 pe TR ceeiver sensiti comment 12 d power supp CRU BW. Tr den will remin vith DFE impl edRemedy to consider c 0 KHz. Highe t significant p</f<1>	ncluded: le equation e 0' concern that the minim cy range. P3: Broad <i>Comment Status</i> vy has corner frequenc; 9 D2.2 will lead to hig y noise do not scale will be CRU increased BW even in the case of fu- ementation! orner frequency of 7 M r CRU BW has very lit	um insert 51 com D y of 10 MH her power has very has very ture gene IHz instea tle benifit see ghias	ion loss limit w <i>L</i> 20 Hz also see contrained complexity baudrate so the little benifit on irrations where ad of current 100 on the VCO notrained complexity ad of cu	as unspecified for the # 46 mment 224 and 225 y for the receier. The here is very little benifit the VCO noise. The 10 ASIC/SerDes operate 0 MHz and change 100

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	C/ 88	Page 22 of 23
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line		SC 88.8.10	11/18/2009 2:08:07 PM

C/ 88	SC 88.8.5	P350	L11	# 48
Ghiasi, Ali		Broadcom		

### Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The CRU BW for the TDP measurement is defiend to be 10 MHz also see comment 224 and 225 D2.1 and comment 127 on D2.2 will result in higher power more complex receiver. The clock and power supply noise do not scale with higher baudrate so there is very little benifit of higher CRU BW. The CRU increased BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise. The 10 MHz burden will remin even in the case of future generations where ASIC/SerDes operate at 25 G with DFE receiver!

### SuggestedRemedy

Propose to consider CRU BW 7 MHz instead of current 10 MHz. Higher CRU BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise and power supply nosie but significant penalty on the receiver, see ghiasi\_01\_1109

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

CI 88	SC 88.8.8	P <b>350</b>	L 45	# 47
Ghiasi, Ali		Broadcom		

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

Transmitter eye diagrm is measured CRU BW of 10 MHz also see comment 224 and 225 D2.1 and comment 128 will result to more complex higher power receiver implementations. The clock and power supply noise do not scale with higher baudrate so there is very little benifit of higher CRU BW. The CRU increased BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise. The 10 MHz burden will remin even in the case of future generations where ASIC/SerDes operate at 25 G with DFE receiver!

### SuggestedRemedy

Propose to consider CRU BW 7 MHz instead of current 10 MHz. Higher CRU BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise and power supply nosie but significant penalty on the receiver, see ghiasi\_01\_1109

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.