Draft 2.3 Comments IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s a	nd 100Gb/s Ethernet comments Froup 3rd recirculation ballo
C/ 01         SC 1.3         P 25         L 45         # 1           Kolesar, Paul         CommScope         CommScope         CommScope	C/         83A         SC         83A.5.2         P 389         L 30         # 3           Petrilla, John         Avago Technologies         4         3 <t< th=""></t<>
Comment Type ER Comment Status D TIA published the "OM4 fiber" standard, TIA 492AAAD, eliminating the need for the Editor's note tracking its progress.	Comment Type E Comment Status D Please spell out +. SuggestedRemedy
SuggestedRemedy Delete lines 45 and 46, the Editor's note to be removed prior to publication.	Change, " jitter of the filter stress + limiter and random jitter" to " jitter of the filter stress plus limiter and random jitter"
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.
The document TIA-492AAAD has been published as of Oct, 2009. So this Editor's note is not needed. Remove the Editor's note.         Removing the Editor's note is not considered a substantive change.         C/ 86       SC 86.8.4.7       P 295       L 27       # 2         Anslow, Peter       Nortel Networks	Proposed Reject It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response: accept
Comment Type         T         Comment Status         D           The response to comment 190 against Draft 2.2 to insert exception f in subclause 86.8.4.8 has incorrectly been applied to subclause 86.8.4.7 instead	C/ 83A     SC 83A.1     P 376     L 16     # 4       Petrilla, John     Avago Technologies
SuggestedRemedy Move exception f) "The mode-conditioning patch cord suitable for 62.5/125 um fiber is not used." from subclause 86.8.4.7 to subclause 86.8.4.8	Comment Type E Comment Status D An important characteristic of XLAUI/CAUI is NRZ encoding.
Proposed Response Response Status Z PROPOSED REJECT.	SuggestedRemedy Add an item, 'g) NRZ encoding.' to the characteristics list or combine with item f.
This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.
	NRZ is implied throughout the document
	It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.

The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.

# 7
to 11.1 GHz,", is redundar
mon mode output return
efore out of scope for this
ould be an improvement and .0. The editor shall provide
# 8
cause fixing a typo is

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.3	P 384	L37	# 9	C/ 83A	SC 83A	.4	P 386	L <b>42</b>	# 11
etrilla, John	Avago Techno	ologies		Petrilla, Joh	n		Avago Techr	nologies	
omment Type E	Comment Status D			Comment T	ype E		Comment Status D		
The phrase, "For frequent eq. 83a-7 and should be o	cies from 10 MHz to 11.1 ( deleted.	GHz, ", is redund	dant with the content of	approxii	mately 25	cm betv	UI is primarily intended as ween integrated circuits	", is inconsisten	t with that on page 376
IggestedRemedy	noing from 40 MUIT to 44 (	1 CI Iz differenti					interconnect distances of ector" and can be lead to		5 cm over printed circu
"Differential input return lo	encies from 10 MHz to 11.1 oss"	i GHz, differentia	al input return loss" to	SuggestedF	Remedy				
PROPOSED REJECT.	Response Status W			approxii intende	mately 25	cm betw int-to-poi	II/CAUI is primarily intend ween integrated circuits int interface of up to appro ts"	" to, "The XLAU	I/CAUI is primarily
It is noted that Draft 2.3 is	s technically correct and co	omplete.		Proposed R	esponse		Response Status W		
The above comment is m ballot	nade against unchanged te	ext and therefore	out of scope for this	PROPC	SED REJ	JECT.			
				It is note	ed that Dr	aft 2.3 is	s technically correct and c	complete.	
mandates the editor to reactive the following proposed reactive	s that the change suggeste submit this comment agair sponse:			The abo ballot	ove comm	nent is m	ade against unchanged to	ext and therefore	out of scope for this
proposed accept				The tas	k force red	cognizes	s that the change suggest	ed below would	be an improvement an
83A SC 83A.3.4	Р	L	# 10				submit this comment aga	inst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
etrilla, John	Avago Techno	ologies			wing prop d accept		sponse.		
omment Type E	Comment Status D								
sometimes the hyphenati "Differential- to-common r illustrated in Figure 83A-1	enation appears in 83a with on is used and sometimes mode input return loss is g 11. Differential to common e hyphens with spaces is re	not. See for ex iven in Equation mode input retu	ample, lines 28 to 30, (83A-8) and is rn loss". For						
SuggestedRemedy									
,	l-to-common" to "Differe	ntial to common	" on pages 383, 385						
Proposed Response	Response Status W								
PROPOSED ACCEPT.									

See suggested remedy

This is not expected to be considered a substantive change because removing hyphens in exchange for spaces is generally not considered a substantive change.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

83A SC 83A.5.1	P 389	L12	# 12	C/ 83A SC 83A.5.1	P 389	L16	# 13
trilla, John	Avago Technol	logies		Petrilla, John	Avago Tech	inologies	
Image: Should not either pattern 3, pattern 5, see Table measurements." Repeat/apply is oposed Response Response Response PROPOSED REJECT.         Proposed Reject         It is noted that Draft 2.3 is techn         The above comment is made age ballot.	ment Status <b>D</b> rn for jitter measuren ern 5 (see table 86-11; page 404 line 7. for jitter measureme 86-11, or valid XLAU in 83a.5.2 line 32 and <i>nse Status</i> <b>W</b> ically correct and cor gainst unchanged text	nents shall be tes 1) or valid traffic l nts shall be test p II/CAUI signal sh d 83b.2.3 page 40 nplete.	be acceptable? See battern PRBS31." to all be used for jitter 04 line 7.	Comment Type E The text, "All XLAUI/C testing to ensure any of the term 'channel' whe context, the four lanes page 404 line 6. SuggestedRemedy Change from, "All XLA testing to ensure any of XLAUI/CAUI lanes sha testing to ensure any l in 83a.5.2 line 31 and Proposed Response PROPOSED REJECT It is noted that the Dra The task force recogn	Comment Status D AUI channels shall be activi- channel-channel crosstalk is re the term 'lane' is more ap of XLAUI form one channe AUI/CAUI channels shall be channel-channel crosstalk is all be active during transmit ane-lane crosstalk is include 83b.2.3 page 404 line 6. <i>Response Status</i> W ft 2.3 is technically correct action zes that the change sugges	e during transmit j s included in the ji opropriate. For ex l. See also 83a.5 active during tran s included in the ji jitter ed in the jitter eva and complete.	tter evaluation." uses (ample, in 802.3ba .2 line 31 and 83b.2.3 smit jitter tter evaluation." to "All luation." Repeat/apply
The task force recognizes that the mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response	this comment agains			mandates the editor to the following proposed accept	resubmit this comment aga I response:	ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit	this comment agains a: hsistancy between 83	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B	editor shall provide	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5:	this comment agains a: hsistancy between 83 for jitter measuremen	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p	editor shall provide	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5: Change from, "The data pattern To: "The data pattern for jitter meas	this comment agains a: nsistancy between 83 for jitter measuremen urements shall be tes	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p st pattern PRBS3	e editor shall provide pattern PRBS31." 31 (see 83.5.10) or	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5: Change from, "The data pattern To: "The data pattern for jitter meas scrambled idle (see 82.2.10)."	this comment agains a: nsistancy between 83 for jitter measuremen urements shall be tes	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p st pattern PRBS3	e editor shall provide pattern PRBS31." 31 (see 83.5.10) or	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5: Change from, "The data pattern To: "The data pattern for jitter meas scrambled idle (see 82.2.10)." Change from, "A PRBS31 patter	this comment agains asistancy between 83 for jitter measurement urements shall be tes rn shall be used for e	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p st pattern PRBS3 valuating XLAUI/	e editor shall provide pattern PRBS31." 31 (see 83.5.10) or CAUI jitter tolerance."	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5: Change from, "The data pattern To: "The data pattern for jitter meas scrambled idle (see 82.2.10)." Change from, "A PRBS31 patter to A PRBS31 pattern (see 83.5.10)	this comment agains e: nsistancy between 83 for jitter measuremen urements shall be tes rn shall be used for e ) or scrambled idle (s erance.	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p st pattern PRBS3 valuating XLAUI/	e editor shall provide pattern PRBS31." 31 (see 83.5.10) or CAUI jitter tolerance."	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
mandates the editor to resubmit the following proposed response PAIP Resolve comment to ensure cor 83A.5: Change from, "The data pattern To: "The data pattern for jitter meas scrambled idle (see 82.2.10)." Change from, "A PRBS31 patter to A PRBS31 pattern (see 83.5.10) evaluating XLAUI/CAUI jitter tole	this comment agains sistancy between 83 for jitter measuremen urements shall be tes rn shall be used for e ) or scrambled idle (s erance.	st draft D3.0. The A and 83B nts shall be test p st pattern PRBS3 valuating XLAUI/	e editor shall provide pattern PRBS31." 31 (see 83.5.10) or CAUI jitter tolerance."	the following proposed		ainst draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide

83B SC 83B.2.1	P 400	L1	# 14	C/ 83B	SC 83E	3.2.3	P 403	L <b>50</b>	# 16
etrilla, John	Avago Techno	ologies		Petrilla, Johr	า		Avago Techno	ologies	
omment Type T C	Comment Status D			Comment Ty	/pe E		Comment Status D		
The text, "AC coupling for b		Random	n jitter is i	not us	ually specifed as peak-to-pea	k but either as l	RMS or for a given BE		
interpreted as requiring AC be in conflict with 83a.3.4.5	SuggestedR	Remedy							
receiver for the purposes of coupling means on both end	Change = 1E-12		0.15 l	UI peak-to-peak random jitter"	' to "and 0.15 U	I random jitter for BER			
signal performance. Further receiver on the other, the te	Proposed R	esponse		Response Status W					
iggestedRemedy			Sindoling.	PROPO	SED RE	JECT			
Change "AC coupling for bo coupling for Rx inputs shall	It is note	ed that th	e Drai	ft 2.3 is technically correct and	d complete.				
					zes that the change suggeste				
PROPOSED REJECT.	esponse Status W						resubmit this comment agair I response:	ist draft D3.0. T	he editor shall provide
For 83B, it was agreed that	AC coupling for both Tx	and Rx shall be	located in the module.	propose					
It is noted that Draft 2.3 is to	echnically correct and co	mplete.					I comment. UI peak-to-peak random jitter"	' to "and 0.15 U	l peak-to-peak randor
<b>T</b> he share second is a second	·			jitter at E	3ER = 18	-12".			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The above comment is mac ballot.	te against unchanged tex	and therefore	out of scope for this	Insert th Jitter va	e followi les are s	ng ser pecifie	ntence to 83A.5: ed at BER 10-12.		
83B SC 83B.2.2	P 402	L13	# 15	C/ 86	SC 86.	7.3	P <b>288</b>	L <b>33</b>	# 17
etrilla, John	Avago Techno	ologies		Petrilla, Johr	า		Avago Techno	ologies	
	Comment Status D			Comment Ty			Comment Status D		
The reference to Table 83B XLPPI/CPPI" seems intende		sts the equivale	ent test points for the	In table 86-8, the row, "Receiver jitter tolerance signal level in OMA, each lane" is really a input condition for the receiver jitter tolerance test. As such there should not be a Max in					
uggestedRemedy							dash as with the jitter entries conditions.	and the row sh	ould be moved to be
Change, "Table 83B-3 also 83B-4 also lists the equivale			PPI/CPPI" to "Table	SuggestedR		001			
	esponse Status W						e row, "Receiver jitter toleranc		
							<pre>conditions for the receiver jitt m Max to a dash.</pre>	er tolerance tes	t and change the entry
PROPOSED ACCEPT.		This is not expected to be considered a substantive change because fixing a typo is							
PROPOSED ACCEPT.	onsidered a substantive	change becaus	e fixing a typo is	Proposed R	esponse		Response Status W		

## IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

C/         86         SC         86.7.3         P 288         L 44         # 18           Petrilla, John         Avago Technologies         4         18 <th>C/         83A         SC         83A.3.3         P 379         L 40         #         20           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom         Broadcom</th>	C/         83A         SC         83A.3.3         P 379         L 40         #         20           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom         Broadcom
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         In table 86-8, footnote c states "TDP is defined with ±0.15 UI offsets of the sampling instant". (See also 86.8.4.4 exception e.) This particular offset is a residue of a receiver output requirement for a max TJ(BER = 1E-12) of 0.7 UI. This requirement has since been redefined to a max J2 of 0.46 UI and max J9 of 0.62 UI and the TDP offset should be changed to keep in alignment with the Rx output criteria.         SuggestedRemedy       In table 86-8 footnote c, change "TDP is defined with ±0.15 UI offsets of the sampling instant" to "TDP is defined with ±0.27 UI offsets of the sampling instant for J2 and ±0.19 UI offsets of the sampling instant for J9". Make a similar change in 86.7.3 to exception e.         Proposed Response       Response Status       W         PROPOSED REJECT.       the +/-0.15UI is consistent with BER=1e-12 sensitivity measurements performed for TDP measurement.         Comment 18 is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Eye mask defined at BER 1E-12 is not practical and often not measured SuggestedRemedy We should consider defining eye mask at a BER where sampling scope can be used Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. Since the link is defined for operation at BER E-12, it is appropriate to define an eye mask which corresponds to this. This definition is also consistent with other 802.3 sections. Suggested remedy incomplete Also see comment 257 from D2.0 It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.
C/ 86     SC 86.8.4.7     P 295     L 27     # 19       Petrilla, John     Avago Technologies       Comment Type     ER     Comment Status     D	The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.
Exception, "f) The mode-conditioning patch cord suitable for 62.5/125 im fiber is not used." belongs in 86.8.4.8. See resolution to D2.2 comment 190. SuggestedRemedy Move exception, "f) The mode-conditioning patch cord suitable for 62.5/125 im fiber is not used." from 86.8.4.7 to 86.8.4.8. Proposed Response Response Status <b>Z</b>	Chosk       Scotoskist       Fisis       E47       # [2]         Ghiasi, Ali       Broadcom         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         Eye mask defined at BER 1E-12 is not practical and often not measured         SuggestedRemedy         We should consider defining eye mask at a BER where sampling scope can be used
PROPOSED REJECT. This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. See response to comment 20

## IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

# iroup 3rd recirculation ballot

CI 83A         SC 83A.5.2         P 389         L 37         # 22           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom	C/ 83B         SC 83B.2         P 404         L 13         # 24           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom
Comment Type TR Comment Status D Comment on D2.3 not implemented replace "PCB trace stress"	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Comment on D2.3 not implemented replace "PCB trace stress"
SuggestedRemedy with "Frequency Dependent Attenuator"	SuggestedRemedy with "Frequency Dependent Attenuator"
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.
Implementation consistent with 123 in D2.2 :	See comment 22
accept in principle	Cl 85 SC 85.8.3 P 244 L 48 # 25 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom
Change: FR4 trace stress is then added until 0.42 UI peak-to-peak deterministic jitter is achieved	Comment Type TR Comment Status D ghiasi 98 comment D2.3 not implemented, DDJ test method not provided and the reference is worng!
<ul> <li>to: Stress is then added using PCB trace or Frequency Dependent Attenuation which emulates PCB loss. PCB trace stress is added until 0.42 UI peak-to-peak determinist jitter is achieved.</li> <li>Modify diagram (change FR4 to PCB)</li> <li>Make same changes in 83B.2.3</li> </ul>	SuggestedRemedy Please implement remedy per ghiasi 98 D2.2 A suggested metthod is given below: Total jitter is measured with PRBS31 (pattern 3) at BER of 10-12. Data Dependent jitter is measured with PRBS9 based on method given in 85.8.3 with following definition DDJ=max(dt1, dt2,,dt256) - min(dt1, dt2,,dt256). Section 85.8.3 would need to be updated or the other option is to create a standlone
C/ 83B SC 83B.2.1 P401 L47 # 23	section. Total Jitter Excluding DDJ = TJ - DDJ
Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status D Eye mask defined at BER 1E-12 is not practical and often not measured	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. D2.2 Comment#98 resolution implemented per response:
SuggestedRemedy We should consider defining eye mask at a BER where sampling scope can be used Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. See response to comment 20	<ul> <li>D2.2 Comment#98 Response: Measure Total jitter at BER 1E-12 per 83A.5.1.=TJ Measure DDJ with PN9=DDJ Total Jitter excluding Data Dependent Jitter = TJ - DDJ Editor given license to implement response incorporating comment#218 in response. D2.2 Comment#218 add definition for DDJ: Response comment#218 -DDJ is a jitter component where jitter that is not correlated to the data pattern has been removed. D2.3 implementation of comment#98 and comment#218: See Table 85-4-Transmitter characteristics at TP2 summary table entry "Total jitter excluding data dependent jitter" and footnote (f).</li> <li>(f)Total jitter at a BER of 10-12 measured per 83A.5.1 excluding data dependent jitter (DDJ). DDJ is a jitter component where jitter that is not correlated to the data pattern has been removed. DDJ is measured with PRBS9 as specified in 83.5.10.</li> </ul>

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID Comment ID # 25

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# IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

Froup 3rd recirculation ballot

shiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.4	P 250 Broadcom	L <b>22</b>	# 26	<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.5	E	P <b>251`</b> Broadcom	L <b>20</b>	# 29
	4 2nd line uses	Comment Status D smaller font			0	state transmit	Comment St ter test fixture or ow could it be ca	n the left dotte		2/Tp3 test fixture. TP
<i>uggestedR</i> Please ι	<i>emedy</i> ise the same fo	nt			SuggestedF	emedy				
roposed Re		Response Status W			Please test poir		Ire showing MCE	3-HCB mated	pair, you borrow	v fig 86-3 but with CL
See sug		be considered a substantive c	hange as it add	resses consistency in		SED ACCEPT	Response Sta IN PRINCIPLE. e of Figure 85-5,		nal equivalent is	s required for
/ <b>85</b> hiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.4	P <b>250</b> Broadcom	L <b>35</b>	# <u>2</u> 7	measur	ng the transmi	tter specification P3 with the exce	S	•	
uggestedR	greed to include <i>emedy</i>	Comment Status <b>D</b> min insertion loss but not imp and updated the fig so it looks			transmit in 85.8.3	ter specificatio	ns he receiver spec		•	d for measuring the h the exception of the
roposed Re PROPO	•	Response Status W D2.2 Comment#101 was rejec	cted.				be considered a bes not change r		change as it's a	clarification of
The 86A specifica		or a minimum provides no real extracted connector insertion		duces a minimum	CI <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali Comment T	•	E Comment St easure the RL, i		L 38	# 30
/ <b>85</b> hiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.3.5	P <b>251</b> Broadcom	L17	# 28	SuggestedF	emedy	me as CL86 it m	·		
		Comment Status <b>D</b>	avaiding calid to	act definition of CLOC	Proposed R		Response Sta			
	F F Was suppos									
SuggestedR	emedy	se to be udpated, why are you omment per D2.3 agrement	avoiding solid to	est definition of CL66.	Test fixt This is r	ure "The test f ot expected to	xture of Figure 8 be considered a	5-5 is specifi a substantive	ed in a mated st	
Figure 8 uggestedR Please in roposed Re	emedy mplement the c			est definition of CLob.	Test fixt This is r	ure "The test f ot expected to	xture of Figure 8	5-5 is specifi a substantive	ed in a mated st	ate in 85.10.9."

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/         85         SC         85.8.3.6         P 251         L 50         # 31           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom	C/         85         SC         85.8.4.3         P 253         L 39         # 33           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom
Comment Type TR Comment Status D It is not clear how to measure the IL, is it probed at pin?	Comment Type <b>TR</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> Why is twinaxial cable requried and why n=4, 10,?
SuggestedRemedy Since the EQ is the same as CL86 it must be measured with HCB	SuggestedRemedy Replace twinaxial cable with "CR4 or CR10 cable assembley"
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment#30. This is not expected to be considered a substantive change as it's a clarification of implementation and does not change requirements.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: Figure 85-6 and Figure 85-7 n pair Twinaxial cable n=4.10
Cl 85     SC 85.8.4.3     P 253     L 37     # 32       Ghiasi, Ali     Broadcom	To: cable assembly 4x or 10x. This is not expected to be considered a substantive change as it's a clarification of figure text and does not change requirements.
Comment Type <b>TR</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> FIg 85-6 defines LUT and PGC but you have to read the next section before you know what they are	Cl 85 SC 85.8.4.3 P253 L 39 # 34 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom
SuggestedRemedy Please provide test setup definition in the same section Proposed Response Response Status <b>W</b>	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Fig 85-6 does not show what showuld be done with cable RX side on the left, open, short, terminate!
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Add legend to Figure 85-6.	SuggestedRemedy Please show it is terminated to 50 ohms
LUT = lane under test PGC = pattern generator connection This is not expected to be considered a substantive change as it's a clarification of implementation and does not change requirements.	Proposed Response       Response Status       W         PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Add text subclause 85.8.4.3 Test setup "The cable assembly test fixture receive lanes not connected to receivers are terminated in 100 O differentially."       This is not expected to be considered a substantive change as it's a clarification of

implementation and does not change requirements.

Draft 2.3	3 Comments		IEEE P8	02.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and	d 100Gb/s I	Ethernet com	ments	iroup 3i	rd recirculation ballot	
<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.4.3.2	P <b>254</b> Broadcom	L <b>27</b>	# 35	<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.10.4	P <b>259</b> Broadcom	L <b>20</b>	# 38	
	someone suppos	Comment Status <b>D</b> the to know what this stateme LUT in figure 85-7"!	nt means"The	MDNEXT is measured		21	Comment Status <b>D</b> n mode return loss as well as SC ect of system	D in order t	to control EMI, but CL 85	
Suggestedl	Remedy				Suggested	Remedy				
This se	ection require mor	e clear write up and more de	atil picture		Please	add common m	node definition per CL86, see EC	Q 86A-2		
Change To: The transmi using E This is	OSED ACCEPT II e: The MDNEXT i e MDNEXT is detu itter (HTx) test ref Equation (85-26). not expected to b	Response Status W N PRINCIPLE. s measured from points HTx ermined from the individual N erence points to the LUT in I e considered a substantive of s not change requirements.	IEXT losses m Figure 85-7	easured from the host	The co return In addi commo	OSED REJECT. ommenter has no loss or SCD limi tion, the comme ents from the 2n	Response Status <b>W</b> of demonstrated the applicability ts to the EMI limits of a shielded int is out of the scope of the ball d recirculation ballot and substa (D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2	cable asse ot i.e., unsa ntive chang	mbly. tisfied negative	
C/ <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali Comment 7	SC 85.8.4.3.3	P 254 Broadcom Comment Status D	L <b>45</b>	# 36	<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali <i>Comment</i>	SC <b>85.10.9.</b> .:	2 P 264 Broadcom Comment Status D	L <b>28</b>	# [39	
Suggestedl	Remedy	ould be no less than 47 ps! I		s are 47 ps."	Suggested	-	ure SCC and SCD specificaitons	5		
It is not force re	OSED REJECT. ted that the Draft ecognizes that the	Response Status W 2.3 is technically correct and change suggested above w esubmit this comment agains	ould be an imp		The co return In addi	OSED REJECT. Immenter has no loss or SCD limi tion, the comme	ot demonstrated the applicability ts to sytem perfomance e.g., BE int is out of the scope of the ball	R,. ot i.e., unsa	tisfied negative	
C/ <b>85</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 85.8.4.3.3	P <b>254</b> Broadcom	L <b>45</b>	# 37	comments from the 2nd recirculation ballot and substantive changes made to create IEEE P802.3ba/D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2.					
Comment 7 The rise		Comment Status D	inition							
S <i>uggestedl</i> Rise ar		neasrued with pattern of 8 on	es and 8 zeros	s from 20-80%.						
task force re	OSED REJECT. I	Response Status W t is noted that the Draft 2.3 is change suggested above w esubmit this comment agains	ould be an imp							

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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## IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

# Froup 3rd recirculation ballot

C/ 85         SC 85.11.1.1         P 267         L 31         # 40           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom	C/         85         SC         85.11.3         P 271         L 20         # 42           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom				
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Comment Type TR Comment Status D				
MLD can reorder lane but figure 85-12 shows specific SL# connected to the each pin of the MDI connector. Connecting lane 1 to lane one of the the MDI could compromise the signal integrity	MLD can reorder lane but Table 85-14 shows specific SL# connected to the each pin of the MDI connector. Connecting lane 1 to lane one of the the MDI could compromise the signal integrity				
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy				
Current statement "The Style-1 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment shall be as defiend in Table 85-12."	Current statement "The 100GBASE-CR10 MDI connector contact assignment shall be as defiend in Table 85-14."				
to "Example Style-1 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment is shown in Table 85-12. Other wiring assignment is acceptable as long as Tx lane and Rx lane pairs are not broken and the polarity is maintained."	to "Example 100GBASE-CR10 MDI connector contact assignment is shown in Table 85-14 Other wiring assignment is acceptable as long as Tx lane and Rx lane pairs are not broken and the polarity is maintained."				
Proposed Response Response Status W	Proposed Response Response Status W				
PROPOSED REJECT. MLD is independent of MDI source lane (SL) naming conventions; MDI contact assignments consistent with SFF-8436. In addition, the comment is out of the scope of the ballot i.e., unsatisfied negative comments from the 2nd recirculation ballot and substantive changes made to create IEEE P802.3ba/D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2.	PROPOSED REJECT. MLD is independent of MDI source lane (SL) naming conventions; MDI contact assignments consistent with SFF-8642. In addition, the comment is out of the scope of the ballot i.e., unsatisfied negative comments from the 2nd recirculation ballot and substantive changes made to create IEEE P802.3ba/D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2.				
C/ 85         SC 85.11.1.2.1         P 269         L 20         # 41           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom	C/         85         SC         85.11.2         P 269         L 38         # 43           Ghiasi, Ali         Broadcom				
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Comment Type TR Comment Status D				
MLD can reorder lane but figure 85-13 shows specific SL# connected to the each pin of the	IEC XXXXXXXXXXX was suppose to be remvoed				
MDI connector. Connecting lane 1 to lane one of the the MDI could compromise the signal integrity	SuggestedRemedy				
SuggestedRemedy	Plesae remove place holders				
Current statement "The Style-2 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment shall be as defiend in Table 85-13." to "Example Style-2 40GBASE-CR4 MDI connector contact assignment is shown in Table 85-13. Other wiring assignment is acceptable as long as Tx lane and Rx lane pairs are not	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. IEC XXXXXXX-XXX is a place holder to be removed prior to publication. In addition, the comment is out of the scope of the ballot i.e., unsatisfied negative comments from the 2nd recirculation ballot and substantive changes made to create IEEE P802.3ba/D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2.				
broken and the polarity is maintained."					
Proposed Response       Response Status       W         PROPOSED REJECT.       MLD is independent of MDI source lane (SL) naming conventions; MDI contact assignments consistent with IEC 61076-3-113. SFF-8642. In addition, the comment is out of the scope of the ballot i.e., unsatisfied negative comments from the 2nd recirculation ballot and substantive changes made to create IEEE P802.3ba/D2.3 from IEEE P802.3ba/D2.2.					

## D

Draft 2.3 Comments		IEEE P8	02.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s an	d 100Gb/s	Ethernet comment	s	iroup 3rd	recirculation ballo
C/ <b>86A</b> SC <b>86A.4.1.1</b> Ghiasi, Ali	P 423 Broadcom	L <b>43</b>	# 44	<i>Cl</i> 88 Ghiasi, Ali	SC 88.8.10	P <b>351</b> Broadcom	L <b>20</b>	# 46
With current set of specific deemphasis 3-5 dB resulti 216/218 on D2.1 and com SuggestedRemedy The options here are eithe ghiasi_03_0909	ng in signifincat distortion a ment 131 on D2.2 r limit max DDJ to about 0 Response Status W nment #131 from draft D2.	at TP1a and al .125 UI or max 2 ballot, which	so see comment 3 dB de-emphasis, see was submitted by the	D2.1 a clock a of high MHz b at 25 ( Sugge Suggested Propos KHz to	receiver sensitivy has ind comment 129 D2.2 and power supply noise ier CRU BW. The CRU urden will remin even i 5 with DFE implementa stedRemedy <i>IRemedy</i> se to consider corner fr o 70 KHz. Higher CRU	emment Status <b>D</b> corner frequncy of 10 M will lead to higher powe e do not scale with high d increased BW has ver n the case of future ger ation! requency of 7 MHz inste BW has very little benif on the receiver, see ghi	er and complexit er baudrate so th y little benifit on herations where ead of current 10 it on the VCO no	y for the receier. The here is very little benifit the VCO noise. The 10 ASIC/SerDes operate MHz and change 100
comment. See response to comment	t 45.			Proposed PROP	Response Res OSED REJECT.	sponse Status W		
I 86A SC 86A.4.1.1 hiasi, Ali omment Type TR With current set of specific deemphasis 3-5 dB resulti 216/218 on D2.1 and com	ng in signifincat distortion a			The co same comm Comm track co The re The Ta	omment restates comm balloter, and rejected. I ent. lents 127, 128 and 129 luring the Chicago mee sult of a vote was: ask Force voted on whe	ether to:	idered a "pile or scussed by the "	" to the balloter's own Task Force Optical
uggestedRemedy The options here are eithe ghiasi_03_0909	r limit max DDJ to about 0	.125 UI or max	3 dB de-emphasis, see			equency at 10 MHz and requency to 7 MHz in a		
Proposed Response F PROPOSED REJECT. The comment restates cor same balloter, and rejected comment.								

The Task Force considered ghiasi\_03\_0909 in the Chicago meeting, decided there was insufficient information and invited further work. Without more analysis it is not clear that there is a problem and if there is, what remedy would be suitable.

C/ 88	SC 88.8.8	P350	L <b>45</b>	# 47	CI 00	SC 0	P 383	L <b>6</b>	# 49
Ghiasi, Ali		Broadcom			Dawe, Pie	ers	Independent		

### Comment Type **TR** Comment Status D

Transmitter eye diagrm is measured CRU BW of 10 MHz also see comment 224 and 225 D2.1 and comment 128 will result to more complex higher power receiver implementations. The clock and power supply noise do not scale with higher baudrate so there is very little benifit of higher CRU BW. The CRU increased BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise. The 10 MHz burden will remin even in the case of future generations where ASIC/SerDes operate at 25 G with DFE receiver!

### SuggestedRemedv

Propose to consider CRU BW 7 MHz instead of current 10 MHz. Higher CRU BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise and power supply nosie but significant penalty on the receiver, see ghiasi 01 1109

Proposed Response Response Status W

### PROPOSED REJECT.

The comment restates comment #128 from draft D2.2 ballot, which was submitted by the same balloter, and rejected. It can therefore be considered a "pile on" to the balloter's own comment.

See Response to comment 46.

C/ 88	SC 88.8.5	P 350	L11	# 48
Ghiasi, Ali		Broadcom		

### Comment Type **TR** Comment Status D

The CRU BW for the TDP measurement is defiend to be 10 MHz also see comment 224 and 225 D2.1 and comment 127 on D2.2 will result in higher power more complex receiver. The clock and power supply noise do not scale with higher baudrate so there is very little benifit of higher CRU BW. The CRU increased BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise. The 10 MHz burden will remin even in the case of future generations where ASIC/SerDes operate at 25 G with DFE receiver!

### SuggestedRemedy

Propose to consider CRU BW 7 MHz instead of current 10 MHz. Higher CRU BW has very little benifit on the VCO noise and power supply nosie but significant penalty on the receiver, see ghiasi\_01\_1109

### Proposed Response Response Status W

### PROPOSED REJECT.

The comment restates comment #127 from draft D2.2 ballot, which was submitted by the same balloter, and rejected. It can therefore be considered a "pile on" to the balloter's own comment.

See Response to comment 46.

Dawe, Piers		Independent	
	-	Comment Status P	

### Comment Type T Comment Status D

Following up D2.1 comment 159 and D2.2 comment 82: we should not call part of the receiver a "transmitter" or part of the transmitter a "receiver".

According to 83.3, a PMA has TX and RX directions, each of which has an input and an output. nAUI is intended to connect PMAs, e.g. one in the host and one in a module. Therefore nAUI must connect a (host) TX (transmitter) output to a (module) transmitter input, and a (module) RX (receiver) output to a (host) receiver input. 83B used to use, and 86A uses, the terms host output, module input, module output, host input, according to resolution of D2.0 comment 470:

'ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Need to avoid using "receive" or "receiver" on the transmit path (down the stack, PMA to MDI) or "transmit" or "transmitter" on the receive path (up the stack. MDI to PMA).

Change names using the terms host, module, input and output. For example, in the caption of Table 86-6 change "PPI electrical transmit signal output specifications at TP1a" to "nPPI host electrical output specifications at TP1a"

This is compatible with 83 and the rest of 802.3ba except 83A and now 83B. But Figure 83A-2 shows two "Transmitter"s and two "Receiver"s, one for each direction. This isn't compatible terminology.

If we were not trying to move to Sponsor ballot this would be a TR.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Transmitter" to "output", "Transmit Compliance Point" to "output compliance point", "Receiver" to "input", and "Receiver Compliance Points" and "Receive Compliance Point" to "input compliance point", throughout 83A.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

See response to comment 200 from D2.2:

### aip:

For Driver use Transmitter and for Input use Receiver and use Component instead of IC in figure 83B-3, 83B-5, 83B-7

It was agreed that the naming used in this resolution was more appropriate than the naming proposed by the commenter. Also See response to comment 82 (reject & referring to comment 200) from draft 2.2 which has the same naming request by the commentor.

we, Piers omment Type <b>T</b> Figure 83B-3 has been n	Independent		# 50	CI <b>00</b>	SC O	P 235	L1	# <u>51</u>	
Figure 83B-3 has been n				Dawe, Pie	rs	Independent			
Figure 83B-3 has been n	Comment Status D			Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status D			
going from transmitter to	nessed up. It shows two pat both paths went from a drive receiver. Calling part of the tter" is bad, and not consistent tter data	r and an input; i transmit path "	now they are shown as receiver" and part of	error p propa use, n	propagation ana gation statistics ot just for close	to the electrical spec including alysis, which has been done wit but not for CRn. Remember th d systems	h example (not	limit) KR error	
Note Clause 85 does not	have this problem because	it doesn't have	an exposed driver on	Suggester	•	ft and a batteria and lane.	am, final and unla		
	ment 82 does not answer th move to Sponsor ballot this			statist (There	ics of CRn coul may be severa	ft spec, between now and Janu d be, then work out the MTTFP al ways to fix it, e.g. tightening t must be VERY good indeed. A	A. If it isn't ade he hi_ber rules.	quate, fix the issue.	
lggestedRemedy						an a dropped packet.	v packet laisely		
Change transmitter or tra throughout 83B.	nsmit back to to output, cha	nge receiver (b	ack) to input,	Proposed	Response	Response Status U			
oposed Response PROPOSED REJECT. See response to comme	Response Status W			integra summ propa	ated noise. The ary, it's not nec	T. The analysis of crosstalk has CRn channel insertion has dec ressary to revisit the error propa still apply. Please see gustlin_ erse (slide 7).	creased aligning agation analysis	g it closer to KR. In , as KR error	
					-				
	er and for Input use Receive	r and use Com	oonent instead of IC in	<i>Cl</i> <b>01</b> Dawe, Pie	SC <b>1.5</b> rs	P 27 Independent	L <b>32</b>	# 52	
figure 83B-3, 83B-5, 83B	-7			Comment	Type E	Comment Status D			
	ming used in this resolution commenter. Also See response					lenote proper names. This was	s nearly right in	an earlier draft.	
to comment 200) from dr	aft 2.2 which has the same	naming request	by the commentor.	Suggested					
					ge "Least Signif significant bit".	icant Bit" to "least significant bi	t", change "Mos	st Significant Bit" to	
				Proposed PROF	Response OSED REJEC <sup>-</sup>	Response Status W			
				This comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.					
				The capitalization of MSB, LSB was changed as per resolution to comment #668 in D2.0.					
			The task force recognizes that the change suggested would be an editorial improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0.						



### Comment Type Т Comment Status D

Following up on D2.2 comment 69, "There are two error counting mechanisms that can be used on 64B/66B signals: errored blocks and BIP errors... We should be unambiguous which is meant by BER for the purposes of compliance. As the errored block counter is not very good in service at marginal and good BERs, we expect in-service monitoring to use BIP (that's why it was introduced). It is HIGHLY desirable that the same definition of BER apply in compliance testing with the scrambled idle signal as in service."

Also it seems that the 82.2.17 Test-pattern checker will typically count 2 for an isolated error while the 82.2.14 BIP checker will count 1.

Note that any change to the PCS operation would be a simplification, and option 1 below makes no change.

### SugaestedRemedv

Option 1: no chnage to silicon: Add text to 82,2.17 line 33 "However, the BIP error count according to 82.2.14 is the preferred measure for BER."

Option 2: To bring the definition of BER in scrambled idle test pattern mode in line with the expected de-facto definition of errors in service, it would be desirable to change:

"When operating in scrambled idle test pattern, the test-pattern error counter counts blocks with a mismatch. Any mismatch indicates an error and shall increment the test-pattern error counter."

## to

"When operating in scrambled idle test pattern, the test-pattern error counter counts BIP errors according to 82.2.14.".

There may be consequential changes to wording in Clause 45.

### Proposed Response Response Status W

### PROPOSED REJECT.

It is noted that Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.

The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot.

The per pcs lane BIP counters do operate in test pattern mode, and the test pattern error counting that is specified in the draft is consistent with clause 49, so with the draft as is allows a user to choose to look at the BIP or test pattern error counter.

Comment Type T Comment Status D

Following up on D2.2 comment 79. Objection 1 cited anslow 05 0709, which showed that with 32 UI offset between lanes, the peak baseline wander was about 50% more than for a single PRBS31. Now that the minimum offset has been increased to 20.000 UI (D2.2 comment 75), I believe that this issue and objection 2 "it can be shown that it is not unduly onerous" have been addressed. (But I haven't absolutely proved by simulation that objection 1 is overcome.) As to the last objection. "other mechanisms (e.g., scrambled idle test pattern, BIP) are available for multi-sublayer testing": these don't work with factorystandard PRBS31-based test equipment: that's why we have a PRBS31 feature.

### SuggestedRemedy

Change "on each of the lanes" to "on each of the PCS lanes" here and at line 32. Change "one lane and any other lane" to "one PCS lane and any other PCS lane" In the paragraphs beginning line 40 and top of page 214, change "lane" or "lanes" to "PCS lane" or PCS lanes". Change "Ln9 PRBS TX test err counter count" to "Ln19 PRBS TX test err counter count".

Delete "Note that bit multiplexing of per-lane PRBS31 may produce a signal which is not meaningful for downstream sublayers."

Provide 20 PRBS31 error counters in each direction, one per PCS lane. Add informative NOTE explaining that a 10G, 20G or 40G PRBS31 contains PCS lanes with PRBS31s with much more than 20,000 UI offset.

Another solution which would take a few more words would be to mandate generation by 10G lanes and checking by PCS lanes. Although for 40G, because we have a binary series of lane speeds, generating per PMA lane (whatever that is) and checking per (10G) PCS lane is ideal.

### Proposed Response Response Status W

### PROPOSED REJECT.

Per the analysis of anslow 01 1109.pdf, bit-interleaved PRBS31 signals with an offset of at least 20000 bits produces a pattern which, in terms of clock content is significantly less stressful than either serial PRBS31 or scrambled idles, and is also less stressful than PRBS31 in terms of baseline wander.

X 83A SC 83A.3.3.1	P 380	L15	# 55	C/ 83A	SC 83A	.3.3.1	P 380	L <b>21</b>	# 56
Dawe, Piers	Independent			Dawe, Pie	rs		Independent		
Comment Type <b>T</b>	Comment Status D			Comment			nment Status D		l with "VMA" throughou
during recording, plus a f to the ANSI standard "AT the process of restoring ( signal." So de-emphasis "preemphasis A system process design some (usually higher) fre frequencies, in order to in effects of such phenome subsequent parts of the s recording and FM transm An implementation might might call his method wh	noise reduction is a form of form of dynamic deemphasis 'IS Telecom Glossary 2007", after detection) the amplitud is the opposite of what's hap ed to increase, within a band quencies with respect to the nprove the overall signal-to-r na as attenuation differences system. Note: Preemphasis h ission.". achieve emphasis by a sub- at he wants. However, that's a relative boosting of the hig	used during p deemphasis i e-vsfrequence opening here, d of frequencie magnitude of noise ratio by r s, or saturation has application	layback". Or according s "In FM transmission, y characteristics of the which is s, the magnitude of other (usually lower) ninimizing the adverse of recording media, in is, for example, in audio d, and the implementer on. Viewed from the	83A a "Vtx-d If usin over a A mea averag A mea reflect This n no ber Also, 1 "Differ irrespr Also, 1 measu and of	nd 83B. lemph" is a l g a samplin a time windo asurement a ging, which asurement a tions (avera netric does t nefit. draft says "// gure 83A-5 i rential peak- ective of the the number urement acc ther cost col	bad metric for g scope, a m w. t a point in ti makes the m t a point in ti ging over rep he same job Amplitude me mplies that " to-peak amp UI. of waveform suracy is som	or four reasons: neasurement at a point me is degraded by sig neasurement even slow me is degraded by wa peated measurements o as the already well-es easurements are tak Maximum absolute ou plitude" are taken from s to average is not a p nething for the implement	t in time is slow nal and instrum ver). veform roughne doesn't fix this) stablished VMA en at the cente tput", "Minimun the extremes o roper item of sp enter to trade o	er than a measurement nent noise (hence needs ass caused by e.g. , so it adds clutter for r of the respective UI" n absolute output" and f the waveform pecification: ff against guard-bands
Response to comment 8	4 gives no evidence.			If w Suggested		rying to mov	e to Sponsor ballot this	s would be a 11	<b>Κ</b> .
If we were not trying to m	ove to Sponsor ballot this we	ould be a TR.			-	. "Amplitude	measurements are ta	ken using an av	verage of at least 16
throughout.	bout de- versus pre-: just ch	ange "de-emp	hasis" to "emphasis"	wavef define with e	orms and ta d in 83.5.10 ither:	ken at the ce ."		UI using a squa	are wave test pattern a
Proposed Response PROPOSED REJECT.	Response Status W			first U 86A.5		If of the squa	are wave test pattern d	0	
	The comment restates comments #84 from draft D2.2 ballot, which was submitted by the same balloter, and rejected. It can therefore be considered a "pile on" to the balloter's own			amplit Repla If we v	ude, as in F ce "Vtx-dem want to give	igure 83A-5. ph" with "VM guidance on	IA" throughout.	EIt is recomm	l peak-to-peak ended that at least 16
				Proposed	Response	Resp	oonse Status W		
				PROF	POSED REJ	ECT.			
					balloter, and		ent #84 from draft D2.2 can therefore be cons		vas submitted by the n" to the balloter's own

## IEEE P802.3ba D2.3 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s Ethernet comments

Froup 3rd recirculation ballot

C/ 83A         SC 83A.3.3.1         P 380         L 14         # 57           Dawe, Piers         Independent	C/         83B         SC         83B.1         P 397         L 7         # 58           Dawe, Piers         Independent
Comment Type E Comment Status D	Comment Type T Comment Status D
Draft says "See Figure 83A-5 for definition of de-emphasis" yet Figure 83A-5 does not define "de-emphasis": Equation 83A-3 does, as stated two sentences earlier. Also, should	If 85A.4 and 86A now support 0.87 dB connector loss, 83B should at least match it. But n need to deal in 1/00ths of dB (0.2%).
not put whole sentences in figures, especially if normative. That's what text is for.	SuggestedRemedy
SuggestedRemedy Change to:	Change 0.5 to 0.9 here and in Figure 83B-3. Consider reducing the host insertion loss by 0.4 dB to keep the loss budget the same.
"See Figure 83A-5 for an illustration of absolute driver output voltage limits, and definition of differential peak-to-peak amplitude. SLi <p> and SLi<n> are the positive and negative</n></p>	Proposed Response Response Status W
sides of the differential signal pair for lane i (i = 0, 1, 2, 3 for XLAUI. For CAUI i = 0:9)." Remove the sentence in square brackets from Figure 83A-5.	PROPOSED REJECT.
Proposed Response Response Status W	Retimed & non-retimed interfaces do not have the same budgets. 83A provides additional information on link budgeting if 83B characteristics are not met.
PROPOSED REJECT.	Derivation of 0.87dB in gustlin_04_0709 included deviations from nominal
It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete. The above comment is made against unchanged text and therefore out of scope for this ballot The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response:	HCB: 1.26dB nominal - MCB: 0.67dB - Mated HCB / MCB: 2 to 2.8dB - Connector loss and deviations from nominal = 2.8 - 1.26 - 0.67 = 0.87dB
proposed aip:	C/ 83B SC 83B.1 P396 L7 # 59
change to:	Dawe, Piers Independent
See Figure 83A-5 for an illustration of absolute driver output voltage limits, definition of differential peak to-	Comment Type E Comment Status D
peak amplitude, and definition of the parameters used to calculate de-emphasis	Font too small in Figure 83B-1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 9 (6.5 or 7 pt, should not be smaller than 8 pt). This may be because the charts have been shrunk.
Figure 83A-5 style is consistent with Figure 47-3	SuggestedRemedy Please fix.
	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.
	Enlarge charts
	This is not expected to be considered a substantive change because fixing chart size is generally not considered a substantive change.

	P <b>213</b>	L <b>25</b>	# 60	C/ 85	SC 85.10	2	P <b>256</b>	L30	# 62
Dawe, Piers	Independent	L <b>Z</b> J	# 00	Dawe, Pie		.2	Independent	230	# 02
omment Type T	Comment Status D			Comment	Туре Е	Commen	t Status D		
random number genera	be random is not a good idea tor and very difficult or imposs point, and at least here there is	ible to test for	. However,	alignir	ng with the Er	nglish meaning o	f loss ("a person	or thing or an ar	t-P_out)/P_incident, mount that is lost: the version of electrical
lggestedRemedy					y into heat by		ent) as in CEI-280	2	
delete, leaving the stroi	lent, random seeds" to "from s ng recommendation for a minin seeds are chosen every time,	num offset of	20 000 UI). If it is	It mig It mig But th	ht be P_incid ht be 10 log1 le equations o	ent/P_out or  V_i 0(P_incident/P_c lo not say dB.	ncident / V_out  c	or  V_out / V_inc	ident .
oposed Response	Response Status W			Suggeste	dRemedy				
PROPOSED REJECT.				At lea	st make clea	r whether IL is su	pposed to be in a	dB or not.	
and makes a hasty ass they could use the PRE	could lead to error if a designer umption that since the PRBS3 IS31 generator itself to create to sequence used as seeds wou	1 sequence its he seeds - ac	self is pseudo-random, ljacent or nearby	PROF Add d This is	B to equation s not expecte	EPT IN PRINCIP (85-19).	ed as a substantiv	ve change as it	provides
	wordings proposed by the cor ould be difficult to understand			<i>Cl</i> <b>85</b> Dawe, Pie	SC 85.8.3	3.7	P251 Independent	L <b>48</b>	# 63
each item of a set has a words "independent, ra	tatistics means "of or characte an equal probability of being ch ndom seeds" an accurate desc	osen", which	seems to make the	not ju	effects of diffe st recommen	erences should ded. Compare te			needs to be required
doesn't need to be a pr	ocess of chance.			Suggestee	dRemedy				
85 SC 85.10.3 awe, Piers	P <b>258</b> Independent	L <b>6</b>	# 61	the re	ference inser	tion loss should l	be accounted for	in the measurer	
omment Type E	Comment Status D						ion loss of an act he measurements		ind the reference
	10.2 says "IL is a column vecto					and 83B.2 (twic			
values, ILn", while 85.1 at 5.15625 GHz."	0.7 says "IL is the value of the	cable assemb	oly insertion loss in dB	Proposed	Response	Response	Status W		
at 5.15025 GHZ.				PROF	POSED ACCE	EPT IN PRINCIP	LE. Change: "The	e effects of diffe	rences between the

for in the measurements."

### SuggestedRemedy

It would be better to use a different symbol for the "insertion loss" as a function of frequency and for the "insertion loss" at a spot frequency.

## Proposed Response Response Status W

### PROPOSED REJECT.

The usage of IL is clear in context of usage i.e., as vector or at a given frequency  ${\sf f}$  as stated.

To:"The differences between the insertion loss of an actual test fixture and the reference insertion loss are to be accounted for in the measurements."

insertion loss of an actual test fixture and the reference insertion loss should be accounted

This is not expected to be considered a substantive change as it's a clarification of implementation and does not change requirements. Implement change in 85.10.8 and 83B.2.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID # 63

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C/ 85 SC 85.10.10.3 P 270 L 32 # 64 Dawe, Piers Independent	Cl 85         SC 85.10.7         P 260         L 46         # 66           Dawe, Piers         Independent	
omment Type E Comment Status D	Comment Type E Comment Status D	
Inconsistent notation: here we have MDNEXT subscript loss while previously in 85 we had Insertion_loss, IL, Return_loss. 85A uses IL a lot.	What does "Fast Fourier transform (FFT) [is] inversely proportional to the 20% to 80% rise and fall time Tft" mean?	
uggestedRemedy	Is what follows "Note that" a NOTE, i.e. informative and not part of the standard? Although the style guide allows it, it's ambiguous and should be avoided.	
My preferred solution is to use simply "MDNEXT" to and flip the sign, and replace Insertion_loss and IL with SDD21 (and flip the sign), in line with CEI, SFP+ and CXP.	Other editorial issues. I think the equation at line 48 and the units in Table 85-10 are not consistent (needs	
roposed Response Response Status W	checking).	
PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically	SuggestedRemedy	
correct and complete. The task force recognizes that the change suggested would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0.	Change "Define the weight at each frequency fn using" to "The weights Wnt and Wft at each	
	frequency fn are given by" (or add "here lines for Wht and Wft).	
C/ 85 SC 85.10.10.3 P259 L42 # 65	Change	
Dawe, Piers Independent	"where the equation parameters are given in Table 85-10. Note that the 3 dB transmit filter bandwidths fnt and Fast Fourier transform (FFT) are	
Comment Type T Comment Status D	inversely proportional to the 20% to 80% rise and fall times Tnt and Tft respectively. The	
Repeating D2.2 comment 65:	constant of proportionality is 0.2365 (e.g. Tht fnt = $0.2365$ ). In addition, fr is the 3 dB	
Draft says "Multiple Disturber Near-End Crosstalk (MDNEXT) loss is specified as the power sum of the individual NEXT losses." and "MDNEXT loss is determined by summing the	reference receiver bandwidth which is set to 7.5 GHz."	
power of the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential	"where	
NEXT loss values". These statements are not correct: MDNEXT is the power sum of the	fnt is in GHz and is given by Equation 85-new1,	
individual NEXTs, but as equation 85-26 shows, "MDNEXT loss" is the inverse of the power sum of the individual inverses of "NEXT losses".	fft is in GHz and is given by Equation 85-new2, fr, the reference receiver 3 dB bandwidth, is 7.5 GHz,	
The power sum of the individual NEXT losses would be dominated by the weakest NEXT,	and the other equation parameters are given in Table 85-10.	
which is not what we want.	fnt= 236.5 / Tnt (85-new1)	
SuggestedRemedy	fft= 236.5 / Tft (85-new2) where Tnt and Tft are the 20% to 80% rise and fall times in picoseconds given in Table 85-	
My preferred solution is change "NEXT loss" to "NEXT" and "MDNEXT loss" to "MDNEXT",	10."	
and flip the signs. This brings the signs in line with CEI, SFP+, CXP.	Proposed Response Response Status W	
Proposed Response Response Status W	PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: Note that the 3 dB transmit filter	
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	bandwidths fnt and Fast Fourier transform (FFT) are inversely proportional	
	to the 20% to 80% rise and fall times Tnt and Tft respectively. The constant of proportionality is 0.2365 (e.g.	
Change "MDNEXT loss is determined by summing the power of the four or ten individual	The first for the set to 7.5 The set	
Change "MDNEXT loss is determined by summing the power of the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)."	GHz.	
pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)."	To:Note that -3 dB transmit filter bandwidths fnt and fft are inversely proportional to the 20	
pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)." To: "MDNEXT loss is determined from the the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential	To:Note that -3 dB transmit filter bandwidths fnt and fft are inversely proportional to the 20 to 80% rice and fall times Tat and Tft represively. The constant of propertionality is 0.2366	
pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)."	to 80% rise and fall times Tnt and Tft respectively. The constant of proportionality is 0.2365	
pair-to-pair differential NEXT loss values using Equation (85-26)." To: "MDNEXT loss is determined from the the four or ten individual pair-to-pair differential	To:Note that -3 dB transmit filter bandwidths fnt and fft are inversely proportional to the 20 to 80% rise and fall times Tnt and Tft respectively. The constant of proportionality is 0.2365 (e.g. Tnt fnt = 0.2365) where fnt is in units of Hz and Tnt is in units of seconds. In addition, fr is the -3 dB reference receiver bandwidth which is set to 7.5 GHz.	

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

iroup 3rd recirculation ballot

C/ 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers	P <b>416</b> Independent	L37	# 67	C/     85A     SC     85A.4     P 416     L 34     #       Dawe, Piers     Independent	ŧ 70
Comment Type E	Comment Status D			Comment Type E Comment Status D	
If this e is the mathematica	al constant it should not be	italic.		Ambiguous "The maximum insertion loss allocation for the transmitter and re	
SuggestedRemedy Change to upright, here ar	d line E1			differential controlled impedance printed circuit boards is 7 dB at 5.15625 GH include the connectors or not?	Hz." Does this
0 1 0 1				SuggestedRemedy	
	Response Status W			Please make it clear. Similarly for the minimum loss on the next page.	
PROPOSED ACCEPT. See suggested remedy.				Proposed Response Response Status W	
This is not expected to be style guide and does not c		change as it ad	dresses implementing	PROPOSED REJECT. The losses are identified as "the insertion losses from TP0 to the ADD best recented a and from TD5 to the MDI best recented at	
C/ 85A SC 85A.4	P <b>416</b>	L 30	# 68	to the MDI host receptacle and from TP5 to the MDI host receptacle".	
Dawe, Piers	Independent	L 30	# 00		
Comment Type E	Comment Status D				
Draft says "an assumed co was 0.87 dB.	onnector loss of 1.74 dB".	I thought the a	llowed connector loss		
Was 0.07 ab.					
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pi					
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pi	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that	s of 0.87 dB per	r MDI connector". ggested would be an		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response F PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.: correct and complete. The improvement and mandate C/ 85A SC 85A.4	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that as the editor to resubmit th P416	s of 0.87 dB per	r MDI connector". ggested would be an		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.: correct and complete. The improvement and mandate C/ 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that es the editor to resubmit th P416 Independent	the change su scomment ag	r MDI connector". ggested would be an ainst draft D3.0.		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.: correct and complete. The improvement and mandate C/ 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that es the editor to resubmit th P416 Independent Comment Status D	the change su scomment ag	r MDI connector". ggested would be an ainst draft D3.0.		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response F PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.: correct and complete. The improvement and mandate C/ 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E Dead link. Also the Englis	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that es the editor to resubmit th P416 Independent Comment Status D	the change su scomment ag	r MDI connector". ggested would be an ainst draft D3.0.		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response F PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.: correct and complete. The improvement and mandate C/ 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E Dead link. Also the Englis	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that es the editor to resubmit th P416 Independent Comment Status D h could be improved. er cross-reference. Sugg	the change su is comment age <i>L</i> 30	r MDI connector". Iggested would be an ainst draft D3.0. # <u>69</u>		
SuggestedRemedy Either change "an assume two MDI connectors" or (pr Proposed Response F PROPOSED REJECT. It is noted that the Draft 2.1 correct and complete. The improvement and mandate Cl 85A SC 85A.4 Dawe, Piers Comment Type E Dead link. Also the Englis SuggestedRemedy Turn "85.8.3.4" into a prop With the insertion loss from	referred) "an assumed loss Response Status W 3 is technically task force recognizes that es the editor to resubmit th P416 Independent Comment Status D h could be improved. er cross-reference. Sugg	the change su is comment age <i>L</i> 30	r MDI connector". Iggested would be an ainst draft D3.0. # <u>69</u>		

	SC 86.7.3	P 288	L <b>33</b>	# 71	C/ 86		6.8.4.7	P 295	L <b>27</b>	# 72
awe, Piers		Independent			Dawe, Pier	S		Independent		
comment Typ	pe T	Comment Status D			Comment 7	Туре	E	Comment Status D		
		e signal level in OMA, each la 1, with the following difference		"Max" in D2.3) is used	Accord 86.8.4.		2.2 comr	nent 190, the new bullet f sho	uld have been	added to 86.8.4.8 not
 b) The pa	arameters of th	e signal are specified in Tabl	e 86-8"		Suggested	Remedy	/			
68.6.11 s	ays " the pov	wer in OMA at the receiver is	adjusted, using		Move b	oullet f fr	om 86.8.	4.7 to 86.8.4.8.		
	al to the stress in 10-12 shall b	sed sensitivity in OMA, also g	iven in Table 68	3-5, and a BER of	Proposed F	Respons	e	Response Status Z		
So, we ar	e to adjust the	power in OMA to any value	we like as long a	as it doesn't exceed	PROP	OSED R	EJECT.			
anything f	fail by setting t	5-8. So the spec is arbitrary a he OMA low enough.			This co	omment	was WIT	HDRAWN by the commenter.		
		essed sensitivity which is a proceed sensitivity which is a proceed as a set of the sense of the		ceiver under test not of	C/ 86A	SC 8	6A.4.1	P <b>422</b>	L23	# 73
		o move to Sponsor ballot this			Dawe, Pier	S		Independent		
uggestedRe					-	Tuno	-			
Change th	he row	e signal level in OMA_each l	ane Max-540	dBm"		omment		Comment Status <b>D</b> Whatever you do, don't mess		one the inverse of th
Change th "Receiver to "Receiver and below Signal lev Keep the tolerance	he row r jitter tolerance w "Conditions of vel in OMA - footnote, but of defines the op emedy would b	change "This is a test of the o otical receiver's ability" be to change "Receiver jitter	below" (deleting t:", insert a new optical receiver's tolerance signal	"Max -5.4 dBm" row ability" to "Jitter level in OMA" to	D2.2 cd As "los other (s what's badly c 1/1000 world e avoidin	omment is" is use see CEI lost), re defined a of the fi except K ng S-para vere not	85 said ' ed in two and XFP placing cl and ambig requency R uses S ameters. trying to r		y more widely gns with ordina vave-compatib 10BROAD36 that all of the 25G electrica	ary English (a loss is le S-parameters with and 10BASE-T at 10G/lane and 25G/lar
Change th "Receiver to "Receiver and below Signal lev Keep the tolerance Another re "Receiver	he row r jitter tolerance w "Conditions of rel in OMA - footnote, but of defines the op emedy would h r jitter tolerance	e, each lane, per conditions b of receiver jitter tolerance tes -5.4 dBm" change "This is a test of the o otical receiver's ability"	pelow" (deleting ::", insert a new pptical receiver's tolerance signal .8 b to say that t	"Max -5.4 dBm" row s ability" to "Jitter level in OMA" to the test signal's OMA is	D2.2 cd As "los other (s badly d 1/1000 world e avoidin If we w	omment is" is use see CEI lost), re defined a of the fi except K ing S-para vere not <i>Remedy</i>	85 said ' ed in two and XFP placing cl and ambig requency R uses S ameters. trying to r	Whatever you do, don't mess ways in 802.3 and the industr for example), and neither alig ear and unambiguous microw guous "X loss" language from was a step backwards. Note -parameters. We won't get to	y more widely gns with ordina vave-compatib 10BROAD36 that all of the 25G electrica	ary English (a loss is le S-parameters with and 10BASE-T at 10G/lane and 25G/lar
Change th "Receiver to "Receiver and below Signal lev Keep the tolerance Another ro "Receiver	he row r jitter tolerance w "Conditions of vel in OMA - footnote, but of defines the op emedy would h r jitter tolerance maximum for	e, each lane, per conditions b of receiver jitter tolerance test -5.4 dBm" change "This is a test of the o otical receiver's ability" one to change "Receiver jitter e in OMA" and modify 86.8.4	pelow" (deleting ::", insert a new pptical receiver's tolerance signal .8 b to say that t	"Max -5.4 dBm" row s ability" to "Jitter level in OMA" to the test signal's OMA is	D2.2 cd As "los other (s badly d 1/1000 world e avoidin If we w	omment is" is use see CEI lost), rej defined a of the fi except K ag S-par- rere not <i>Remedy</i> e the S-	85 said ' ed in two and XFP placing cl and ambig requency R uses S ameters. trying to r paramete	Whatever you do, don't mess ways in 802.3 and the industr for example), and neither alig ear and unambiguous microw guous "X loss" language from was a step backwards. Note -parameters. We won't get to move to Sponsor ballot this wo	y more widely gns with ordina vave-compatib 10BROAD36 that all of the 25G electrica	ary English (a loss is le S-parameters with and 10BASE-T at 10G/lane and 25G/lar

C/         86A         SC         86A.5.1.1.2         P 429         L 44         # 74           Dawe, Piers         Independent         IndepInt	C/         86A         SC         86A.4.2         P 425         L 19         # 75           Dawe, Piers         Independent         Independent
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         In SFP+ and previously in 86A, HCB-MCB crosstalk was controlled up to 15 GHz. Now 86A refers to 85.10.9.3 which does not control above 10 GHz. HCB-MCB crosstalk needs to be controlled to a frequency higher than product crosstalk (affects J9, eye, Qsq) according to the roll-off of the aggressor signal. Qsq is observed in a 12 GHz bandwidth. Also, every other spec in 86A starts at 10 MHz not 50 MHz.         SuggestedRemedy       Define an appropriate upper end of the frequency range for HCB-MCB crosstalk (for Annex 86A purposes). Define the lower end at 10 MHz (for Annex 86A purposes).         Proposed Response       Response Status       W         PROPOSED REJECT.       It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.         The task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement and mandates the editor to resubmit this comment against draft D3.0. The editor shall provide the following proposed response:         proposed AIP: Change "The limits on integrated crosstalk noise of the mated HCB and MCB are specified in 85.10.9.3 with the exception that the frequency range is 0.01 GHz to 15 GHz."	Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         BER is a criterion of tolerance, not a metric of it. It's already stated in 86A.5.3.8.6 and is the same for the whole project so should not be repeated here. Note comment on related issue against 86.7.3 Table 86-8. Also, per D2.0 comment 470: 'ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Need to avoid using "receive" or "receiver" on the transmit path (down the stack, PMA to MDI) or "transmit" or "transmitter" on the receive path (up the stack, MDI to PMA). Change names using the terms host, module, input and output.'         SuggestedRemedy       In Table 86A-4, change "Receiver signal tolerance, each lane (BER) - 10-12" to       "Host input signal tolerance, each lane, per conditions below" In footnote b, change "host receiver (see 86A.5.3.8)." to "host input (see 86A.5.3.8)." (it happens that the host input is a receiver input but we resolved to use "input" and "output" in D2.0 comment 470). Make the cross-reference into a proper link. In Table 86A-6 and 86A.5.3.8 consider changing "receiver tolerance" to input tolerance" as appropriate.
	Proposed Response       Response Status       ₩         PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.       The test proceedure in 86A.5.3.8.6 ends with "The BER of a compliant host receiver remains below 10-12" so indicating a limit of BER is appropriate.       It is noted that the Draft 2.3 is technically correct and complete.         However, the task force recognizes that the change suggested below would be an improvement.       This change is not expected to be considered a substantive change and the editor will use the editorial license to make this change.         Change "Receiver signal tolerance, each lane (BER)" to "Host input signal tolerance, each lane (BER)"

In Note b change "host receiver" to "host electrical receiver" and make the reference a link. This change in terminology is in accordance with the response to comment 470 against D 2.0

CI 86A	SC 8	6A.6		P 438	L 26	# 76
Dawe, Piers				Independent		
Comment T	ype	т	Comment S	tatus D		
betweer At 10 M If the P0 MHz an	n 10 MI Hz the CB loss d 0.79	Hz and 1 G HCB refer is like the dB at 1 Gł	GHz. rence loss is ( MCB loss bu Hz. With prace	0.031 while at ut scaled to 3 o	1 GHz it is abou B at 7 GHz it w ment uncertaint	onnector and HCB, t 0.4 dB ould be 0.06 dB at 10 y, it would be difficult to
SuggestedF	Remedv	/				
00	-		01 <= f <= 1".			
	clear t	hat there is	s a technical r	problem nor th	at the suggester	d remedy would
improve The 0.0 of comn IN PRIN '	the dr 1 to 1 nent 17 ICIPLE add a r 0.01 <f<< th=""><th>aft. GHz limit I '9 against ' and inclu ow to the e 1 value 0</th><th>iine was discu D2.2. The ag uded: equation )' acern that the</th><th>ussed by the ta greed resolutio</th><th>n of that comme</th><th>d remedy would track during resolution ent was an ' ACCEPT vas unspecified for the</th></f<<>	aft. GHz limit I '9 against ' and inclu ow to the e 1 value 0	iine was discu D2.2. The ag uded: equation )' acern that the	ussed by the ta greed resolutio	n of that comme	d remedy would track during resolution ent was an ' ACCEPT vas unspecified for the
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improve The 0.0 of comm IN PRIN '	the dr 1 to 1 nent 17 ICIPLE add a r 0.01 <f< ddress 1 GHz SC 8</f< 	aft. GHz limit l '9 against ' and inclu ow to the e 1 value C ed the con frequency	line was discu D2.2. The ag uded: equation )' acern that the range.	issed by the ta greed resolutio minimum inse	ask force optical n of that comme rtion loss limit w	track during resolution ent was an ' ACCEPT ras unspecified for the
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improve The 0.0 of comm IN PRIN '	the dr 1 to 1 nent 17 ICIPLE add a r 0.01 <f< ddress 1 GHz SC 8 SC 8 SC 8 Scype Style fo Remedy</f< 	aft. GHz limit I '9 against ' and incluow ow to the e 1 value C ed the con frequency 6A.5.3.8.3 E	line was discu D2.2. The ag uded: equation )' incern that the range. Comment S beesn't use a b	ussed by the ta greed resolution minimum inse P435 Independent itatus D	ask force optical n of that comme rtion loss limit w	track during resolution ent was an ' ACCEPT ras unspecified for the

Removing the box around a figure is not considered a substantive change as this line is purely editorial. The editor will use the editorial license to make this change.