C/ 00 SC 0 Healey, Adam	P 0 LSI Corporati	L 0	# r01-60	<i>Cl</i> 01 Rolfe, Ben	SC 1.4.52b	P 25 Blind Cree	L 39 k Associate	# r01-20
Comment Type E	Comment Status D	011		Comment		Comment Status D	A ASSOCIATE	
This comment is submi	itted on behalf of Michelle Tu Iblishing IEEE Standards Ast torial requirements Response Status W		Editor, Technical	The re The st definit require resulti lead to Admitt	esolution to comi atement identifici ion as defined b ements stated th ng error hides p o implementation	ment I-8 fails to provide an ed in comment I-8 constitut y the ieee style manual. Th erein, and no valid reason otentially important informa n errors and interoperability mative requirement is state	es information not is standard does n is given for correct tion in a non-norm issues (thus it is a	appropriate in a ot meet the ing the deficiency. The ative clause, which may technical issue).
TROFOCED ACCELT.				Suggested	lRemedy			
Thank you.	P 25	L 6	# r01-7	the ter	m and ensure th	ed resolution to I-8 and ren nat normative characteristic ternately delete the definiti	s are properly cont	
Anslow, Peter	Ciena Corpor	ation		Proposed		Response Status W		
Comment Type E	Comment Status D			PROP	OSED REJECT	•		
SuggestedRemedy Change 'IEEE Std P802	Std P802.3bk-2013 should re 2.3bk-2013' to read 'IEEE St			by cha with "[anges, or a portion Disapprove" vote	gainst a changed portion of on of the draft that is the su es. It is out of the scope of t stion follow the general form	bject of unresolved the recirculation ba	d comments associated llot.
roposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.						Two examples of other det		
PROPOSED ACCEPT.				100GE	BASE-R encodir	R10: IEEE 802.3 Physical I ng over ten lanes of shielde EEE Std 802.3, Clause 85.	d balanced copper	
				100GE	BASE-R encodir	R4: IEEE 802.3 Physical La ng over four WDM lanes on E Std 802.3, Clause 88.)"	yer specification fo single-mode fiber,	or 100 Gb/s using with reach up to at
				used a	definitions are s and the medium IEEE P802.3bj	structured to describe the F supported. Compare these .	Physical Layer in te examples to the d	rms of the encoding lefinition of 100GBASE-
				100GE four la	BASE-R encodir	(R4: IEEE 802.3 Physical L ng, Clause 91 RS-FEC, and ical backplane, with a total Clause 93.)"	2-level pulse amp	litude modulation over
				mediu highlig	m. It is intended th how it is disti	scribes the Physical Layer to be descriptive, identify nct from similar Physical La ious examples is how the r	he purpose of this ayers. The major di	Physical Layer, and fference between this
•	ed ER/editorial required GR/ spatched A/accepted R/reje	• •		0	d U/unsatisfied	C/ Z/withdrawn SC	01 1.4.52b	Page 1 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:2

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SC 1.4.52b 3/1 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

between boxes, the emphasis is on length because the reader is more likely interested in how far the two boxes can be separated within an equipment room or across a campus. For "inside the box" connections, length is a consideration but the reader (one who wishes to build a system utilizing Ethernet over backplane links) is expected to be more interested in the loss that can be supported. After much deliberation, it was concluded that loss was the best way to define this particular medium.

Defining the medium in these terms then allows us to clarify the distinction between 100GBASE-KR4 and 100GBASE-KP4 since both are 100 Gb/s Physical Layer specifications that operate over four lanes of an electrical backplane.

CI 45	SC	45.2.1.100	P 59	L 36	# r01-2
Marris, Ar	thur		Cadence De	sign Syst	
Comment	Туре	т	Comment Status D		test control
Add e	enable fo	or transmitte	er linearity test pattern in T	able 45-73 and re	eference it in Clause 94

SuggestedRemedy

1.1501.11 Transmitter linearity test pattern enable

1 = Enable transmitter linearity test pattern

0 = Disable transmitter linearity test pattern

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the comment highlights a deficiency that needs to be addressed.

Add the bit as suggested. Change the inserted paragraph to:

Register 1.1501 bit 8 enables testing with the JP03A pattern defined in 94.2.9.1 for 100GBASE-KP4 PMA/PMD. Register 1.1501 bit 9 enables testing with the JP03B pattern defined in 94.2.9.2 for 100GBASE-KP4 PMA/PMD. Register 1.1501 bit 10 enables testing with the QPRBS13 pattern defined in 94.2.9.3 for 100GBASE-KP4 PMA/PMD. Register 1.1501 bit 11 enables the transmitter linearity test defined in 94.2.9.4 for 100GBASE-KP4 PMA/PMD. The assertion of bits 1.1501.8, 1.1501.9, 1.1501.10, 1.1501.11 are mutually exclusive. If more than one bit is asserted the behavior is undefined. The assertion of 1.1501.8, 1.1501.9, 1.1501.11 operates in conjunction with register 1.1501 bit 3 for 100GBASE-KP4 PMA/PMD.

See comment #17 for the corresponding changes in 94.2.9.4, Table 94-4.

C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.88a	P 46	L 6	# r01-8
Anslow, P	eter	Ciena Corpora		
Comment	Туре Е	Comment Status D		bucket
Table	45-67 so they sho	able 45-67b and 45-67c are ould be Tablse 45-67a and 4 rtion of Table 45-15a above	5-67b. (This inc	orrect numbering is
Suggested	Remedy			
Re-nu	mber the tables a	s Tables 45-67a and 45-67b	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Proposed	Response	Response Status W		
PROP	OSED ACCEPT.			
C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.98a	P 61	L 13	# r01-13
Szczepane	ek, Andre	Inphi Corpora	tion	
Comment	Type TR	Comment Status D		test control
Allowi	ng arbitrary non-ze	ero polynomial seeds (via se	ed_i) breaks the	e uniqueness property

of the training frame delimiter (0x00FF0000). Any seed that creates a PRBS pattern starting with 8 or more zero bits combined with a status report ending in 3 zero bits will create a false training frame delimiter, if there are an even number of DM transitions in the DM payload. If this occurs at training start there is a 50% probability of a consistent false lock.

SuggestedRemedy

Add this sentence to the end of the paragraph :

"If the default seed values are not used, the values used must be selected carefully. Seed values that produce a PRBS sequence starting with 8 or more zero bits shall not be used."

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This is a recommendation, therefore no "shall". The word "must" is deprecated per 2012 IEEE Standards Style Manual. The suggested remedy is rewritten here replacing "shall" and "must" with "should".

Add this sentence to the end of the paragraph :

"If the default seed values are not used, the values used should be selected carefully. Seed values that produce a PRBS sequence starting with 8 or more zero bits should not be used."

C/ **45** SC **45.2.1.98**a

C/ 78 SC 78.1.1 Anslow, Peter	P 82 Ciena Corpora	<i>L</i> 48 ation	# r01-9	Cl 78 SC Anslow, Peter	78.1.3.3.1	P 83 Ciena Corpora	L 32 ation	# <u>r01-12</u>
be cross-references or s SuggestedRemedy	s of "Clause xx" to cross-ref			comment #5 However, the greater, deep Table 78-1 d 802.3 as mo greater show	6 against P added ser sleep is o oes not sho dified by P8 n in Table	Comment Status D n modified in the response t 802.3bm D2.0). Intence "For some PHYs with obtional as shown in Table 78 bit anything related to deep 802.3bj. For all of the PHYs 78-1 deep sleep is an option e format as the last sentence	a an operating sp 3-1." is rather co sleep being an c with an operatin . This sentence	beed of 40 Gb/s or infusing. Option for the PHYs in ing speed of 40 Gb/s or would be much
Cl 78 SC 78.1.1 Marris, Arthur Comment Type T Alert requests can be se SuggestedRemedy Change: "transmit quiet requests to: "transmit quiet and alert Change: "interfaces infer the quie To: "interfaces infer quiet ar Add reference to 83.5.1 Proposed Response	requests" t request" d alert requests"		# <u>r01-31</u> service interface ests.	Gb/s or grea Proposed Respo PROPOSED Change the s	sentence to ter that imp nse ACCEPT I sentence to greater the	"Deep sleep is optional for lement EEE." <i>Response Status</i> W N PRINCIPLE. "Deep sleep support is opti at implement EEE."		

C/ 78 SC 78.1.3.3.1

CI 78	SC 78.1.3.3.1	P 85	L 32	# r01-16
Marris, Arthu	ır	Cadence Des	sign Syst	
Comment T	pe TR	Comment Status D		EEE description

This paragraph says that deep sleep support is called out in Table 71. This is not true, it will be 802.3bm that will indicate in Table 71 which PHYs do not support deep sleep.

Also it says deep sleep "is similar to the mechanism defined for PHYs with an operating speed less than 40 Gb/s". This is not correct, deep sleep is the mechanism defined for PHYs with an operating speed less than 40 Gb/s. So delete this qualification. It is important to do this because otherwise the explanation of AN in 78.3 will not make sense.

Also there should be an explanation of how fast wake differs from normal operation.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the paragraph so that it reads as follows:

"For PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement the optional EEE capability, two modes of LPI operation may be supported: deep sleep and fast wake. Deep sleep refers to the mode for which the transmitter ceases transmission during Low Power Idle (as shown in Figure 78-3). Deep sleep support is optional for PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement EEE and mandatory for PHYs with an operating speed less than 40 Gb/s that implement EEE. Fast wake refers to the mode for which the transmitter continues to transmit signals during Low Power Idle so that the receiver can resume operation with a shorter wake time (as shown in Figure 78-3a). Fast wake support is mandatory for PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement EEE.

For transmit, other than the PCS encoding LPI, there is no difference between fast wake and normal operation.

Add the following text to the end of the second sentence in the first paragraph of 78.1.3.3.2 PHY LPI receive operation

"If in fast wake mode BIP running disparity is not calculated while in the fast wake state which is entered on reception of the sleep signal."

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Deep sleep is not defined for any PHYs <40Gb/s. Unless changes are made to all of the clauses written in P802.3az, the paragraph here should refer only to PHYs >=40Gb/s. Also, BIP statistics are not updated for either deep sleep or fast wake operation while the receiver is in any state other than RX_ACTIVE. It's not clear that special text is required for fast wake and/or BIP in this clause.

Change the paragraph so that it reads as follows:

"For PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement the optional EEE capability, two modes of LPI operation may be supported: deep sleep and fast wake. Deep sleep refers to the mode for which the transmitter ceases transmission during Low Power Idle (as shown in Figure 78-3) and is equivalent to the only mechanism defined for PHYs

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

with an operating speed less than 40 Gb/s. Deep sleep support is optional for PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement EEE. Fast wake refers to the mode for which the transmitter continues to transmit signals during Low Power Idle so that the receiver can resume operation with a shorter wake time (as shown in Figure 78-3a). For transmit, other than the PCS encoding LPI, there is no difference between fast wake and normal operation. Fast wake support is mandatory for PHYs with an operating speed of 40 Gb/s or greater that implement EEE."

Also change the first sentence in 78.3 from

"PHYs capable of deep sleep operation shall advertise that capability during the Auto-Negotiation stage."

to

"The EEE capability shall be advertised during the Auto-Negotiation stage, except for PHYs that only support fast wake operation."

<i>Cl</i> 80 Marris, Arthu	SC 80.3.1 r	P1 Cade	11 nce Design S	L 52 Syst	# r01-22
<i>Comment Ty</i> Clause 7	<i>pe</i> TR 74 is the BASE-F	Comment Status R FEC	D		FEC name
SuggestedR	emedy				
To:	(see Clause 74) FEC (see Claus	·			
Proposed Re PROPO	esponse SED ACCEPT.	Response Status	w		

See also comment #3

C/ 80 SC 80.3.1 Page 4 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

C/ 80 SC 80.3.1 RAN, ADEE	P 121 Intel Corpora	L 52	# r01-3	<i>CI</i> 80 Marris, Art		80.3.3.5		P 116 Cadence Des	L 10	# r01-19
	•			,		_			sign Syst	
Comment Type ER Response to comme	Comment Status D nt i-91 against D3.0 was imple	emented incorrec	FEC description tly:		nsisten		Comment St er changing all (with the deep	instances of:		bucke
	g with "The IS_RX_LPI_ACTI\ FEC. The second sentence is			To: "Witho	out EEE	deep slee	ep mode capab	·	opaony	
				Suggestea		-				
	hat RS-FEC doesn't do (witho e 91 is clear enough. The fact ated in 80.3.3.6.			"Witho To:	out EEE		f: / (with the deep ep mode capab		option)"	
SuggestedRemedy										
Change				Proposed PROP		ise ACCEPT.	Response St	atus W		
Clause 74) that the F block lock; the RS-F	TIVE.request primitive is used PCS has detected LPI signalin EC does not use this signal."			by cha with "E	anges, c Disappro	or a portion	n of the draft the	at is the subj	ect of unresolve	n of the draft affected d comments associated Illot. However, the
То				comm	ent fixe	s an incor	nsistency introd	uced by a pro	evious comment	
	TIVE.request primitive is used the PCS has detected LPI sig			<i>Cl</i> 80 Healey, Ac		80.3.3.7	I	P 117 _SI Corporati	L 3 on	# r01-61
	D			Comment		E	Comment St			
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEF	Response Status W			Also, i	in 83A.3	3.2a, the p	orimitive PMA:IS	_UNITDATA	d be IS_ENERG	GY_DETECT.indication.
It is useful to point of	ut that the signal is not used by	y the RS-FEC (by	y contrast).	PMA:I Suggested	_	_	ndication (2 ins	tances).		
Change				Correc	ct the pr	imitive na	imes as stated i	in the comme	ent.	
Clause 74) that the F	TIVE.request primitive is used PCS has detected LPI signalin EC does not use this signal."			Proposed PROP	•	ose ACCEPT.	Response Sta	atus W		
То										
	TIVE.request primitive is used the PCS has detected LPI sig									

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 80 SC 80.3.3.7

IEEE P802.3bj D3.1	0 Gb/s Backplane and Copper Cable 1st Sponsor recirculation ballot corr	nments

C/ 82 SC 82.2.18.3.1 Marris, Arthur	P 154 Cadence Desig	<i>L</i> 19 In Syst	# r01-30	C/ 83 Marris, Arth	SC 83.3 Jr	P 158 Cadeno	<i>L</i> 36 <i>L</i> 36 <i>L</i> 36	# r01-21
Comment Type T This comment is against Consider adding LPI_FW SuggestedRemedy Add "* LPI_FW = FALSE do not already have a LP	Comment Status D Figure 82-17LPI Receive s switch to all transitions out	tate diagram. of RX_SLEEP		Comment T Deep sl SuggestedF Change Page 19 Page 19 Page 19 Page 19 Page 10 Page 10	vpe T eep mode is eemedy cross refere 8 line 36 (or 8 line 54 11 line 38 (Cl	Comment Status I actually described in 78. ince from 78.3 to 78.1.3.3 just reference Clause 78 ause 80) (Clause 83) ause 84) ause 85)) 1.3.3.1 rather than 78	xref fix 8.3.
comment i-104 against D SuggestedRemedy In transition from RX_WA "rx_down_count = 1".	Intel Corporatio <i>Comment Status</i> D des "rx_down_count = 255". 3.0 it should include "rx_dow KE to RX_ACTIVE, replace <i>Response Status</i> W	According to th vn_count = 1".		Page 10 Proposed R PROPC The cor by chan with "Di	SED ACCEI nment is not ges, or a por sapprove" vo	ause 84) Response Status N PT. against a changed portio	n of the draft, a porti e subject of unresolv of the recirculation b	ed comments associated ballot. However, the
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN	PRINCIPLE.			C/ 92 Dudek, Micł	SC 92.10.2		3 L 14 Corporation	# r01-53
	on from RX_WTF to RX_AC lign_status * rx_down_count	-	the condition to:	Comment T With the MDNEX are no I SuggestedF Delete t 92.10.9	vpe T use of COM T, MCFEXT onger any sp <i>emedy</i> he MDNEXT and 92.9.10	Comment Status I A to specify cables and ca , and ICN are only used for ecification numbers for the cand MDFEXT rows in Ta preplacing "cable Assemi	D alibrate the interferen or the test fixture spe nese parameters for ble 92-10. Relabel	ecifications Note there the cable. I sections 92.10.8,
				Proposed R	'	2.11. Response Status \ PT IN PRINCIPLE.	N	

Use suggested remedy with editorial license to implement.

C/ 92 SC 92.10.2

Cl 92 SC 92.10.2 P 238 L 8 # r01-39	C/ 92 SC 92.11.3.1 P 254 L 46 # r01-40
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type E Comment Status D 92.10.2, Cable assembly insertion loss, is a confusing section because for over a page it goes through a fitting procedure, then doesn't do anything with the answer, then provides limits - but for measured, not fitted? SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type T Comment Status D Now that the minimim mated loss has been increased, there is a larger gap between min and max, degrading measurement accuracy, yet at least at the lower frequencies, performance is clearly better than these specs allow, as shown in slide 8 of diminico_3bj_01a_0114.pdf.
Use subclauses to divide the fitted and non-fitted material. Consider putting the non-fitted	SuggestedRemedy
material first.	In eq 92-45, low frequency part, reduce the ~f term but add a quadratic term so that the spec remains continuous at 14 GHz.
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.	Proposed Response Response Status W
	PROPOSED REJECT.
The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. The definitions and specifications are correct and unambiguous as written. C/ 92 SC 92.11.1.2 P 251 L 36 # [r01-42]	Commentor has not provided sufficient justification for change suggested in remedy and has not provided sufficient information to implement in the draft. The shape of the measurements provided should not be used to generate limit lines as they are representative of a limited set of measurments performed on mated test fixtures of the same design.
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	C/ 92 SC 92.11.3.1 P 264 L 40 # r01-26
Comment Type T Comment Status D	Healey, Adam LSI Corporation
The HCB reference insertion loss has been reduced by scaling all three terms. Yet slide 12 of diminico_3bj_01a_0114.pdf shows measurements with a little more curvature than the new reference loss. SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type TR Comment Status D The definition of RMS insertion loss deviation is incomplete. The frequency range for the fitted insertion loss must also be defined.
Adjust the three coefficients so that the insertion loss is more curved.	SuggestedRemedy
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.	Change the second paragraph of 92.11.3.1 to the following. "The RMS insertion loss deviation, ILD_RMS, is calculated according to 93A.4 with f_b=25.78125 GHz, T_t=9.6 ps, and f_r=0.75 x f_b. The fitted insertion loss is computed over the range f_min=0.01 GHz to f_max=25 GHz. ILD_RMS shall be less than 0.13 dB."
The shape of the measurements provided should not be used to generate limit lines as they are representative of a limited set of measurements performed on mated test fixtures	Proposed Response Response Status W
of the same design. Other IL shapes are possible. IL (minimum and maximum) and ILD of	PROPOSED ACCEPT.
the mated test fixtures are specified.	Use suggested remedy

C/ 92 SC 92.11.3.1

C/ 92 SC 92.11.3.3	P 254	L 6	# r01-43	C/ 92	SC 92.7.12	P 197	L 22	# r01-23
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tecl		# 101-43	Healey, Ada		LSI Corporat		# [101-23
Comment Type T C The newly relaxed mixed-m mode specs for CAUI-4 (an performance and/or requirin SuggestedRemedy Review what compliance bo returned to the D3.0 limits?	Comment Status D node specs for the compl d OIF VSR) must be relating that something else m pard performance is prace esponse Status W ification changes referre	iance boards im axed also, possil oust be tightened sticable. Can the d to by the comm	bly degrading useful d up. e mixed-mode specs be mentor were considered	Comment Ty The required SuggestedR Replace update p respond the begi entry to 93.7.12 Proposed R	ype T uirement correct emedy the first senter process specifing to that req nning the star the AN_GOOI and 94.3.10.7 esponse	Comment Status D sponding to the first line of ite ence of item b) with the follow ied in 72.6.10.2.5, the period uest shall be less than 2 ms, -up protocol. The beginning of D_CHECK state in Figure 73-	em b) could be s ing. "In addition from receiving a except during th of the start-up p	to the coefficient a new request to he first 50 ms following rotocol is defined to be
diminico_3bj_01a_0114.pd C/ 92 SC 92.14.4.5 Palkert, Thomas	f. P 273	L 24	# <u>r01-34</u>	In 94.3. ²	0.7.5, replace	2, use the suggested remedy. 9 the sentence on page 294 li 1 from receiving a new reques	ne 9 with:	
		on a1/a2/a4 hav		less that The beg	n 2 ms, excep	t during the first 50 ms follow tart-up protocol is defined to	ing the beginnin	g the start-up protocol.
SuggestedRemedy In PICS CA2 Change refere	ence from equation '92-2	25' to equation 'S	92-28'					
Proposed Response River PROPOSED ACCEPT IN F	esponse Status W RINCIPLE.							
92.8.4.4 Receiver interferer constraints cable assembly In CA2 add reference to 92 Add additional PICS for cat Add after sentence P214, L less than or equal to the ma In addition, change of 92.8. 12.8906 GHz not implemer Change equation 92-10 coe f < 14 -19.06+2.23*f	coefficients. .8.4.4 ble assembly min and ma 25 "The measured inser aximum cable insertion lo 3.7 Insertion loss TP0 to ted in equation 92-10.	tion loss of the o oss of 22.48 dB o TP2 or TP3 to	at 12.8906 GHz." TP5 to 9.85 dB at					

C/ 92 SC 92.7.12

Dudek, Micha	SC 92.7.12	P 197 QLogic Col	L 23	# r01-48	<i>Cl</i> 92 Dudek, Mi	SC 92.8.3.2	P 200 QLogic Cor	L 36	# r01-49
comment Ty		Comment Status D	poration		Comment		Comment Status D	poration	
It is extre etc. The have mis SuggestedRe	emely difficult to intent of this co s-understood the emedy	understand what is inten mment is not to technica original intent, however	ally change what is the different wordi	in the draft, but I may ng in clause 94 helps.	With a board host b return	an ASIC that jus it is not possible being used to tes	t passes the return loss for to pass the host return los t the cables in the COM cal this specification will not ca	s specifications. T culation is worse t	The return loss of the han the effective host
as specif complete to the AN ii) . The	fied in 72.6.10.2 e the process is N_GOOD_CHE(period from rec	eginning of the section to 5 with the following addi 50ms from the beginning CK state in Figure 73-11) eiving a new request to re	tional requirements g of training (as der esponding to that r	s. i) The time to marcated by the entry equest shall be less	Suggestee Chang 19GH figure	ge the equation z. Make the s	92-1 to 8.5-0.35*f from 0.01 same changes to equation s		
new requ	uest and the end	rt of the period is the fran I of the period is the fram A new request occurs w	e marker of the tra	aining frame with the	•	Response POSED ACCEP ⁻	Response Status W		
from the status re	coefficient filed	in the preceding frame. ated to indicate the corre the requirement to respo	The response occu sponding action is	urs when the coefficient complete."		ng task force dis ludek_3bj_01_03			
as it is co	overed by the fir	ddition to the coefficient st sentence in the section to 93.7.12 on page 247, a	n		<i>Cl</i> 92 Dawe, Pie	SC 92.8.3.2 ers J G	P 223 Mellanox T	L 18 echnologie	# r01-36
	esponse SED ACCEPT II nment r01-23.	Response Status W N PRINCIPLE.			others	raphs in this cla s e.g. in 72, 85, 9	Comment Status D use and Annex 92A are bitn 93, 86A.	naps, with their dis	advantages. Unlike
92	SC 92.8.3	P 199	L 17	# r01-51	Suggestee	dRemedy ice with vector q	ranhice		
udek, Micha		QLogic Cor		# [01-51	•	Response	•		
omment Ty		Comment Status D			•		Response Status W		
With the COM to o for the Ta	, specification of qualify the cable	Signal-to-noise-and-disto s it is no longer necessa			Vecto	r graphics are us ps when the PD	sed in the draft but some gr F file was generated. The ca		
JUDDESIEDRI	,	e rows and also section 9	2.8.3.5						
00									
Delete th Proposed Re	esponse SED ACCEPT.	Response Status W							
Delete th Proposed Re PROPOS	•	Response Status W							

C/ 92 SC 92.8.3.2

Cl 92 SC 92.8.3.6.1 P 226 L 49 # r01-37	C/ 92 SC 92.8.3.6.1 P 226 L 49 # r01-38
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type T Comment Status D This says "capture per 85.8.3.3.4 with M not less than 32 samples per unit interval." and 85.8.3.3.4, Waveform acquisition, says "The waveform shall be captured with an effective sample rate that is M times the signaling rate of the transmitter under test. The value of M shall be an integer not less than 7." (It's "effective" so that equivalent-time scopes are allowed.) But there is no need to capture with such high oversampling (nor with integral oversampling): the need is to process the linear fit algorithm with M>=32. Measuring with M=32 with an equivalent-time scope would take longer than needed. SuggestedRemedy Change "per 85.8.3.3.4 with M not less than 32 samples per unit interval." to "per 85.8.3.3.4. The captured waveform is resampled so that M is an integer, not less than 32 samples per unit interval." Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. M	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type E Comment Status D This says "the test pattern PRBS9 as specified in 83.5.10", but 83.5.10, PMA test patterns (optional), is a long subclause that's really about controlling the various test pattern modes, not pattern definition. It does say "a PRBS9 pattern (as defined in Table 68-6)". Let's make the document a little more user friendly. SuggestedRemedy Cut out the indirection: change "the test pattern PRBS9 as specified in 83.5.10" to "the PRBS9 pattern (see Table 68-6)". Similarly in 92.8.3.8. In 92.8.3.9.2, change "a PRBS9 pattern (see 83.5.10)." to "a PRBS9 pattern (see Table 68-6). Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT. The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected
Change: "per 85.8.3.3.4 with M not less than 32 samples per unit interval." To: " per 85.8.3.3.4. In the following calculation, M should be an integer not less than 32. Interpolation of the captured waveform may be used to achieve this."	by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot.The reference in 92.8.3.6.1 to the PRBS9 definition in subclause 86.8.2 is consistent with similar references in IEEE 802.3-2012 Clauses 86, 87, and 88. Also, the suggested remedy is not required in order for the definition of PRBS9 to be properly understood.Cl 92SC 92.8.3.9.2P 230L 43# [101-57
	Healey, Adam LSI Corporation
	Comment Type T Comment Status D This comment is submitted on behalf of Vinu Arumugham. Noise from switching aggressors need to be included. SuggestedRemedy All aggressor lane transmitters shall be transmitting PRBS31 pattern with amplitude set to maximum value. Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
	Add sentence "All aggressor lane transmitters are to transmit PRBS31 pattern set to the same transmitter parameters as the lane under test." After sentence"Effective bounded uncorrelated jitter and effective random jitter are measured on each of two specific transitions in a PRBS9 pattern (see 83.5.10)."

C/ 92 SC 92.8.3.9.2

C/ 92 SC 92.8.4.2 P 232 L 45 # r01-41 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie	C/ 92 SC 92.8.4.5 P 236 L 45 # r01-58 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation
Comment Type ER Comment Status D Equation 92-22, for receiver differential input return loss, is just the same as Equation 92-1 for transmitter differential output return loss. Don't waste the reader's time.	Comment Type T Comment Status D This comment is submitted on behalf of Vinu Arumugham. The jitter tolerance test is not stressful enough and the SJ spec. is not aligned to Clause
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Change "The differential input return loss, in dB, of the receiver shall meet Equation (92- 22)." to "The differential input return loss, in dB, of the receiver shall meet Equation (92- 1).". Remove Equation 92-22. The PICS RC4 remains.	The test procedure is as described in 92.8.4.4.5 except that during the test the pattern generator sinusoidal jitter frequency and peak-to-peak amplitude are as specified in Table 88-13. In addition, the pattern generator is set to generate 0.05UI BUJ.
Proposed Response Response Status W	Proposed Response Response Status W
PROPOSED REJECT.	PROPOSED REJECT.
This comment is a restatement of comment i-159. The draft is correct and unambiguous as written. Also, having the reader refer to another section of the document for the equation could be interpreted as a waste of the reader's time.	The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. The purpose of the receiver jitter tolerance test is to verify the receiver's ability to track low-
C/ 92 SC 92.8.4.4.3 P 211 L 5 # [r01-52] Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation	frequency jitter consistent with the transmitter jitter filter defined in 92.8.3.9. It is not intended to be a comprehensive stress test.
Comment Type T Comment Status D Erroneous sentence. The disturbers are to be set to a given amplitude. There can't be 3dB difference between them. SuggestedRemedy	Table 92-9 specifies the jitter tolerance to be 1 UI peak-to-peak at 940 kHz and 5 UI peak- to-peak at 190 kHz. Table 88-3 specifies the jitter tolerance to be 5E5/f UI peak-to-peak for f = 1E5 to 1E7 Hz. This translates to [approximately] 0.53 UI peak-to-peak at 940 kHz and 2.6 UI peak-to-peak at 190 kHz. Table 93-7 requires twice the jitter tolerance at these specific frequency points and in that respect is more stressful.
Delete the sentence "The amplitudes of each of the disturbers should not deviate more than 3dB from the mean of the disturber amplitudes."	In addition, it has not been established why the requirements for a copper cable PHY should be consistent with the requirements for a PHY that supports up to 10 and 40 km
Proposed Response Response Status W	over single-mode fiber.

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 92 SC 92.8.4.5

Cl 93 SC 93.8.2.4 P 236	L 45 # r01-59	C/ 93 SC 93.9.3 P 300 L 7 # r01-35
Healey, Adam LSI Corporation		Palkert, Thomas Molex Incorporated
Comment Type T Comment Status D This comment is submitted on behalf of Vinu Arumugham The jitter tolerance test is not stressful enough and the S		Comment Type TR Comment Status D COM results are inconsistent due to VNA resolution at low frequencies and selected DC extrapolation method.
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy
Receiver jitter tolerance is verified for jitter frequency and	l peak-to-peak amplitude values	Change fmin from .05 GHz to .1GHz and specify DC extrapolation method.
specified in Table 88-13.		Proposed Response Response Status W
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.		PROPOSED REJECT.
The comment is not against a changed portion of the drai by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirc	unresolved comments associated	The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associate with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot.
The purpose of the receiver jitter tolerance test is to verify frequency jitter consistent with the transmitter jitter filter d intended to be a comprehensive stress test. Table 93-7 specifies the jitter tolerance to be 1 UI peak-to to-peak at 190 kHz. Table 88-3 specifies the jitter tolerance f = 1E5 to 1E7 Hz. This translates to [approximately] 0.53 2.6 UI peak-to-peak at 190 kHz. Table 93-7 requires twice specific frequency points and in that respect is more stress established why the requirements for a backplane PHY si requirements for a PHY that support up to 10 and 40 km	befined in 93.8.1.7. It is not bepeak at 940 kHz and 5 UI peak- ce to be 5E5/f UI peak-to-peak for B UI peak-to-peak at 940 kHz and e the jitter tolerance at these ssful. In addition, it has not been hould be consistent with the	The result of a calculation based on measured data is limited by the accuracy of the measurement. COM is a function of measured channel scattering parameters and it is assumed that the measurements are accurate. The draft does not dictate how to make accurate measurements e.g., the method of network analyzer calibration is not defined. Similarly, the draft does not dictate how to determine an accurate DC value. This is left to the [evolving] state of the art. Inaccurate DC values can result in causality and/or passivity violations. The impact on COM is related to the severity of the violation and can be compounded by post-processing algorithms that enforce causality and/or passivity on the data. For these reasons, NOTE 1 of 93A.1.5 advises the user that the "the filtered voltage transfer function may need to be extrapolated (both to DC and to one half of the sampling
C/ 93 SC 93.8.3 P 231 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technology	L 34 # r01-44	frequency)" and that the "extrapolation method and sampling frequency must be chosen carefully to limit the error in the COM computation."
Comment Type T Comment Status D The limit for effective total uncorrelated jitter, peak-to-pea as it is in Table 93-4 At TP0a. As the host channel and c Gaussian jitter, this seems inconsistent.		The suggested remedy does not include a "fool proof" method to accurately determine the DC value for any channel that could be evaluated with COM. If a method is specified that not broadly applicable and accurate, there is the risk that an otherwise valid channel is limited by errors that are mandated by the standard.
SuggestedRemedy		Depending the value of firmin in Table 02.9, it has not been established that the resolution
Tweak one of the limits to make room for host channel ar	nd connector.	Regarding the value of f_min in Table 93-8, it has not been established that the resolution of network analyzer measurements between 0.05 and 0.1 GHz contributes to significant
Proposed Response Response Status W		variability in COM results.
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.		Note that some variability may result from the application of various causality enforcemen algorithms to the non-causal package and host tranmission line models defined in
Change the 100GBASE-CR4 effective total uncorrelated Table 92-6. PICS item TC28). See healey 3bi 03 0314.		93A.1.2.3 and 92.10.7.1.1 respectively. This issue is addressed in r01-27.

Change the 100GBASE-CR4 effective total uncorrelated jitter limit to 0.22 UI (92.8.3.9.2, Table 92-6, PICS item TC28). See healey_3bj_03_0314.pdf.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

CI 93 SC 93.9.3 Page 12 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

C/ 93A SC 93A.1 P 398 L 52 # r01-62	Cl 93A SC 93A.1.2.3 P411 L 38 # r01-27
Healey, Adam LSI Corporation	Healey, Adam LSI Corporation
Comment Type E Comment Status D Merge this sentence with the preceding paragraph.	Comment Type TR Comment Status D The transmission line model defined in this Annex is not causal and erroneously uses an f^2 term to model insertion loss deviation. The equations for cascading X 1 mm sections to
SuggestedRemedy Delete the sentence "The Physical Layer specifications that employ this method are listed in Table 93A-2."	yield a X mm tranmission line are also inaccurate, especially for shorter, lower loss tranmission lines. These inaccuracies impair the ability of COM to differentiate between acceptable and unacceptable channels.
Change the last sentence of the preceding paragraph to "The values assigned to these parameters are defined by the Physical Layer specification that invokes the method (see Table 93A-2)."	SuggestedRemedy Replace the equations in 93A.1.2.3 with equations more grounded in transmission line theory that are causal by construction. Supporting material will be provided that defines a
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.	such a model that is a function of 5 real-valued parameters. Replace the parameters and values in Table 93A-3 and Table 92-12 (to be provided as part of the supporting material).
C/ 93A SC 93A.1.2.3 P 346 L 51 # [r01-29] Moore, Charles Avago Technologies Avago Technologies P 346 D 346	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Implement the changes to 93A.1.2.3 and 92.10.7.1.1 described in healey_3bj_02_0314.pd
Equation 93A-10 gives a transfer characteristic which is non-causal which will cause difficulties in computing COM. Also equations 93A-11 and 93A-12 are known to be incorrect. We need a new package, and host trace,	C/ 93A SC 93A.1.3 P 413 L 22 # r01-5 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation Intel Corporation Intel Corporation Intel Corporation
model.	Comment Type E Comment Status D
SuggestedRemedy A specific proposal will be made in a presentation.	The reflection coefficients (Gamma 1 and 2), as defined, are constant across all frequencies, so they need not be a function of frequency. In equation 93A-16 they appear as scalars in the numerator and as functions of frequency in the denominator.
Proposed Response Response Status W	SuggestedRemedy
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See r01-27.	Delete the (f) arguments after Gamma_1 and Gamma_2, in equation 93A-15 and in the denominator of equation 93A-16 (6 instances total).
C/ 93A SC 93A.1.2.3 P 347 L 7 # r01-50 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.
Comment Type TR Comment Status D To match the description of the transmission line given on line 32, (and to match the accepted comment i-172), the value of p1 in table 93A-3 needs to be negative not positive.	The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot.
SuggestedRemedy Change the value of p1 from "0.106" to "-0.106".	However, the commenter correctly points out an editorial issue that should be corrected. Implement the suggested remedy.
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	
The response to comment r01-27 removes the parameter rho_1.	

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 93A SC 93A.1.3 Page 13 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

	
C/ 93A SC 93A.1.4 P 403 L 39 # r01-15 Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syst Cadence Design Syst From the system of	C/ 93A SC 93A.1.6 P 415 L 42 # r01-28 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation
Comment Type E Comment Status D Equation 93A-17 is truncated SuggestedRemedy Fix to make H(k) visible. Also fix text on lines 43 and 45.	Comment TypeTComment StatusDThe parameter SNR_TX is set to the minimum SNDR required from compliant transmitters. The value of SNR_TX is used to define a noise source with variance sigma_TX^2 which presumably accounts for the degradation in performance due to minimum SNDR. However, the expression for sigma_TX^2 includes factors of sigma_X^2 and (A_s/R_LM) = h(0)(t_s)/(L-1). The definition of SNDR is 10*log10(p_max^2/(sigma_e^2+sigma_n^2)). If
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with Proceedings and the state of the again of the draft affected by the subject of unresolved comments associated	we take sigma_e ~ 0 and p_max ~ $h(0)(t_s)$ then we find the effective SNDR for the COM transmitter to be about 10*log10((L-1)^2/sigma_X^2)+SNR_TX. For 100GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-KR4, L = 2 and the SNDR of the COM transmitter is SNR_TX as expected. For 100GBASE-KP4, the SNDR of the COM transmitter is 12 dB better than SNR_TX. This seems inconsistent with the notion of representing worst-case impairments.
with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the commenter correctly points out an editorial issue that should be corrected. Implement the suggested remedy.	SuggestedRemedy Remove the extraneous factors and change Equation (93A-28) to sigma_TX^2 = h(0)(t_s)^2*10^(-SNR_TX/10). Adjust the SNDR limit for 100GBASE-KP4 transmitter and corresponding value for SNR_TX as necessary.
C/ 93A SC 93A.1.6 P 415 L 42 # r01-33 Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation Intel Corporation Intel Corporation Intel Corporation	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Comment Type GR Comment Status D Equation 98A-28 essentially reduces a to proportion of channel attenuation times (sigma_e+sigma_n) but divided by (L-1). The effect of sigma_e + sigma_n is not affect by levels. The impact it requires a lower sndr level for clause 94.	The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, this technical issue should be addressed.
SuggestedRemedy In equation 98A-28 change As to As*(L-1) In table 94-13, page 356 line, 35 change SNDR to 33 And	Implement the suggested remedy. Also change the 100GBASE-KP4 SNDR limit (94.3.12.7, Table 94-13, PICS item TC28) and the SNR_TX value (Table 94-17) to 31 dB. See mellitz_3bj_01_0314.pdf.
In table 94-17, p373, line 42change SNR_TX to 33 Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	In addition, change the caption of Table 94-17 to "COM parameter values".
The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot.	

See r01-28.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 93A SC 93A.1.6 Page 14 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

C/ 93A	SC 93A.1.6	P 416	L 11	# r01-14
RAN, ADEE		Intel Corporation		

Comment Type GR Comment Status D

Table 93A-1 specifies ranges of values for c(-1) and c(1) without stating which combinations are permitted. It can be implied that any combination of valid c(-1) and valid c(1) is permitted.

On the other hand, the transmitter specifications in clauses 92-94 create minimum requirements for the ratios R_pre and R_post, which implicitly define minimum required values for c(-1), c(0) and c(1). Some combinations of c(-1) and c(+1) imply c(0) which is below its required minimum, so it is not guaranteed that all transmitters will support them.

For example, To reach R_post=4, the required coefficients are c(-1)=0, c(0)=0.62 and c(1) is -0.38; this creates minimum requirements for c(0) and c(1). Similiarly, from R_pre, the minimum requirement for c(-1) turns out to be -0.18. However, if c(-1) and c(+1) would both be set to their minimum values, the value for c(0) would be 0.44 which is below its minimum requirement.

It should be clarified that combinations in which any coefficient is outside its minimum requirement should not be used in COM.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following sentence after "The FOM is calculated for each permitted combination of c(-1), c(1), and g_DC values per Table 93A-1":

The combination of c(-1), c(1) values is constrained as required by the transmitter full-scale ratio specifications for the Physical Layer that invokes this method.

Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associated with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, this technical issue should be addressed.

The text proposed in the suggested remedy is ambiguous in that there no "full-scale ratio" requirements in the Physical Layer specifications that currently invoke the method. A compliant transmitter must satisfy the coefficient initialization and range requirements. In addition, the statement is unfriendly to users of the standard as it requires them to work out what the constraints are. The constraint can be clearly stated as a minimum value of c(0) that satisfies but does not significantly exceed the minimum requirements.

Add the following row to Table 93A-1. Transmitter equalizer, minimum cursor coefficient | 93A.1.4.2 | c(0) | --

Add the corresponding row to Table 93-8 and Table 94-17 with the value 0.62.

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of 93A.1.4.2. "If the value of c(0) is less than the specified minimum value, the corresponding combination of c(-1) and c(1) is considered invalid and is not used to calculate COM."

C/ 93A	SC 93A.4	P 355	L 19	# r01-56
Dudek, Mi	chael	QLogic C	orporation	
	51	Comment Status D cally the RMS of the insertior tion	n loss deviation. It is	s the weighted RMS
Suggested Chang		insertion" to "The weighted I	RMS insertion"	
,	Response OSED ACCE	Response Status W		
calcula To: "A figu	RMS insertion ated using Ec	n loss deviation ILD_RMS is a quation (93A–54)." or a channel that is based y Equation (93A–54)."	a figure of merit for	a channel that is
		4), change "ILD_RMS" to "F(OM_ILD".	
C/ 93A Dudek, Mi	SC 93A.4 chael		L 24 orporation	# <u>r</u> 01-55
	Type T	Comment Status D		
multip	efinition for IL	Drms here is different from t . The result depends on the p $\Omega^{(0)}$ is 1.)		
The de multip	efinition for IL le issues (eg. er because 10	. The result depends on the r		

Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See r01-25.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial re	quired GR/general required	T/technical E/editorial G	j/general		C/ 93A	ł
COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accept	oted R/rejected RESPON	SE STATUS: O/open W/v	written C/closed U/unsatisfied	Z/withdrawn	SC 93A.4	3
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, lir	le					

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C/ 93A SC 93A.4 Dawe, Piers J G	P 410 Mellanox Tech	L 26 Inologie	# r01-47	C/ 93A SC 93A.4 Healey, Adam	P 420 LSI Corporatio	L 26 on	# r01-25
Comment Type T The ILDrms formula new	Comment Status D eds a denominator.			Comment Type TR The equation for ILD_RMS	Comment Status D S is incorrect.		
SuggestedRemedy Within the square root,	divide by sum(W).			SuggestedRemedy Change the equation to sq	ırt(sum_over_n(W(f_n)*II	LD(f_n)^2)/N).	
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT	Response Status W			Proposed Response F PROPOSED ACCEPT.	Response Status W		
	inator is chosen to be N to ming Forum implementation a			Also see r01-56.			
The response to r01-56 based on ILD(f)" and na	designates this term as a "fi mes it "FOM_ILD" to distingu	gure of merit for uish it from the	r a channel that is standard deviation.	C/ 93A SC 93A.4 Healey, Adam	P 420 LSI Corporatio	L 33 on	# r01-24
C/ 93A SC 93A.4 Dawe, Piers J G	P 410 Mellanox Tech	L 26	# <u>r01-45</u>	Comment Type E There is only one rise and SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status D fall time.		
the number of points. SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status D and 100G Ethernet we have s) and n to i under the big sid		s the index. N might be	Change "20% to 80% ris Proposed Response F PROPOSED ACCEPT. C/ 93C SC 93C.1	e and fall times, T_t." to " Response Status W	20% and 80%	rise and fall time, T_1
Proposed Response PROPOSED REJECT. Lower case "n" is the in	dex to a particular frequency convention is used in a number	value and uppe		Anslow, Peter	Ciena Corpora	ation	# <u>101-11</u>
Cl 93A SC 93A.4 Dawe, Piers J G Comment Type T Isn't ILD done in dB spa	P 410 Mellanox Tech Comment Status D	L 26	# <u>r01-46</u>	Make "Figure 93C-6" a cro	oss-reference. Response Status W		
SuggestedRemedy 10^(ILD(fn)/10) should b	be ILD(fn)^2, I think.						
Proposed Response	Response Status W						
PROPOSED ACCEPT.							

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

CI 93C SC 93C.1 Page 16 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

CI 93C	SC 93C.2	P 417	L 47	# r01-32
Mellitz, Rich	hard	Intel Co	rporation	

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The peak voltage of the transmitter should be account for. For a "transmitter with high quality termination" V_f should be set to 0.4V. Otherwise V_a and V_fe should be set to the measured V_f as long as it is > 0.4V. The COM calculation is somewhat insensitive to V_f in a normal sense. However for calibration there would be and impact on the applied noise.

SuggestedRemedy

Change

The procedure is based on the calculation of COM which uses the parameters defined in the COM parameter table in the PMD clause that invokes this method with the following exceptions. The value of sigma_RJ and ADD are set based on a transformation of measured parameters as specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. In the COM computation the transmitter package model is included only if a compliant transmitter with a similar termination is used. If a transmitter with high quality termination is used, in the COM calculation, the termination is modeled as ideal and a Gaussian low pass filter is added to Equation (93A-17) which has the same 20%-80% transition time as the transmitter measured at TP0a. To:

The procedure is based on the calculation of COM which uses the parameters defined in the COM parameter table in the PMD clause that invokes this method with the following exceptions. The value of sigma_RJ, ADD, V_f are set based on a transformation of measured parameters as specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX and V_f is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX and V_f is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in these PMD clause that invokes this method. In the COM computation the transmitter package model is included only if a compliant transmitter with a similar termination is used. If a transmitter with high quality termination is used, in the COM calculation, the termination is modeled as ideal and a Gaussian low pass filter is added to Equation (93A-17) which has the same 20%-80% transition time as the transmitter measured at TP0a and V_f is adjusted in the transmitter to the V_f parameter specified in this PMD clause that invokes this method. In this case the parameters V_a and V_fe defined in the COM parameter table are set to the measured value fo V_f. Alternatively:

The procedure is based on the calculation of COM which uses the parameters defined in the COM parameter table in the PMD clause that invokes this method with the following exceptions. The value of sigma_RJ and ADD are set based on a transformation of measured parameters as specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. The value of SNRTX is set based on a transformation of the measured parameters specified in the PMD clause that invokes this method. In the COM computation the transmitter package model is included only if a compliant transmitter with a similar termination is used. If a transmitter with high quality termination is used, in the COM calculation, the termination is modeled as ideal and a Gaussian low pass filter is added to Equation (93A-17) which has the same 20%-80% transition time as the transmitter measured at TPOa.

The transmitter voltage amplitude is adjusted to the parameter V_f defined in the PMD

clause that invokes this method. Editorial license granted Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

The comment suggests that an allowance should made be when the test transmitter peakto-peak differential output voltage exceeds 800 mV. However, this is not necessary since the test transmitter output voltage is constrained (see the 3rd paragraph of 93C.1). Specific constraints are stated in the clause that refers to this method. See, for example, 93.8.2.3:

"The test transmitter is constrained such that for any transmit equalizer setting the differential peak-to-peak voltage (see 93.8.1.3) is less than or equal to 800 mV ."

Comment Status D

C/ 94	SC 94.2.10	P 281	L 43	# r01-10
Anslow, Pe	eter	Ciena Corpora	tion	

Comment Type T

Cross clause comment

In Tables 94-4 and 94-5 several of the Register/bit number values are now incorrect ("1.16" has been removed from them).

Also, the MDIO status variable names for the last four rows of Table 94-5 don't match the names in Table 45-67c

SuggestedRemedy

For the last 6 rows of Table 94-4 and the last 4 rows of Table 94-5 insert the "1.16" missing at the beginning of the Register/bit number.

For instance the value for PMA transmit overhead pattern changes from "2.7:0" to "1.162.7:0"

Also, make the variable names in the last four rows of Table 94-5 and Table 45-67c match.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement remedy to comment r01-1:

"Add 1.16 in front of changed text for Register/bit number in Tables 94-4 and 94-5"

In Clause 45 change the bit names in "Table 45-67c-PMA overhead status 1 and 2 register bit definitions"

Change: "PMA receive status" To: "PMA receive overhead sequence" in four places in Table 45-67c.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line C/ 94 SC 94.2.10 Page 17 of 18 3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM

Ø 94 SC 94.2.10 P 326 L 38 # r01-1 Iarris, Arthur Cadence Design Syst	C/ 94 SC 94.3.10.10 P 341 L 49 # [r01-18] Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syst
Comment Type E Comment Status D Reinstate deleted "1.16" for register numbers in Tables 94-4 and 94-5.	Comment Type E Comment Status D Re-instate deleted text "data stream". This text is shown as deleted in the comparison
uggestedRemedy Add 1.16 in front of changed text for Register/bit number in Tables 94-4 and 94-5.	version but not the clean version. SuggestedRemedy
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.	If necessary re-instate deleted text "data stream" at the end of 94.3.10.10. Proposed Response Response Status W
See also comment r01-10	
P 326 L 10 # r01-17 Iterris, Arthur Cadence Design Syst	C/ 94 SC 94.3.12.7 P 309 L 26 # r01-54 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation <
Comment Type T Comment Status D Add the word "repeating" to make it consistent with previous test pattern subclauses.	Comment Type T Comment Status D There is a disconect between the allowed SNDR here and the equivalent TxSNR in the COM code because TxSNR in the COM code is relative to the 1/3 eye height whereas SNDR is related to the full amplitude.
Add text to describe control variables for the Transmitter linearity test pattern	SuggestedRemedy
uggestedRemedy	Change the TX SNDR requirement from 27dB to 36.54dB (or change the meaning of
Change: "The transmitter linearity test pattern is a 160-symbol pattern"	TxSNR in the COM code).
To:	Proposed Response Response Status W
"The transmitter linearity test pattern is a repeating 160-symbol pattern"	PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Add following text to the end of 94.2.9.4: "The transmitter linearity test pattern is enabled by the test_pattern_enable and TX_linearity_enable control variables. If the optional Clause 45 MDIO is implemented, the control variables map to the registers and bits defined in 94.2.10."	The comment is not against a changed portion of the draft, a portion of the draft affected by changes, or a portion of the draft that is the subject of unresolved comments associate with "Disapprove" votes. It is out of the scope of the recirculation ballot. See response to comment r01-28
Add TX_linearity_enable to Table 94-4 referencing 1.1501.11	
	C/99 SC 99 P1 L 33 # $r01-6$
Also make sure the enable bit 1.1501.11 is added in Clause 45. I have submitted a separate comment for this.	Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation
roposed Response Response Status W	Comment Type E Comment Status D
PROPOSED ACCEPT.	The text on page 1 line 33 should say "prepared for sponsor ballot recirculation" rather tha "prepared for Working Group ballot". Also, the copyright year should be 2014 throughout the draft.
	SuggestedRemedy
	Change text to: "prepared for sponsor ballot recirculation". Also, change the copyright ye to be 2014 throughout the draft.
	Proposed Response Response Status W

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COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	SC 99	3/12/2014 6:49:32 PM
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line			