C/ 83D SC 83D.4	P 157	L 49	# [i-1	C/ 83D	SC 83D.3.3		[⊃] 156	L 10	# i-3
Mellitz, Richard	Intel Corporation	on		Latchman,	,				
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			Comment	51	Comment Stat			
without a DFE. The C	bus time filter entry and data in T CTLE parameters in Clause 93 T					ooint jitter tolerance J per Table 88-13	test with	single interference	e tolerance test that
intended to be used w	with a DFE.			Suggested	lRemedy				
See>	pected to improve by 0.5-1 dB.	ıs/apr24_14/me	ellitz_01_042414_caui.p	In 83D modul In Tab for bot	3.3.1, add new ating the clock s le 83D-5, add a h tests.		soidal jitte sinusoida		est transmitter by alue of "Table 88-13"
accept recommedatic http://www.ieee802.o ui.pdf	on in rg/3/bm/public/cuadhoc/meeting	s/may15_14/la	tchman_01_051514_ca	Response ACCE		Response Stati			
slide 5				C/ 83D	SC 83D.4		^{>} 157	L 48	# i-4
lesponse	Response Status C			Latchman,	Ryan				
ACCEPT IN PRINCIF See comment i-4	PLE.			Comment Chang		Comment Stat or DFE based RX to		n 802.3bj	
Update Table 83D-6 slide 5. Delete Table 83D-7 " [Editor's note added a The file referenced al		rs as per latchn eted.		slide 5 Delete <i>Response</i> ACCE	5. • Table 83D-7 "F	Reference CTLE co Response Stati	efficients"	ers as per latchm	an_01_053014_caui
ui.pdf]	rg/3/bm/public/cuadhoc/meeting	s/may30_14/la	tcnman_01_053014_ca	C/ 83E	SC 83E.3.1.	6	^{>} 169	L 11	# i-5
7 95 SC 95.1	P 103	L 41	# i-2	Latchman,	Ryan				
95 3C 95.1	Ciena Corpora		# 1-2	Comment	Tvpe T	Comment Stat	us A		
		uon			51	nded CTLE peaking		ed for host output	eve evaluation
omment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucket	Suggested		·····	, g		-,
There is a typographi	ical error in Table 95-1 footnote	b		00	.3.1.6 change:				
	unction may is not supported." t	0:		"The r "The r measu	ecommended C ecommended C urements) is pro	TLE peaking value TLE peaking value vided" 3014_caui slide 6			t output eye
Response	Response Status C			Response		– Response Stati	ıs C		
ACCEPT. See comment i-24				ACCE	PT IN PRINCIP	•			
TYPE: TR/technical requi	ired ER/editorial required GR/g	eneral required	T/technical E/editorial G/g				Comm	nent ID i-5	Page 1 of 32

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

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C/ 83E SC 83E.3.4.2.1	P 179	L 49	# i-6	C/ 83D SC 83D.3.	-	L 4	# i-9
atchman, Ryan				RAN, ADEE	Intel Corpora	ation	
	ot Status A			Comment Type T	Comment Status A	1'	the contribution of the state
Make explicit that the module shall Recommended_CTLE_value. Mak Recommended_CTLE_value. Add	e explicit the opt		-1dB values for	There is no standard equalization coefficient	for setting the transmitter equa dized method for a receiver to in ents are good or not, or to requ	ndicate whether the st a change to the	ne current transmitter ne coefficients in use.
SuggestedRemedy				Configuring a multi-	port system without such metho	ods is difficult if at	all possible.
In 83E.3.4.2.1 change: "The module under test is evaluate "The module under test shall meet three"			d in Table 83E-7 using	feature. Since CAUI	el for transmitter equalization to -4 does not use the clause 72 t optional back-channel through	raining, to avoid a	e 72 is a powerful adding complexity it is
Add to the end of the same paragra Recommeded_CTLE_Value."	•		t not to use the	Having a standardiz tuning and promote	ed MDIO-based method will he interoperability.	lp multi-port syste	ms integration and
Add a row to PICS under 83E.5.3 M (item: ADR, Feature: Adaptive rece			ue: Module receiver	SuggestedRemedy			
does not use Recommended_CTLE See latchman_01_053014_caui slid	E_value, Status:			A proposal was disc figure will be supplie	ussed in the CAUI-4 ad hoc. P	resentation and de	etailed text, tables and
Response Response	e Status C			Response	Response Status C		
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-78				ACCEPT IN PRINC	IPLE. ges shown in ran_01_0714_op		0744
7 83D SC 83D.3.1 atchman, Ryan Comment Type T Commer	P 153	L 43	# i-7	to be monotonic is a Also, change the "w	lerance for c(1) and c(-1) are + dded with editorial license. eight" entries in the tables of ar 3.2 change "it shall be as" to "it	nslow_01_0714_o	-
Table 83D-1 reference to output jitt		pdated based on	latest 802.3bj draft				
SuggestedRemedy In Table 83D-1, change reference f							
Response Response ACCEPT.	e Status C						
7 95 SC 95 ing, Jonathan	Р	L	# [i-8				
Comment Type T Commer Replace TDP with TxVEC.	nt Status A						
SuggestedRemedy Replace TDP with TxVEC.							
Response Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	e Status C						
See response to comment i-35							
YPE: TR/technical required ER/editor	ial required GR/	general required	T/technical E/editorial G/g	eneral	Comn	nent ID i-9	Page 2 of 32

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 83D SC 83D.3.3.1 P 156 L 33 # i-10	C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.7 P 326 L 8 # [-12			
RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation Comment Type TR Comment Status A Table 83D-5 replaces Table 93-6. The latter defines two tests per symbol error ratio, one with a specified maximum insertion loss ("short channel") and one with a specified minimum insertion loss ("long channel"). Table 83D-5 has two tests, but both specify only a maximum-loss channel. Since the Annex 93C test method for both cases, the test condition limiting parameters should be similar. The current difference may cause confusion among test implementers and different interpretation of the test requirements, as either "minimum stress" or "required operating region".	RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation Comment Type ER Comment Status "When aui_rx_mode = QUIET, SIGNAL_DETECT shall be set to OK within 500 ns following the application of a signal at the receiver input detects an ALERT signal driven from the XLAUI/CAUI link partner" This is a malformed and illegible statement. It seems to be copied from 83A, which had this phrasing since D1.3 of 802.3bj. Unfortunately it has escaped unnoticed. A meaningful variation of this sentence appears in 84.7.4 (as modified by 802.3bj): "When rx_mode = QUIET, SIGNAL_DETECT shall be set to OK within 500 ns following the			
This ambiguity has a simple solution - since the CAUI-4 channel specification is normative, there is no need to re-define the required operating region; interference tolerance should be defined with a minimum stress. This aligns with the maximum COM value used in both tests. Test 1 should be a "long channel" with minimum loss, and test 2 should be a "short channel" with maximum loss.	 application of a signal at the receiver input that corresponds to an ALERT transmission (see 84.7.2) from the link partner." 85.7.4 has a similar meaningful statement. SuggestedRemedy Change "detects" to "that corresponds to" to create a meaningful statement. 			
SuggestedRemedy	Consider applying a similar correction in 83A.3.4.7 too.			
Change "Insertion loss at 12.89 GHz" value for test 1 from "max 20" to "min 20" dB.	Response Response Status C			
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Move the "2" values in the COM row to new "Target" columns. Change the Insertion loss values for test 1 to be min 19.5 and max 20.5 dB and for test 2 to be min 9.5 and max 10.5 dB	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. [Editor's note: This comment relates to page 135 line 39 (and page 157 line 9)] In 83A.3.4.7, change: " a signal at the receiver input detects an ALERT signal" to: " a signal at the receiver input that corresponds to an ALERT signal"			
C/ 83D SC 83D.5.4 P 160 L 42 # [i-11 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation	Make the same change in 83D.3.4.			
Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket "waveform" is the established term.				
SuggestedRemedy				
Change "wave form" to "waveform".				
Response Response Status C ACCEPT.				

83E SC 83E.3.3	P 173 L 20	# i-13	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3.1 P177 L 6 # [i-14				
AN, ADEE	Intel Corporation		RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	mment Status A at TP4a as defined in Figure 83E- ble of detecting bits.	5 - it is a physical point	Comment Type TR Comment Status A "Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude is adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the reference receiver."				
SuggestedRemedy Delete this row from the table "shall" in 83E.3.3.1 and 83E.	e. Define BER as a CAUI-4 normat 3.4.1).	ive requirement (e.g. add	As currently written, the amplitude may exceed the "Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance" parameter. This can create an excessive stress or damage the receiver under test.				
The host receiver interferenc	e tolerance test already has this re	quirement.	SuggestedRemedy				
Response Res ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	sponse Status C		Append to this paragraph "as long as the pattern generator's peak-to-peak voltage does not exceed the receiver's Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance specification (see Table 83E-7)".				
comment i-32.	3.1 and 83E.3.4.1 and the BER rov	v have been removed by	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-103				
			[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-103 was: ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: "Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP4 using the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude is adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the reference receiver." to: "Eye height and eye width, extrapolated to a probability of 10^-15, are then measured at				
			TP4 based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted (without exceeding the receiver's differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance specification as shown in Table 83E-4) to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the reference receiver with the setting of the CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width."				

Also see comments i-14, i-15, i-98, i-102]

C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3.1. P 177 L 6 # [i-15 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.4 P 177 L 29 # i-17 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation
Comment Type E Comment Status A Two parameters are adjusted. SuggestedRemedy change "is adjusted" to "are adjusted". Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-103	Comment Type TR Comment Status A "Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance" is specified as (min) 900 mV. In contrast, "Single-ended voltage tolerance" and "DC common mode voltage" in this same table have both min and max specifications, and clearly the working range is between the two. For clarity and uniformity, it is better to that specify all tolerance values as maximum allowed values. A similar definition (and problem) exists in table 83E-4.
C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3.1 P 173 L 42 # [i-16] RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation	SuggestedRemedy Change "Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance (min)" to "Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance (max)", in both tables.
Comment Type E Comment Status A "The CAUI-4 chip-to-module host input is defined to operate at a bit error ratio" Bit error ratio is a characteristic of a receiver. SuggestedRemedy Change "chip-to-module host input" to "chip-to-module host receiver".	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. In Table 83E-7, change Single-ended voltage tolerance (min) -0.4 Single-ended voltage tolerance (max) 3.3
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Overtaken by events, 83E.3.3.1 has been removed by comment i-32.	To: Single-ended voltage tolerance range (min) -0.4 to 3.3 C/ 83E SC 83E.5.4.3 P 184 L 48 # [i-18 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation
	Comment Type T Comment Status A "Differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance" "termination mismatch" and "Common move voltage" from Table 83E-4 do not have PICS items.
	SuggestedRemedy Add PICS items for these parameters, or for the whole table 83E-4.
	Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change PICS items in 83E.5.4.3 to be for the whole of Table 83E-4 instead of individual parameters and in 83E.5.4.4 to be for the whole of Table 83E-7.

C/ 95 SC 95	Р	L	# i-19	C/ 45	SC 45.2.3.46	P 38	L 18	# i-21
Ben Ary, Jacob	Teldor Cables	s & Syste		Healey, Ada	am	Avago Techr	nologies	
IEC terminology. Spe do not define "fiber ty use of fiber type is ma nomenclature A1a.2 a	Comment Status R 5 it is important to be accurate a cifically as regards the use of t pes" but rather performance ca andated or required for clarity c and A1a.3. OM3 and OM4 can ters are specified, but again, no	he terms OM3 a ategories of cabl or technical accu be used in the t	and OM4. These terms led fiber. Wherever the lracy - use the IEC ables where link	(http://i require therefo <i>Suggestedl</i> Subcla	mment is based on IEE eee802.org/3/maint/req d for the currently defin re the 6th bit is superflu <i>Remedy</i> use 45.2.3.46, change 5:0 to 3.400.4:0.	uests/maint_1242.pc ed PCS implementat ious.	lf). In Table 45-14 ion,	
Response	Response Status C			ACCEF				
REJECT. No specific remedy si	upplied. ncing OM3 and OM4 in clause			<i>Cl</i> 80 Healey, Ada	SC 80.4	P 50 Avago Techr	L 23	# [i-22
"OM3" & "OM4" and <i>i</i> The commenter is inv specific changes.	rited to identify where the draft	is not clear and	provide proposals for	Gb/s ar <i>Suggestedi</i> The se meter o	cond paragraph in this of fiber or electrical cab	so this assumption rec	sults in the calcu 3 for the calculati	lation being wrong. on of bit time per
C/ 00 SC 0	P 0	L 0	# i-20	new equation):				
Comment Type ER This draft meets all ea SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status A ditorial requirements.		Bucket	et an extern replacement text> Equation (80-1) specifies the calculation of cable delay in nanoseconds provide the electrical cable, based upon the parameter n, which represents the ratic electromagnetic propagation in the fiber or electrical cable to the speed of vacuum, c = 3x10^8 m/s.				e ratio of the speed of
Response	Response Status C			cable d	lelay = 10^9/(n*c)[ns/m]	(80-1)		
ACCEPT. Thank you.				The value of n should be available from the fiber or electrical cable manufactu value is known then a conservative delay estimate can be calculated using a c of $n = 0.66$, which yields a default cable delay of 5 ns/m.				
				Response ACCEF	,	oonse Status C		

				•	•			
C/ 86 SC 86.10.2.1	P 75	L 19	# i-23	C/ 95	SC 95.7.2	P 1 1	11 L 35	# i-26
Healey, Adam	Avago Techno	logies		Petrilla, Jo	hn	Avago	Technologies	
Comment Type T	Comment Status A			Comment	Type TR	Comment Status	R	
(http://ieee802.org/3/ma "a" to table 86-13 is too	on IEEE 802.3 revision requi int/requests/maint_1246.pdf) low by a factor of two. This v	. The value of 3 alue is believed	to have originated	for ins		oise in available test ins		not sufficiently account _01_0714 for additional
	he skew model kolesar_02_0 This value must be multiplied			Suggestee	Remedy			
lanes. See kolesar_01_ ideally match those for t Note "a" value and the v	0613_mmf for more details. F he other skew parameters in value in Table 86-13 for Cabli	Further, the units Table 86-13. Al	s in Note "a" should so the sum of the	eye m details	ask coordinates	s as described in petrilla	a_01_0714 for addition	test: VECP, J2, J4 and al information and
ns allocation described	In clause 86.3.2.			Response		Response Status	U	
SuggestedRemedy				REJE		the reader that instrum	contation naion may be	aignfileant
For note "a" of Table 86 Table 86-13 to 2.2 ns.	-13, replace "300 ps" with "0.	6 ns". Change t	he 2.5 ns value in		3.4 already con	n the reader that instrun tains the text:	nentation noise may be	signnicant.
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C			the me	easurement sys		out signal that does not	excessive noise/jitter in fully stress the receiver under-stressed may
C/ 95 SC 95.1	P 103	L 41	# i-24	result	in the deployme	ent of non-compliant ree	ceivers. Care should be	e taken to minimize the
Petrilla, John	Avago Techno	logies		noise/ noise.		by the reference O/E,	filters and BERT and/o	r to correct for this
Comment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucket	Additio	ons to this text t	to recommend how far a	above the noise the sid	nal are invited
	n may is not supported" likely	should be "fund	tion is not supported"					
SuggestedRemedy	.function may is not supporte	d" to "function is	s not supported"					
Response	Response Status C							
ACCEPT.	Response Status							
C/ 95 SC 95.7.1	P 110	L 50	# i-25					
Petrilla, John	Avago Techno	logies						
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A							
	nitter eye mask coordinates available test instruments.							
SuggestedRemedy								
In Table 95-6 change th petrilla_01_0714.	ne Transmitter eye mask coo	ordinates as des	cribed in					
Response	Response Status C							
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE								
Keep the same mask co	ordinates and change the hi	ratio from 5E-5	to 1.5E-3					
	ER/editorial required GR/g				U/unsatisfied		Comment ID i-26	Page 7 of 32 07/08/2014 14
SORT ORDER: Comment II	· · ·							07/00/2014

C/ 95 SC 95.8.7	P 115 L 2 # i-27	C/ 95 SC 95.8.8.4	P 117 L 52 # i-28	
Petrilla, John	Avago Technologies	Petrilla, John	Avago Technologies	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A	Comment Type TR	Comment Status R	

Although the reference receiver frequency response is defined for the transmit eye test, the reference receiver sensitivity is not. Since sensitivities of available test instruments are not expected to be as good, relative to the worst case Rx, as in the past, the test equipment can adversely impact the measurement result. This should be addressed. See petrilla_01_0714 for additional information and details.

SuggestedRemedy

Include in 95.8.7 the following: The reference receiver has an RMS input noise of 17 microwatts. Change the last sentence from "Compensation may be made for variation of the reference receiver filter response from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response." to "Compensation may be made for variation of the reference receiver input noise and filter response from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response."

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-25

Also, change:

"Compensation may be made for variation of the reference receiver filter response from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response." to:

"Compensation may be made for variation of the reference receiver filter response from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response, and for any excess reference receiver noise."

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response to Comment i-25 was:

Keep the same mask coordinates and change the hit ratio from 5E-5 to 1.5E-3]

Although the reference receiver frequency response is defined for the stressed receiver test signal calibration, the reference receiver sensitivity is not. Since sensitivities of available test instruments are not expected to be as good, relative to the worst case Rx, as in the past, the test equipment can have significant adverse effect on the measurement result. This should be addressed. See petrilla_01_0714 for additional information and details.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first sentence from "The stressed receiver conformance test signal can be verified using an optical reference receiver with an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response with a reference frequency fr of 19.34 GHz." to "The stressed receiver conformance test signal can be verified using an optical reference receiver with an RMS input noise of 17 microwatts and ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response with a reference frequency fr of 19.34 GHz."

Response Response Status C

REJECT. See response to i-26

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-26 was: REJECT. It is advisable to warn the reader that instrumentation noise may be signfiicant. 95.8.8.4 already contains the text:

"Care should be taken when characterizing the test signal because excessive noise/jitter in the measurement system will result in an input signal that does not fully stress the receiver under test. Running the receiver tolerance test with a signal that is under-stressed may result in the deployment of non-compliant receivers. Care should be taken to minimize the noise/jitter introduced by the reference O/E, filters and BERT and/or to correct for this noise."

Additions to this text to recommend how far above the noise the signal are invited.]

Comment ID i-28

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C/ 95	SC 95.8.8.1	P 115	L 26	# i-29	C/ 95	SC 95.8.8.2	P 117	L 12	# i-30
Petrilla, Joł	hn	Avago Techno	logies		Petrilla, Jo	ohn	Avago Techno	ologies	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The purpose of the sinusoidal amplitude interferer 1 is delared to be as an emulator of instantaneous bit shrinkage that can occur with DDJ. Unfortunately, there is no further mention of DDJ, instantaneous bit shrinkage nor further guidance on instantaneous bit shrinkage or amount of sinusoidal amplitude interferer 1 to generate. Since instantaneous bit shrinkage can be very problematic, some guidance or means should be included so that receivers under test are not overstressed.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a instantaneous bit shrinkage maximum (recommended to be 0.1 UI) to the setup instructions. In item 3), 95.8.8.2, page 117 include in the last paragraph a max limit of 0.1 UI for instantaneous bit shrinkage.

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

In item 3) in 95.8.8.2, add:

"The instantaneous bit shrinkage introduced by sinusoidal amplitude interferer 1 should be no more than 0.1 UI." after the sentence beginning:

"The sinusoidal amplitude interferers may be set at any frequency..."

Petrilla, John		Avago Technologies	
Comment Type	TR	Comment Status A	

Extinction ratio (ER) has been shown to degrade when shifting from the test pattern used for OMA measurement to the test patterns used for receiver sensitivity. ER should also be expected to degrade when adding impairments to a relatively clean optical source that are being added to make the source look like a worst case transmitter. Since the min ER in Table 95-6 reflects the worst case Tx, setting a clean Tx to the min ER and then adding the impairments found in the worst case Tx overstresses the signal. Either a higher min ER setting should be given for a clean signal or the min ER in Table 95-6 should be applied after the 2/3 VECP and sinusoidal interferers and Gaussian jitter are applied.

SuggestedRemedy

Change item 2 from, "With the sinusoidal interferers and sinusoidal jitter turned off, set the extinction ratio of the E/O to approximately the minimum specified in Table 95-6." to "After application of the low-pass filetr and with the sinusoidal interferers and sinusoidal jitter turned on, set the extinction ratio of the E/O to approximately the minimum specified in Table 95-6." and move the edited item 2) to become part of item 3), before the paragraph, "Sinusodal jitter ..."

Response Status C

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. In 95.8.8.2, change: "stressed eye J4 jitter " to: "stressed eve J4 jitter "

Also, change:

"Iterate the adjustments of sinusoidal interferers and Gaussian noise generator until the values of VECP, stressed eye J2 Jitter and stressed eye J4 Jitter meet the requirements in Table 95-7, and ..." to:

"Iterate the adjustments of sinusoidal interferers and Gaussian noise generator and extinction ratio until the values of VECP, stressed eye J2 Jitter and stressed eye J4 Jitter meet the requirements in Table 95-7, the extinction ratio is approximately the minimum specified in Table 95-6, and ..."

	· · ·
Cl 95 SC 95.9.4 P 119 L 12 # i-31	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.4.2.1 P 179 L 10 # i-33
Petrilla, John Avago Technologies	Petrilla, John Avago Technologies
Comment Type E Comment Status A	Comment Type E Comment Status A
The use of commas is not consistent in the two paragraphs, "It is recommended that manufacturers indicate in the literature associated with the PHY	The sentence, "The target pattern generator 20% to 80% transition in the module stressed input test is 9.5 ps." would benefit from adding the word time as in transition time.
the operating environmental conditions to facilitate selection, installation, and maintenance.	SuggestedRemedy
It is recommended that manufacturers indicate, in the literature associated with the components of the optical link, the distance and operating environmental conditions over which the specifications of this clause will be met."	Change the sentence, "The target pattern generator 20% to 80% transition in the module stressed input test is 9.5 ps." to "The target pattern generator 20% to 80% transition time in the module stressed input test is 9.5 ps.".
SuggestedRemedy	Response Response Status C
After the word, indicate, add or delete a comma. Repeat after the words PHY and link.	ACCEPT.
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Cl 95 SC 95.7.1 P 110 L 41 # [i-34
In the second paragraph of 95.9.4, add commas after "indicate" and "PHY"	Petrilla, John Avago Technologies
	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
C/ 83E SC 83E.34.1 P 177 L 51 # i-32	In Table 95-6 the value for TDP is too high (see petrilla_01_0114.optx) due to mistaken
Petrilla, John Avago Technologies	inclusion of attributes in the calculation of the max penalty that are not captured in the TDP test. The reference receiver bandwidth (95.8.5 exception e is also affected.
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	
Since there is no requirement for a CAUI-4 module input to include an error detector or	SuggestedRemedy
counter and since the output of this interface is not usually exposed, the intention and consequences of this sub-clause is unclear. The same problem exists with sub-clause	In Table 95-6 change the value for max TDP from 5 to 4.1 and in 95.8.5 exception e, change 12.6 GHz to 16.1 GHz.
83E.3.3.1. We can look to clause 95 for an solution example.	Response Response Status C
uggestedRemedy	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Create new subclause 83E.1.1 with the following text: "The bit error ratio (BER) shall be less than 1x10-15". Delete 83E.3.3.1 and 83E.3.4.1. Delete first row (Bit error ratio) of table 83E-4 and table 83E-7. Add footnote to the "Host stressed input test" parameter in Table 83E-4 and the "Module stressed input test" parameter in Table 83E-7: "Meets BER specified in 83E.1.1"	Overtaken by events. TDP has been replaced by TxVEC. See comment i-35.

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. [Editor's note: relates to subclause 83E.3.4.1]

Create new subclause 83E.1.1 with title:"Bit error ratio" and the following text: "The bit error ratio (BER) shall be less than 10^-15". Delete 83E.3.3.1 and 83E.3.4.1. Delete first row (Bit error ratio) of Table 83E-4 and Table 83E-7. Add footnote to the "Host stressed input test" parameter in Table 83E-4 and the "Module stressed input test" parameter in Table 83E-7: "Meets BER specified in 83E.1.1"

Change BER PICs to reference subclause 83E.1.1

Also see comments i-96, i-13, i-16, i-97

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID i-34

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C/ 00	SC O	P 110	L
Petrilla, John		Avago Technoloc	ies

Petrilla, John





The ability of TDP to adequately predict link margin for MMF links is guestionable and, consequently, basing the min OMA requirement on TDP measurements is problematic. Another metric, TxVEC (Tx Vertical Eye Closure), provides a better correlation with link margin and has the advantages of not requiring a reference Tx and being easier and lower cost to implement while capturing all the Tx impairments that TDP captures. For more detail see petrilla 01a 0314 and petrilla 02 0714.

SugaestedRemedv

In Table 95-6, Table 95-8 and Table 95-10 replace 'Transmitter and dispersion penalty' and 'TDP', edit 95.8.1.1 and 95.12.4.4, and replace the subclause 95.8.5 Transmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP) with a new subclause as per the MMF ad hoc recommendation in king 02 0714. If any of the associated values are updated, the updates will be found in petrilla 02 0714.

Response Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement changes to replace TDP in Clause 95 as described in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/jul14/interim/king 03 0714 optx.pdf See also comment i-8

A straw poll of the Task Force was taken:

Do vou support:

a) making no change to the draft due to this comment

- b) making the changes shown in king 02 0714 optx (J. Petrilla's proposal)
- c) making the changes shown in king_03_0714_optx (P. Dawe)
- a) 0
- b) 4
- c) 7

C/ 95 P 115 # i-36 SC 95.8.8.1 L 26 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

The second paragraph of 95.8.8.1 describes setup of the stressed receiver input waveform in conjunction with the block diagram in 95-3 ending with the instruction. "The Gaussian noise generator, the amplitude of the sinusoidal interferers, and the low-pass filter are adjusted so that the VECP, stressed eye J2 Jitter, and stressed eye J4 Jitter specifications given in Table 95-7 are met simultaneously while also passing the stressed receiver eye mask in Table 95-7 according to the methods specified in 95.8.7". Unfortunately, results have not been presented that simultaneously satisfying all conditions is possible. Also, additional consideration should be given to de-embedding reference receiver noise from J2 and J4 jitter versus adjusting J2 and J4 jitter values for the ref. Rx. Consequently, this paragraph should remain open for comments until more experience is accrued and the method can be confirmed.

SuggestedRemedy

Indicate that 95.8.8.1 remains open for comment in draft 3.1.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

A contribution which shows that simultaneously satisfying all conditions is not possible together with a proposal for how the paragraph should be modified is requested.

C/ 83D	SC 83D.3.3	P 156	L 8	# i-37
RAN, ADEE		Intel Corporation		

Comment Type T Comment Status R

Interference tolerance is not something measured at TP5a - measuring it requires BER results internal to the component, so it is out of place here. There is already a normative statement about interference tolerance in 83D.3.3.1, so this line can be safely deleted.

A similar argument can be made about jitter tolerance, but this is the only place it is currently defined.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the "Interference tolerance" line from the table.

Move the "Jitter tolerance" reference and comment to a separate subclause describing the test method agreed upon (I am aware of a proposed modification to the current method), and make it normative.

Response Status C

Response

REJECT.

Same style as Table 93-5. It is useful to point to 83D.3.3.1 Receiver interference tolerance

C/ 83D SC 83D.3.3. RAN, ADEE	1 P 156 Intel Corporat	L 22	# i-38	<i>Cl</i> 78 Dawe, Pie	SC 78.1.4	P 40 Mellanox Te	L 42 echnologie	# i-41
Comment Type E	Comment Status A	1011		Comment		Comment Status A	ecimologie	
"The transmitter taps a described in 83D.3.1.1	are set via management to the ."	e optimal transm	itter equalizer settings		JI/CAUI-n shutdo ated when some	own is only supported when' thing?	" something. As op	pposed to what?
But 83D.3.1.1 does no	t describe the optimal settings	3.		Suggested				
SuggestedRemedy Change this sentence	to			There Maybe	should be a bet a less cryptic s	CAUI-n shutdown is support ter word than supported. entence would help: somether	ning like "EEE does	s not affect
"The transmitter taps a settings (see 83D.3.1.	are set via management to the	e optimal valid tra	ansmitter equalizer	XLAU Response		UI-4 when deep sleep is no Response Status C	t enabled for the as	ssociated PHY."?
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIP Change to: "The transmitter taps a the lowest BER."	Response Status C LE. are set via management (see 8	83D.3.1.1) to the	e settings that provide	[Editor Chang "XLAU "XLAU PHY."	JI/CAUI-n shutdo	4]		
Also see comment i-93				CI 78	SC 78.1.4	P 40	L 42	# i-42
C/ 83D SC 83D.4 Healey, Adam	P 158 Avago Techno	L 22	# i-39	Dawe, Pie	rs J G	Mellanox Te	echnologie	
Comment Type T	Comment Status A	ologies		Comment Table	51	Comment Status R y long and narrow.		
The one-sided noise s	pectral density (eta_0) is too h	nigh.		Suggested				
SuggestedRemedy				00	,	airs: PHY or interface type,	Clause; PHY or inte	erface type, Clause
Change from 5.2E-4 to Clause 93.	5.2E-8. This is consistent wit	th the paramete	rs value specified in	Response		Response Status C		
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C				's note: Page 44	4] likely to cause confusion.		
C/ 99 SC 99 Dawe, Piers J G	Р 2 Mellanox Tecl	L 10 hnologie	# i-40					
Comment Type E This says physical me Dependent (PMD) sub	Comment Status A dium dependent (PMD) sublay layer	yer; but 1.4.316	<i>Bucket</i> says Physical Medium					
SuggestedRemedy Change to Physical M	edium Dependent (PMD) subl	aver						
	Response Status C	4,01						
Response								

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 78 SC 78.5 Dawe, Piers J G	P 45 Mellanox Tec	L 8	# i-43		95 awe, Piers	SC 95.7.1		110 anox Techr	L 41	# i-46
	Comment Status R	lilologie							nologie	
Comment Type E This Case-1, Case-2 seem to be used an	2 notation is now badly overload	ed (4 different i	meanings) and doe		This TDF spreadsh	limit of 5 dB ap neet; the real TD	opears to be a "wo DP will be consider	orst bit plus ably lower.	TDP of 5 is ne	ear to a "cliff" (see
	er mode", "Slave mode", "withou	t FEC", "with F	EC" and so on.	S	TDP limit	is in 802.3, and)114_optx.µ	oui siide 12), is	a nigher than other
,	label the cases 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8.			31		•	nition of TDP (see	other comr	nents) that inc	ludes all penalties:
Response REJECT. The P802.3bm ame 78.5.	Response Status C	the "Case-1, C	ase-2" notation us	ed in	Change Consequ Change Change	TDP limit from 5 ent changes: cl OMA (min) from Average launch	5 dB to 4.3 dB. hange OMA-TDP (n -7.1 dB to -6.4 dE power, each lane	(min) from - 3; (min) from	8 dB to -7.3 dI -9.1 dB to -8.4	3; ⊧dB;
C/ 78 SC 78.5 Dawe, Piers J G	P 45 Mellanox Tec	L 22 nnologie	# li-44	spreadsheet; the real TDP will be considerably lower. TDP of 5 is near to a "cli dawe_01_0513_optx.pdf and dawe_02a_0114_optx.pdf slide 12), is far higher TDP limits in 802.3, and is not feasible. so on. SuggestedRemedy Using the improved definition of TDP (see other comments) that includes all per Change TDP limit from 5 dB to 4.3 dB. consequent changes: change OMA-TDP (min) from -8 dB to -7.3 dB; Change OMA (min) from -7.1 dB to -6.4 dB; Change Average launch power, each lane (min) from -9.1 dB to -8.4 dB; In receive specs, change Average receive power, each lane (min) from -11 dB In receive specs, if we are testing with maximum of all penalties, change Stress sensitivity (OMA), each lane (max) from -5.6 to -3-1.9 = -4.9 dBm; In Table 95-8, 100GBASE-SR4 illustrative link power budget, change Power b max TDP) from 8.2 dB to 4.3+1.9 = 6.2 dB (?); In Table 95-8, change Allocation for penalties (for max TDP) from 6.3 dB to 4.3 wrice. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to i-34 The implications of the change to TxVEC on the budget and penalties should the in the MMF Ad Hoc. [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-34 was: ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Overtaken by events. TDP has been replaced by TxVEC. See comment i-35.	ange Stressed receive					
Comment Type E Table layout?	Comment Status A			Bucket	max TDF) from 8.2 dB to	o 4.3+1.9 = 6.2 dB	(?);		ũ (
SuggestedRemedy				Re	esponse		Response Status	5 U		
Resize column width	ns to contents, or move "fast wa	ke" into "Case"	column twice.							
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCI					The impl	ications of the c	hange to TxVEC o	on the budg	et and penalti	es should be explored
Resize the column v	vidths in Table 78-4				[Editor's	note added afte	er comment resolut	tion comple	eted.	
C/ 91 SC 91.7.4 Dawe, Piers J G	.2 P 95 Mellanox Tec	L 11 nnologie	# i-45		The resp ACCEPT	onse to Comme IN PRINCIPLE	ent i-34 was:	·		mont i 25 l
Comment Type E PICS RF4b prohibits X is used for "prohib	Comment Status R s something. According to 21.6. ited field/function"	2, abbreviation	s and special sym	bols,	Overlake	in by events.	DF has been repla			iment F35.j
SuggestedRemedy Change SR4:M to S	R4:X									
Response	Response Status C									
	current PICS entry "SR4:M" is th rection is not bypassed".	nat it is mandat	ory for 100GBASE	-SR4						
100GBASE-SR4 PH	R4:X" would change the meaning IYs that "Error correction is not b aning that error correction must	ypassed". Thi		а						
For an example of the	ne usage of the "X" notation see	24.8.2.3 item *	FEF.							
TYPE: TR/technical requ	uired ER/editorial required GR/	neneral require	d T/technical F/e	ditorial G/general	I			Commer	nt ID i-46	Page 13 of

C/ 95 SC 95.7.1 P110 L 41 # [-47	Cl 95 SC 95.7.2 P111 L 28 # [i-48
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
With the present methodology, we need to allow 0.2 dB more in the budget for modal noise than we chose before we reduced the minimum extinction ratio (see	VECP is not a true penalty. It would be possible to use it for the unique case of an SRS signal, but not desirable.
mmfadhoc/meetings/nov6_13/ModalNoiseIn100GBASE-SR4v3a_mmf.pdf).	SuggestedRemedy
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy Replace VECP spec with Signal Penalty (or Transmitter penalty) spec. Here, change "Vertical eye closure penalty (VECP) lane under test 4.2 dB" to "Signal Penalty, lane u test 4.3 dB" (same number as TDP in Table 95-6), modifying footnote d). And see comment against 95.8.8.2. Response Response Status Q ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Use the proposed scope based TDP including all penalties (see another comment) and then the extra penalty from modal noise will be a transmitter implementer's choice not a receiver implementer's problem.	test 4.3 dB" (same number as TDP in Table 95-6), modifying footnote d). And see
Response Response Status C	Response Response Status U
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
See comment i-35	See response to i-59
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.
The response to Comment i-35 was: ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	The response to Comment i-59 was: ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Implement changes to replace TDP in Clause 95 as described in	The proposed remedy would leave an incomplete description of the SRS test source set up
http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/jul14/interim/king_03_0714_optx.pdf	process. However, it would improve the draft to specify that the SRS test source should
See also comment i-8	be calibrated with the same metric used to determine the transmitter quaility (for example TxVEC).
A straw poll of the Task Force was taken:	-)
Do you support:	Now that TDP has been replaced with TxVEC (comment i-35):
a) making no change to the draft due to this comment	Add "TxVEC of stressed eye conformance signal" to Table 95-7 with 'value' cell to be the
 b) making the changes shown in king_02_0714_optx (J. Petrilla's proposal) c) making the changes shown in king_03_0714_optx (P. Dawe) 	same as the TxVEC value in Table 95-6.
c) making the changes shown in king_03_0714_0ptk (P. Dawe)	In 95.8.8.2, item 3), after the fifth indented paragraph, add a sixth indented paragraph:
a) 0	
b) 4	"The TxVEC of the stressed eye conformance signal should not exceed the value given in
c) 7]	Table 95-7, and is measured according to 95.8.5, except that the combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope used to measure the optical waveform has a fourth-order Bessel- Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 19.34 GHz."

See also comments i-55 i-57 and i-48]

C/ 95 SC 95.7.1 P 110 L 50 # 1-49	C/ 95 SC 95.8.1 P 113 L 1 # <u>i-51</u>
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status R
Are the mask coordinates correct? TR comment because this action should follow others to be taken at July meeting.	Table 95-10, "Test-pattern definitions and related subclauses", doesn't define any patterns - that's in Table 95-9. It specifies which patterns to use, which is different.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Review them and revise if necessary, following and consistent with changes to TDP and VECP.	Change title of Table 95-10 from: Test-pattern definitions and related subclauses
Response Response Status C	to: Parameter definitions and test patterns
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Response Response Status C
See response to i-25	REJECT.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-25 was:	The title of Table 95-10 is consistent with clauses 52, 86, 87, 88.
Keep the same mask coordinates and change the hit ratio from 5E-5 to 1.5E-3]	Cl 95 SC 95.8.2 P 113 L 42 # i-52
C/ 95 SC 95.7.2 P 111 L 29 # i-50	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
Comment Type TR Comment Status A Are the J2 and J4 values correct? TR comment because this action should follow others to be taken at July meeting.	This "shall" duplicates the one in 95.7.1, which is bad practice. It puts a (repeated) PMD requirement in the definitions section where it doesn't belong. the point about "if measured" applies to any spec; we should not be saying it in most or every subclause as if it were an exception to the rule.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Review them and revise as necessary, consistent with changes to TDP and VECP. Also the SRS eye mask.	Change the first sentence of 95.7.1 from:shall meet the specifications in Table 95-6 per the definitions in 95.8.
Response Response Status U	to shall meet the specifications in Table 95-6 if measured according to the definitions in
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	
See response to i-26	and similarly for 95.7.2 100GBASE-SR4 receive optical specifications.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-26 was: REJECT.	Change "The center wavelength and RMS spectral width of each optical lane shall be within the range given in Table 95-6 if measured per TIA/EIA-455-127-A or IEC 61280-1-3." to "Center wavelength and RMS spectral width shall be as defined by TIA/EIA-455-127-A or IEC 61280-1-3."
It is advisable to warn the reader that instrumentation noise may be significant. 95.8.8.4 already contains the text:	Similarly in 95.8.3 Average optical power, 95.8.4 Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), 95.8.6 Extinction ratio, 95.8.7 Transmitter optical waveform (transmit eye), and 95.8.8 Stressed receiver sensitivity.
"Care should be taken when characterizing the test signal because excessive noise/jitter in the measurement system will result in an input signal that does not fully stress the receiver	Response Response Status U
under test. Running the receiver tolerance test with a signal that is under-stressed may	REJECT.
result in the deployment of non-compliant receivers. Care should be taken to minimize the noise/jitter introduced by the reference O/E, filters and BERT and/or to correct for this noise."	The format of clause 95 is consistent with other clauses including 52, 86, 87, 88.

Additions to this text to recommend how far above the noise the signal are invited.]

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

								method can be improved for better n. P in this subclause.
C/ 95 SC 95.8.2	P 113	L 49	# i-53	C/ 95	SC 95.8.5	P 114	L 10	# i-54
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Techr	nologie		Dawe, Pier	rs J G	Mellanox Teo	chnologie	
power. Table 95-10 doesn't defir appropriate ones. SuggestedRemedy Change using the test pattern def to	Comment Status A er, Table 95-10 gives a choice ne test patterns, it merely sele ined in Table 95-10. terns specified in Table 95-10 <i>Response Status</i> C	ects (specifies	0	accura Doing Suggested Replac http://id TxVEC Response ACCEI See re [Editor The re ACCEI Implen http://v See al A straw Do you a) mak b) mak	cussed in the I acy, lower test so avoids the <i>IRemedy</i> ce 95.8.5 with i eee802.org/3/t Cimproved.pdf PT IN PRINCII esponse to i-35 d's note added isponse to Cor PT IN PRINCII nent changes i www.ieee802.c iso comment i- w poll of the Ta a support: king no change king the chang	cost and much simplified calibri need to fix the incorrect use of the material in om/public/mmfadhoc/meetings/ or its successor. <i>Response Status</i> C PLE. after comment resolution component i-35 was: PLE. o replace TDP in Clause 95 as rg/3/bm/public/jul14/interim/kir	ration. VECP in this sul /jun12_14/802%2 oleted. s described in ng_03_0714_opt: ent tx (J. Petrilla's pr	x.pdf

	_						_		
C/ 95 SC 95.8.5	P 114	L 41	# i-55	C/ 95	SC 95.8.7		P 115	L1	# i-56
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tecl	nnologie		Dawe, Pi	ers J G		Mellanox Tec	nnoiogie	
Define Signal Penalty as a s get consistency between Tx The alternative would be to f spec for SRS.	and Rx specs.			this I appr betw	ISK hit ratio lim MD with a BE opriate. Impro	R a more than a mil wing the mask hit ra test and performanc	suitable for Ilion times hig tio limit is exp	gher, a higher hi pected to improv	BER of 1e-12. For tratio limit would be the correlation easurement accuracy
SuggestedRemedy							6 based 100	GBASE-SR4, te:	st time will be importan
In either a new 95.8.6 or 95. Define Signal Penalty (or Tra Observation bandwidth of 19	ansmitter Penalty), as T		owing differences:		16 lanes. ratio limit of 16	e-4 would be suitabl	e.		
Noise term M set to zero.	.54 0112 1101 12.0 0112,			Suggeste	edRemedy				
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to i-59 [Editor's note added after co The response to Comment i- ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	59 was:			is 10 "with a) th b) th in Ta In Ta	MHz." to: these exception e clock recover e transmitter solution ble 95-6."	ons: ery unit's high-freque shall achieve a hit ra er "Transmitter eye r	ency corner b tio lower tha	oandwidth is 10 M n the limit of hits	ency corner bandwidth MHz, and s per sample specified Y1, Y2, Y3}", insert "Hit
The proposed remedy would process. However, it would				Respons	e	Response Sta	atus C		
be calibrated with the same TxVEC).					EPT IN PRINC	CIPLE.			
Now that TDP has been repl Add "TxVEC of stressed eye same as the TxVEC value in	conformance signal" to	,	h 'value' cell to be the	The	esponse to Co	d after comment res omment i-25 was: sk coordinates and	·		5 to 1.5E-3]
In 95.8.8.2, item 3), after the	e fifth indented paragrap	oh, add a sixth ir	ndented paragraph:						
"The TxVEC of the stressed Table 95-7, and is measured	according to 95.8.5, ex	cept that the co	ombination of the O/E						

and the oscilloscope used to measure the optical waveform has a fourth-order Bessel-

Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 19.34 GHz."

See also comments i-55 i-57 and i-48]

C/ 95	SC 95.8.8.1	P 115	L 23	# i-57	C/ 95	SC 95.8.8.1	P 116	L 38	# <u>i-58</u>
Dawe, Pier	s J G	Mellanox Tech	nologie		Dawe, Pie	ers J G	Mellanox Tech	nologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Having improved TDP so it doesn't need VECP, we can use a similar methodology in SRS so that we don't need VECP at all (see other comments). Then we can remove it from the draft.

SuggestedRemedy

In 95.8.8.1, change "The low-pass filter is used to create ISI-induced vertical eve closure penalty (VECP)." to "The low-pass filter is used to create intersymbol interference.". Change "so that the VECP, stressed eye J2 Jitter, and stressed eye J4 Jitter specifications

given to "so that the Signal Penalty, stressed eve J2 Jitter, and stressed eve J4 Jitter specifications given".

In 95.8.8.2, change "levels and frequencies of the VECP and jitter components" to "levels and frequencies of the Signal Penalty and itter components".

Change "The required values of VECP, J2 Jitter and J4 Jitter" to "The required values of Signal Penalty, J2 Jitter and J4 Jitter".

Change "greater than two thirds of the dB value of the VECP should be created by the selection of the appropriate bandwidth for the low-pass filter. Any remaining VECP must be created with sinusoidal interferer 2 or sinusoidal jitter." to "greater than two thirds of the dB value of the Signal Penalty should be created by the selection of the appropriate bandwidth for the low-pass filter. Any remaining Signal Penalty must be created with sinusoidal interferer 2 or sinusoidal jitter.".

Response

Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to i-59

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to Comment i-59 was:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The proposed remedy would leave an incomplete description of the SRS test source set up process. However, it would improve the draft to specify that the SRS test source should be calibrated with the same metric used to determine the transmitter quality (for example TxVEC).

Now that TDP has been replaced with TxVEC (comment i-35):

Add "TxVEC of stressed eye conformance signal" to Table 95-7 with 'value' cell to be the same as the TxVEC value in Table 95-6.

In 95.8.8.2, item 3), after the fifth indented paragraph, add a sixth indented paragraph:

"The TxVEC of the stressed eye conformance signal should not exceed the value given in Table 95-7, and is measured according to 95.8.5, except that the combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope used to measure the optical waveform has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 19.34 GHz."

See also comments i-55 i-57 and i-48]

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment Status A Calibrating the SRS setup with a clean clock will mean that the signal as seen with any real

CRU (including the one in the product) will have a little more jitter than intended, and on the other hand an unknown part of the calibrated jitter could be at very low frequencies, making the test signal as seen by a product receiver have less jitter than intended. At least some BERTs have a low bandwidth CRU option that addresses this, but even with the standard CRU, J2 and J4 can be calibrated with the SJ frequency set to the high end of the range in Table 95-11.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Change "clean clock" to "Low bandwidth CRU" or simply "Clock recovery unit", with its input from the test signal.

In 95.8.8.5, consider adding a NOTE--It may not be practical to calibrate the sinusoidal jitter at the lowest frequencies with the setup in Figure 95-3.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The clean clock allows calibration of both the stressed eve iitter (with LF sinusoidal iitter turned off), and the LF sinusoidal jitter applied for jitter tolerance testing. For example, by using PRBS31 and square wave patterns.

The draft may be improved by adding a sentence to describe LF calibration. After :

"Sinusoidal jitter is added as specified in Table 95-11. When calibrating the conformance signal, the sinusoidal jitter frequency should be well within the 10 MHz to 10 times LB as defined in Table 95-11."

Add:

"Sinusoidal jitter amplitude below 10 MHz may be calibrated by measuring the jitter on the oscilloscope, while transmitting the square wave pattern."

95 SC 95.8.8.2 <i>P</i> 116 <i>L</i> 48 <i>#</i> [-59	Cl 95 SC 95.8.8.2 P 117 L 5 # i-60
awe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
omment Type TR Comment Status A The definition of VECP in 87.8.11.2 is for a non-FEC PMD and causes inaccuracy for this PMD. After improving the TDP method so it doesn't rely on VECP and includes all penalties, we can then use a variant of the improved TDP method to calibrate the stressed eye and make the Tx and Rx specs consistent.	Comment Type T Comment Status A This stressed eye generator contains a Gaussian noise generator. Even though it's before a limiter, this means that the outer slopes of the final amplitude histograms will not be "as steep as possible". SuggestedRemedy
uggestedRemedy	Delete the paragraph "Residual low probability noise and jitter should be minimized so that
As the improved TDP includes all penalties, replace all references to VECP with references	the outer slopes of the final amplitude histograms are as steep as possible."
to Signal Penalty (based on TDP as defined in 95.8.8 and its subclauses - see another comment).	Response Response Status C
Change: The primary parameters of the conformance test signal are vertical eye closure penalty	ACCEPT. See response to i-83
(VECP), stressed eye J2 Jitter and stressed eye J4 Jitter. VECP is measured at the time center of the eye, half way between the normalized times of 0 and 1 on the unit interval (UI) scale as determined by the eye crossing means. VECP is given by Equation (87-1), and	C/ 95 SC 95.8.8.2 P 117 L 16 # i-61 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
illustrated in Figure 87-4 (see 87.8.11.2). to:	Comment Type T Comment Status A
Jitter and stressed eye J4 Jitter. Signal Penalty is defined in 95.8.new (or 95.8.5.1). See other comments for associated changes. esponse Response Status ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The proposed remedy would leave an incomplete description of the SRS test source set up process. However, it would improve the draft to specify that the SRS test source should be calibrated with the same metric used to determine the transmitter quality (for example TxVEC).	 thirds of the dB value of the VECP should be created by the selection of the appropriate bandwidth for the low-pass filter. Any remaining VECP must be created with sinusoidal interferer 2 or sinusoidal jitter." It doesn't mention the Gaussian noise generator shown in Figure 95-3. Is it on or off when achieving the two thirds? SuggestedRemedy Clarify. Response Response Status C
Now that TDP has been replaced with TxVEC (comment i-35): Add "TxVEC of stressed eye conformance signal" to Table 95-7 with 'value' cell to be the same as the TxVEC value in Table 95-6.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: "With the sinusoidal interferers and sinusoidal jitter turned off" to:
In 95.8.8.2, item 3), after the fifth indented paragraph, add a sixth indented paragraph:	"With the sinusoidal interferers, sinusoidal jitter, and Gaussian noise generator turned off"
"The TxVEC of the stressed eye conformance signal should not exceed the value given in Table 0.5 , and is measured excerting to 0.5 .	C/ 95 SC 95.8.8.2 P 117 L 18 # i-62 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Image: Compare the second
Table 95-7, and is measured according to 95.8.5, except that the combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope used to measure the optical waveform has a fourth-order Bessel-	
and the oscilloscope used to measure the optical waveform has a fourth-order Bessel-	Comment Type E Comment Status A Buck Invisible character after "2 or sinusoidal jitter." SuggestedRemedy Remove

C/ 83D SC 83D.3.4 Dawe, Piers J G	P 157 Mollonex Ter	Mellanox Technologie Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie <i>t Status</i> R Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie <i>t Status</i> R Comment Type TR Comment Status R 100GBASE-SR4 always uses FEC. In a new QSFP-based checking will be in the host (100GBASE-CR4 always has SR16 (and probably all 400GE) will use FEC, and CDAUI CAUI-4. We can use that FEC benefit in chip-to-module OFEC and hosts that always use FEC. I believe the with-FEC and without-FEC C2M CAUI-4 varies whatever, but it will reduce confusion if IEEE acknowledge naming and the stability of a good standard for with-FEC of again, now that 400GE has progressed, to establish how See dawe_01_0913_optx.pdf and dawe_01a_0114_optx. For consistency with Fibre Channel, a BER limit of 1e-6 raconvenient. Status C SuggestedRemedy	L 30	# i-65					
		Innologie		,				inologie	
signal is applied to the	L_DETECT changes from F/ channel." is far too onerous, wasn't a valid ALERT signal. at's needed.	it would need a	pattern checker to	100GB checkii SR16 (CAUI-4 FEC ar I believ	ASE-SI ng will b and pro 4. We c nd hosts ve the w	R4 alway be in the l bbably all can use th s that alw vith-FEC	44 always uses FEC. In a new QSFP-based design, the FEC coding and a in the host (100GBASE-CR4 always has FEC in the host too). 400GBA bably all 400GE) will use FEC, and CDAUI-16 should be compatible with an use that FEC benefit in chip-to-module CAUI-4, for modules that use that always use FEC. th-FEC and without-FEC C2M CAUI-4 variants will exist in the market a will reduce confusion if IEEE acknowledges that and provides clearer e stability of a good standard for with-FEC CAUI-4. It is worth proposing 400GE has progressed, to establish how best to move forward. 0913_optx.pdf and dawe_01a_0114_optx.pdf with Fibre Channel, a BER limit of 1e-6 rather than 2.5e-6 might be	e host too). 400GBASI I be compatible with r modules that use xist in the market	
83.5.11 "Energy Efficie When the optional Ener the PMA service interf functions listed in this 83.5.11.2 "Detection o threshold for the PMA Removing the word "o	rgy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) ace is physically instantiated subclause are required. f PMA quiet and alert signals	deep sleep capa as XLAUI or CA " then describes 4.7 would not rea	UI-n, the additional the logic and detection move this requirement	again, See da For cor conver Suggested Adopt t Response REJEC This iss	now tha iwe_01_ nsistenc nient. <i>Remed</i> y the chai CT.	at 400GE _0913_oq cy with Fi // nges sho s been dis	has progressed, to establish ptx.pdf and dawe_01a_0114_ bre Channel, a BER limit of 16	how best to mc optx.pdf e-6 rather than odf	C in the host too). 400GBASE should be compatible with JI-4, for modules that use is will exist in the market hat and provides clearer JI-4. It is worth proposing this t to move forward. Ir than 2.5e-6 might be
SuggestedRemedy		channel?	# <u>i-64</u> isn't, "is received"?	There Also se Comme the oth [Editor' A straw Do you	was no ee latch ent #21 er for w 's note: v poll of i suppoi r for wit	consens man_02_ 9 agains rith-RS-F tilde cha the Task rt the cre	tent #154 from D2.0 was: _0513_optx t D1.0 proposed defining two of EC use. This was not supporter racter changed to [Tilde] in Co < Force was taken: ation of two classes of C2M C peration?	ed by a straw p omment text]	oll of the Task Force.

7 83E SC 83E.	3.1	P 166	L 15	# i-66	C/ 83E	SC 83E.	3.1	P 166	L 22	# i-67
awe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tech	nnologie		Dawe, Pier	rs J G		Mellanox Tec	hnologie	
Comment Type E	Comme	ent Status A			Comment	Туре ТВ	1	Comment Status A		
Use the same term	ninology as 802	2.3bj and almost all	802.3ba.					he host provides a recomm		
uggestedRemedy								e host's eye must pass the 1 to 9. However, simulation		
Change "Common PICS TH5, change Also Table 83D-1 a	AC common-	mode output" to "A							maller than the limit ir 8 for the module). it is more useful and	
esponse	Respon	se Status C								
ACCEPT.					a host trade c	which gives	a reas	sonable recommendation is	not inconvenien	ced, and the host car
					to do tl tests b	he analysis	to show	e to require 90 mV at the re w that it fixes the problem. s to hosts that give realistic	This would reduc	ce the number of hos
					The te	xt in 83E.4.2	2 would	d benefit from a little words	mithing anyway.	
					Suggested	lRemedy				
					In 83E For ho three v the val 83E-2.	.4.2, change st complian /alues. Thes lue 1 dB hig	e: ce, the se are: her if p three C	CTLE peaking in the referral the recommended CTLE peaking in the referral the recommended CTLE present in Table 83E-2, c) the CTLE settings that meets be e.	ence receiver sha E peaking value p ne value 1 dB low	all be set to one of provided by the host, ver if present in Table
					For ho values value 2 2. A cc Table 3	. These are 1 dB higher ompliant hos 83E-1 at at	: a) the if prese st pass least o	CTLE peaking in the reference recommended CTLE peak- ent in Table 83E-2, c) the v es both the eye width and t ne of the settings, and pass at all of the two or three se	king value provide alue 1 dB lower i he larger eye hei ses the smaller e	ed by the host, b) the f present in Table 83 ght limit specified in
					Response			Response Status C		
					Make t http://v	vww.ieee80	propo 2.org/3	sed on slide 10 of /bm/public/jul14/interim/da 80 mV with editorial licens		x.pdf with a value fo

L 18 # [i-70	P 173 Mellanox Tech	83E SC 83E.3.3 ve, Piers J G	# i-68	L 1 hnologie	1 P 170 Mellanox Tec	83E SC 83E.3.1.6 ve, Piers J G
Buck	nent Status A	,	83D-7. But Equation	0	Comment Status R E-2 are in GHz, as are Table e generally:	nment Type ER The entries in Table 83 83E-4 is in Grad/s. Mo
ntents, make first column as wide		Make the table full width, resiz as takes up the rest of the wid sponse Resp	that makes this	uld remove clutter	nes and rad/s twice. les and does not use rad/s. ny times and does not use r t within 802.3. Also we sho er to understand than they r	802.3-2012 uses Hz ma We should be consister
		ACCEPT.			, ·	gestedRemedy
L 32 # [i-71 ogie	P 173 Mellanox Tech	83E SC 83E.3.3 ve, Piers J G			/2pi", three times.	Remove 2pi three times In Table 83E-2, delete ' Change "in Grad/s" to "
Buck	nent Status A	nment Type E Con Common Mode Voltage			Response Status C	ponse REJECT.
		Common-mode voltage			ed in Task Force Review and change (see comments 122	consensus to make the
	nse Status C	sponse Resp ACCEPT.	IF-CEI-03.1 Clause		nsistent with other industry of	
L 12 # [<u>i-72</u>	P 177	Sponse Resp ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1	IF-CEI-03.1 Clause overnent to the draft.	uld not be an impr	nsistent with other industry of at to something different wo	The current format is co 13). Changing the form
		sponse Resp ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 we, Piers J G	IF-CEI-03.1 Clause	uld not be an impr L 18	nsistent with other industry of	The current format is co
ogie ses, says that stressed receiver imment is not discussing the est procedure, and 83E.3.4.2.1, th or without FEC encoding), ig any valid 100GBASE-R signal is	P 177 Mellanox Tech ment Status A ons and related subc or the victim lane, this 1, Host stressed inpu edure, say "Pattern 5 R signal." Either allo owed (as in previous) or it's a good idea a	sponse Resp. ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 we, Piers J G mment Type TR Com Table 95-10, test-pattern defin sensitivity uses pattern 3 or 5 to crosstalk lanes). Yet 83E.3.3. module stressed input test pro Pattern 3 or a valid 100GBASE a bad idea and should not be a including nPPI and XLAUI/CAU SC SC	IF-CEI-03.1 Clause overnent to the draft.	uld not be an impr L 18	nsistent with other industry of at to something different wo	The current format is constant of the format is constant of the formation
ogie ses, says that stressed receiver imment is not discussing the ist procedure, and 83E.3.4.2.1, th or without FEC encoding), g any valid 100GBASE-R signal is G, 40G, 100G specifications should be allowed. Which is it?	P 177 Mellanox Tech ment Status A ons and related subc or the victim lane, this 1, Host stressed inpu edure, say "Pattern 5 R signal." Either allo owed (as in previous) or it's a good idea a	ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 we, Piers J G <i>mment Type</i> TR Com Table 95-10, test-pattern defin sensitivity uses pattern 3 or 5 crosstalk lanes). Yet 83E.3.3. module stressed input test pro Pattern 3 or a valid 100GBASE a bad idea and should not be a including nPPI and XLAUI/CAU This comment involves optical	UF-CEI-03.1 Clause revement to the draft. # [i-69	uld not be an impr L 18	nsistent with other industry of at to something different wo P 173 Mellanox Tec Comment Status A	The current format is co 13). Changing the form 33E SC 83E.3.3 we, Piers J G <i>mment Type</i> E Test Point <i>rgestedRemedy</i> Test point <i>rgense</i>
ogie ses, says that stressed receiver mment is not discussing the est procedure, and 83E.3.4.2.1, th or without FEC encoding), g any valid 100GBASE-R signal is G, 40G, 100G specifications should be allowed. Which is it? s and is addressed to the whole	P 177 Mellanox Tech ment Status A ons and related subc or the victim lane, this 1, Host stressed input edure, say "Pattern 5 R signal." Either allo owed (as in previous) or it's a good idea a s well as electrical sp	ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 we, Piers J G mment Type TR Com Table 95-10, test-pattern defin sensitivity uses pattern 3 or 5 f crosstalk lanes). Yet 83E.3.3. module stressed input test pro Pattern 3 or a valid 100GBASE a bad idea and should not be a including nPPI and XLAUI/CAI This comment involves optical committee.	UF-CEI-03.1 Clause revement to the draft. # [i-69	uld not be an impr L 18	nsistent with other industry of at to something different wo P 173 Mellanox Tec Comment Status A	The current format is co 13). Changing the form 33E SC 83E.3.3 we, Piers J G <i>mment Type</i> E Test Point <i>rgestedRemedy</i> Test point <i>rgense</i>
ogie ses, says that stressed receiver mment is not discussing the est procedure, and 83E.3.4.2.1, th or without FEC encoding), g any valid 100GBASE-R signal is G, 40G, 100G specifications should be allowed. Which is it? s and is addressed to the whole	P 177 Mellanox Tech ment Status A ons and related subc or the victim lane, this 1, Host stressed input edure, say "Pattern 5 R signal." Either allo owed (as in previous) or it's a good idea a s well as electrical sp	sponse Resp. ACCEPT. 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 we, Piers J G mment Type TR Com Table 95-10, test-pattern defin sensitivity uses pattern 3 or 5 to crosstalk lanes). Yet 83E.3.3. module stressed input test properties a bad idea and should not be a including nPPI and XLAUI/CAU This comment involves optical committee. ggestedRemedy Make the options for victim test	UF-CEI-03.1 Clause revement to the draft. # [i-69	uld not be an impr L 18	nsistent with other industry of at to something different wo P 173 Mellanox Tec Comment Status A	The current format is co 13). Changing the form 33E SC 83E.3.3 we, Piers J G <i>mment Type</i> E Test Point <i>rgestedRemedy</i> Test point <i>rgense</i>

C/ 83E SC 83E	5.3.4.2.1	P 178	L 11	# i-73	C/ 83E SC	C 83E.5.4.1	P 183	L 26	# <u>i-76</u>
Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tec	hnologie		Dawe, Piers J G	ì	Mellanox Tec	chnologie	
SuggestedRemedy Make consistent Response	ded Uncorrelate e.g. Bounded u <i>Respo</i> r	nent Status A d Jitter, text below h ncorrelated jitter, bo nse Status C			83E.3.1.2. common-mo peak differe to state requ	DC common-m The normative ode **output** v		33E-1 in 83E.3.1, nes what this ann	and is for "DC ex means by peak-to-
ACCEPT IN PRI Change figure te:		uncorrelated jitter" i	n Figure 83E-15		SuggestedRem		mode output voltage is b		
Cl 83E SC 83E Dawe, Piers J G Comment Type E Figure has Frequ attenuator"	Comm	P 178 Mellanox Tec nent Status A nt Attenuator, text be	Ū	# i-74 Bucket ency-dependent	to signal gro RMS with re common-mo TH4 from DC common to	bund. The AC c espect to signal ode output volta n-mode voltage	ommon-mode output vol ground." to "DC commo age are defined with resp	tage is less than n-mode output vo	or equal to 17.5 mV oltage and AC
SuggestedRemedy Make consistent Response ACCEPT IN PRI	Respo	-dependent attenua nse Status C	tor, frequency-de	ependent attenuator	In 83E.3.1.2	I PRINCIPLE. 2, change:	esponse Status C	-0.3 V and 2.8 V	with respect to signal
	-	-dependent attenua	tor in Figure 83	-15	ground. The	e AC common-r	node output voltage is le		
C/ 83E SC 83E Dawe, Piers J G	5.3.4.2.1	P 178 Mellanox Tec	L 27 hnologie	# <u>i-75</u>	 respect to signal ground." to: "DC common-mode output voltage and AC common-mode output voltage are defined in the respect to signal ground.". Change PICS TH4 from: 				ltage are defined with
Comment Type E Layout of Figure following three pa	83E-15 could b	nent Status A e further improved,	which would hel	<i>Bucket</i> p the layout of the	to:	n-mode voltage n-mode output v	, 83E.3.1.2 voltage, 83E.3.1		
SuggestedRemedy									
Termination and	der test to the le crosstalk calibra	eft, dashed box with ation right, and Sine lated Jitter left and o	usoidal jitter, Ra						
Response	Respoi	nse Status C							
ACCEPT IN PRI	, NCIPLE.	1							

Implement changes with editorial license

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 83E	SC 83E.3.3.3.1	P 175	L 46	# i-77	CI 83	SC 83	Pa	3 3 L	# i-78
Dawe, Pier	s J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie		Goergen,	Joel	Cisco	o Systems, Inc.	
Comment	Type E Comn	nent Status A			Comment	Type TR	Comment Status	Α	
11 say PRBS	st mention of PRBS9 in 83 s "Pattern defined in 83.5 9 pattern (as defined in Ta aces in this case, we shou <i>Remedy</i>	.10", and somewhei ble 68-6)". Becaus	re in the very long e it's so hard to f	g 83.5.10 it says "a ollow the chain of	Goerg -Add (optio	jen 21June2014 'Adaptive CTLE nal).	4.docx attached *** " support as a line iter	,	Input) PICS of type "O"
Change "Pattern 4 (PRBS9, see Table 86-11 and Table 68-6) once (no need to do it every				recon	mended peaking	ng register location at	Clause 45, preferably a 1.179.	adjacent to the	
time this pattern is mentioned). Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. In 83E.3.3.1 change the first instance of: "Pattern 4 (PRBS9, see Table 86-11)" to: "Pattern 4 (PRBS9, see Table 86-11 and Table 68-6)". Change the rest of the instances of : "Pattern 4 (PRBS9, see Table 86-11)" in Annex 83E to: "Pattern 4" (4 instances)				 SuggestedRemedy Proposed wording for the adaptive CTLE: " The adaptive module shall autonomously determine an initial CTLE gain setting immediately upon start-up. After start-up the module shall enter into a slow continuously adaptive mode, such that it is able track channel variations ". * Update in the 802.3bm standard to capture and address any differences in compliance testing between the programmable and adaptive options, addressing our technical concerns about TP1 compliance range for programmable parts given in slide 11 -> CAUI4 complaint module should demonstrate compliance to RX CTLE coefficient +/-2dB instead of current +/-1dB. 					
					pdf	www.icccooz.o	19/3/5/1// 20010/ 200010	c/mccungs/aprz+_1+/m	nazzini_01_042414_caui.
					Response	•	Response Status	С	
					The c http:// pdf w CAUI This H Adds In 83I "The "The "The "The "The "The "The "The	as discussed at Ad Hoc meetin has resulted in t a PICS option t 5.3.1.6 changes recommended (urements) is' 5.3.4.2.1 chang module under te Recommended 5.3.4.2.1 adds:	rg/3/bm/public/cuadho the 24 April CAUI Ad g. he changes shown in I o 83E.5.3 ADR "Adapt CTLE peaking value is CTLE peaking value (w es: est is evaluated with th set shall meet the BER _CTLE_value values .	Hoc conference call an atchman_01_053014_c ive receiver" " to: /hich is also used for ho ree Recommended_CT requirement as descrit	caui which: ost output eye "LE_value values" to: bed in Table 83E-7 using
					http:// ui.pdf	with the except	rg/3/bm/public/cuadho ion that in the PICS or	c/meetings/may30_14/ otion to 83E.5.3 ADR "A o "Module CAUI-4 rece	
COMMEN				T/technical E/editorial G/ SE STATUS: O/open W/w		U/unsatisfied	Z/withdrawn	Comment ID i-78	Page 24 of 32 07/08/2014 14:1

There are no differences in compliance testing between the programmable and adaptive options, so no documentation of this is required.

C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.92b	P 36
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Dudek, Michael

QLogic Corporation

L 31

i-79

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It is not clear what transmitter equalization, receive direction means. Also it is not clear what should be entered if this does not exist.

SuggestedRemedy

Add this additional paragraph. "The transmitter, receive direction is the Transmitter in the direction from the PMD to the PCS." If this does not exist then the value should be set to zero." Add this paragraph also to 45.2.1.92c

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Use the same terminology that is used in Clause 80 to describe the transmit and receive directions.

In 45.2.1.92b and 45.2.1.92c add an extra sentence:

"The transmitter, receive direction, is the transmitter that sends data towards the PCS."

The detail of what happens when the CAUI-4 Tx or Rx is not present in the package is different for the various bits in this register if the proposal associated with comment i-9 is accepted. Consequently, this should be covered at the bit level rather than for the register as a whole.

For bits 1.180.4:2 and 1.180.1:0 add:

"If a lane 0 CAUI-4 transmitter in the receive direction is not present in the package then these bits have no effect."

If the proposal associated with comment i-9 is accepted, for bits 1.180.9:7 and 1.180.6:5 add:

"If a lane 0 CAUI-4 receiver in the receive direction is not present in the package then these bits have no effect."

If the proposal associated with comment i-9 is accepted, for bit 1.180.15 add: If a lane 0 CAUI-4 receiver in the receive direction is not present in the package then the value returned for this bit should be zero.

See http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/jul14/interim/anslow_02_0714_optx.pdf.

See also comment i-80 (transmit direction).

C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.92d	P 37	L 27	# <u>i-80</u>
Dudek, Michael		QLogic Corpo	oration	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

It is not clear what transmitter equalization, transmitter direction means. Also it is not clear what should be entered if this does not exist.

SuggestedRemedy

Add this additional paragraph. "The transmitter, transmitter direction is the Transmitter in the direction from the PCS to the PMD." If this does not exist then the value should be set to zero." Also add this paragraph to 45.2.92e

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Make the equivalent changes to 45.2.1.92d (for the transmit direction - towards the PMD) as comment i-79 made to 45.2.1.92b (for the receive direction).

See http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/jul14/interim/anslow_02_0714_optx.pdf

C/ 91	SC 91.5.3.3	P 94	L 1	# i-81
Dudek, M	ichael	QLogic Corp	oration	
Comment	Type T	Comment Status R		

The threshold value K is only used when the error correction is turned off. This is not allowed for 100GBASE-SR4 and therefore we shouldn't be defining K for this case.

SuggestedRemedy

Revert to the original text. Deleting 100GBASE-SR4. Also remove 100GBASE-SR4 from the PICS RF9.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The K value is required for the case where correction is enabled but error indication is disabled to ensure adequate MTTFPA

C/ 95	SC	95.1	P 103	L 41	# <u>i-82</u>	
Dudek, Mi	chael		QLogic Corpo	ration		
Comment	Туре	TR	Comment Status A			Bucket
In the	footpot	o to Tabl	o 05 1 it save "The option to b	where the clause		

In the footnote to Table 95-1 it says "The option to bypass the claues 91 RS-FDC correction function may is not supported". This is poor english and ambiguous technically.

SuggestedRemedy

Response

Delete the "may" so that it says "function is not supported".

Response Status C

ACCEPT. See comment i-24

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 95 SC 9	95.8.8.2	P 117	L 4	# i-83	C/ 95	SC 95.8.8.1	P 116	L 2	# i-86
Dudek, Michael		QLogic Corp	oration		Dudek, Mi	chael	QLogic Corp	oration	
Comment Type	TR Comme	nt Status A			Comment	Туре Т С	omment Status A		
noise is being	added prior to the li			ized when Gaussian d on line 36 page 115	BER.		uld use the same termi stressed in turn then th he Average)		
SuggestedRemedy					Suggested		no / Woldgo)		
Delete this par Response	0	e Status C			Chang	e the last sentence to	"The RS-FEC input sy		s the sum of the RX- l in turn , : see 95.8.1.1"
ACCEPT.	,				Response		sponse Status C	i lane is stressed	i in tuini , . See 95.6.1.1
	probability noise and			t the outer slopes of	,	PT IN PRINCIPLE.			
the final amplit	tude histograms are	as steep as poss	Sible."		Chang	ie:			
C/ 95 SC 9	95.8.8.4	P 118	L 5	# i-84		sent, the RS-FEC sub	ayer can measure the	interface symbol	error ratio at its input."
Dudek, Michael		QLogic Corp	oration		to: "If pre:	sent, the RS-FEC subl	ayer can measure the	lane symbol erro	r ratio at its input. The
Comment Type	TR Comme	nt Status A					o be one tenth of the la		
	ck source cannot be t at low frequency.	used to calibrate	the final stressed	eye when sinusoidal	C/ 83D	SC 83D.1	P 152	L 22	# [i-87
SuggestedRemedy	y				Dudek, Mi	chael	QLogic Corp	oration	
				ated with frequncies	Comment		omment Status A		
the amplitude	and frequency of the	e sinusoidal jitter		n at lower frequencies ed wihtout adjusting		on 83D-1 is not referre or lower without sayin	ed to in the text, and the ng "than what"	e text says the ch	nannel loss can be
•	er stress component				Suggested	lRemedy			
Response ACCEPT IN P Add to the end		the Status C			given	in equation 83D-1 and	escribed in 83D.4". "A illustrated in Figure 83 al" would be a better wo	D-3". If "recomm	hannel insertion loss is nended" is considered
	can only be used w d of 10 MHz to 10 tir		urce is modulated	with frequencies	Response ACCE	Re PT IN PRINCIPLE.	sponse Status C		
C/A SC A	A	P 129	L 14	# i-85			to on Page 151 line 50 cal CAUI-4 application,		
Dudek, Michael		QLogic Corp	oration						budget associated with
Comment Type	E Comme 28G-VSR has alread	<i>nt Status</i> A ly been published	l in OIF-CEI-03.1	Bucket		ip-to-chip application."			0
The OIF CEI-2		, i			Chang "Actua		e higher or lower due to	o " to:	
	V								
The OIF CEI-2 SuggestedRemedy Delete the edit					"Actua	I channel loss could b	e higher or lower than g	given by Equation	n (83D-1) due to"

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 83D SC 83D.3.1 P 153 L 49 # [i-88	C/ 83D SC 83D.4 P157 L17 # i-90			
Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation	Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation			
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status D			
The reference is incorrect. Also extrapolating to 1e-15 from 1e-4 seems to be unnecessarily remote extrapolation. It is more important that the standard provides an accurate measurement than reducing the test time. SuggestedRemedy	The channel is being tested in COM with a transmitter that has small quantization steps and is being adjusted for optimum performance, whereas in the system the transmitter has large quantization steps and there is no training defined. There should be a guard band between the COM the channel is allowed to provide and the value used for the receiver interference tolerance test.			
Change the reference from 92.8.3.9.2.c to 92.8.3.8.2.c. Change to the range used for 1e- 15 in OIF CEI 3.1. Change "1e-4 to 2.5e-3" to "1e-6 to 1e-4".	SuggestedRemedy			
Response Response Status C	Change the COM value for the channel from 2dB to 3dB.			
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Proposed Response Response Status Z			
Make the suggested changes to match 83E.4.2. In Table 83D-1 footnote b, change:	REJECT.			
"as defined in 92.8.3.9.2 c), shall be from 10^-4 to 2.5 x 10^-3" to: "as defined in 92.8.3.8.2 c), shall be from 10^-6 to 10^-4"	This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.			
C/ 83D SC 83D.4 P 157 L 49 # [i-89] Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation # [i-89]	The quantization steps for COM are defined in Table 83D-6 as 0.05 which is the same as the system transmitter, so no guard band is required.			
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	C/ 83D SC 83D.3.3.1 P156 L 40 # i-91			
With the change to using a DFE receiver it would be more convenient for vendors to use	Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation			
the same continuous time filter as is used for Clause 93. Also Mellitz_01_042414_caui presented to the CAUI-4 ad hoc showed that this continuous time filter provides better	Comment Type T Comment Status A			
performance than the present one.	RSS_DFE4 was introduced in Clause 93 to make sure that the ISI test channel had			
SuggestedRemedy	degradations that tested the ability of the receiver to equalize ISI that required a relatively			
Change the continuous time filter DC gain, zero frequency and pole frequencies in table 83D-6 to match those in Table 93-8. Also delete table 83D-7.	long DFE. We are only using a 5 tap DFE for COM for CAUI4 chip to chip. Requiring this RSS_DFE4 will degrade COM and result in less noise being added. A practical receiver that has a longer DFE however will be able to equalize this and therefore will be			
Response Response Status C	understressed for noise like impairments.			
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	SuggestedRemedy			
See comment i-4	Delete the RSS_DFE4 row. Or consider replacing it with a new parameter RSS_DFE2 that would be the RSS of taps 2-5.			
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. Comment i-4 was ACCEPT with Suggested Remedy:	Response Response Status C			
Update Table 83D-6 Continuous time filter parameters as per latchman_01_053014_caui	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.			
slide 5. Delete Table 83D-7 "Reference CTLE coefficients"]	Change "RSS_DFE4" to "RSS_DFE2" Add note stating "RSS_DFE2 is equivalent to RSS_DFE4 described in 93A.2 except that n1=2 and n2=5."			
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	111=2 and $112=3$.			
The file referenced above is at: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/cuadhoc/meetings/may30_14/latchman_01_053014_ca				

C/ 83D SC 83D.3.1.1 P 154 L 45 # i-92	C/ 83D SC 83D.1 P 152 L 11 # i-94
udek, Michael QLogic Corporation	Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation
Comment Type T Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status A
With the change to using the pulse fitting methodology for meaurement of the equalization settings all the settings are normalized to the tap setting 0. It therefore does not make sense to have this large tolerance for tap setting 0 in tables 83D-2 and 83D-3	CAUI-4 is different from XLAUI-4 and CAUI-10 in that the total channel specifications are significantly different for CAUI-4 chip to chip and CAUI-4 chip to module, meaning that a CAUI-4 component is different between the applications. It would be good to make this differentiation
uggestedRemedy Delete the +/-12.5% for the tap setting 0 in these tables.	SuggestedRemedy
Response Response Status C	In Figure 83D-2 change "CAUI-4 component" to "CAUI-4 chip to chip component". In Figure 83E-2 change "CAUI-4 component" to "CAUI-4 chip to module component"
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Overtaken by events. Table and tolerance has been modified by comment i-9. See ran_01_0714_optx.	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. In Figure 83D-2 change "CAUI-4 component" to "CAUI-4 chip-to-chip component".
C/ 83D SC 83D.3.3.1 P 156 L 22 # i-93	In Figure 83E-2 change "CAUI-4 component" to "CAUI-4 chip-to-module component"
udek, Michael QLogic Corporation	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.1.6 P 169 L 18 # i-95
comment Type T Comment Status A	Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation
It says "The transmitter taps are set via management to the optimal transmitter equalizer settings described in 83D.3.1.1.". However how the optimal transmitter equalizer settings are determined is not described. SuggestedRemedy Replace "The transmitter taps are set via management to the optimal transmitter equalizer settings described in 83D.3.1.1.". With "The transmitter taps described in 83D.3.1.1 are set to the values that provided the lowest error ratio."	Comment Type TR Comment Status A The host output should be tested with crosstalk equivalent to a worst case module and therefore the crosstalk target transition time should match the module minimum risetime. (Note that pre-emphasis can be used in the crosstalk generator to achieve a faster risetime.). An equivalent change is not being suggested for the module output test because the worst case link from the module to the host has long traces and therefore the hosts risetime will be slow for this worst case link.
Response Response Status C	SuggestedRemedy
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-38	Change the target transition time 19ps to the same value as is used for the module minimum risetime in table 83E-3. This value however does appear to be faster than is realistic from a module measured at TP4 and therefore it is suggested that both numbers should be changed to 12ps.
	Response Response Status C
	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: "The crosstalk generator is calibrated at TP4 with target differential peak-to-peak amplitud of 900 mV and target transition time of 19 ps."

to:

"The crosstalk generator is calibrated at TP4 with target differential peak-to-peak amplitude of 900 mV and target transition time of 12 ps."

Also, change the module minimum risetime in Table 83E-3 to 12 ps

C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3 P 173 L 20 # i-96 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 P 177 L 9 # i-99 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation
Comment Type T Comment Status A It is confusing to have TP4a as the test point for the Bit error ratio. The error rate test point is after the host CDR. SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type TR Comment Status A It is extremely unlikely that a vertical eye closure penalty of 4.5 to 5.5dB will be achievable with this test set up. A pattern generator with 9.5ps risetime and 0.28UI total jitter won't have this eye closure after equalization and there are no additional knobs to adjust.
Change the test point to blank for the Bit error ratio line. Do the same for Table 83E-7 for the module input. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Overtaken by events, the BER rows in Tables 83E-4 in 83E-7 have been removed by comment i-32.	SuggestedRemedy Either delete the requirement for the Vertical eye closure penalty and reduce the Max vertical eye closure output from the module in table 83E-3 (suggested new value 3dB) or delete the 9.5ps risetime from the pattern generator and change the sentence to say "The pattern generator risetime should be set such that the host input test signal has a vertical eye closure in the range of 4.5 dB to 5.5 dB with a target value of 5 dB.
C/ 83E SC 83E.3.3.1 P 173 L 41 # i-97 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation Comment Type T Comment Status A Input bit error ratio is confusing. SuggestedRemedy Change Input here to receiver in this title and call it the CAUI-4 chip-to-module host receiver on line 43. Make the equivalent changes in 83E.3.4.1 Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. 0.4 Marchine Inc. D.4 Marchine Inc. D.4 Marchine Inc. D.4 Marchine Inc.	Response Response Status U ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Delete: The target pattern generator 20% to 80% transition in the host stressed input test is 9.5 ps. Notes: - modifying the rise/fall time on a pattern generator may not be seen as a trivial request With loss of mated compliance boards and cables ~5dB, and crosstalk, it has been demonstrated that ~4.5dB is possible from a BERT. This is also a target specification. See: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/cuadhoc/meetings/may30_13/misek_01_0530_caui.pdf
Overtaken by events, 83E.3.3.1 has been removed by comment i-32. CI 83E SC 83E.3.3.1 P 177 L 6 # i-98 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation Comment Type E Comment Status A grammer Grammer SuggestedRemedy Change "is" to "are" to read "Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted" Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-103 C C C	CI 83E SC 83E.3.3.3.1 P 175 L 53 # i-100 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation Image: Comment Type T Comment Status A With a PRBS11 and a 150MHz low pass filter the "bounded jitter" is likely to only be at its maximum amplitude with a probability of the order of 5e-4. This may affect the extrapolation of the eye width (which starts from 1e-4). It would be better to restrict the bounded jitter to a higher probability. SuggestedRemedy Change "between PRBS7 and PRBS11" to "between PRBS7 and PRBS9" Also on page 179 line 3. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. ACCEPT. Accept.

C/ 83E SC 83E.3.4.2.1 P 179 L 10 # i-101 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation	C/ 83E SC 83E.3.4.2.1 P 179 L 37 # [i-102] RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation
Comment Type T Comment Status A With a 9.5ps risetime from the pattern generator, even with the high loss channel the module receivers CTLE will not be fully tested. I intend to have a short presentation to show this.	Comment Type T Comment Status A Eye width and eye height measurements refer to 83E.4.2, but in that subclause there are two values for each, one measured at 1e-6 and another extrapolated to 1e-15. It is not stated explicitly which width and height should be maximized and used.
SuggestedRemedy	The instructions are to measure x and y using z that maximizes x*y; this is a circular and
Either increase the pattern generator risetime to 15ps or increase the trace loss to 12.5dB.	confusing definition.
Response Response Status C	The text should be rephrased for clarity.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment i-102	SuggestedRemedy
Note: the presentation associated with this comment is dudek_01_0714_optx.	Change the text from
	"Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP1a using the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-8 using the reference receiver."
	to
	"Eye height and eye width, extrapolated to a probability of 10^-15, are measured at TP1a, using the methodology given in 83E.4.2, for each setting of the software CTLE. The software CTLE setting which maximizes the product of the measured eye height and eye width is retained. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are then adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-8 using the methodology given in 83E.4.2".
	The text is repeated verbatim starting in line 42. Change the second instance similarly, or rephrase the text to avoid the repetition.
	Response Response Status C
	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change the paragraph beginning: "Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP1a" in the equivalent way to comment i-103
	Also change: "For the high loss case, frequency dependent attenuation is added such that from the output of the pattern generator to TP1a is 10.25 dB loss at 12.89 GHz. Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP1a using the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E–8 using the reference receiver. For the low loss case, discrete

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frequency dependent attenuation is removed such that from the output of the pattern generator to TP1a comprises the mated HCB/MCB pair as described in 83E.4.1. Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP1a using the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-8 using the reference receiver."

to:

"For the high loss case, frequency dependent attenuation is added such that from the output of the pattern generator to TP1a is 13.8 dB loss at 12.89 GHz. The 13.8 dB loss represents 10.25 dB channel loss with an additional allowance for host transmitter package loss. Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP1a based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted (without exceeding the receiver's differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance specification as shown in Table 83E-7) to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E–8 using the reference receiver with the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width. For the low loss case, discrete frequency dependent attenuation is removed such that from the output of the pattern generator to TP1a comprises the mated HCB/MCB pair as described in 83E.4.1. Eye height and eye width at TP1a are then adjusted in the same way as described for the high loss case."

Also see comments i-103 and i-101

C/ 83E	SC 83E.3.3.3.1	P 177	L 4	# i-103
RAN, ADEE		Intel Corporatio	n	

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Eye width and eye height measurements refer to 83E.4.2, but in that subclause there are two values for each, one measured at 1e-6 and another extrapolated to 1e-15. It is not stated explicitly which width and height should be maximized and used.

The instructions are to measure x and y using z that maximizes x^*y ; this is a circular and confusing definition.

The text should be rephrased for clarity.

SuggestedRemedy

Change this paragraph to

"Eye height and eye width, extrapolated to a probability of 10^A-15, are then measured at TP1a, using the methodology given in 83E.4.2, for each setting of the software CTLE. The software CTLE setting which maximizes the product of the measured eye height and eye width is retained. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are then adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the methodology given in 83E.4.2 with the retained software CTLE setting".

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change:

"Eye height and eye width are then measured at TP4 using the setting of the software CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude is adjusted to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the reference receiver."

to:

"Eye height and eye width, extrapolated to a probability of 10^A-15, are then measured at TP4 based on the eye measurement methodology given in 83E.4.2. Random jitter and the pattern generator output amplitude are adjusted (without exceeding the receiver's differential pk-pk input voltage tolerance specification as shown in Table 83E-4) to result in the eye height and eye width given in Table 83E-5 using the reference receiver with the setting of the CTLE which maximizes the product of eye height and eye width."

Also see comments i-14, i-15, i-98, i-102

95 SC 95.8.8.2 P 117 L 25 # i-104	C/ 83E SC 83E P 163 L # i-105
awe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation
omment Type T Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status D
This sentence probably needs revision following the change to including SJ in SRS: "When calibrating the conformance signal, the sinusoidal jitter frequency should be well within the 10 MHz to 10 times LB as defined in Table 95-11." What does "well within" mean? What's wrong with calibrating at 10 times LB or higher? Does one calibrate SJ anyway, or just J2 and J4?	Annex 83E is currently defined under the assumption that a CAUI-4 C2M link has to operate at BER<1e-15. In practice, many if not most of the implementations of CAUI-4 C2M will be in 100GBASE-SR4 or 100GBASE-CR4 PHYs and will carry only RS-FEC encoded data. In such implementations, the BER on the CAUI-4 C2M segment can be as high as 1e-6 without significant impact on the full link BER (as was shown in past presentations).
Delete the sentence or (see another comment for this clock recovery unit), "When calibrating the conformance signal, the sinusoidal jitter frequency should be well above the bandwidth of the clock recovery unit."?	Such implementations can either over-design the CAUI-4 components to comply with the current specifications, or ignore them for cost saving, which may be safe in many cases. This will make our standard less valuable.
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change: "When calibrating the conformance signal, the sinusoidal jitter frequency should be well within the 10 MHz to 10 times LB as defined in Table 95-11." to: "When calibrating the conformance signal, the sinusoidal jitter frequency should be within the 10 MHz to 10 times LB as defined in Table 95-11."	It would be better to explicitly address implementations that rely on RS-FEC protection and specify which requirements can be relieved for such implementations.
	Annex 83D may also benefit from addressing RS-FEC protected implementations.
	SuggestedRemedy Detailed proposal to be provided.
	Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT.
	This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.