

# CAUI-4 C2C Transmitter and Receiver Compliance

IEEE 802.3 bm

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- CAUI-4 C2C transmitter only require modest amount of post and pre
  - Full KR4 transmit FFE is overkill when there is no back channel
- Result previously shown the CAUI-4 C2C links with TX FFE+ CTLE is rather insensitive to the transmit FFE setting
  - Transmit pre-cursor is nice to have but often may not even get optimized to the best level
- Updated de-emphasis definition is based on KR CL 72 and is consistent with CL83A
- Assuming C2C channel loss is  $\leq 15$  dB CTLE=12 dB then a moderate amount transmit de-emphasis is sufficient
  - Post=C(1)=[1:2.0] with 4 to 8 setting is sufficient
  - Pre=C(-1)=[1:1.5] with 3 to 4 setting is sufficient
    - The eye amplitude gain due to pre-cursor after CTLE is only ~10%

# 10G-KR Transmitter Compliance (Comment 77, 79, 78, 81, 82, 114,

- A compliance method based on 10G-KR (CL72) but some of constrain eliminated or relaxed is sufficient for CAUI-4 applications
  - $R_{pst} = v_1/v_2 = C(1)$  post cursor = 2.0
  - $R_{pre} = v_3/v_2 = C(-1)$  post cursor = 1.5
  - $VMA = (v_2 - v_5) = 150$  mV at maximum (C1) and C(-1)
  - $\Delta v_2/VMA$ ,  $\Delta v_5/VMA$  is the VMA ripple < 10%
  - $(v_1 + v_4)/v_1$ ,  $(v_2 + v_5)/v_2$ , and  $(v_3 + v_6)/v_3 < 5\%$

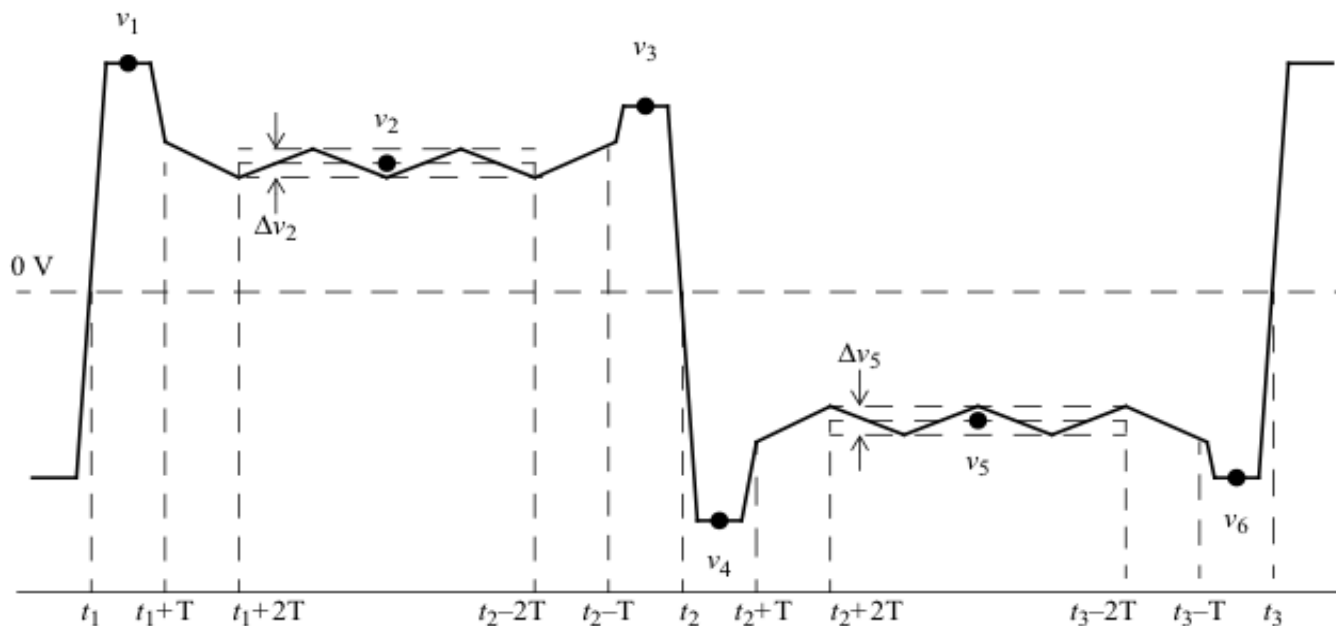
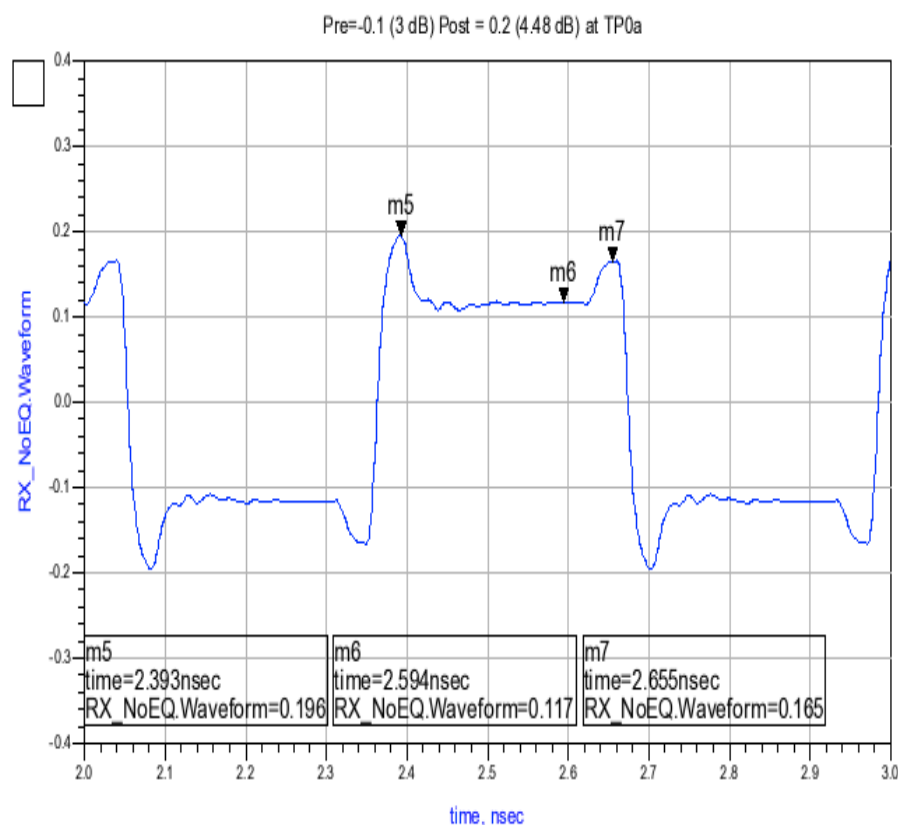
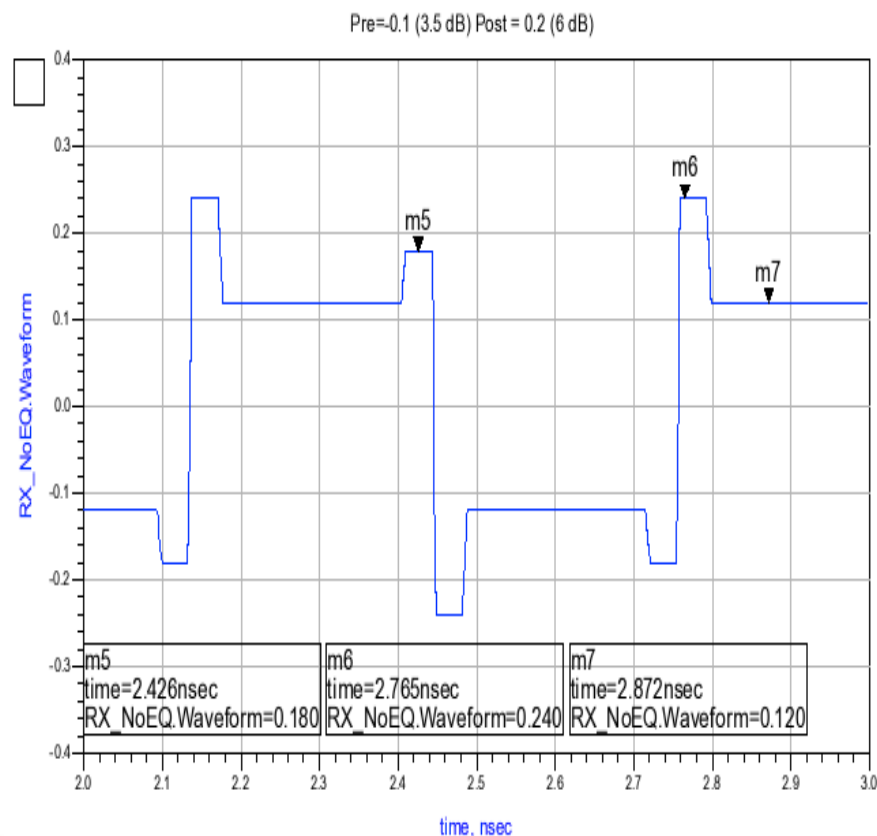


Figure 72-12—Transmitter output waveform

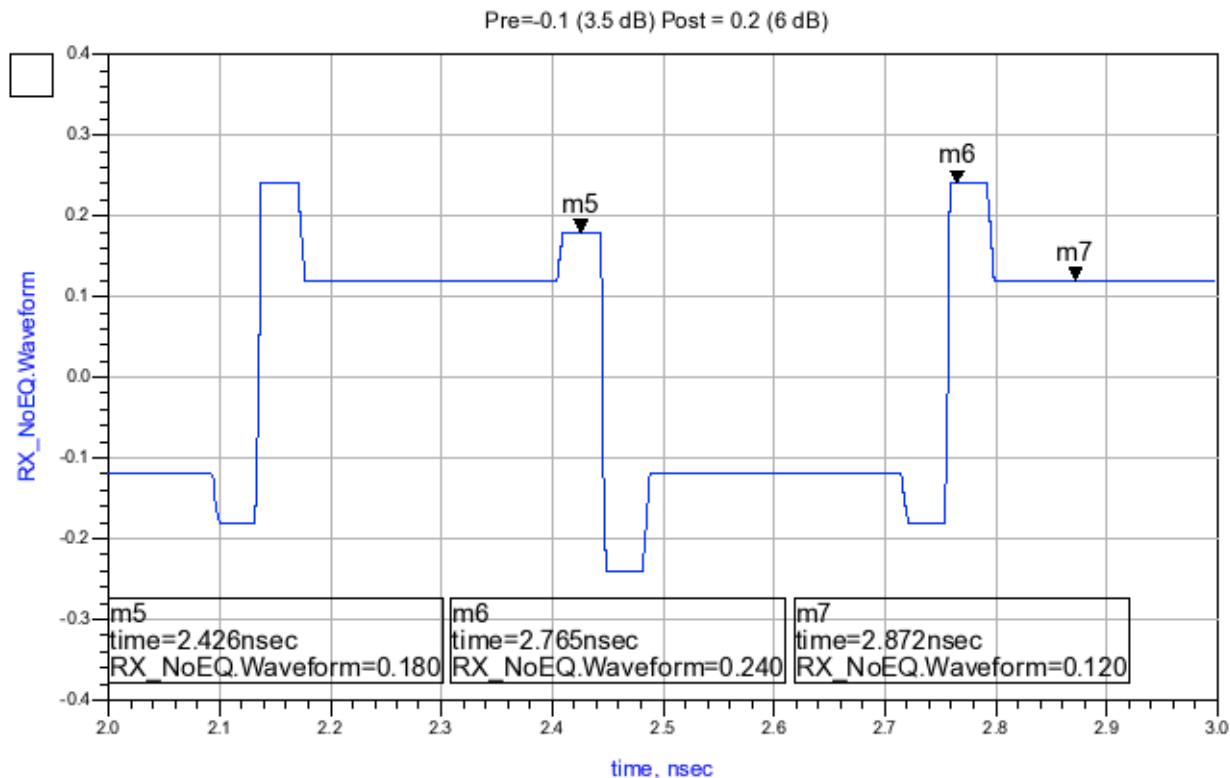
# Example Transmitter Waveform (Comment 79)

- Example TX output at device output and TP0a
  - KR approach which is consistent with CL83A and accounts for de-emphasis loss due to package/test PCB
  - The de-emphasis need to be guaranteed at TP0a in this example larger pre and post would need to meet  $C(1)=2$  and  $C(-1)=1.5$



# Transmitter Waveform (Comment 79)

- Per KR CL72 transmitter FFE definition
  - With post cursor  $C(1)=2.0$  (6 dB) and pre cursor  $C(-1)=1.5$  (3.5 dB)
  - With previous results showing 600 mV fast transmitter and close 15 dB channel the min VMA would then be 120 mV

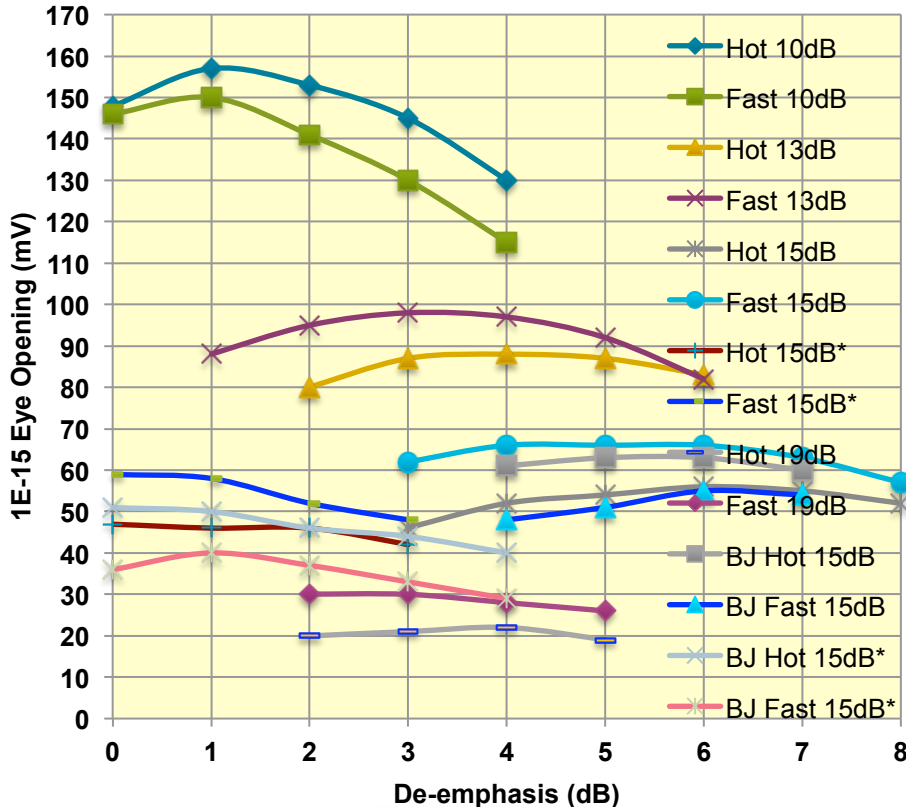


- Transmitter equalization pre-cursor and post cursor is measured at TP0a. The test pattern for the transmitter output waveform is the square wave test pattern with (8 ones, 8 zeros) of 83.5.10. The scope is set to waveform lock and waveform averaging is set to 32. The waveform is observed through a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson response with a bandwidth of 40 GHz.
- Post cursor is defined as ratio of
- $C(-1)=v1/v2$
- Post cursor is defined as ratio of
- $C(1)=v3/v2$
- The post cursor  $C(1)$  measured at TP0a shall be adjustable from 1 to 2.0 in 0.25 steps with variation of +/-0.125
- The pre cursor  $C(-1)$  measured at TP0a shall be adjustable from 1 to 1.5 in 0.25 steps with variation of +/-0.125

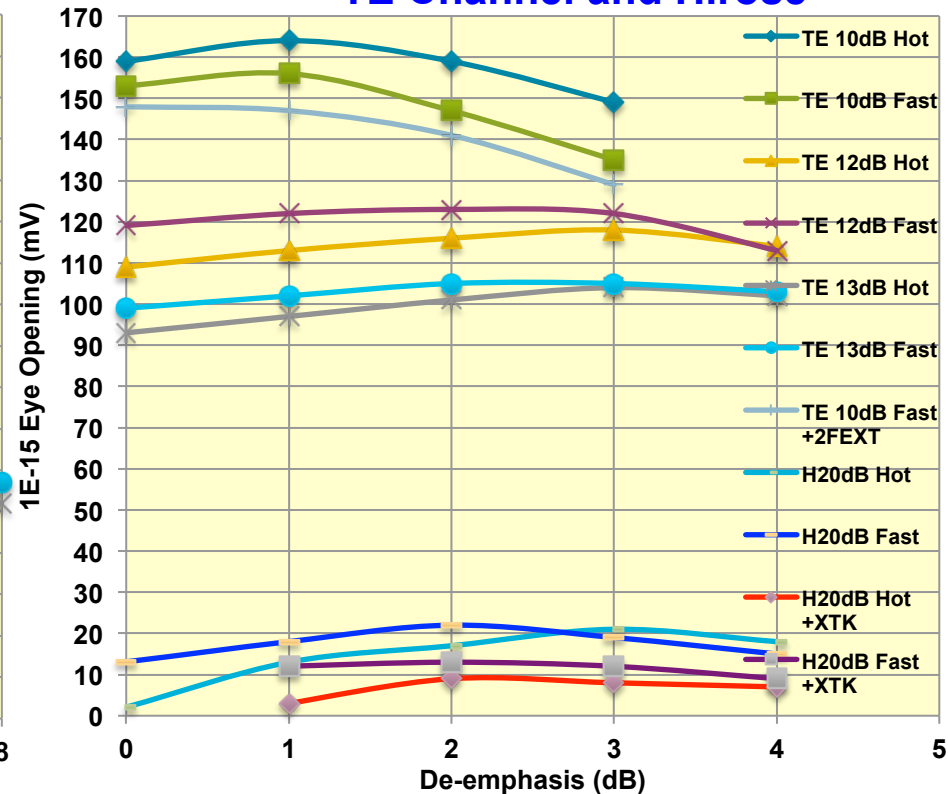
# Summary of Eye Opening

- Fast driver performs better for higher loss channel
  - For full simulation details see [http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/mar13/ghiasi\\_01\\_0313\\_optx.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/mar13/ghiasi_01_0313_optx.pdf)
  - Increasing CTLE peaking did not improve far end eye opening just reduced TX FFE
  - Optimizing TX FFE pre-cursor improves results below by ~10%
  - 19-20 dB channel results in only ~10 mV signal at TP5
  - All results are with 9 dB CTLE with exception of result with \* based on 14 dB CTLE

### FR4 Channel



### TE Channel and Hirose

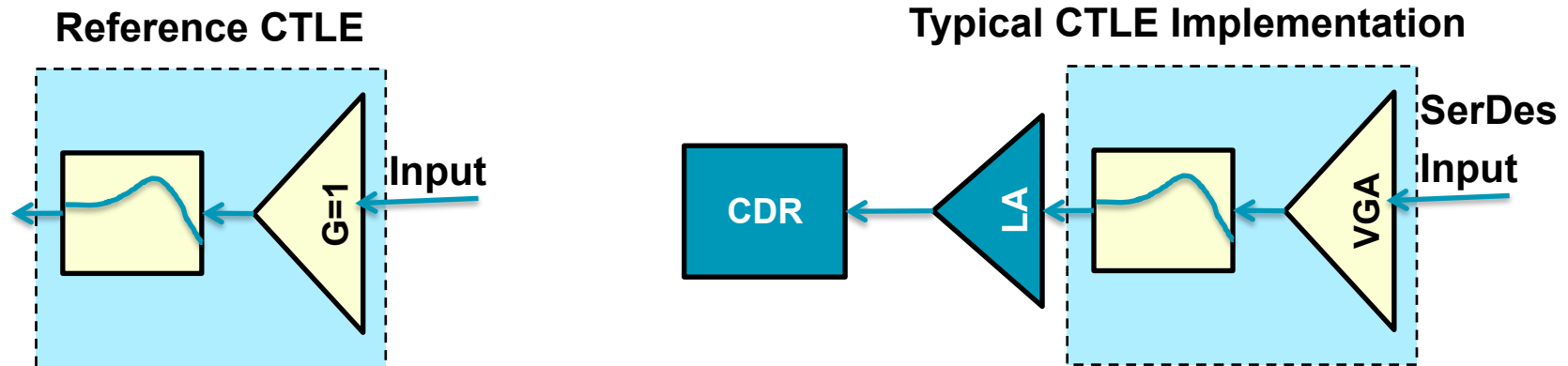


# OIF 28G VSR/CAUI-4 Chip to Module CTLE Definition

- Based on most common implementation of CTLE with single pole with 2 zeros

$$Gain = G \frac{P1 \cdot P2}{Z} \frac{(Z - j \cdot \omega)}{(P1 - j \cdot \omega)(P2 - j \cdot \omega)}$$

- For reference comparison the CTLE should have no AC gain
- Actual implementation will have VGA as well as limiting AMP with AC gain
- Scopes software CTLE implementation is based on the reference CTLE for TP5 compliance

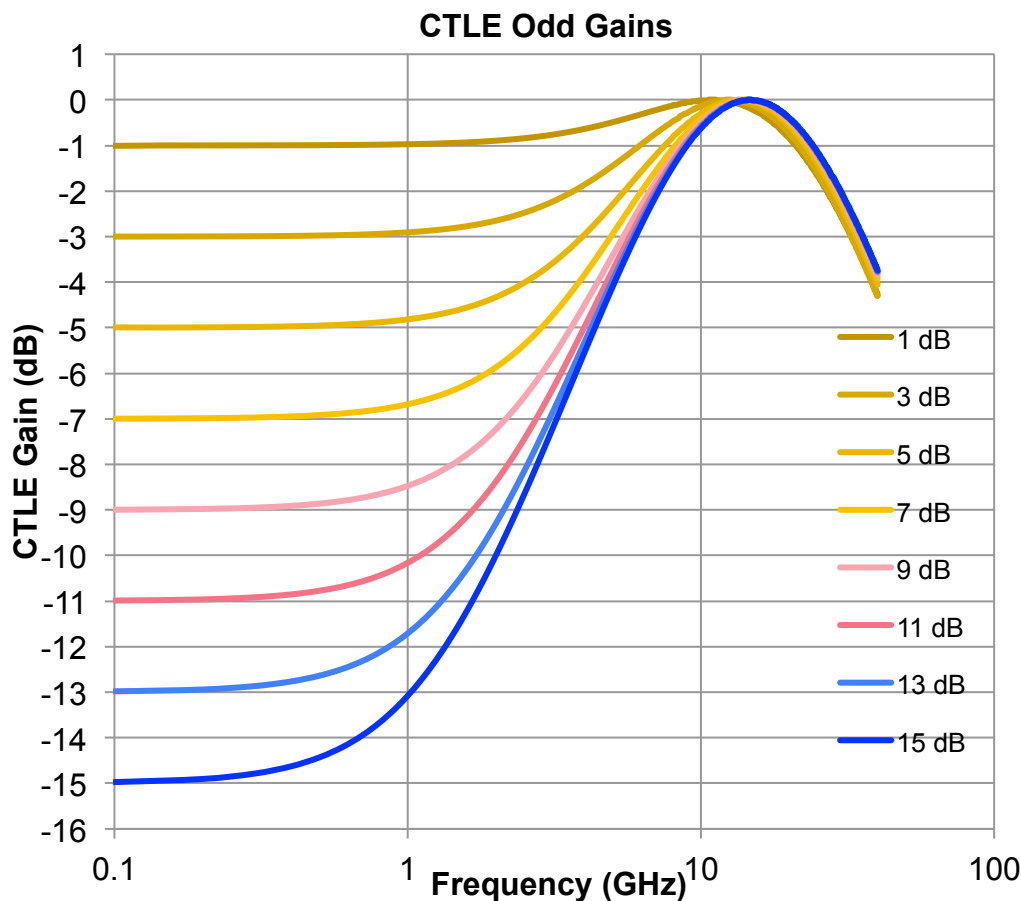




# Expanded CTLE Filters (comment 85, 87)

- OIF 28G-VSR and CAUI-4 chip to module were expanded from 9 dB to 15 dB
  - To make sure filter response is always passive G and Z were slightly adjusted and the new coefficient for G and Z have more significant digits
  - With the new filter coefficient the peak gain is in the 0 to -0.005 dB range

<http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/tools/index.html>



| Gain (dB) | G (Linear) | Z (GHz)  | P1 (GHz) | P2 (GHz) |
|-----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1         | 0.89125    | 8.3640e9 | 1.86e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 2         | 0.79433    | 7.0990e9 | 1.86e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 3         | 0.70795    | 5.6760e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 4         | 0.63096    | 4.9601e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 5         | 0.56234    | 4.3580e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 6         | 0.50119    | 3.8440e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 7         | 0.44668    | 3.3990e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 8         | 0.39811    | 3.0120e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 9         | 0.35481    | 2.6720e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 10        | 0.31623    | 2.3728e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 11        | 0.28184    | 2.1090e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 12        | 0.25119    | 1.8755e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 13        | 0.22387    | 1.6690e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 14        | 0.19953    | 1.4853e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |
| 15        | 0.17783    | 1.3225e9 | 1.56e10  | 1.41e10  |

- TP5 compliance on actual physical hardware should be exactly as described in CL83E with software CTLE and scope
  - Measure Eye height, eye width, and VEC
- To verify the channel compliance the signal at TP5 must be compliant
  - Channel compliance at TP5 is a deviation from 802.3BJ COM where every channel is penalized by the worst case receiver package loss
  - COM may not be ready for CAUI4 C2C in Sept 2013 if we plan to go to working group ballot
  - Commercial tool can also perform the channel compliance at TP5
  - Signal compliance at channel output is exactly as defined above
- At this point in time it is key to define TP5 compliance requirement with fact commercial tool can verify it now, COM can be added back during the working group.

# TP5 Receiver Table Parameters (Comment 83, 86)



| Parameters  | Test Value         | Units    |
|---|--------------------|----------|
| Signaling rate per lane (range)   | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm | PPM      |
| Unit interval (UI) nominal  | 38.787879          | ps       |
| DC common-mode output voltage (max)   | 1.5                | V        |
| DC common-mode output voltage (min)   | -0.3               | V        |
| Common-mode AC output voltage (max, RMS)  | 17.5               | mV       |
| Differential peak-to-peak output voltage (max)<br>Transmitter disabled<br>Transmitter enabled | 35<br>1000         | mV       |
| Minimum eye height with nominal FFE and optimum CTLE at 1E-15                                 | 45                 | mV (p-p) |
| Minimum eye width with the above FFE and CTLE   | 0.46               | UI       |
| Vertical Eye Closure  | 12                 | dB       |
| Differential output return loss (min)   | Equation (83E-2)   | dB       |
| Common to differential mode conversion (min)  | Equation (83E-3)   | dB       |
| Differential termination mismatch (max)   | 10                 | %        |
| Transition time (min, 20% to 80%)   | 10                 | ps       |

# Table 83D-3 Receiver Interference Tolerance Parameters (Comment 84)

| Parameters                                     | Test Value                              | Units    |
|--|---|----------|
| Signaling rate per lane (range)                | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm                      | PPM      |
| Unit interval (UI) nominal                     | 38.787879                               | ps       |
| Applied Broadband noise                        | Adjust to meet eye height and eye width |          |
| Applied peak-to-peak random jitter             | Adjust to meet eye height and eye width |          |
| Maximum eye height with optimum CTLE at 1E-15  | 50                                      | mV (p-p) |
| Maximum eye width with the above CTLE at 1E-15 | 0.48                                    | UI       |
| Target Vertical Eye Closure                    | 12                                      | dB       |
| Target Channel Insertion Loss at 12.89 GHz     | 15                                      | dB       |

**Thank You !**