MDU cable network channel S parameter measurements

- Tested in Wuxi city, Jiangsu province

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Test items

- Scenario: Node+0 passive cable network at MDU
- Test items: channel S parameters
- Test equipment: Network analyzer (Agilent E5070B)
- Selected 3 sites in Wuxi, and tested on 2012.10.18-10.19
 - Test site 1 -- 畅舜苑小区
 - Test site 2 --广丰二村
 - Test site 3 -- 金河湾家园
- Considerations on test sites selection:
 - mainly according to upstream CNR measured on the CMTS side. Dividing the network transmission performance into excellent/good/bad 3 classes.
 - Tall building (32 floors) and multi-floor building (5-6 floors)
 - Mainly test passive tree topology network (with cascaded tap/splitter)

Test program

- Full spectrum bandwidth test & multi- trunk test (divide whole spectrum into several segments)
 - Full spectrum test:
 - 1MHz~2GHz; 1601 sampling points
 - multi- trunk test:
 - 1MHz ~1.5GHz
 - 64MHz segment, 1601 points/per 64MHz
- Network analyzer calibration

Note: Test results described herein can only be used for the analysis of coaxial network characteristics trends, does not apply to the channel modeling system design



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Additional Interim Meeting

Topology - test site1 (building 11#)

- Building infos:
 - 11# is a 6-floors building,
 4households per floor
 - N31 $^{\circ}\,$ 33'40",E120 $^{\circ}\,$ 17'30 ``
 - Altitude of 11m
- Test time/environment
 - 2012.10.18 morning
 - Start time 10:35
 - End time 12:50
 - environment
 - Temperature: 15° C
 - Humidity : 42%



Topology - test site2 (building 22#)

- Building infos:
 - 22# is a 5-floor building , 4 households per floor
 - N31 $^{\circ}$ 35'56",E120 $^{\circ}$ 19'3"
 - Altitude: 9m
 - Only one subscriber connects with network, other ports are all open.
- Test time/environment
 - 2012.10.18 afternoon
 - Start time: 14:20
 - End time: 16:33
 - environment
 - Temperature: 16° C
 - Humidity : 28%



Topology - test site2 (building 31#)

Building infos:

- 31# is 32-floor building, 3households per floor

18F

- N31 $^{\circ}$ 36'4",E120 $^{\circ}$ 18'24"
- Altitude 5m
- Test time/environment
 - 2012.10.19 morning
 - Start time: 10:25
 - End time: 12:00
 - environment
 - Temperature: 14 $^{\circ}$ C
 - Humidity : 52%



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Test results - S21 & S12



S21

S12

Test results – micro-reflection1





- 769~833MHz;
- 1601 points
- Blackman windows +IFFT

Test results – micro-reflection2



Some conclusions

- Bi-directional characteristics of passive coax networks are basically the same (S21=S12)
- Channel transmission loss is gradually stepping down under 1.5GHz, and decreased rapidly at 1.5G ~ 1.8GHz according to the test results at test site 2.
- The channel response is quite flatten below 1GHz spectrum. But above 1GHz, the channel response has significant fluctuations.
- Parts of network exist strong micro-reflections
- According to test results , some views on passive coaxial cable network channel characteristics
 - Multi path (micro reflection) do exist in passive cable network
 - Poor connections between cable/splitter/tap can cause serious reflections.
 - Splitter/tap port impedance unmatch/poor connections will cause frequency selective fading.
- Poor network consistency: channel performances differ significantly on different spectrum
- Cable channel changes slowly over time.