C/ 119 SC 119.6	P 181	L 19	# <u>i-1</u>	C/ 120C	SC 120C		P 340	L7	# <u>i-</u> 3
Brown, Matthew	Applied Micro	(AMCC)		Brown, Ma	ttnew	Aρ	plied Micro	(AMCC)	
Comment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucket	Comment	Type GR	Comment Stat	us A		
119.6.5	ading levels are level 3 but sho	ould be level 4 a	is follows:			title and text through referring specifically t			
119.6.6 119.6.7				Suggested	lRemedy				
	a bit of a problem when amen	ding this subcla	use in P802.3cd.		5	0			ined acronym C2M and by-2016 and P802.3cd
SuggestedRemedy				Response		Response Stat	us C		
,	adings to heading level 4.				PT IN PRINC				
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C			"(400G sectior	GAUI-16)" to " n.	120C, change "(2000 (400GAUI-16 C2M)".	Reflect the	e change in Anr	nex title in the PICS
C/ 120B SC 120B Brown, Matthew	P 333 Applied Micro	L 6 (AMCC)	# i-2			nex, make appropriat dule" where appropri		L 7	h editorial license to
Comment Type GR	Comment Status A			Brown, Ma			plied Micro	-	# 1-4
	tle and text throughout use the ferring specifically to the chip-to		ns 200GAUI-8 and	Comment	Type GR	Comment Stat	us A	· · ·	
SuggestedRemedy						title and text through ferring specifically to			ms 200GAUI-4 and
	x including the annex title make 2C and 400GAUI-16 C2C as is			Suggested	IRemedy		·	·	
Response	Response Status C								ined acronym C2C and /-2016 and P802.3cd.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIP				Response		Response Stat		-	
"(400GAUI-16)" to "(4 section.	20B, change "(200GAUI-8)" to 00GAUI-16 C2C)". Reflect the ex, make appropriate changes	e change in Ann	ex title in the PICS	ACCEI	PT IN PRINC title of Annex	IPLE. 120D, change "(2000	GAUI-4)" to		2C)" and change title in the PICS sectio
remove "chip-to-chip"				In the	rest of the an	nex, make appropriat	e changes	to use C2C with	n editorial license to

In the rest of the annex, make appropriate changes to use C2C with editorial license to remove "chip-to-chip" where appropriate.

C/ 120E SC 120E P 365 L 7 # i-5 Brown, Matthew Applied Micro (AMCC)	C/ 119 SC 119 P 143 L 1 # [-7 Gustlin, Mark Xilinx, Inc.
Comment Type GR Comment Status A In Annex 120E, the title and text throughout use the generic acronyms 200GAUI-4 and 400GAUI-8 when referring specifically to the chip-to-module version.	Comment Type TR Comment Status A The 400G and 200G PCS has shown to have unusual clock content for a few PCS muxing and skew combinations when performing 4:1 muxing. See
SuggestedRemedy	http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/19Dec_16/anslow_01_121916_elect.pdf for an explenation of the concerns.
Throughout the annex including the annex title make use of the defined acronym C2M and refer to 200GAUI-4 C2M and 400GAUI-8 C2M as is done in 802.3by-2016 and P802.3cd.	SuggestedRemedy
Response Response Status C	Make the proposed changes to the draft as specified in gustlin_3bs_01_0317.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Response Response Status C
In the title of Annex 120E, change "(200GAUI-4)" to "(200GAUI-4 C2M)" and change "(400GAUI-8)" to "(400GAUI-8 C2M)". Reflect the change in Annex title in the PICS section.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
In the rest of the annex, make appropriate changes to use C2M with editorial license to remove "chip-to-module" where appropriate.	A Straw poll was taken: I support the following option for solving the clock content concern (pick one): A Do nothing B Add a note warning of low clock content possibility C Define a new test pattern to ensure receivers are capable of dealing with the reduced clock content
Berger, Catherine Comment Type G Comment Status A Bucket This draft meets all editorial requirements.	D Restricted muxing (natural pairs) E Add the additional 7-bit scrambler for the messages before FEC encoding Result - A: 0, B: 31, C: 0, D: 12, E: 3
SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C	Add the following to the end of 120.5.2: "NOTE-PMA output lanes composed of some specific combinations of four PCSLs with specific skew offsets (e.g., 400GBASE-R PCSLs 0, 2, 4, and 10 with delays 0, 1, 0, and 2 bits, respectively) may have reduced transition density."
ACCEPT.	In 124.2, at the end of the paragraph that starts: "In the receive direction, the PMD continuously sends four parallel symbol streams to the PMA corresponding to the signals received from the MDI, one per lane, each at a nominal signaling rate of 53.125 GBd.", add: "See NOTE at the end of 120.5.2 concerning the transition density of lanes operating at this nominal signaling rate."

Add the same note at the end of 124.7.2.

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2 Gustlin, Mark	.3 <i>P</i> 167 Xilinx, Inc.	L 33	# <u>i-8</u>	C/ 119 SC 119.2.6. Gustlin, Mark	2.1 <i>P</i> 165 Xilinx, Inc.	L 22	# <u>i-11</u>
Comment Type TR The last sentence of Al	Comment Status A MP_COMPARE is incorrect a	and partly leftove	er from clause 91.	Comment Type E Add hyphen to # bit	Comment Status A		Bucke
	l and first_pcsl are 0, amp_m he same pcs lane number, ar			SuggestedRemedy Change "72 bit" to 72 other examples on thi	bit to be consistent with the r s page.	est of the clause,	do the same for the
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL	Response Status C E.			Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C		
	medy with the exception that	· ·		C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1 RAN, ADEE	18 P 40 Intel	L 30	# i-12
Cl 119 SC 119.2.4.4 Gustlin, Mark	P 151 Xilinx, Inc.	L 32	# i-9	Comment Type T	Comment Status A		
Comment Type E Description is not as cl	Comment Status A ear as it could be.		Bucket		array contains a count of cor CUncorrectableBlocks should		
	ble the aggregate stream before FEC of			in scope of the projec	the base document, however)	the paragraph is	amended so may be
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C	0		SuggestedRemedy Change "corrected" to	"uncorrectable".		
				Response	Response Status C		
<i>Cl</i> 119 SC 119.2.6.2 Gustlin, Mark	.2 P 166 Xilinx, Inc.	L 10	# i-10	ACCEPT.			
Comment Type E Variables are not all alp	Comment Status A bhabetized, for example align_	_status and first_	_pcsl.				
SuggestedRemedy Alphabetize them.							
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C						

CI 78 SC 78	1 P 102	L 9	# <u>i-</u> 13	C/ 78	SC 78.5	P 103	L 4	# <u>i-14</u>
RAN, ADEE	Intel			RAN, ADE	E	Intel		
Comment Type 1	Comment Status A			Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status A		
transparent to L	rted PHY types in should not ir PI (unlike 25GAUI, XLAUI and 0 PMDs which are transparent to	CAUI-n, which have	special behavior in	PCS/F	EC processine	5		·
	should include the 200GXS ar relaying LPI signaling, which c			l able define		dicate that. The LPI timing para	ameters for thes	e sublayers are not
SuggestedRemedy Change "the 200	GAUI-8 or 200GAUI-4" to "the	200GXS".	·			rs practically form a full 200GB at their timing parameters are th		
Change "the 400	GAUI-16 or 400GAUI-8" to "the	e 400GXS".		The X	LAUI/CAUI-n r	ow in the base document can s	serve as a mode	I. The additonal
Response ACCEPT IN PR	Response Status C				ce increases the other patameter	he transmitter delay Tw_sys_tx ers.	(by definition) b	out does not necessar
				Suggested	lRemedy			
200GXS for 200	GAUI-8 or 200GAUI-4 for 200 Gb/s PHYs". GAUI-16 or 400GAUI-8 for 400				new row with ' table footnote	PHY or interface type" 200GX (b) stating:	S/400GXS, and	Tw_sys_tx =0.34, wit
400GXS for 400	Gb/s PHYs".			instan on the	ce of 200GXS/ receive path r	_sys_tx of a PHY is increased b 400GXS on the transmit path. nay require an increase of Tw_ DP (see 79.3.5).	A PHY that inclu	udes 200GXS/400GX
				Add a	PT IN PRINCI new row with '	Response Status C PLE. PHY or interface type" 200GX otnote (c) to 200GXS/400GXS		Tw_sys_tx (min) =
				c) The	minimum Tw_	_sys_tx of a PHY is increased b	by the indicated	period if there is a

c) The minimum Tw_sys_tx of a PHY is increased by the indicated period if there is a 200GXS/400GXS in the transmit path. A PHY that includes a 200GXS/400GXS in the receive path may require an increase of Tw_sys_tx on the link partner; this may be negotiated using LLDP (see 79.3.5).

C/ 78 S RAN, ADEE	SC 78.5.1	P 103 Intel	L 17	# <u>i-</u> 15	<i>CI</i> 78 RAN, ADEE	SC 78.5.2	P Intel	103	L 19	# <u>i-16</u>
Comment Type	e T	Comment Status A			Comment T	ype T	Comment Status	5 A		
	t included in the t for 200GXS an	e draft) is titled "10 Gb/s F d 400GXS too.	PHY extension us	ing XGXS". Its content		s no need to lis I, XLAUI and C	t the new AUIs here AUI-n).	since the	y are transparer	nt to LPI (unlike
		bclause seems to include . The suggested remedy			Other in listed.	nterfaces and F	PMDs which are tran	sparent to	DLPI (like all opt	ical PMDs) are not
SuggestedRer	medy				SuggestedF	Remedy				
Bring 78.5	5.1 into the draft				Remove	e 78.5.2 and th	e editorial instruction	ns to char	nge it from this a	mendment.
Change its extender s		Sb/s PHY extension using	g XGXS" to "PHY	extension using	Response ACCEP	Ϋ́Τ.	Response Status	C		
"The 200G	GXS/400GXS (C	aragraph at the end of 78 lause 118) can be inserte	ed between the R	S and a 200 Gb/s or						
400 Gb/s 200GMII/4 PHY timin	PHY, respective	ely, to transparently exter Pl signaling can operate t	nd the physical re	each of the						
400 Gb/s 200GMII/4 PHY timin modified a	PHY, respective 400GMII. The LF ag parameters as described in T	ely, to transparently exter Pl signaling can operate t	nd the physical re	each of the						
400 Gb/s 200GMII/4 PHY timin modified a <i>Response</i> ACCEPT I	PHY, respective 400GMII. The LF ag parameters as described in T	ely, to transparently exter Pl signaling can operate t Fable 78-4." Res <i>ponse Status</i> C	nd the physical re	each of the						
400 Gb/s 200GMII/4 PHY timin modified a <i>Response</i> ACCEPT I Bring 78.5	PHY, respective 400GMII. The LF 1g parameters as described in T IN PRINCIPLE. 5.1 into the draft s title from "10 C	ely, to transparently exter Pl signaling can operate t Fable 78-4." Res <i>ponse Status</i> C	nd the physical re hrough the 200G	each of the XS/400GXS with the						

C/ 120 SC 120.5.1	P 190	L 20	# i <u>-</u> 17	C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.2.3	P 200	L 51	# i <u>-</u> 18
RAN, ADEE	Intel			RAN, ADE		Intel		-

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

As noted in 120.5.11.2.4, a square wave may not be received correctly by the CDR of the PMA at the receive side of the 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 (whether or not it is adjacent to the PMD).

There is nothing in this clause that states that the PMA _receiver_ expects a CDR-friendly pattern and may not work well with a square wave (or, for that matter, with SSPR).

The PMA receiver behavior should only be specified for PCS data and for PRBS31/PRBS31Q. SSPR and square wave are used for transmitter testing, and we should not expect CDRs to operate with the same performance as with valid data. But as the text stands there is no special treatment for these patterns - the BER requirements in all AUI annexes are pattern-agnostic. This is an overkill.

This subclause seems to be the right place to state that the PMA receiver is not expected to cope with this kind of patterns.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a new paragraph at the end of 120.5.1:

"Clock and data recovery specifications apply for receiving PCS encoded data or PRBS31/PRBS31Q test patterns. Feeding other patterns (such as square wave or SSPR/SSPRQ) into a PMA through a physically instantiated interface may yield unexpected results".

Response Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

As SSPRQ is used for optical tests, in principle, it could be generated from the last PMA on a host board when only a PMA providing an NRZ or PAM4 retimer function exists in the module. But for square wave, the concern is valid.

Add a paragraph at the end of 120.5.1:

"Test patterns that are intended for transmitter testing, such as a square wave, may not be correctly recovered by an adjacent PMA."

Comment Type E Comment Status A

The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAM4 symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.

SuggestedRemedy

Use dash list format for the paragraphs from "Bit sequence A..." until "The repeating SSPRQ pattern..." (inclusive).

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Use dash list format for each of the paragraphs beginning with "Bit sequence A ." (page 200 line 51) continuing through and including the paragraph "The repeating SSPRQ pattern formed by concatenating PAM4 sequences 1, 2, 3 and 4." (page 201 line 30)

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.4 P 201 L 46 # i-19 RAN, ADEE Intel	C/ 121 SC 121.8.4 P 223 L 9 # i-20 RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type T Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status A
The "note that" sentence is a part of normative text (see style manual 16.1), but it is not clear how it specifies anything: "may" means "is allowed to", but this clause specifies the PMA and the PMA has no special "allowance" (in the current text; see another comment) for not forwarding data correctly when the data is a square wave.	The response to comment #49 on D2.1 had the unfortunate effect that the OMA specification is now stated as conditional: "if measured using a test pattern specified" in all clauses.
Easter d'accession in the test frame it access that the interact of this test is that the second	The OMA has to be within the specified range regardless of whether it is measured or not.
From discussions in the task force it seems that the intent of this text is that the square wave for testing a PMD should be generated on the PMA adjacent to the PMD, rather than transmitted over an AUI.	This applies to 121.8.4, 122.8.4, and 124.8.4.
	SuggestedRemedy
It would be better to have appropriate text standing out as an informative note (in a separate paragraph) after describing the feature.	Change in all three clauses FROM:
SuggestedRemedy	"within the limits given in Table XXX if measured using a test pattern using specified for OMAouter in Table YYY"
Delete the sentence "Note that if a square wave is transmitted through a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 it may not be correctly forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer", and instead insert a paragraph break.	TO: "within the limits given in Table XXX. OMA_outer is measured using a test pattern specified in Table YYY"
Add an informative note paragraph at the end of this subclause (after the "When enabled"	(no change in the table numbers)
paragraph):	Response Response Status C
"NOTEA square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 is not guaranteed to be received correctly. For testing PMD output, it is recommended that the square wave be generated at the PMA adjacent to the PMD."	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change from:
Response Response Status C	"The OMAouter of each lane shall be within the limits given in Table 121-6 if measured using a test pattern specified for OMAouter in Table 121-10. The OMAouter is defined as
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	the difference between the average optical launch power level P3, measured over the
Delete the sentence "Note that if a square wave is transmitted through a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 it may not be correctly forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer", and instead insert a paragraph break.	central 2 UI of a run of 7 threes, and the average optical launch power level P0, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 6 zeros, as shown in Figure 121-3." To: "The OMAouter of each lane shall be within the limits given in Table 121-6. The OMAouter is measured using a test pattern specified for OMAouter in Table 121-10 as the difference
Add an informative note paragraph at the end of this subclause (after the "When enabled" paragraph):	between the average optical launch power level P3, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 7 threes, and the average optical launch power level P0, measured over the central
"NOTE A square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 may not be correctly	2 UI of a run of 6 zeros, as shown in Figure 121-3."
forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer."	Make equivalent changes in Clauses 122 and 124.

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 RAN, ADEE	P 225 Intel	L 12	# <u>i-21</u>	<i>C</i> / 121 RAN, ADEE	SC 121.8.5.3	P 226 Intel	L 38	# i <u>-22</u>
definition of "OMA_out	Comment Status A used four times in this subcla er" in 121.8.4 which is mention suggested remedy, it is also	oned earlier.		places, symbols	n "symbol error including within s. Here it seems	Comment Status A ratio" is used (along with the this draft, referring to the _F s to be used for _PAM4 symb ing than the usual one.	EC symbol_ err	or ratio, e.g. with 10-bit
simply OMA, since no c								
SuggestedRemedy	A_Outer" across this subclua	99				definition of what this ratio m est, but rather a mathematica		lly not something that is
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL Overtaken by events. T references to OMA. [Editor's note added aft The response to comm	Response Status C E. he changes to TDECQ made er comment resolution comp	e by comment i-5 leted.		when re is define (Note th ratio he is purel no real	eferring to physical precisely in sector of the sector of	detector error ratio (DER), th cal receiver (PMD or AUI) de 33A.1.7, and it would be aded the resopnse to comment #8 e into account any bursts res nbination of the measuremer ed. Therefore it is equivalent th his case it is with additional ne	cisions, regardle quate to use it he against D2.2, th ulting from rece at statistics and o the "detector of	ess of the modulation. It ere too. The PAM4 symbol error iver implementation; it a noise PDF - there is error ratio" definition in
1				SuggestedF	Remedy			
				No nee "The de	d to introduce a tector error ration	bol error ratio" to "detector e n acronym for this term. After o is the probability that an ide nitted from the signal with the	r the first occurr al detector fails	ence, add a definition:
				times in error ra	this subclause tio is the probat	bol error ratio" to "PAM4 syn . After the first occurrence, ad ility that an ideal detector fai gnal with the added noise".	dd a definition: "	The PAM4 symbol
				Response		Response Status C		

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment i-59. The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 include "PAM4 symbol error ratio (SER)" as the first occurrence of "symbol error ratio".

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-59 is: Apply changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_03/king_3bs_01_0317.pdf with editorial license 1

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3	P 227	L 2	# i-23	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5	.3 P 227	L 22	# i-25
RAN, ADEE	Intel			RAN, ADEE	Intel		
Comment Type TR	Comment Status R			Comment Type TR	Comment Status A		
The sentence "Each eleme value Gth1(yi), and then se ratio (SER) for threshold 1	ummed to calculate an ap				in the TDECQ calculation mix on which is which, and seem to		
What is "Each element of What are the summation li		function"? is it e	each term of the sum?	The noise R is an RM			
			d to find the	C_eq is a noise powe	er enhancement compensatior	n term.	
As a service to readers, pl "approximation for the part					al density; S_eq(w) is stated a eq(w), the Fourier transform of		
I assume the required calc					with energy 1). The noise trans onse, H_eq(w) ^2. It is not ob		
SER_1 = Sigma{y_i=-inf}{y	/_i=inf}C_f1(y_i)*G_th1(y_	_i)		C de le en "emplitud	e" correction term (unlike C_e	a which is a now	or torm)
SuggestedRemedy						q which is a powe	er term).
Add a new equation (see o		.,		This is very confusing and which are power.	g and error prone. It would be	useful to clarify w	hich terms are RMS
Replace the sentence "Ea multiplied by a value Gth1				SuggestedRemedy			
partial symbol error ratio (S				In line 22 change "Th	e noise, R" to "The RMS valu	e, R, of the noise	".
Response F REJECT.	Response Status U			In line 29 change "no	ise enhancement" to "noise p	ower amplification	ז".
The current text is in the current by element multip contribution with a clear economic contribution with a clear economic contributi a clear economic contr	lication was taken from a	maths text book	, and seems clear. A	In line 33, change "fr H_eq(w)".	requency response S_eq(w)" t	o "continuous fre	quency response
be helpful.		,		In equation 121-8, ch	ange "S_eq(w)" to " H_eq(w)	^2".	
					q(w) to the equation definition alizer's response to a T/2 pulse		I_eq(w) is the Fourier
				Consider eliminating 9, to minimize confus	the term C_dc and using the o sion with C_eq.	coefficients A_i di	rectly in equation 121-
				Response	Response Status U		
				ACCEPT IN PRINCIF See response to com			
				The response to com	after comment resolution com ment i-59 is: n in http://www.ieee802.org/3/		ing_3bs_01_0317.pdf

Cl 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 43 # i-26	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.4 P 354 L 34 # [-27
RAN, ADEE Intel	RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
The procedure described from line 43 to line 50 was subject to several comments against D2.2. This comment is an aggregate of comments 38, 39, 11, 12, and 13.	The current steady-state voltage specification uses p(k), which is determined from the linear fit procedure, which is calculated separately for each equalizer setting. This specification reads as if it applies in all equaliztion settings.
It seems that the desirable definition of J4 should use the range that results in all but 1e-4 of the total population of transition, where the subset of measurements related to each transition is adjusted to remove the average of that subset.	It is impossible that the specified minimum steady-state voltage in Table 120D-1 (0.4 V) will be met in all equalization settings (due to limitation on peak-to-peak swing), and this is not the intent.
Similiarly J_RMS should be the RMS of the population after the same adjsutment.	To be consistent with all presedent electrical elevance and ALII encoifications, stoody state
The population size can be left to the test implementer's engineering judgement.	To be consistent with all precedent electrical clauses and AUI specifications, steady-state voltage should be specified only in unequalized state,
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Replace lines 43 to 50 with the following:	Change FROM "The linear fit pulse, p(k), is determined according to the linear fit procedure in 120D.3.1.3"
For each transition i, $1 \le 12$, of the transitions specified in Table 120D-2, obtain a set $S_i = \{t_i(1), t_i(2),\}$ of transition times modulo the period of the pattern. The size of each set should chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with sufficient accuracy.	TO "The linear fit pulse, p(k), is determined according to the linear fit procedure in 120D.3.1.3 with Local_eq_cm1 and Local_eq_c1 set to 0".
Calculate the average of each set, t_i_Avg, and subtract it from all elements of that set, to create $S_i0=\{t_i(1)-t_i_Avg, t_i(2)t_i_Avg,\}$.	Response Response Status C ACCEPT.
From the union of the zero-average sets $S_0 = U$ (S_i0, i=1 to 12), create an estimated probability distribution f_J(t).	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.4 P 354 L 34 # [i-28 RAN, ADEE Intel
J4 is defined as the zero-centered time interval that includes all but 10 $^-4$ of the elements of S_0, from the 0.005th to the 99.995th percentile of f_J(t).	Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucke Parentheses and numbers should not be italicised. Also, mutliplication should be denoted
J_RMS is defined as the standard deviation of f_J(t).	by a cross character.
Response Response Status C	SuggestedRemedy Change numbers and parentheses to upright font.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See resolution to comment #i-87. The adopted text includes an improved version of the	Add cross character (0xD7) between "M" and "Nv".
suggested remedy.	Response Response Status C
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in	ACCEPT.
http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.	
See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i- 88]	

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.5 P 354 L 44 # i-29 RAN, ADEE Intel	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 356 L 38 # [i-31 RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment TypeEComment StatusABucketIncorrect cross reference:120D.3.1.2 describes transmitter linearity. The linear fit methodis a different thing, and is described in 120D.3.1.3.	Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket Per the style manual (16.1), "Note" should be all-caps, followed by an em dash and use the note paragraph format. Bucket
SuggestedRemedy Change cross reference from 120D.3.1.2 to 120D.3.1.3.	SuggestedRemedy per comment
Response Response Status C ACCEPT.	Response Response Status C ACCEPT.
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 9 # i-30 RAN, ADEE Intel In	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 40 # [i-32] RAN, ADEE Intel
The current definition of OEJ includes a measurement triggering one in 3 repeats of the PRBS13Q, and using the "first" and the "second" pattern in each capture. Since PRBS13Q is an odd-length pattern, the first and second pattern out of a group of 3 will exchange their even/odd roles on each capture, so each histogram will include both "even" and "odd" transitions; the means of these histograms, T3 and T4, are expected to be equal up to a measurement error. This was confirmed in lab measurement.	The first three paragraphs of 120D.3.1.8, describing even-odd jitter signal, transitions, thredholds, filter, and what other lanes are transmitting, seem to repeat the correpsonding text of "output jitter" in 120D.3.1.1. If there are any differences, they are difficult to identify. It would help the readers to have the even-odd jitter definitions within the output jitter subclause, share definitions where it is possible, and note differences where they exist. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i>
It seems that this part of the procedure can be removed. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Delete list item 2.	Preferably, move the specific even-odd measurement text, p357 lines 1-25, to 120D.3.1.1, noting any differences from the "output jitter" definitions (after resolving other comments), with editorial license, and delete 120D.3.1.8.
	Alternatively, only reorder subclauses so that even-odd jitter is adjacent to output jitter.
Change list item 3 to read "Calculate even-odd jitter for this transition as (T2 - T1) ". Response Response C	Response Response Status C
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See resolution to comment #i-87. The adopted text includes an improved version of the suggested remedy. [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-87 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex. See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i- 88
See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i- 88]	I

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 50 # [-33	C/ 120D SC 120D.4 P 360 L 18 # <u>i-34</u>
RAN, ADEE Intel	RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type T Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
"Even-odd jitter is measured with a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB bandwidth of 4 MHz"	The device package model used here has different parameters from the one used in clause 93: lower capacitance value (C_p changed from 150 fF to 110 fF, C_d changed from 250 fF to 280 fF) and better matching to the reference impedance (Z_c changed from
What is this filter applied to?	78.2 Ohm to 85 Ohm). This means that the COM calculation assumes other (likely better) device termination than what was used in clause 93.
If this text stays here, it should refer to the CRU.	These values encourses as early as D1.1 and seem to be based on a proposal in
SuggestedRemedy Change to state that "Even-odd jitter is measured with a clock recovery unit (CRU) with a corner frequency of 4 MHz and a slope of 20 dB/decade".	These values appear as early as D1.1 and seem to be based on a proposal in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/15_11/healey_3bs_02_1115.pdf (comment #53 against D1.0).
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-87	However, the return loss specifications in Table 120D-1 and Table 120D-5 refer back to 93.8.1.4 with no change. Therefore the assumption that device termination is better is not aligned with the device specifications; there is a hole in the budget.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex. See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i- 88]	 Note that the return loss specifications and their alignment with COM were discussed at length in 802.3bj with multiple contributors and supporters, see: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/sep12/benartsi_3bj_02_0912.pdf http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/jan13/mellitz_3bj_01b_0113.pdf http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/may13/benartsi_3bj_01a_0513.pdf http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/jul13/benartsi_3bj_01_0713.pdf http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/may14/healey_3bj_01_0314.pdf (particularly slide 24) The proposal in healey_3bs_02_1115 does not discuss device return loss required by the modified parameters, and I am not aware of any evidence or consensus that actual devices meet return loss masks tighter than the ones defined in 93.8.1.4. Therefore, this specification should be kept, and the COM package model has to be aligned with it, otherwise we will be fooling ourselves. This alignment does not interfere with meeting any of the project objectives so there should be no impact on the project approval.
	Note that Z_c is not a parameter in COM (does not appear in Table 93A-1 even as amended by this project).
	SuggestedRemedy
	Change package model in Table 120D-8 to be aligned with clause 93 and annex 93A:
	For C_d, set value to 2.5e-4 nF For C_p, set value to 1.8e-4 nF Remove the line with Z_c (not a COM parameter).
	Alternatively, keep the new package model and create new and more strict return loss specifications. In that case, Z_c should become a COM parameter (add it to Table 93A-1 and make the 78.2 a default value).

Comment ID i-34

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Deenenee					
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE	Response Status C	C/ 116 SC 116.5	P 116	L 16	# <u>i-</u> 37
		Anslow, Peter	Ciena Corp	oration	
See resolution to comme	ent #i-74	Comment Type E	Comment Status A		
Also make Z_c a COM value.	parameter and add it to Table 93A-1 and make the 78.2 a default		tory Editorial Coordination s " "maximize," minimize," etc		
	er comment resolution completed.	SuggestedRemedy			
The response to comme Based on the resolution			on must be limited to ensur should be limited so that e		
	agram, with editorial license	Response	Response Status C		
	-	ACCEPT IN PRINCI	LE.		
The file referenced above	er comment resolution completed. re can be found as: 3/cd/public/Mar17/mellitz_3cd_01b_0317.pdf]	Change "Skew Variat	ion must be limited to ensur is limited so that each PCS	e that each PCS lane always trave	ane always traverses erses"
1		C/ 121 SC 121.8.9	3 P 231	L 32	# i-38
C/ 119 SC 119.2.4.5	P 157 L 20 # i-35	Anslow, Peter	Ciena Corp	oration	
Anslow, Peter	Ciena Corporation	Comment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucke
In "m_A and m_B", m_A	Comment Status A Bucket A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B	The Pre-ballot Manda	tory Editorial Coordination s " "maximize," minimize," etc		le, words such as
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy	should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee	tory Editorial Coordination s		le, words such as
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy		The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subsc Response ACCEPT.	a should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subsc Response ACCEPT. Cl 117 SC 117.1.5	should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subso Response ACCEPT. C/ 117 SC 117.1.5 Anslow, Peter	A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C <i>P</i> 123 <i>L</i> 4 # <u>i-36</u>	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan Response	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subso Response ACCEPT. CI 117 SC 117.1.5 Anslow, Peter Comment Type E The Pre-ballot Mandator	A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C <i>P</i> 123 <i>L</i> 4 # <u>i-36</u> Ciena Corporation	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan Response	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subso Response ACCEPT. C/ 117 SC 117.1.5 Anslow, Peter Comment Type E The Pre-ballot Mandator "ensure," "guarantee," "r inaccurate.	A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C P 123 L 4 # i-36 Ciena Corporation <i>Comment Status</i> A Bucket ry Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan Response	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subso Response ACCEPT. C/ 117 SC 117.1.5 Anslow, Peter Comment Type E The Pre-ballot Mandator "ensure," "guarantee," "n inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "The 200GMII/4	A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C P 123 L 4 # i-36 Ciena Corporation <i>Comment Status</i> A Bucket ry Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan Response	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are
In "m_A and m_B", m_A SuggestedRemedy Change m_A to m subso Response ACCEPT. Cl 117 SC 117.1.5 Anslow, Peter Comment Type E The Pre-ballot Mandator "ensure," "guarantee," "r inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "The 200GMII/4 200GMII/400GMII provid	A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B cript A and change m_B to m subscript B <i>Response Status</i> C P123 L4 # <u>i-36</u> Ciena Corporation <i>Comment Status</i> A Bucket ry Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are	The Pre-ballot Manda "ensure," "guarantee, inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy Change "apply appro appropriate guard ba Make the same chan Response	tory Editorial Coordination s "maximize," minimize," etc priate guard bands to ensure nds so that the stressed reco ge in 122.8.9.3	c., should be modified by the stressed of t	ole, words such as fied, if they are

C/ 121 SC 121	.8.9.1	P 229	L 24	# <u>i-39</u>	C/ 00	SC 0	Р	L	# <u>i-</u> 41
Anslow, Peter		Ciena Corpora	ation		Anslow, P	eter	Ciena	Corporation	
Comment Type E	Commer	nt Status A		Bucket	Comment	Type E	Comment Status	Α	Bucke
The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate.					"min" equat	or "max" is su ion. This is als	datory Editorial Coordina ubscripted, it should app so the same for terms su ently throughout this dra	ear in an upright font, ch as "RLM", "Pave",	both in the text and in the
SuggestedRemedy					Suggeste		only inoughout the dra		
	ken to avoid exce	ssive baseline wa		minimized." to "Care , and undershoot."	Corre	ct the font use	ed for variables in the tex nce with the IEEE style r		ghout the draft so that
Response	Response	e Status C			Response)	Response Status	С	
ACCEPT IN PRI	NCIPLE.				ACCE	PT.			
Change "Baseline				minimized." to	C/ 00	SC 0	Р	L	# i-42
"Baseline wander Make the same o		undershoot shoul .1	d be negligible."		Anslow, P	eter	Ciena	Corporation	
					Comment	Туре Е	Comment Status	Α	Bucke
C/ 121 SC 121	.8.9.3	P 231	L 29	# i-40			proval order for amendm		
Anslow, Peter	_	Ciena Corpora	ation				d by the Working Group hese amendments.	Chair, account for any	y changes to the base
Comment Type E		nt Status A		Bucket	Suggeste				
The Pre-ballot Ma "ensure," "guarar inaccurate.		' minimize," etc., s			Accou	unt for any cha	anges to the base standa nead of P802.3bs as well		er amendments the earlier amendments.
SuggestedRemedy					Response	;	Response Status	С	
		minimize the nois cessive noise/jitte		d by the O/E" to ed by the O/E"	ACCE	PT.			
Make the same of	hange in 122.8.9.	.3			C/ 119	SC 119.2.	.4.1 P14	49 <i>L</i> 1	# i-43
Response	,	e Status C			Anslow, P	eter	Ciena	Corporation	
ACCEPT IN PRI	NCIPLE.				Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status	Α	
Change: "Care should be taken to minimize the noise/jitter introduced by the O/E, filters, and oscilloscope and/or to correct for this noise." to: "The noise/jitter introduced by the O/E, filters, and oscilloscope should be negligible or the				FEC_ mapp	degraded_SE	e stream of 66-bit blocks R and rx_local_degraded ee ITU-T G.709 [B50]." i nation.	d bits are used as the	reference signal for	
results should be					Suggeste	2			
Make the same c	nange in 122.8.9.	.0			with t		ded_SER and rx_local_		d by this process, together be used as the reference
					Response	9	Response Status	С	
					ACCE	PT.			

Cl 120 SC 120.5.10 Anslow, Peter	P 196 Ciena Corpora	L 24 ation	# <u>i-44</u>	C/ 30 SC Slavick, Jeff	30.5.1.1. ⁻		P 39 Broadcom Li	L 0 imited	# i-46
Anslow, Peter Clena Corporation Comment Type T Comment Status A Bucket This says: "The ability to perform this function is indicated by the Remote_loopback_ability status variable." but there is no Remote_loopback_ability status variable. There are, however, "200G_Remote_loopback_ability" and "400G_Remote_loopback_ability" variables. Bucket SuggestedRemedy Change the first two sentences of this paragraph to: "The ability to perform this function is indicated by the 200G_Remote_loopback_ability and 400G_Remote_loopback_ability status variables for the 200GBASE-R PMA and 400GBASE-R PMA, respectively. If a Clause 45 MDIO is implemented, the 200G_Remote_loopback_ability and 400G_Remote_loopback_ability variables are accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f.1), respectively." Response Response Status C ACCEPT.				the FEC bloc SuggestedReme Change: A re error correcti (see 65.2, Cl To: A read-o Clause 74, C Response ACCEPT IN Bring 30.5.1. Show the BE "A read-only	ck counter ead-only value lause 74, 0 only value t Clause 91, PRINCIPL .1.15 as m EHAVIOUF value that	s, but no indica alue that indica Clause 91, and hat indicates if Clause 108, ar <i>Response S</i> .E. odified by IEEE DEFINED AS indicates if the	119, which do tor that the F tes if the PH ^Y Clause 108) the PHY sup od Clause 119 tatus C E Std 802.3by section as c PHY suppor	EC engine is ther Y supports an FEO ports forward erro 9). /-2016 in to the dro changing from: ts a FEC sublaye	C sublayer for forward or correction (see 65.2,
C/ 123 SC 123.2 Anslow, Peter	P 274 Ciena Corpora	L 12 ation	# i-45	correction (see 65.2, Clause 74, Clause 91, and Clause 108). If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this attribute maps to the FEC capab register (see 45.2.8.2 or 45.2.1.94).;" to:					the FEC capability
Comment Type T Comment Status A The parameters are defined by 116.3.3.1 through 116.3.3.3. This means that "rx_bit" should be "rx_symbol" SuggestedRemedy Change "rx_bit" to "rx_symbol" on lines 12 and 14 Make the same change on page 276, line 50				Clause 74, C If a Clause 4	Clause 91, I5 MDIO In	Clause 108, an	nd Clause 119 ent and supp	9). ort for FEC is opti	orrection (see 65.2,
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C								

C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.	1.4 P 45	L 0	# <u>i-</u> 47	C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.1.5	; F	°45	L 0	# <u>i-</u> 48
Slavick, Jeff	Broadcom L	imited		Slavick, Jef	f	Bro	adcom Li	imited	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			Comment 7	ype TR	Comment Statu	is A		
In 45.2.1.1.4 PMA resubclause and exter	emote loopback control bits, th nded ability register.	e definition of th	e bits refer to the PMA			loopback control dability register.	bits, the c	definition of the b	its refer to the PMA
SuggestedRemedy				Suggested	Remedy				
Change: For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback functionality is detailed in 83.5.9. For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback ability bit is specified in the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register. To: For operation at rates greater than 10Gb/s the rate appropriate extended ability register indicates if the PMA/PMD supports the remote loopback feature.				10GBA optiona which c advertis	SE-X, 40GBASE I for all other por lo not support lo sed in the local lo	E-KR4, 40GBASE rt types, except 2E opback. A device's oopback ability bit	CR4, and ASE-TL, ability to of the rel	d 100GBASE-CR 10PASS-TS, an perform the loc ated speed depe	d 10/1GBASE-PRX, al loopback function is endent status register. A
Response	Response Status C			PMA that is unable to perform the local loopback function shall ignore writes to this bit shall return a value of zero when read. For 10 Gb/s operation, the local loopback					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The 25 Gb/s PMA uses bit 1.13.15 in the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register to indicate remote loopback ability.			functionality is detailed in 48.3.3 and 51.8. For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the local loopback at functionality is detailed in 83.5.8. For 10/40/100 Gb/s operation, the local loopback at bit is specified in the PMA PMD status 2 register.				on, the local loopback		
Bring 45.2.1.1.4 in to	o the draft.								's ability to perform the in the PMA/PMD status

Response

Change the last two sentences of the second paragraph from:

"For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback functionality is detailed in 83.5.9. For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback ability bit is specified in the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register." to:

"For 25/40/100 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback ability bit is specified in register 1.13. For 200 Gb/s and 400 Gb/s operation, the remote loopback ability bit is specified in registers 1.23 and 1.24, respectively."

Replace all references to 45.2.1.1.4 with cross-references.

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

to this bit and shall return a value of zero when read.

Bring 45.2.1.1.5 in to the draft.

Change the second paragraph from:

"The local loopback function is mandatory for the 1000BASE-KX, 10GBASE-KR, 10GBASE-X, 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4, and 100GBASE-CR10 port type and optional for all other port types, except 2BASE-TL, 10PASS-TS, and 10/1GBASE-PRX, which do not support loopback. A device's ability to perform the local loopback function is advertised in the local loopback ability bit of the related speed-dependent status register. A PMA that is unable to perform the local loopback function shall ignore writes to this bit and shall return a value of zero when read. For 10 Gb/s operation, the local loopback functionality is detailed in 48.3.3 and 51.8. For 40/100 Gb/s operation, the local loopback functionality bit is specified in the PMA/PMD status 2 register." to:

2 register. A PMA that is unable to perform the local loopback function shall ignore writes

Response Status C

"The local loopback function is mandatory for the 1000BASE-KX, 10GBASE-KR, 10GBASE-X, 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4, and 100GBASE-CR10 port type and optional for all other port types, except 2BASE-TL, 10PASS-TS, and 10/1GBASE-PRX, which do not support loopback. A PMA that is unable to perform the local loopback function shall ignore writes to this bit and shall return a value of zero when read. The local loopback functionality is detailed in the relevant PMA clause. For 10/25/40/100/200/400 Gb/s operation, the local loopback ability bit is specified in the PMA/PMD status 2 register."

Replace all references to 45.2.1.1.5 with cross-references.

Comment ID i-48

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C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.14e	P 53 L 41 Broadcom Limited	# <u>i-49</u>	C/ 119 SC 119.2.5.3 Slavick, Jeff	P 163 Broadcom Lim	L 27 nited	# <mark>i-51</mark>
400G is missing from the MD	omment Status A DIO register bit name, but is used in the the 200G in the name and description.		Comment Type TR Co The degrade feature doesn't codeword occurs.	omment Status A define what to increase	the count by wh	en an uncorrectable
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. [Editor's note: Page changed	sponse Status C I from 45 to 53] able 45-17f, change "PMA" to "400G F	PMA" in 3 places.	SuggestedRemedy Add: "If the decoder determine symbol errors detected is ind (assume all symbols were indor add: "If the decoder deter tracking symbol errors is set condition to occur)." into the Response Re	creased by the number of error)." into the last par rmines that a codeword to it's maximal value (in	of RS symbols in agph of 119.2.5 was uncorrectat nmediately caus	the codeword 3 ole, then the counter
The deletion of 10G, not state	P 50 L 25 Broadcom Limited omment Status R res all PMDs provide a reeive detect fu cessarily be stating which PMD types		ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. It seems very pessimistic to single uncorrectable codewo symbols are in error: Add: "If the decoder determines th detected is increased by 16.	ord. Instead assume sixten hat a codeword is uncor	een (one more the more the nu	han is correctable)
Response Response Response REJECT. The name of register 1.10 wareceive signal detect" to "PMI the second sentence. However done when the 802.3ba amere was not corrected in the 2015 Since the "10G PMD receive the P802.3bs draft is simply in 2010. The only other change range of bits from 1.10.10:1 to	sponse Status C as changed by IEEE Std 802.3ba-2010 ID receive signal detect". This include ver, the deletion of "10G" from the sec indment was incorporated into IEEE St 5 revision. • signal detect register" does not exist, implementing the change already made e being made to this text by the P802.3 to 1.10.15:1. None of the changes bein noval of the second sentence of this su	ed deletion of "10G" from cond sentence was not td 802.3-2012 and this the deletion of "10G" in de by IEEE Std 802.3ba- 3bs draft is to extend the ing made by the	At the end of the 2nd paragr at this point. So defining wh SuggestedRemedy Delete: "The fixed pad withir alignment maker group are i unique pad (UP0-UP2) withi alignment maker group are i	at that is would be usefund the alignment markers gnored on receive." from n the alignment markers	xed pad" but hav il. and the PRBS9 in the 2nd paragr and the PRBS9	pad at the end of the aph and add "The pad at the end of the

V 120 SC 120.5.10		L 25	# i-53	C/ 93A SC 93A.	.4.3	P 318	L 7	# <u>i-55</u>
lavick, Jeff	Broadcom Lin	nited		RAN, ADEE		Intel		
comment Type TR	Comment Status A		Bucket	Comment Type T	Comment S	Status A		
The remote_loopback	ability bit is in the extended re	egister for each	200G and 400G.	*** Comment subm attached ***	itted with the file 9	2284600003-\$	Suggested chang	ge to Eq 93A-22.pd
uggestedRemedy				attached				
	e is accessible through bit 1.13 t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200 GBASE-R PMA."			The amendment of that is likely to con	use readers that a	re familiar with	the old CTLE.	
esponse	Response Status C			In previous clauses				
ACCEPT IN PRINCIF See comment i-44.	LE.			frequency pole, es new low-frequency value equal to the	CTLE (such as 12	0D) f_p2 is re		
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-44 is:				Assigning a new a	nd different meanin	g to an existir	g parameter is r	not a good idea.
ACCEPT The suggested Remedy to comment i-44 is: Change the first two sentences of this paragraph to: "The ability to perform this function is indicated by the 200G_Remote_loopback_ability and 400G_Remote_loopback_ability status variables for the 200GBASE-R PMA and 400GBASE-R PMA, respectively. If a Clause 45 MDIO is implemented, the			e loopback ability and	Instead of introducing a new equation, it is preferable to re-use equation 93A-22, keep th existing meaning of all variables, and add a new zero-pole pair for the low-frequency CT with defaults that cause this pair to cancel when used in the old clauses.				
400GBASE-R PMA, r	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD	IO is implement	ed, the	When invoking CC f_p2 and specifying				e existing meaning
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb		IO is implement _loopback_abilit	ed, the y variables are					e existing meaning
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bin]	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit	IO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1	ed, the y variables are .14f.1), respectively."	f_p2 and specifying	the low-frequency and instead modify	v CTLE separa y eq 93A-22 a	itely.	0
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bir]	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit P 319	PIO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1 	ed, the y variables are	f_p2 and specifying SuggestedRemedy Delete eq 93A-21a parameter f_LF wh	the low-frequency and instead modifich will replace f_z	v CTLE separa y eq 93A-22 a 2.	itely.	ent, using a new
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bir] 7 119A SC 119A lavick, Jeff comment Type E	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit P 319 Broadcom Linr Comment Status A	PIO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1 	ed, the y variables are .14f.1), respectively."	f_p2 and specifying <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Delete eq 93A-21a	the low-frequency and instead modifich will replace f_z	v CTLE separa y eq 93A-22 a 2. 93A.1.4.3, ado	itely. s in the attachm I a statement tha	ent, using a new
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bir] 7 119A SC 119A lavick, Jeff	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit P 319 Broadcom Linr Comment Status A	PIO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1 	ed, the y variables are .14f.1), respectively." # [<u>i-54</u>	f_p2 and specifying SuggestedRemedy Delete eq 93A-21a parameter f_LF wh Instead of the text provided, it takes ti	and instead modified will replace f_z; hat was added to she value 0 and f_Lf ete the parameter row "Continuous t	v CTLE separa y eq 93A-22 a 2. 93A.1.4.3, ado = takes the va f_z2 and remo	tely. s in the attachm l a statement tha lue 1 (arbitrary, z ove the modificat	ent, using a new at when g_DC2 is i zero and pole will tion in the table ro
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bir] 7 119A SC 119A lavick, Jeff comment Type E Missing space after c. uggestedRemedy	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit P 319 Broadcom Linr Comment Status A	PIO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1 	ed, the y variables are .14f.1), respectively." # [<u>i-54</u>	f_p2 and specifying SuggestedRemedy Delete eq 93A-21a parameter f_LF wh Instead of the text provided, it takes t cancel out). In Table 93A-1, de Instead, add a new	and instead modified will replace f_z; hat was added to she value 0 and f_Lf ete the parameter row "Continuous t 3.0.	v CTLE separa y eq 93A-22 a 2. 93A.1.4.3, ado F takes the va f_z2 and remo ime filter, low-	ately. s in the attachm l a statement tha lue 1 (arbitrary, z ove the modifica frequency pole"	ent, using a new at when g_DC2 is i zero and pole will tion in the table ro with symbol f_LF,
400GBASE-R PMA, r 200G_Remote_loopb accessible through bir] 27 119A SC 119A lavick, Jeff comment Type E Missing space after c ruggestedRemedy Add the space cesponse	espectively. If a Clause 45 MD ack_ability and 400G_Remote t 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit P 319 Broadcom Lim <i>Comment Status</i> A xb	PIO is implement _loopback_abilit t 1.24.15 (45.2.1 	ed, the y variables are .14f.1), respectively." # [<u>i-54</u>	f_p2 and specifying SuggestedRemedy Delete eq 93A-21a parameter f_LF wh Instead of the text provided, it takes t cancel out). In Table 93A-1, de Instead, add a new a comment as in D In table 120D-8 (C	and instead modified will replace f_z; hat was added to she value 0 and f_Lf ete the parameter row "Continuous t 3.0.	y eq 93A-22 a 2. 93A.1.4.3, add takes the va f_z2 and remo ime filter, low-	ately. s in the attachm l a statement tha lue 1 (arbitrary, z ove the modifica frequency pole"	ent, using a new at when g_DC2 is i zero and pole will tion in the table ro with symbol f_LF,

	D	1 = -			- · - · - ·	D	1.00	
C/ 1 SC 1.5	P 35 Finisar Corpor	L 53	# <u>i-56</u>		C 124.7.1	P 297 Finisar Corpo	L 29	# <u>i-</u> 58
<pre>(ing, Jonathan Comment Type T An abbreviation for SEF SuggestedRemedy To the list of new abbre Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL Add: SER symbol error</pre>	Comment Status A R is needed eviations, add SER Syn Response Status C E. r ratio	ation nbol Error Ratio	Bucket	disable is n power of O SuggestedRem In Table 12 change the Response	measured data (k ot reliably manufa ff Tx, each lane. <i>edy</i> 4-6 in the row "Av value to -15 dBm	mment Status A	if.pdf) shows that m average powe OFF transmitter	, each lane (max)"
to the list of new abbreviations in 1.5 <i>Cl</i> 121 SC 121.7.1 P 220 <i>L</i> 34 # i-57 King, Jonathan Finisar Corporation <i>Comment Type</i> T <i>Comment Status</i> A Analysis of measured data (king_3bs_01_0217_smf.pdf) shows that lane by lane transmit				http://www. Apply the s		ated presentation in public/17_03/king_3bs P 225 Finisar Corpo	L 11	# [i-59
power of Off Tx, each la SuggestedRemedy In Table 121-6 in the ro	anufacturable with a -20 dBn ane. w "Average launch power of dBm. Make corresponding c	OFF transmitter	, each lane (max)"	the describ	uld be improved: to ed use of 'minimui ample of how add		to equalize the c	quation 121-7, remove aptured waveform, and erated in order to
	associated presentation in //3/bs/public/17_03/king_3bs_	02_0317.pdf		Response ACCEPT IN	ges shown in king <i>Res</i> N PRINCIPLE. ges shown in http:	_3bs_04_0217_smf.p ponse Status C //www.ieee802.org/3/t		icense xing_3bs_01_0317.pdf

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 225	L 6	# <u>i-</u> 60
Dudek, Mic	chael	Cavium		

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The change to use the equalized eye for measuring OMAouter creates significant potential confusion. The defition is for TDECQ but by inference it might be assumed to be used for all OMAouter measurements as the same name is used. If the equalizer were used for other measurements of OMAouter it would effect all the link budgeting because the DC gain of the equalizer depends on the tap weights. On a dispersive channel Tx OMAouter minus Rx OMAouter would not equal the channel loss, because the tap weights would be different for the Tx signal versus the Rx signal.

SuggestedRemedy

Put the gain Cdc into the reference equalizer so that the reference equalizer has 0dB gain at dc.

Replace OMAouter*Cdc with OMAouter in equation 121-9.

Delete lines 1 and 2 on page 228.

add in 121.8.5.4 at line 13. "The reference equalizer contains a gain element with gain Cdc which ensures that the equalizer has unity DC gain for all equalizer settings." Move lines 4 to 9 on page 228 (including equation 121-10) immediately after this.

Alternatively clarify that OMAouter used in TDECQ is not the same as the OMAouter used in measuring the output of the Tx or calibrating the stressed input to the Rx. Change "OMAouter is measured according to 121.8.4 on the equalized signal" to "For this subsection only, OMAouter is measured on the equalized signal according to 121.8.4"

Make the equivalent changes in clauses 122.8.5.4

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See response to comment i-59.

The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 require the reference equalizer to have unity DC gain.

Response Status C

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response to comment i-59 is:

Apply changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17 03/king 3bs 01 0317.pdf with editorial license

C/ 122 SC 122.7.3	P 255	L 32	# i-61
Dudek, Michael	Cavium		

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The footnote to the channel insertion loss is strange. Saying that it won't support operation at 10km isn't true if the channel insertion loss meets the 6.3dB specification. (which is a normative specification in table 122-17).

SugaestedRemedv

Delete the footnote here and add a footnote to the 6.3 in table 122-17 that says "In order for 400GBASE-LR8 to meet this specification with 10km of fiber using the 0.46dB/km at 1272.55nm attenuation for optical fiber cables derived from Appendix I of ITU-T G.695 the connection insertion loss must be less than 1.7dB."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Move the footnote from Table 122-13 to Table 122-17

C/ 120D	SC 120D.3.1.	2 P 353	L 33	# i-62
Dudek, Micha	ael	Cavium		
Comment Ty	be E	Comment Status A		Bucket

The second sentence in the paragraph already says that the mean signal levels are defined in 120D.3.1.2.1. There is no need to repeat this.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "The calculation of the mean signal levels is defined in 120D.3.1.2.1." It was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 40 # i-63 Dudek, Michael Cavium Cavium	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 P 358 L 8 # i-64 Dudek, Michael Cavium					
Comment Type E Comment Status A It would read better if this Even-Odd Jitter section were placed next to the Output jitter section. SuggestedRemedy Make this a subsection 120D.3.1.1.2 . Also relabel the existing section 120D.3.1.1.as a subsection 120D.3.1.1.1 called "J4 and Jrms" It was agreed that this is a potential	Comment Type TR Comment Status A This is a follow up to the un-satisfied comment #118 on draft 2.1 and comment #49 on draft 2.2. The change to Np from 13 to 200 while calibrating the Interference Tolerance test allows the test system to have bad reflections after 13UI that won't appear in the measurement of TxSNDR (and hence input to TxSNR for the COM calibration). This will overstress the receiver.					
section 120D.3.1.1.1 called 34 and offins it was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2 Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-87 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex. See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-	SuggestedRemedy Either use Np =13 for the measurement of the TxSNDR of the test transmitter Replace "The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR" with "The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR with Np=13, or add an extra very tight specification of SNRisi of 45dB for the test transmitter. (Variations in SNRisi of the test transmitter will cause repeatability issues in the interference tolerance test if not calibrated out by the first solution). Add an extra bullet after a) at line 53 page 357. SNRisi of the test transmitter shall be greater than 45dB. It was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2 Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change					
88]	The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR," to "The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR with Np=13" Cl 120E SC 120E.3.3.2.1 P 377 L 34 # [:-65 Dudek, Michael Cavium Comment Type T Comment Status A Bucket There is no mention of error counters in 119.2.5.3. SuggestedRemedy Change "119.2.5.3" to "119.3.1" It was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2 Response Response Status C					

ACCEPT.

C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1 P 380 L 29 # i-66	C/ 120E SC 120E.4.2 P 380 L 43 # [i-67
Dudek, Michael Cavium	Dudek, Michael Cavium
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status D
It has been shown in http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/30Jan_17/ghiasi_01_013017_ele ct.pdf that the 5.1mV crosstalk of the mated MCB/HCB significantly affects the measurement of host output eye height. SuggestedRemedy Add the following sentence at the end of the paragraph. "The performance of the mated	The target BER is 1e-5. All probabilities in the eye measurement are based on CDF's relative to the number of symbols, and the BER is expected to be only 0.5*symbol error ratio. The criterion is the 1e-5 of the cdf's. There is therefore a factor of two difference between the eye CDF probabilities and the target error ratio. However as the same methodology is used for testing the output and calibrating the input signals this doesn't create a "hole or margin" in the specifications it just makes the Tx specification somewhat tighter and the Rx specification somewhat easier.
compliance boards is as described in 92.11.3 except that the MDFEXT shall be less than 3.5mV, and the Integrated Crosstalk Noise (ICN) shall also be less than 3.5mV.	SuggestedRemedy
Response Response Status C	Consider changing all instances of 1e-5 to 2e-5 for the CDF's and probabilities in the eye diagram section.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-125	Proposed Response Response Status Z
	REJECT.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-125 is: Add sentence "The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and	This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.
HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with 26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2 mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in equation X-X."	

Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X: "0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz."

Where X-X is an equation reference.

With editorial license.

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 50 # i-68					
Dudek, Michael Cavium	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1 P 352 L 26 # [i-69] Dudek, Michael Cavium				
Comment Type TR Comment Status A The target BER is 1e-5. J4 is equivalent to 5e-5 BER on a BERTscan for NRZ or 5e-5 PAM4 symbol error rate which is only 2.5e-5 BER if there is no error extension. (The COM DER is also 1e-5 which is the probability of the first symbol being in error). Each transition only occurs with a probability of 1/16 so requiring the worst of the edges to meet the J4 criterion is more stringent than necessary. SuggestedRemedy Combine the probabilities of all the 12 edges and use the RMS and J4 for the combined probabilities for the measurement. Insert a sentence at line 44 "Combine these 12 histograms to create a single histogram for all the edges" Delete the sentence "J4 is the maximum of the 12 measurements. JRMS is the root mean square of the 12 measurements. Response Response Status C	Comment Type TR Comment Status A To close the budget the Tx specifications need to be no more relaxed than the Tx used in COM. COM uses 31dB for TxSNR which is the same value as the SNDR in table 120D-(using Np=200). The value for the SNRisi therefore should match the SNRisi created by the package in COM. That value is considerably larger than 32.3dB. SuggestedRemedy Increase the SNRisi value to 38dB. (Other combinations of TxSNR, SNDR, SNRisi should equal the RSS sum of the TxSNR used in COM plus the SNRisi produced by the COM package.) Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Increase the SNRisi value to 38dB. It is understood that this is not the optimal solution. Presentations on alternate solutions of the SNRisi on alternate solutions of the SNRisi on alternate solutions of the SNRisi on alternate solutions of Status				
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-87	It is understood that this is not the optimal solution. Presentations on alternate solutions are encouraged.				

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 P 358 L 14 # i-71 Dudek, Michael Cavium	C/ 120D SC 120D.4 P 360 L 4 # <u>i-73</u> Dudek, Michael Cavium
Comment Type TR Comment Status R	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
There is an error in equation 120D-9. If sigmaRj=0 Add=J4/2. Putting this into equation 120D-9 does not provide the correct result. Also there is no way that this equation can yield Add=0 SuggestedRemedy Fix the equation.	Simulations presented in the 802.3cd task force have shown that the value of COM for 20dB channels varies significantly based on the values of Zc and Rd and that the present used values do not provide the worst case result. No single set of values is the worst case for all channels. Some channels are showing 0.5dB less COM than the worst case package for that channel. (See http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/3/cd/public/adhoc/archive/hidaka_020117_3cd_adhoc. f and further as yet unpublished work)
Response Response Status C	SuggestedRemedy
REJECT.	Change the COM specification for the channel to 3.5dB here while leaving the COM
Equation 136-5 is one of the solutions to a quadratic equation in A_DD (resulting from	calibration target for the receiver interference tolerance test at 3.0dB.
J_RMS^2=A_DD^2+sigma_RJ^2).	Response Response Status U
Since J4 is positive, this solution is always positive so A_DD cannot become zero. The other solution is obtained by changing the "+" in the numerator to "-". This solution can be zero or negative.	REJECT. There was no consensus to make the equivalent change in P802.3cd
The latter solution always creates a smaller absolute value for A_DD and a larger sigma_RJ than the former.	Straw Poll Change the COM specification for the channel to 3.5dB 4 Make no change 9
According to the commenter's observations, the difference in COM between the two solutions is sufficiently small that it is not necessary to document both solutions.	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1 P 352 L 15 # i-74 Mellitz, Richard Samtec, Inc. Figure 1000000000000000000000000000000000000
P 358 L 44 # i-72 udek, Michael Cavium comment Type TR Comment Status A There isn't a step 11 in 93C.2 in 802.3-2015, or 802.3by. Also this method is assuming that the FEC symbols are kept to the single lane that is under test. (i.e. FEC lanes and physical lanes are one and the same). ImagestedRemedy Change the reference to a new section that describes how to measure the FEC symbol error ratio when only one lane is being stressed. Also reference this section from 120E.3.3.2.1 page 377 line 35 and 120E.3.4.1.1 page 380 line 5	Comment Type TR Comment Status A Differential Return loss specified in clause 93 may not be relevant here and should be tied to the COM package model SuggestedRemedy annotate an equation for differential return loss. See presentation Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Based on the resolution of comment i-76, adopt the changes to the differential return loss in Slide 13 of mellitz_3cd_01b_0317.pdf, and also update loss diagram, with editorial license
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change "step 11" to "step 10"	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The file referenced above can be found as: http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/mellitz_3cd_01b_0317.pdf]

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2 P 357 L 36 # [i-75] Mellitz, Richard Samtec, Inc. Samtec, Inc	C/ 120E SC 120E.1 P 365 L 52 # i-77 Mellitz, Richard Samtec, Inc. Samtec, Inc.
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
Differential Return loss specified in clause 93 may not be relevant here and should be tied to the COM package model	It has not been shown that insertion loss budget shown in equation 120e-1 will meet the Host and Module eye opening requirements if all Host, Module, and test fixture parameters
SuggestedRemedy	occur simultaneously
annotate an equation for differential return loss. See presentation	SuggestedRemedy
Response Response Status C	Either put a note in to that effect or lower the loss to that suggest in ghiasi_3bs xx_0315
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Response Response Status C
See resolution of comment i-74	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See responses to comments #i-76,& i-125
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-74 is: Based on the resolution of comment i-76, adopt the changes to the differential return loss in Slide 13 of mellitz_3cd_01b_0317.pdf, and also update loss diagram, with editorial license [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-76 is: Change these COM parameters Cd to 1.8e-4, & Zc to 90 The response to comment i-125 is:
The file referenced above can be found as: http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/mellitz_3cd_01b_0317.pdf]]	Add sentence "The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the
C/ 120D SC 120D.4 P 360 L 18 # [i-76] Mellitz, Richard Samtec, Inc. Samtec, Inc.<	exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with 26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2 mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in equation X-X."
Comment Type TR Comment Status A Clause 93 and Annex 83D COM package parameters were the same. I believe this was based on the same device being used in multiple board applications. Using the same argument, Annex 120D package parameter should align with Clause 137 COM parameters.	Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X: "0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz."
SuggestedRemedy	Where X-X is an equation reference.
Align Annex 120D COM package parameters should align with Clause 137 COM package parameters. That is: set Cd to 1.8e-4 and Zc to 90 and eta 0 1.64e-8	With editorial license.
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change these COM parameters Cd to 1.8e-4, & Zc to 90	

Cl 120E SC 120 Mellitz, Richard		L 24	# <u>i-78</u>	<i>Cl</i> 93A Mellitz, Ric	SC 93A.1.4 .		L 11	# i-79
	Samtec, Inc.			,		Samtec, Inc.		
Comment Type T				Comment		Comment Status A		
	hown that insertion loss budget sh eye opening requirements if all H usly			much	confusion. In eq	anges between equation 93A uation 93A-22 fp2 is used as w frequency pole associated	the highest freq	
SuggestedRemedy				Suggested	lRemedy			
Either put a note	in to that effect or lower the loss to	o that suggest in	ghiasi_3bs xx_0315	In equ	ation 93a-21a cł	ange fp2 and fz1 to syntax b	ased on equation	n 120E-2
Response	Response Status C			Response		Response Status C		
	comments #i-76,& i-125			See re	PT IN PRINCIP esponse to comr 's note: Subclau		to "93A.1.4.2"]	
	led after comment resolution com	pleted.						
The response to Change these CO					s note added at sponse to comn	ter comment resolution comp	leted.	
Cd to 1.8e-4, & Z				Apply	the suggested re	emedy with the exceptions the tinuous time filter, low-freque		r name for the new row
Add sentence	comment i-125 is:			and th		s changed to 2 x f_b.		
HCB perform the exceptions that the 26.5625 GHz, MI	bliance board characteristics are d equivalent functionality as the cat ne upper frequency of 25 GHz is re DNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV all be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and	ble assembly tes eplaced with RMS, MDFEXT	t fixtures with the shall be less than 4.2	Delete	eq 93A-21a and	y of comment i-55 is: I instead modify eq 93A-22 a will replace f_z2.	s in the attachm	ent, using a new
equation X-X."			Ū.			was added to 93A.1.4.3, add alue 0 and f_LF takes the val		
	ompliance board reference insertio z))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2			cance	,			
Where X-X is an	equation reference.			Instea		the parameter f_z2 and remover of the parameter f_z2 and remover of the parameter of the pa		
With editorial lice	nse.							
]					e 120D-8 (COM	parameters), delete the row f	or f_z2, add f_L	F with value f_b/40 and

In table 120D-8 (COM parameters), delete the row for f_z2, add f_LF with value f_b/40 and change value of f_p2 to f_b.]

		1.0-			00 445 5 5 5	B · · ·=		
C/ 120E SC 120E.4 Mellitz, Richard	I.1 P 380 Samtec, Inc.	L 25	# <u>i-80</u>	C/ 119 Trowbridge	SC 119.2.3.2 Stephen	<i>P</i> 147 Nokia	L 48	# <u>i-</u> 83
	Comment Status D I ICN should be less than a partic hat will produce a very large varia st cards.			Comment 1	ype E rd "unused" is no	Comment Status A t clear		Bucke
SuggestedRemedy				Change 82-5"	e "All unused valu	es of block type field" to "A	II block type valu	es not listed in Figure
MDFEXT 4.4 mV to with COM parameter	to include tight range for ICN for 4.6mV. Or adopted a COM test s rs specified in mellitz_3cd_01_1 23_93a=200GAUI-4_and_400GA	suggested in m	ellitz_3bs_02a_1116 file	Response ACCEF	T IN PRINCIPLE	Response Status C		
Proposed Response REJECT.	Response Status Z		-	Change Figure		es of block type field" to "A	Il values of block	type field not listed in
	VITHDRAWN by the commenter			C/ 119 Trowbridge	SC 119.2.4.4 Stephen	<i>P</i> 151 Nokia	L 50	# i-84
7 117 SC 117.1.1	I P 122	L 24	# i-81	Comment 7		Comment Status A		
rowbridge, Stephen	Nokia					gnaling description is incon	nplete. Missing b	ehavior when clause
omment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucket	119 PC	S is below a clau	se 118 XS or when clause	119 PCS receive	es LD from far end.
21	und as though two identical XS s	ublavers are us		Suggestedl	Remedy			
SuggestedRemedy				See pre accom	esentation. Proposion	sed remedy includes chang clause 45 for the PCS reg	ges to clauses 1 ² disters.	16, 118, 119. Make the
	00GMII can be extended through MII/400GMII can be extended thr 5/400GXS sublayers"			Response	T IN PRINCIPLE	Response Status C		
Response	Response Status C			Make ti	e changes to the	draft as specified in		
ACCEPT IN PRINCI	•			http://w	ww.ieee802.org/3	/bs/public/adhoc/logic/mar). Also add the correspond		
	an be extended through the use an be extended through the use and PHY XS)"			degrad		,	,	
C/ 118 SC 118.2.2 rowbridge, Stephen	2 <i>P</i> 132 Nokia	L 16	# <u>i-82</u>					
Comment Type ER Error in implementin	Comment Status A g change to Arabic numerals		Bucket					
SuggestedRemedy Change "CCMI or 40	00GMIII" to "200GMII or 400GMII	"						
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C							
VDE: TP/tochnical rogu	ired ER/editorial required CR/a	eneral required	T/technical E/editorial G/	neneral		Comm	ont ID 1-81	Page 27 of 55

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 120 SC 120.1.1	P 183	L 10	# i-85	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1	P 351	L 49	# <u>i-</u> 87
rowbridge, Stephen	Nokia			Healey, Adam	Broadcom Ltd		
Comment Type T C	Comment Status A			Comment Type E	Comment Status A		
The PMA is not only for the connect the DTE XS to the		ge of physical m	edia. It is also used to	were moved to the end of	e end of Table 120D-1, it was 120D.3.1 and furthermore		
SuggestedRemedy				odd jitter.			
Change "The PMA allows				SuggestedRemedy			
the PCS (specified in Claus physical media." to "The PI the PCS (specified in Claus physical media, or for the D	MA allows se 119) to connect in a m	edia-independer	nt way with a range of	Such consolidatation wou	the end of 120D.3.1 and m Id eliminate some redunda nd configuration of aggress	ncies (such as t	he definition of the
Response R	esponse Status C			Response	Response Status C		
ACCEPT.				ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Use text in			
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1	P 352	L 43	# i-86		bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Ma		
lealey, Adam	Broadcom Ltd	l.			erged 120D.3.1.1. Remove correct references elsewhe		
comment Type T C	Comment Status A			Grant cuitonal license to		Te in the Annex.	
It is stated that each histog prescriptive? Some users of	of the standard may find it	t acceptable to a	cquire fewer hits and	See also comments #i-15 88	7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due	t acceptable to a tion would tend t	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4,		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	i, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due	t acceptable to a tion would tend t	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4,		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	i, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time	of the standard may find in ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due es. at "the number of acquire	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4, specification) and Id be sufficiently large		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time SuggestedRemedy In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated the to yield consistent measure here.	of the standard may find in ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due es. at "the number of acquire	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4, specification) and Id be sufficiently large		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	i, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time SuggestedRemedy In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated the to yield consistent measure here.	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due es. at "the number of acquire ement results." It is sugge esponse Status C	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4, specification) and Id be sufficiently large		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time SuggestedRemedy In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated that to yield consistent measure here. Response R ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment [Editor's note added after c	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due is. at "the number of acquire ement results." It is sugge <i>esponse Status</i> C #i-87 omment resolution comp	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul ested that similar	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4, specification) and Id be sufficiently large		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time SuggestedRemedy In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated the to yield consistent measure here. Response R ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due is. at "the number of acquire ement results." It is sugge <i>esponse Status</i> C #i-87 omment resolution comp	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul ested that similar	cquire fewer hits and o over-estimate J4, specification) and Id be sufficiently large		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
prescriptive? Some users of extrpolate to find the J4 val the user may be able to acc benefit from lower test time SuggestedRemedy In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated that to yield consistent measure here. Response R ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment [Editor's note added after of The response to comment	of the standard may find it ue. While such extrapola cept the inaccuracy (due es. at "the number of acquire ement results." It is sugge <i>esponse Status</i> C #i-87 omment resolution comp i-87 is: s/public/adhoc/elect/06Maged 120D.3.1.1. Remove	t acceptable to a tion would tend t to margin to the d samples shoul sted that similar leted. ar_17/szczepane e existing 120D.3	ex_02_030617_elect.pd		7, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89	, i-26, i-86, i-114	I, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-

C/ 120D	SC 120D.3.1.8	P 357	L 16	# <u>i-</u> 88
Healey, Ad	am	Broadcom Ltd		

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The variance of an estimate of the mean of a normal distribution made from n samples is the variance of the distribution divided by n. An even-odd jitter measurements is a linear combination of 4 such measurements and, assuming the measurement errors are not correlated, the variance of the even-odd jitter measurements is the variance of the uncorrelated jitter distribution times 4/n. Assuming the RMS value of the uncorrelated jitter distribution is 23 mUI (assume a normal distribution even though that is not strictly allowed), the standard deviation of the even-odd jitter measurement (with n=1000) is 23 mUI / sqrt(250) or about 1.5 mUI. Therefore, without even counting other sources of measurement error the +/- 1-sigma value on the even-odd jitter measurements could be about 16% of the specification value. This seems to be a significant error. Therefore, it seems reasonable to ask if the recommendation that at least 1000 samples be used is good advice.

SuggestedRemedy

In 92.8.3.82, it is stated that "The number of acquired samples should be sufficiently large to yield consistent measurement results." It is suggested that similar language be used here rather than provide a fixed number and imply results taken with such a number are "accurate enough".

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See resolution to comment #i-87. The adopted text includes an improved version of the suggested remedy.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is:

Use text in

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.

See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-88

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8	P357 L1	# <u>i-89</u>
Healey, Adam	Broadcom Ltd.	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The even-odd jitter measurement requires that each of the 12 transitions identified in Table 120D-2 be measured 4 times. This implies 48 measurements need to be made to obtain a single EOJ result. To measure the result to within +/-1% of the specification limit, up to 10^5 samples per measurement would need to be taken (based on the crude analysis contained in another comment). Under these conditions, the measurement time is likely to significantly exceed what would be required for uncorrelated jitter measurements (given proposals to consolidate the distributions of the 12 edges rather than perform 12 individual measurements). However, it seems the key issue is that the test procedure is overly prescriptive. For example, acquiring two (or three) consecutive cycles of the QPRBS13 waveform with sufficient averaging would also allow the measurement of EOJ across the 12 transitions, possibly take less time, and could further be used for transmitter output waveform measurements.

SuggestedRemedy

Generalize the description of the even-odd jitter measurement to enable a wider set of options for implementation. For example, it is not necessary to state that the user should obtain a histogram and calculate the mean time from it. It only needs to be stated that the mean time be measured. Also, if the expected transition times can be computed (as suggested in 92.8.3.8.1), it is not necessary to capture 3 cycles of the PRBS13Q waveform (i.e., 2 will suffice using the method in 92.8.3.8.1).

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See resolution to comment #i-87. The adopted text includes an improved version of the suggested remedy.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response to comment i-87 is:

Use text in

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.

See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-88 1

	P 379	L 26	# i-90	C/ 124 S	SC 124.8.1		P 299	L 27	# i-92
Healey, Adam	Broadcom Ltd.			Ghiasi, Ali			Ghiasi Quant	um LLC	
Comment Type TR Comme	ent Status A			Comment Type	e TR	Comment	Status D		
It is stated that "for the high loss the pattern generator to meet the like this should be "TP1a" since in and it has no eye height/width red	TP4a eye height and t is the "crosstalk gen	l eye width spea	cifications." It seems	delay may	reduce the		trasnition den	sity from 0.75 to	ombination with certain 0.683, 400GBASE-
, ,	quirements.			SuggestedRer	medy				
SuggestedRemedy						Q2" then in tabl	e 124-10 for st	ress sensitivity t	est repalce pattern 6
Change "TP4a" to "TP1a". Response Respon ACCEPT.	se Status C			increase th	desirable on the fitter tole	rance corner fro	om 4 MHz to 5.	.36 MHz, see	4 MHz to 2.88 MHz o
C 120E SC 120E.3.2.1.1	P 375	L 1	# i-91	Proposed Res REJECT.	ponse	Response S	Status Z		
Healey, Adam Comment Type TR Comm	Broadcom Ltd. ent Status A				nent was W	ITHDRAWN by	the comment	ər.	
51									
<http: 3="" bs="" put<br="" www.ieee802.org="">equalization in the module transm budget. The motivation for <http: 3="" bs="" put<br="" www.ieee802.org="">basis for the material in 120E.3.2 desired precursor component". H meet the far-end eye height and v Given its apparent importance, a SuggestedRemedy Consider specifying that a PRBS processed using the linear fit pro- to verify that the pre-cursor ISI is analyses. A supporting presentat</http:></http:>	<http: 16_05="" 3="" bs="" hegde_3bs_02_0516.pdf="" public="" www.ieee802.org="">, which serves as the basis for the material in 120E.3.2.1.1, was to ensure the "TX would have to provide the desired precursor component". However, it has since been observed that a transmitter can meet the far-end eye height and width requirements without the pre-cursor component. Given its apparent importance, a more rigorous method for verification is needed. SuggestedRemedy Consider specifying that a PRBS13Q waveform be captured at the module output and post-processed using the linear fit procedure described in 120D.3.1.3. It should then be possible to verify that the pre-cursor ISI is within the range expected from the cited link budget</http:>					sit of 000002 with le 4013FF7 with le 83 0xCCCCCC Response S	ength of 10924 ength of 10924 CC with length Status Z	low transition de bits bits of 10924 bits	# <u>i-93</u> nsity (TD)
	se Status C			This comm	ment was W	ITHDRAWN by	the commenter	ər.	
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Make the changes listed in slide	12 of healey_3bs_01a	a_0317.pdf, with	h editorial license.						
[[] ditaria nota adalad after as musi	ent resolution complet	ed.							

C/ 120E SC 120E.1 P 366 L 9 # i-94	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1 P 369 L 18 # i-95
Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC	Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
C2M specification can't support 10.2 dB loss given high amount of crosstalk as defiend in	To support 10.2 dB need to reduce 32 mV to 30 mV
CL92 MDI and CL120D like transmitter	The TP5 eye opening is 30 mV and given that host ASIC has much large package if
SuggestedRemedy	anything TP1a should have smaller eye
Need to make some key decision here as we can't have a specification with set of	SuggestedRemedy
recommendation that is nearly impossible to make it work. Here are the options:	If we want to support 10.2 dB then reduce EH to 30 mV
Option I- Adjust equation 120E-1 for 7.5 dB loss=0.059+0.4222*sqrt(f)+0.445*f	See See ghiasi adhoc presentation from Feb 20th, 2017 for the full detail
Option II- Reduce MDI crosstalk MDFEXT=2.8 mV and MDNEXT=0.8 mV	Response Response Status C
If we want to go with option 1 we could add note that engineered link up to 10.2 dB are possible for lower crosstalk MDI but they are outside the scope of this standard.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
See ghiasi adhoc presentation from Feb 20th, 2017 for the full detail	See responses to comments #i-76,& i-125
Response Response Status C	1 🗖 d'harde en tenendelse die fingen en en einer ein d'en einer einder einer
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-76 is:
See responses to comments #i-76,& i-125	Change these COM parameters
	Cd to 1.8e-4, & Zc to 90
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	
The response to comment i-76 is:	The response to comment i-125 is:
Change these COM parameters	Add sentence
Cd to 1.8e-4, & Zc to 90	"The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the
The response to comment i-125 is:	exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with
Add sentence	26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2
"The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and	mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in
HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the	equation X-X."
exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with	Add the moted compliance beard reference incertion less equation V.V.
26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2 mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in	Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X: "0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz."
equation X-X."	0.471 square (0.12) = 0.1134 (0.12)=0.002 (0.12) 2, 101 0.01 0.12 <= 1 <= 25 0.12.
	Where X-X is an equation reference.
Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X:	
"0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz."	With editorial license.
Where X-X is an equation reference.]

With editorial license.

1

				·			
C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1		L 17	# i-96	C/ 120E SC 120E	-	-	# i-99
Shiasi, Ali	Ghiasi Quantu	um LLC		Ghiasi, Ali	Ghias	i Quantum LLC	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status R			Comment Type TR	Comment Status	R	
EW at TP1a is 0.22 UI smaller due to much la	l but EW at TP5 is 0.2 UI, if ar arger package	nything the EW	at TP1a should be		ble 120E-8 are more stren		
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRemedy			
Reduce EW from 0.22	to 0.2 UI			Reduce ESMW=0			
Response	Response Status C			Reduce eye width Reduce eye heigh			
REJECT.				Response		C	
No consensus to chan	ge at this time.			REJECT.	Response Status	C	
there are many more d	fter comment resolution comp differences between the two E nple, the two channels are diff	W measureme	nts than just the	The module receiv need for them to b	ver is not expected to be a be consistent.	as capable as the host r	eceiver. There is no
C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2	P 373	L 50	# i-97				
Shiasi, Ali	Ghiasi Quantu	um LLC					
Eye opening at TP4 is impossible to deliver 9 SuggestedRemedy	not consistent with requireme 0 mV at TP4!	ent of 30 mV at	TP5. It is nearly				
Reduce TP4 EH from 9	90 mV to 70 mV						
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL Reduce near-end eye l	Response Status C LE. height from 90 mV to 70 mV						
C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2	P 373	L 54	# i-98				
Shiasi, Ali	Ghiasi Quantu	um LLC					
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D						
Text missing that for gi	iven module setting with just gequired eye opening at TP4 ar		ne CTLE setting the				
SuggestedRemedy							
	module setting the TP4 and T oporiate CTLE	P5 EH and EV	/ must be met by				
Proposed Response REJECT.	Response Status Z						
This comment was WI	THDRAWN by the commente	er.					

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 120E SC 120E.4	l.1 <i>P</i> 380	L 28	# i-100	C/ 120	SC 120.5.1	1.2.3	P 201	L 37	# i <u>-</u> 101
Shiasi, Ali	Ghiasi Quant	tum LLC		Wertheim,	Oded		Mellanox Teo	chnologie	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			Comment	Туре Т	Comment S	Status R		
Assuming we want t MDNEXT limit of CL	o support 10.2 dB channel ther .92	n need to tighten	the MDFEXT and	to eith	er keep 8 sepa	rate SSPRQ sta	te machines a	and correspondin	the patterns, requires g PRRBS generators
SuggestedRemedy				Both c	options add com	nplexity to the de	esign, this is e	specially signific	than $7x31UI = 434$ bit. ant if implemented
Add Table 92-13 to MDFEXT=2.8 mV	this section with new limits for	crosstalk		within	the optical mod	dule PMA (adjac	ent to the PM	D)	
MDNEXT=0.8 mV				Suggested	dRemedy				
See ghiasi presenta	tion from Feb 20th Adhoc								luate an option to use
Response	Response Status C					only on the lane 13Q which we al			t pattern on the other
ACCEPT IN PRINC							, , , ,		
See responses to co	omments #i-76,& i-125			Response		Response S	tatus C		
[Editor's note added	after comment resolution comp	pleted		REJE	61.				
The response to cor		piotod.		Claus	es 121.8.5.1 an	d 122.8.5.1 con	tain the requir	ements for this p	pattern:
Change these COM									tion and all lanes using
Cd to 1.8e-4, & Zc t	o 90								he test pattern on one equirements through
The response to cor	nment i-125 is:				nce to Clause 1		e. Clause 124		equirements through
Add sentence									
HCB perform the eq exceptions that the 26.5625 GHz, MDN	nce board characteristics are d uivalent functionality as the cab upper frequency of 25 GHz is re EXT shall be less than 1.5 mV I be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and	ole assembly tes eplaced with RMS, MDFEXT	t fixtures with the shall be less than 4.2		nents i-131, and comments were		to change the	e 31 UI delay bet	tween patterns but
	bliance board reference insertio -0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2								

Where X-X is an equation reference.

With editorial license.

]

C/ 119 SC 119.2.4.8 P 160 L 1 # [i-102	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1.7 P 372 L 28 # [i-103					
/ertheim, Oded Mellanox Technologie	Maki, Jeffery Juniper Networks, Inc.					
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status D					
The scrambler and bit distribution scheme that we use in clause 119 creates for a set of {lanes, delays} a 53GBd pattern with a limited clock content and large percent of transitions with the same LSB.	Table 120E-2Reference CTLE coefficients includes values of 8.5 dB and 9.0 dB. SuggestedRemedy					
uggestedRemedy	Limit Table 120E-2Reference CTLE coefficients to a maximum value of 8.0 dB to align with current OIF CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4 specification. Update Figure 120E-9Reference					
Few remedy options are available in the PCS level: a. Change the pre-FEC distribution to 257b round robin (compared with the current 10b).	continuous time linear equalizer (CTLE) characteristic to use 8.0 dB as the maximum CTLE gain curve.					
b. Move the scrambler above the transcoding (similar to 802.3bj) c. Add a PRBS7 as proposed in anslow 01 121916 elect	Proposed Response Response Status Z					
	REJECT.					
In addition, we can investigate options to solve the issue in lower layers as discussed in gustlin_01_0217_logic	This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.					
Response Response Status C						
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	The commenter has provided no technical justification for the removal of these values, for instance a presentation showing that these values are never needed for the targeted					
See the response to comment #i-7	channels.					
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-7 is: A Straw poll was taken: I support the following option for solving the clock content concern (pick one): A Do nothing B Add a note warning of low clock content possibility C Define a new test pattern to ensure receivers are capable of dealing with the reduced clock content D Restricted muxing (natural pairs) E Add the additional 7-bit scrambler for the messages before FEC encoding Result - A: 0, B: 31, C: 0, D: 12, E: 3						
Add the following to the end of 120.5.2: "NOTE-PMA output lanes composed of some specific combinations of four PCSLs with specific skew offsets (e.g., 400GBASE-R PCSLs 0, 2, 4, and 10 with delays 0, 1, 0, and 2 bits, respectively) may have reduced transition density."						
In 124.2, at the end of the paragraph that starts: "In the receive direction, the PMD continuously sends four parallel symbol streams to the PMA corresponding to the signals received from the MDI, one per lane, each at a nominal signaling rate of 53.125 GBd.", add: "See NOTE at the end of 120.5.2 concerning the transition density of lanes operating at this nominal signaling rate."						

Add the same note at the end of 124.7.2.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 116SC 116.5P 119L 8#Dawe, Piers J GMellanox Technologie	Cl 116 SC 115 P 119 L 29 # i-105 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie					
Comment Type TR Comment Status R Table 116-7 has 80 ns for optical skew, and 100 ns for electrical (PCB), PMD and PMA skew. This is the same in ns as 802.3ba, but a total of 76,500 bits instead of 18,562.5, or 4.12 times as many bits to buffer. While this may not be as expensive as just a few bits in an optical module, some of this is an avoidable cost. The Skew limits need updating according to the principles used there (see http://ieee802.org/3/ba/public/may08/anslow_01_0508.pdf). The unit interval here is 38 (or 19) ps not 97 ps, and the number of lanes is 4 not 10.	Comment Type TR Comment Status R The Skew Variation limits need updating according to the principles in http://ieee802.org/3/ba/public/may08/anslow_01_0508.pdf as explained in http://ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Jan17/wertheim_3cd_01_0117.pdf The unit interval here is 38 (or 19) ps not 97 ps. The 8/4-lane module PMA is a completely different design to a host SerDes, and naturally, Tx and Rx sides are different designs. These relatively small FIFOs (just a few UI) are very expensive per UI in e.g. power, and consume some power even if never used.					
SuggestedRemedy Change SP1 from 29 ns, ~770 UI to 16 ns, ~425 UI. Change SP2 from 43 ns, ~1142 UI to 24 ns, ~628 UI. Change SP3 from 54 ns, ~1434 UI to 35 ns, ~930 UI. Change SP4 from 134 ns, ~3559 UI to 115 ns, ~3055 UI. Change SP5 from 145 ns, ~3852 UI to 126 ns, ~3347 UI. Change SP6 from 160 ns, ~4250 UI to 134 ns, ~3559 UI. Change "At PCS receive" from 180 ns, ~4781 UI to 145 ns, ~3852 UI. Make the equivalent changes in the following clauses. Response Response Status	SuggestedRemedy Change SP1 from 0.2 ns, ~5 UI, N/A to 0.11 ns, ~3 UI, N/A. Change SP2 from 0.4 ns, ~11 UI, N/A to 0.22 ns, ~6 UI, NA. Change SP3 from 0.6 ns, ~16 UI, ~32 UI to 0.42 ns, ~11 UI, ~22 UI. Change SP4 from 3.4 ns, ~90 UI, ~181 UI to 3.22 ns, ~86 UI, ~171 UI. Change SP5 from 3.6 ns, ~96 UI, N/A to 3.42 ns, ~91 UI, N/A. Change SP6 from 3.8 ns, ~101 UI, N/A to 3.53 ns, ~94 UI, N/A. Change "At PCS receive" from 4 ns, ~106 UI, N/A to 3.73 ns, ~99 UI, N/A. Make the equivalent changes in the following clauses. It doesn't matter much if the SP4,5,6 and "At PCS receive" limits are changed or not.					
REJECT. The initial Skew values were introduced into the P802.3ba draft by comment 240 against D1.0 with reference to: http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/nov08/giannakopoulos_01_1108.pdf For example, the Skew at SP1 of 29 ns was justified by an analysis of an FPGA solution in: http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/may08/giannakopoulos_01_0508.pdf The commenter has not provided equivalent analysis that shows that only 16 ns is required for 200 Gb/s and 400 Gb/s Ethernet.	Response Response Status U REJECT. The issue of whether to tighten the Skew Variation limits for PHYs using 25G lanes as proposed in http://ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Jan17/wertheim_3cd_01_0117.pdf was discussed in the P802.3cd Task Force in connection with comments #80 and #74 against P802.3cd D1.1 with the result that the same numbers as in the P802.3bs draft were adopted for 50 Gb/s Ethernet. See: http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/comments/8023cd_D11_final_comment_responses_by_claus.pdf					

/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.1	P 199 L 9	# <u>i-</u> 106	C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.	.2.3	P 200	L 43	# <u>i-</u> 108
awe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie		Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
omment Type E Comment S	Status A		Comment	Туре Т	Comment S	tatus R		
Usually we say in which order a sequ reverse engineer this but anyway	ence goes, as done for the see	ed at line 7. One could	to be m	nultiplexed up (i.	e. one would no	ot generate SS	SPRQ in a PMA	Also it is not intended with 50 Gb/s lanes to
uggestedRemedy					MD Tx, but one	could genera	te it in the 100 G	ib/s/lane PMA).
Please state which end of this sub-se 41.	equence comes first. Also for 1	120.5.11.2.2 p 199 line	Suggested Change	-	optionally includ	e" to "A Tx dir	rection PMA may	y optionally include"
esponse Response S	Status C		Response		Response St	tatus C		
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.			REJEC	T.				
[Editor's Note: Page changed from 19 On line 9, change "begins with the following Gray coded	-			s no such thing on of transmissio		on PMA", all F	PMAs transfer bi	ts/symbols in both
"begins with the following Gray codec On line 41, change "begins with the following Gray codec "begins with the following Gray codec	PAM4 symbols" to	-	The SSPRQ generator exist inside of the PMA, and the fact that the pattern is sent from the PMA in the transmit direction is already covered on page 201 line 36 which states: "If supported, when send SSPRQ test pattern is enabled by the SSPRQ_enable control variable, the PMA shall generate an SSPRQ pattern on each of its lanes in the Tx direction towards the PMD."					
/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3	P 201 L 31	# i-107	C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.		P 201	L 5	# i-109
awe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie		Dawe, Pier			Mellanox Tecl	nnologie	
omment Type E Comment S This is convoluted and hard to follow, sequences any more.		not the starting bit		• •		TDECQ or str		calibration because
uggestedRemedy			Suggested		·	0	1 5	
Please add a table of beginning and end bit and PAM4 symbol sequences. Table 120D-2, PRBS13Q pattern symbols used for jitter measurement, is an example of a helpful table.			Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload					
esponse Response S	Status C			measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density				
REJECT.				be necessary to teristics.	adjust another	seed to get a	ppropriate trans	tion density
[Editor's note: Page changed from 20	00 to 201]		Response		Response St	tatus U		
	- •		REJEC	T.				
Since the sequence is relatively short and it has been agreed that the entire sequence will be available through a URL in the document, there is little value to providing the beginning and ending of bit sequences A, B and PAM4 sequences 1, 2, 3, 4.		The current SSPRQ pattern was adopted for use in the TDECQ test (after presentation of its baseline wander characteristics) by comment 50 against D1.3. A straw poll was taken association with that comment: Do you support adopting the SSPRQ pattern for TDECQ and SRS calibration in Clauses 122 and 123? Yes 41 No 2.						
				ents i-130, i-133 comments were		posed to chan	ge the first seed	in Table 120-2 but

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 201 L 37 #	i-110 C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.2	.3 <i>P</i> 201	L 38	# <u>i-</u> 111
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Pie	ers J G	Mellanox Tech	nnologie	
Comment Type T Comment Status R	Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status R		
Generating SSPRQ dynamically is quite complicated, and generating 8 copies offsets is more complicated. It's probably OK to use other patterns on the age another comment against 121.8.5.1). Generating 8 offsets of SSPRQ then ov them with PRBS13Q is clumsy; generating a single SSPRQ among 8 lanes of or scrambled idle is not supported by this draft. SuggestedRemedy If SSPRQ victim with other patterns for aggressors is acceptable, change the	ressors (see lanes erwriting 7 of better PRBS31Q betwe receiv allow lanes SSPRQ Skew	sounds quite invol than 100-200 UI, a een SP2 to SP3, be rers). The allowed ed Skew Variation	is complicated pattern with a ved. Only 1 UI offset is eno and there is a spur at about ecause SSPRQ is for testing Skew at SP3 is 54 ns or about per PMA is 0.2 ns or 5.3 UI. nough to take up any Skew.	ugh do give exc 450 UI. So we optical transmit out 1,435 UI at 2 The pattern is 8	ellent decorrelation, want at least 1 UI tters only (not optical 26.5625 GBd, and the 8191 UI long so 8
generator to a single-lane generator (no need for the multi-lane facility that PR has). Change the registers in Clause 45 accordingly.	BS13Q Suggeste	dRemedy			
Response Response Status C		ging 31 to 16 would s to be better.	d help a little, but using diffe	rent aggressors	(see other comments)
REJECT.	Response	9	Response Status C		
See comment #i-101.	REJE	CT.			
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-101 is:	See o	omment #i-101.			
Clauses 121.8.5.1 and 122.8.5.1 contain the requirements for this pattern: "Each optical lane is tested individually with all other lanes in operation and all the same test pattern. There shall be at least 31 UI delay between the test pat lane and the pattern on any other lane." Clause 124 inherits these requiremen reference to Clause 121.	lanes using The r tern on one Claus ts through "Each the sa the sa	esponse to comme es 121.8.5.1 and 1 optical lane is tes ame test pattern. T	er comment resolution comp ent i-101 is: 22.8.5.1 contain the require ted individually with all other here shall be at least 31 UI of any other lane." Clause 124	ments for this pa lanes in operati delay between th	ion and all lanes using ne test pattern on one
Comments i-131, and i-132 proposed to change the 31 UI delay between patter these comments were not accepted.		nce to Clause 121			

Comments i-131, and i-132 proposed to change the 31 UI delay between patterns but these comments were not accepted.

]

]

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.	2.4 <i>P</i> 201	L 42	# i-112	C/ 120D	SC 120D.3.1	I.1 P:	352	L 43	# i <u>-</u> 114
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie		Dawe, Pier	s J G	Mella	anox Techno	ologie	
Comment Type T	Comment Status R			Comment	Type TR	Comment Status	5 A		
	ement has been changed to removed (see other commen		nt pattern such as	hits." F	Recommending	such a detail (at lea	st 10,000 hi	ts then) was	d include at least 10^6 OK for a single-lane
SuggestedRemedy									yes/no J2 Jitter product cy applies. But 10,000
The square wave (quat MDIO registers can be	ernary) test pattern will be un removed.	nnecessary, and	it and the associated	hits x 4 J9. He	or 10 lanes on ere, we have a r	a module wasn't ter nillion hits, times mu	rible, and we Itiple empha	e did not mak asis settings,	times over a hundred
Response	Response Status C			lanes o	on each switch.	It's far too much, an	nd not neces	sary.	
REJECT.				Suggested	Remedy				
[Editor's note: Page ch	anged from 202 to 201]			necess	ary, add at line	49, "NOTEAs usua	al, the trade-	-off between	guidance is thought measurement accuracy mes 2 x 10 ⁴ hits in the
	ernary) test pattern is require is also referenced in 121.8.9		rement in Clauses	histogr		pected for a measur			ement of J_RMS alone
	ed to remove the need for a this comment was not accep		·		PT IN PRINCIP		С		
Dawe, Piers J G	F 332 Mellanox Tec	-•	# i-113	[Editor'	s note added a	fter comment resolut	tion complet	ed.	
		inologie		The res	sponse to comr				
	Comment Status A eprecated and we should not s in 94.3.12.3 are in 93.8.1.3		clauses. The same	f as the	ww.ieee802.org	g/3/bs/public/adhoc/e / merged 120D.3.1.1 to correct references	. Remove e	xisting 120D.	
SuggestedRemedy				Grante	editorial license	to correct references	s elsewnere	In the Annex	
Change the references	to 94.3.12.3 (five here, one	in 120D.3.2.1) to	93.8.1.3 or 83E.3.1.2.		so comments #	i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32,	i-33, i-89, i-	-26, i-86, i-11	4, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i-
Response	Response Status C			88 1					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL Change the references license.	E. to 94.3.12.3 (five here, one	in 120D.3.2.1) to	93.8.1.3 with editorial	1					

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 43 # i-115 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 47 # i-116 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type T Comment Status A
We don't need each of the 12 measurements to be within the J4 or Jrms limits; we just need the aggregate to do so because in COM we make all the edges have the jitter. Recognising this we can improve measurement time and cost 12-fold, which we need to do with a subscription activity and we have a subscription.	I would think that a "probability density distribution" exists whether measured or not, it's a property of the signal. But "the jitter histogram" could be taken as one of the 12 measured histograms at line 43, including sampling errors.
with multiple emphasis settings and up to over a hundred lanes on each IC. See another comment for why "an estimate of".	SuggestedRemedy
uggestedRemedy	Change "of the jitter histogram" to "of the jitter probability density distribution".
After the first sentence, insert "Align the means of each histogram then add them together	Response Response Status C
to obtain an estimate of the jitter probability density distribution." Delete "J4 is the maximum of the 12 measurements. J_RMS is the root mean square of the 12 measurements."	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-87
Pesponse Response Status C	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-87 is:
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Use text in
See response to comment #i-87	http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.p
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.
The response to comment i-87 is:	
Use text in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_030617_elect.pd f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8. Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.	See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i 88]
	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.3 P 354 L 21 # i-117
See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116, i-68, & i- 88	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
]	Comment Type ER Comment Status A
	94.3.12.5.2 is about 17 lines long; this section which refers to it is 11 lines, mostly listing exceptions to 94.3.12.5.2. 94 should be deprecated anyway.
	SuggestedRemedy
	Write a complete subclause without reference to 94.3.12.5.2 or 72.6.10.2.3.1; copy from 94.3.12.5.2 and 136.9.3.1.2 as necessary
	Response Response Status C
	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Write a complete subclause without reference to 94.3.12.5.2 or 72.6.10.2.3.1; copy from 94.3.12.5.2 and 136.9.3.1.2 as necessary with editorial license.

C/ 120E SC 120E Dawe, Piers J G	P 365 L 1 Mellanox Technologie	# i <u>-</u> 118	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1 Dawe, Piers J G	.6 P 370 L Mellanox Technologie	41 # <u>i-120</u> e
120E should change? SuggestedRemedy ? Response REJECT.	Comment Status R s between CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4 and Anr Response Status U no issues, and proposes no remedies.	ex 120E for which Annex	to give excellent decor 450 UI. PRBS31Q is I checked). In some tes splitters and cables; th at 26.5625 GBd and 5 <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> As the paths between	Comment Status R I UI offset between lanes. For PRBS relation, better than 100-200 UI offse believed to behave similarly (but it's s it setups, there is a master PRBS ge e cables must be kept short for good ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.	et, and there is a spur at about such a long pattern I haven't enerator and an arrangement of d performance. 31 UI x 7 steps nt-end circuitry are not likely to
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie		Response	Response Status U	
EH - in other words, a v	Comment Status R butput a signal with large peak-to-peak a very bad signal. If the module is exactly at's not a reasonable "if".			eing large enough that it would not b called out in footnote a to Table 116-	
We may need some oth	ner spec to protect the module from une	pected signals.			
Response REJECT. No remedy provided. Ti subject.	Response Status U	a presenation on this			

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1.6 P 370 L 42 # i-121 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie	Cl 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 374 L 10 # [i-122] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
This crosstalk generator is intended to represent a module, and generate broadband energy. The spec allows an implementer to achieve the letter of the spec by using a lot of emphasis but miss the intention.	The module output transition time min. spec is there to protect the module's input from too much crosstalk when connected to a host with more NEXT than the MCB. "Too much" doesn't depend on the module's output amplitude setting, so we should have an absolute spec here not a relative one.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
This transition time spec should be replaced by a slew time spec, e.g. 4.5 ps between +/- 0.1 V. Definition of slew time similar to transition time but with fixed thresholds instead of the signal-dependent 20% and 80%. Same for the counter propagating crosstalk channels during calibration of the module stressed input signal (120E.3.4.1.1). We don't need to change the spec for the crosstalk generator in the opposite direction because that's a slower signal so an implementer won't be using emphasis.	This transition time spec should be replaced by a slew time spec, e.g. 3.5 ps between +/- 0.1 V. Definition of slew time similar to transition time but with fixed thresholds instead of the signal-dependent 20% and 80%. There is less need to change the transition time spec for the host output because the connector is on the host board, so the NEXT is already in the measurement.
Response Response Status C	Response Response Status U
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Pending consenus	REJECT. No consenus to make the change at this time.
Change "The crosstalk generator is solitorated at TRA with togeth differential peoplets people and its de 6000 mV and togeth	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The consensus view was that this is not a sufficiently significant issue to justify making this change.]
calibrated at TP4 with target differential peak-to-peak amplitude of 900 mV and target transition time of 12 ps."	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2.1 P 374 L 26 # [i-123] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
to "The crosstalk generator is	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
calibrated at TP4 with target differential peak-to-peak amplitude of 900 mV and slew time of 12 ps between +/-0.27 V."	There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13Q, only 1 UI offset is enough to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and there is a spur at about 450 UI. PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long pattern I haven't checked). In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and an arrangement of splitters and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performance. 31 UI x 7 steps at 26.5625 GBd and 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.
	SuggestedRemedy
	As the paths between the test points and the PMA front-end circuitry are not likely to differ by more than 20 mm or about 4 UI, change 31 to 6. Also in 120E.3.4.1.1 Module stressed input test procedure.
	Response Response Status U
	REJECT. 31 UI was chosen as being large enough that it would not be removed by the 1 ns (about 27 UI) of Skew that is called out in footnote a to Table 116-7.

C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1 P 380 L 29 # [i-124] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie	C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1 P 380 L 30 # [i-125] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A We need mated compliance board specs too. SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type TR Comment Status A To calibrate the measurements with the MCB, we need the reference loss of the mated compliance boards.
Add mated compliance board specs by reference to 92.11.3, but instead of MDFEXT<4.8 mV and MDNEXT<1.8 mV, use the OIF values: ICN<3.9 mV RMS, MDNEXT <1.35 mV RMS, MDFEXT <3.6 mV RMS.	SuggestedRemedy Add the mated compliance board reference loss, same as 136A.5: 0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz.
Response Response Status C	Response Response Status C
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #i-125 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-125 is: Add sentence "The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with 26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2 mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in equation X-X."	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Add sentence "The mated compliance board characteristics are described in 92.11.3 where the MCB and HCB perform the equivalent functionality as the cable assembly test fixtures with the exceptions that the upper frequency of 25 GHz is replaced with 26.5625 GHz, MDNEXT shall be less than 1.5 mV RMS, MDFEXT shall be less than 4.2 mV RMS, ICN shall be less than 4.4 mV RMS, and the reference insertion loss as given in equation X-X." Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X: "0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz." Where X-X is an equation reference.
Add the mated compliance board reference insertion loss equation X-X: "0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2, for 0.01 GHz <= f <= 25 GHz."	With editorial license.

Where X-X is an equation reference.

With editorial license.

C/ 121 SC 121.7.1	P 220 L 23	# i-126	C/ 121	SC 121.7.	1	P 220	L 37	# i-128
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie	# <u>1120</u>	Dawe, Pier			Mellanox Tec		# 1-120
with a dispersion mini 0.93 and +0.8 ps/nm. from the main mode. CDR, just look like up TDECQ measuremen SMSR spec for this P SuggestedRemedy Delete the SMSR spec Response REJECT. SMSR has been long	Comment Status R up to 500 m at a wavelength between 1304.5 and imum between 1300 and 1324 nm. The dispers The unit interval is 37.6 ps and the side mode So if a side mode is not suppressed, it won't ca to 0.7 ps or 0.02 UI of jitter: small and already the to or use a more conventional wavelength spec. Response Status C established as an indicator and screen for mod	ion must be between - might be 1.5 nm away ause a problem to the included in the th spec AND an e instability in DFBs,	Comment The pu someth intende Suggested When RIN lim measu Response REJEC Insuffic The co	Type TR rpose of the I ning to ensure ad purpose. Remedy the way TDEC nits in 121, 12 rement CT. cient justificati	Comment S RIN spec has char a good TDECQ r CQ handles measu 2 and 124 accord <i>Response St</i> fon and incomplete ovited to prepare a	tatus R nged from sor neasurement ured noise an ing to what is tatus U e remedy.	nething to ensur . The limit shou d noise enhance necessary for si	re a good transmitter to Id be adjusted for the ement is clear, relax the uccessful TDECQ a complete proposal
particular conditions. but also amplitude no particular conditions of why the side mode is SMSR requirement in	therwise difficult to detect because the instability may not occur except under conditions. Mode instability introduces not only jitter (as the commenter notes) mplitude noise, neither of which may be captured by TDECQ unless the conditions occur that stimulate mode instability. The commenter has not justified de mode is restricted to be 1.5 nm away from the main mode. Including an guirement in the standard follows precedent of many other IEEE specifications.			<i>Туре</i> т 121-9, 122-1	Comment S	erns, are ider	tical, and likely	# <u>i-129</u> to stay so. 120E refers
pushing up the cost of Yet it does not benefi TDECQ spec, and MI 100th of dB difference receiver can receive,	P 220 L 36 Mellanox Technologie Comment Status R on ratio of 4.5 dB restricts the range of transmitted of this PMD, and 50GBASE-FR and 50GBASE-L t the link or the receiver significantly (they are p PI penalty is a weak function of extinction ratio fr e). For an example of a modern direct-mod PMI 100GBASE-SR4 has a 2 dB limit. A transmitted er extinction ratio than one for NRZ, to reduce d	R if they are aligned. rotected by the or PAM4 - very few D spec and what a r optimized for PAM4	one. E 116.1. <i>Response</i> REJEC If Table was no repeate	d be better to But because th 5. CT. e 121-9 (which adjacent to ed visits to Cl	ne patterns are no <i>Response St</i> h provides the map Table 121-10, it w	t PMD-specifi tatus C pping betwee ould be very to decipher t	c anyway, it mig n the pattern nur nuch harder to r	acause that's the first ht be better in e.g. mber and the pattern) read Table 121-10 with been common practice
	n ratio limit from 4.5 dB to 3 dB.							
Response	Response Status U							

Response

REJECT.

Insufficient justification for the proposed modification.

There is no agreement for 50GBASE-FR and 50GBASE-LR to make this modification quoting "While there was some support for the suggested remedy it may impact other parameters such as MPI. The impact should be evaluated before making the proposed change."

The commenter is invited to prepare a consensus presentation, including an analysis of the impact of the proposed modification.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID j-129

Page 43 of 55 06/04/2017 10:56:58

C/ 121 SC 121.8.1	P 222 L 39 # i-130	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.1	P 223	L 49	# i <u>-</u> 131
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Techno	ologie	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status R	Comment Type T Co	omment Status R		
This SSPRO nattern w	Il give misleading results when testing a range of transmitters - both	This save all (8+8) lanes sho	uld use the same test nat	tern SSPRC	Generating SSPRO

This SSPRQ pattern will give misleading results when testing a range of transmitters - both product transmitters (line 39) and SRS signals (line 44). Same problem in clauses 122 and 124.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.

Similarly in clauses 122, 124.

Response Status U

REJECT.

Response

Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the problem.

The current SSPRQ pattern was adopted for use in the TDECQ test (after presentation of its baseline wander characteristics) by comment 50 against D1.3. A straw poll was taken in association with that comment: Do you support adopting the SSPRQ pattern for TDECQ and SRS calibration in Clauses 122 and 123? Yes 41 No 2.

The commenter is invited to prepare a consensus presentation with a detailed analysis of the suggested problem.

omment Type	т	Comment Status	R			
This says all	(8+8)	lanes should use the sar	ne test pattern,	SSPRQ.	Generating SS	PRQ
dynamically i	s quite	e complicated, generating	g 8+8 copies of	it with offs	sets is more	
complicated,	gener	ating 16 copies from me	mory needs 16	instances	or an arrangen	nent of
splitters and	cables	This seems to be an	issue whether u	using two	product PMAs of	or test
oquipmont		may have multi lone DDI	DC120 or DDD	\$210 or o	crambled idle f	or other

equipment. As we may have multi-lane PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q or scrambled idle for other purposes, would it be OK to use them instead?

SuggestedRemedy

Allow alternative patterns such as PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q or scrambled idle on the aggressor lanes as done elsewhere e.g. 120E. Also in 122.8.5.1.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The TDECQ test (and SECQ test) are based on capturing the complete SSPRQ pattern and passing it through a reference equalizer. The measurement is allowed to be made using an equivalent-time sampling oscilloscope. By requiring that all lanes are receiving the SSPRQ pattern, any crosstalk from the other lanes is locked to the pattern under test, captured by the oscilloscope as a distortion of the waveform and correctly processed by the equalizer. Because of the offset between the lanes, the crosstalk will be different for the various occurrences of each symbol type. If the draft is changed to allow PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q on the other lanes, then the crosstalk will no longer be locked to the pattern under test and will appear as noise when captured using an equivalent-time sampling oscilloscope and will not be processed correctly by the reference equalizer since the frequency profile of the crosstalk is lost.

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.1	P 223 L 50	# i <u>-</u> 132	C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	B P 225	L 8	# i <u>-</u> 133
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie		Dawe, Pier	s J G	Mellanox T	echnologie	
Comment Type T	Comment Status A		Comment	Type TR	Comment Status R		

There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. Only 1 UI offset is enough to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and there is a spur at about 450 UI. 120.5.11.2.3 asks for 31 UI but that's at a PMA and some of that is consumed by lane-to-lane skew before and through the PMD. The paths through the PMD are not likely to differ by more than 10 mm or about 2 UI. Adding a justification so that implementers can't easily evade the spirit of the spec.

SuggestedRemedy

Response

Change "There shall be at least 31 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane." to "There shall be at least 4 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane, so that the lanes are not correlated within the PMD."

Similarly in 122.8.5.1.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The offset of 31 UI was specifically added in the resolution to comment #305 to D2.0. 31 UI was chosen as being large enough that it would not be removed by the 1 ns (about 27 UI) of Skew that is called out in footnote a to Table 116-7.

Change "There shall be at least 31 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane." to "There shall be at least 31 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane, so that the symbols on each lane are not correlated within the PMD."

Similarly in 122.8.5.1.

The draft says Pattern 6 (SSPRQ) should be used for TDECQ. But SSPRQ is a short, deliberately stressful pattern and therefore a TDECQ measurement does not give anything like the correct penalty for a range of reasonable compliant transmitters. Same problem in clauses 122 and 124.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the problem.

The current SSPRQ pattern was adopted for use in the TDECQ test (after presentation of its baseline wander characteristics) by comment 50 against D1.3. A straw poll was taken in association with that comment: Do you support adopting the SSPRQ pattern for TDECQ and SRS calibration in Clauses 122 and 123? Yes 41 No 2.

The commenter is invited to prepare a consensus presentation, with a detailed analysis of the implied problem.

W 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 9 # i-134	Cl 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 12 # i-136
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status R	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
This says "the oscilloscope is set up to capture samples from all symbols in the complete pattern". But with only 1 sample/UI, the record of the high frequency components of the signal would be made up by the instrument and test method, probably inaccurately. For	Because the selection of samples for optimization depends on the trial equalizer setting, it's not clear that optimizing MMSE then finding TDECQ has an advantage over optimizin TDECQ. Both are iterative, and, optimizing an intermediate thing adds doubt or error.
comparison, 120E.4.2, Eye width and eye height measurement method, says "the capture	SuggestedRemedy
includes a minimum of 3 samples per symbol, or equivalent", but an optical signal is likely to contain more high frequency components than 200GAUI-4, that could be good or bad.	Probably we should go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, as in D2.1.
uggestedRemedy	Response Response Status C
Add "The capture includes a minimum of seven samples per symbol, or equivalent."	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
esponse Response Status U REJECT.	See response to comment i-59. The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 require the reference equalizer taps to b set to minimize the SER.
The optical signal is measured through a 0.75 x symbol rate BT4 low pass filter, so frequency content > the symbol rate is increasingly filtered out. The issue is being able to construct an eye diagram, which requires sampling of the signal waveform at many fractional UI through the signal waveform. Since the intent to construct an eye diagram is explicit in the description of the TDECQ measurement method, mandating 7 (or any other number of samples) per symbol just enforces a longer test, not a better one. The minimum number of samples per UI would probably be different for the two types of scope allowed to be used.	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-59 is: Apply changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_03/king_3bs_01_0317.p with editorial license] C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 12 # i-137
·	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
# 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 9 # [i-135] awe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Comment Type T Comment Status A
comment Type TR Comment Status A	If we constrain the reference equalizer to maintain OMA, there would be a condition that $Cdc = 1$. We don't have to; we can let the optimiser choose nearly 1.
I didn't see a statement of whether averaging is used or not. The noise of the signal is an impairment that should be part of the measurement, and a correction is made for the noise	SuggestedRemedy
of the scope sigma_s in Eq. 121-7. So averaging should not be used.	If we do so, add the condition.
uggestedRemedy	Response Response Status C
State that averaging is not used.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	See response to comment i-59. The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 require the reference equalizer to have unity DC gain (sum of the tap coefficients = 1).
In 121.8.5.3, change: "The test pattern specified for TDECQ (see Table 121-10) is transmitted repetitively by the optical lane under test and the oscilloscope is set up to capture samples from all symbols in the complete pattern." to: "The test pattern specified for TDECQ (see Table 121-10) is transmitted repetitively by the optical lane under test and the oscilloscope is set up to capture samples from all symbols in the complete pattern without averaging."	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-59 is: Apply changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_03/king_3bs_01_0317.p with editorial license]

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 13 # <u>i-138</u>	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 228 L 9 # <u>i-140</u>
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
The window for equalizer tuning (the central 0.1 UI of the eye diagram) doesn't match the histogram windows for TDECQ used later. The inconsistency will degrade the measurement (making the result worse, but by an amount that depends on the signal). It	It may be possible to make a bad transmitter (e.g. with a noisy or distorted signal), use emphasis to get it to pass the TDECQ test, yet leave a realistic, compliant receiver with a unreasonable challenge.
costs nothing to make this consistent, even with two histograms. The stats from both histograms should be combined so that there is just one optimized equalizer setting.	SuggestedRemedy
SuggestedRemedy	Define TDECQrms = 10*log10(C_dc*A_RMS/(s*3*Qt*R)) where A_RMS is the standard deviation of the measured signal after the 19.34 GHz filter response and s is the standard
Do the tuning with the histogram windows used later (0.43 to 0.47 UI and 0.53 to 0.57 UI, combined).	deviation of a fast clean signal with OMA=0.5 and without emphasis, observed through the 19.34 GHz filter response (from memory I believe s is about 0.82). Require that
Response Response Status C	TDECQrms shall not exceed the limit for TDECQ. If we think it's justified, we could allow slightly higher limit for TDECQrms.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment i-59.	Response Response Status U
The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 require the reference equalizer taps to be set to minimize the SER, which is calculated from the defined histogram windows.	REJECT. Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the problem.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-59 is: Apply changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_03/king_3bs_01_0317.pdf with editorial license 1	The commenter is invited to provide a contribution that demonstrates the problem (a waveform that passes TDECQ but cannot be decoded by a reasonable receiver implementation) and that the proposed additional requirement prevents this issue from occurring.
₩ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 225 L 13 # [i-139	C/ 121 SC 121.8.7 P 228 L 19 # i-141
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement.	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is not should have because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing.
<i>comment Type</i> TR <i>Comment Status</i> A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement. <i>uggestedRemedy</i> Either go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, or if we continue with MMSE,	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is n need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement. SuggestedRemedy Either go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, or if we continue with MMSE, add noise loading to the mean square error calculation per comment.	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is n need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway. SuggestedRemedy
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement. SuggestedRemedy Either go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, or if we continue with MMSE, add noise loading to the mean square error calculation per comment. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is n need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement. SuggestedRemedy Either go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, or if we continue with MMSE, add noise loading to the mean square error calculation per comment. Response Response Status	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is r need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway. SuggestedRemedy If a RIN spec is needed, define it based on PRBS13Q. All PAM4 optical clauses. Removis square wave for PAM4 from the draft. Response Response Status U REJECT.
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If we continue with MMSE, it should be loaded with the amount of noise that could be added for the TDECQ under test, adjusted for scope noise already in the measurement. SuggestedRemedy Either go back to minimizing the value of TDECQ directly, or if we continue with MMSE, add noise loading to the mean square error calculation per comment. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment i-59. The changes to TDECQ made by comment i-59 require the reference equalizer taps to be	In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is n need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway. SuggestedRemedy If a RIN spec is needed, define it based on PRBS13Q. All PAM4 optical clauses. Remov square wave for PAM4 from the draft. Response Response Status U

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID i-141

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	30 # <u>i-142</u>	C/ 121 SC 121.8.7	P 228	L 35	# i <u>-</u> 144
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologi	Э	Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie	
Comment Type T Comment Status R This text "Each lane may be tested individually with the sur the lanes not under test being below -30 dBm" seems like i not here. Or is the idea that the output from all optical lane meter?	t would apply to a WDM PMD,	Comment Type T C Please add the warning in S SuggestedRemedy Add "This procedure descri		at may not be ar	ppropriate for a system
SuggestedRemedy Delete the item? Also in 124.8.7. Response Response Status C REJECT.		level test depending on the <i>Response R</i> REJECT. A reference to 52.9.6 is alre- support for making this mo	implementation.". esponse Status C eady made, so inherently dification to the draft, bed	v including the wa	arning. There was no
It covers the possibility that the output from all the lanes are	e coupled into one power meter	component and a system is	s not sufficiently clear.		
C/ 121 SC 121.8.7 P 228 L Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	32 # [i-143 e	C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.2 Dawe, Piers J G	P 230 Mellanox Tec	L 41 hnologie	# i-145
 With a 19.34 GHz front end and an equalizer capable of no receiver, and product receivers that must be equalizing too seems wrong. It is likely that real receivers will roll off stee frequency and the signalling frequency. SuggestedRemedy Change "approximately equal to the signaling rate (i.e., 26. GHz". Also in 122.8.7. 	, the -3 dB limit of 26.6 GHz ply between the Nyquist	Calibrating the signal for st receiver with PRBS31Q or very different with the two p <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Change the first seed in Ta with 0.4 dB baseline wande measures as minimally cor	scrambled idle won't wor atterns. This affects cl ble 120-2 to one for whic r penalty (before and aft	k because the a auses 122 and 1 ch a minimally co er FEC) with a ra	pparent penalty will b 124 also. ompliant transmitter andom payload
Response Response Status C		It may be necessary to adju characteristics.			
REJECT.	so RIN should be included up		esponse Status U		ition density
			claimed problem and that was adopted for use in eristics) by comment 50 ment: Do you support a	the TDECQ test against D1.3. A dopting the SSP	tes the problem. t (after presentation c

	SC 121.8.9.2	P 231	L 13	# i-146	C/ 122	SC 122.7	'.1	P 251	L 35	# <u>i-</u> 148
Dawe, Piers	JG	Mellanox Tech	hnologie		Dawe, Pier	rs J G		Mellanox Teo	chnologie	
Comment Ty	rpe E	Comment Status R			Comment	Type TR	С	omment Status R		
was state procedur SuggestedRe Change " from Patt	ed in an earlier re. <i>emedy</i> "Each receiver tern 6 (SSPRQ	paragraph is not the one us subclause, but it should be r lane is conformance tested i) to Pattern 3 (PRBS31Q) or ble 121-9, and each receiver	mentioned here in turn." to "The r Pattern 5 (scra	in this step-by-step test pattern is changed mbled idle) according	pushir LR. Y TDEC 100th receive is likel	ng up the cos et it does no Q spec, and of dB differe er can receiv y to have a l	at of this P t benefit the MPI pena nce). For re, 100GB	he link or the receiver s Ity is a weak function of an example of a mode	to better, 50GBA significantly (the of extinction ratio ern direct-mod P imit. A transmit	ASE-FR and 50GBASE- y are protected by the o for PAM4 - very few MD spec and what a ter optimized for PAM4
Response		Response Status C			Suggested	,	: I	mit from 4.5 dB to 3 dI	~	
REJECT	-				Response				Ξ.	
subclaus and calib	ses. 121.8.9.2 o pration". It is no	nt, the fact that the patterns a details "Stressed receiver co of a step-by step procedure f be the pattern change here.	onformance test	signal characteristics	REJEO Insuffi There	CT. cient justifica is no agreer	ation for th nent for 50	sponse Status U e requested modificati OGBASE-FR and 50GB me support for the sug	BASE-LR to mak	
2/ 122 Dawe, Piers 、	SC 122.11.2.2 J G	2 P 266 Mellanox Tech	L 10 hnologie	# i-147	param chang	eters such a e."	s MPI. Th	e impact should be ev	aluated before n	naking the proposed
					The co	nmontor ic				
Comment Ty	rpe T	Comment Status R							presentation, inc	cluding an analysis of th
The maxi	kimum discrete	Comment Status R reflectance for SMF has bee vould we allow worse reflecti		st since Gigabit		t of the requi	red modif		L 12	# <u>i-149</u>
The maxi Ethernet	kimum discrete (1998). Why v	reflectance for SMF has bee		st since Gigabit	impac	t of the requi	red modif	cation.	L 12	
The maxi Ethernet	, (imum discrete (1998). Why v e <i>medy</i> he numbers in t	reflectance for SMF has bee	ons now?		impac C/ 122 Dawe, Pier Comment	t of the requi SC 122.8 rs J G <i>Type</i> T	red modif 3.5.3 Co	cation. P 259 Mellanox Teo omment Status R	L 12 chnologie	# [i-149
The maxi Ethernet SuggestedRe Even if th for consis	, (imum discrete (1998). Why v e <i>medy</i> he numbers in t	reflectance for SMF has bee vould we allow worse reflecti	ons now?		impac Cl 122 Dawe, Pier Comment As far	SC 122.8 SC 122.8 rs J G <i>Type</i> T as I can see	red modif 3.5.3 Co	cation. P 259 Mellanox Teo omment Status R	L 12 chnologie	# [i-149
Ethernet SuggestedRe Even if th for consis Response REJECT No evide	, (1998). Why w emedy he numbers in t stency.	reflectance for SMF has bee vould we allow worse reflection this draft would work, it may <i>Response Status</i> C s to why the current values a	ons now? be better to cha are wrong.	nge -25 and -22 to -26,	impact C/ 122 Dawe, Pier Comment As far Suggested Chang	t of the requi	Red modif 3.5.3 Co , the refer exception t	cation. P 259 Mellanox Teo omment Status R	L 12 chnologie 8.5.4 is identical alizer is as speci	l to the one in 121.8.5.4
The maxi Ethernet SuggestedRe Even if th for consis Response REJECT No evide The value	, (1998). Why w emedy he numbers in t stency. ence provided a les contained in	reflectance for SMF has bee vould we allow worse reflection this draft would work, it may <i>Response Status</i> C	ons now? be better to cha are wrong. consensus afte	nge -25 and -22 to -26,	impact C/ 122 Dawe, Pier Comment As far Suggested Chang	t of the requi	ed modif 3.5.3 Co the refer equalizer	cation. <i>P</i> 259 Mellanox Tec <i>omment Status</i> R ence equalizer in 122. hat the reference equa	L 12 chnologie 8.5.4 is identical alizer is as speci	# [i-149

C/ 124	SC 124.7.1	P 297	L 16	# i <u>-</u> 150	C/ 124	SC 1	124.8.7	P 301	L 8	# <u>i-</u> 152
Dawe, Piers	JG	Mellanox Tech	nnologie		Dawe, Pie	ers J G		Mellanox Tech	nnologie	
Comment Ty	vpe T	Comment Status R			Comment	Туре	т	Comment Status R		
with a di 0.93 and from the	ispersion minimu d +0.8 ps/nm. T e main mode. So	to 500 m at a wavelength be um between 1300 and 1324 he unit interval is 18.8 ps an o if a side mode is not suppr	nm. The disper the side mode ressed, it won't d	sion must be between - e might be 1.5 nm away cause a problem to the	receiv seem	ver, and p s wrong,	oroduct re as well a	t end and an equalizer capabl eceivers that must be equaliz as expensive. It is likely that equency and the signalling fre	ing too, the -3 d real receivers w	IB limit of 53.2 GHz
		0.7 ps or 0.037 UI of jitter: There is no need for this ve			Suggeste	dRemed	У			
	spec for this PMI				Chang CHz"	ge "appr	oximately	equal to the signaling rate (i	.e., 53.2 GHz)"	to "approximately 38.6

i-151

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the SMSR spec or use a more conventional wavelength spec.

Response

Response Status C

REJECT.

SMSR has been long established as an indicator and screen for mode instability in DFBs, which is otherwise difficult to detect because the instability may not occur except under particular conditions. Mode instability introduces not only jitter (as the commenter notes) but also amplitude noise, neither of which may be captured by TDECQ unless the particular conditions occur that stimulate mode instability. The commenter has not justified why the side mode is restricted to be 1.5 nm away from the main mode. Including an SMSR requirement in the standard follows precedent of many other IEEE specifications.

C/ 124	SC 124.7.1	P 297	L 31	#
Dawe, Piers	s J G	Mellanox Tech	nologie	

Response Status U

Comment Status R Comment Type TR

Requiring an extinction ratio of 5 dB restricts the range of transmitter technologies, pushing up the cost of this PMD, and 100GBASE-DR if it is aligned. Yet it does not benefit the link or the receiver significantly (they are protected by the TDECQ spec, and MPI penalty is a weak function of extinction ratio for PAM4 - very few 100th of dB difference). Depending on technology, a transmitter optimized for PAM4 may need a lower extinction ratio than one for NRZ, to reduce distortion.

SuggestedRemedy

Reduce the extinction ratio limit from 5 dB to e.g. 3 dB.

Response

REJECT.

Insufficient justification for the requested modification.

The reference to 100GBASE-DR is not appropriate, because there is no agreement to make this modification.

The commenter is invited to prepare a consensus presentation, including an analysis of the impact of the required modification.

0/124 00 124.0.7	1 301 20	# 1-132
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie	
Comment Type T	Comment Status R	

.68 GHz".

Response Status C Response

RFJFCT.

The reference equalizer can peak at up to the signaling rate, so RIN should be included up to that frequency. Also, a lower bandwidth misses the RIN peak for lasers with relaxation oscillation close to the signaling rate.

C/ 124	SC 124.8.9	P 301	L 28	# i-153
Dawe, Pier	s J G	Mellanox Tech	nnologie	

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status R

If the jitter corner frequency for 26.5625 GBd (NRZ and PAM4) is 4 MHz, shouldn't it be 8 MHz for 53 GBd PAM4? Or at least, the low frequency (sloping) part of the mask should scale with signalling rate, i.e. align if expressed in time vs. frequency. Compare 87.8.11.4 and 88.8.10. 4 MHz for 10.3125 GBd. 10 MHz for 25.78125 GBd.

SuggestedRemedy

Add another exception with a table like Table 121-12 but with the frequencies doubled.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

The jitter corner frequency was extensively discussed within the Task Force with multiple presentations on the topic. The CRU corner frequency was chosen to be 4 MHz for all interfaces (including 400GBASE-DR4) in the March 2016 TF meeting as recorded in: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/16 03/anslow 3bs 04 0316.pdf.

C/FM SC FM	P 11	L 27	# <u>i-</u> 154	C/ 122 SC	122.8.5.4	P 259	L 17	# <u>i</u> -156
Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Labora	atories of		Hidaka, Yasuo		Fujitsu Labor	atories of	
Comment Type T	Comment Status R		Bucket	Comment Type	т	Comment Status R		
This paragraph lists ma of 200 Gb/s and 400Gb	jor additions with higher spe /s, it should be listed.	eds. Since 802.3	3bs adds higher speeds	interval of er	ror is effec	d over only the central 0.1 L tively almost 1.0UI, because	e error in the rem	aining 0.9UI is ignored.
	ation (also called 100 Gigabi	, .	Ũ	FFE will be s	stable, if er central 0.1	table, because error in the ror ror is calculated over the ce UI of the eye diagram, we s	ntral 0.5 UI of the	e eye diagram. If we
	d 200 Gb/s operation (also c lled 400 Gigabit Ethernet).	called 200 Gigab	it Ethernet) and 400	SuggestedReme	edy			
Response	Response Status C			Option 1: Ch	ange T/2-s	spaced FFE to 0.9T-spaced	FFE.	
	describing amendments (su ing included in IEEE Std 802			·	Ū	spaced FFE to T-spaced FF mean square error over the		f the eve diagram.
or 400 Gb/s Ethernet (w text in the Suggested R	hich are described on Page emedy here.	13), so it is not	appropriate to add the	Response		Response Status C		
C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.4	P 228	L 12	# i-155	REJECT. In general, a	n equalize	r will be optimized to maxim	ize eve openina	over a small fraction of
Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Labora			the unit inter	val, as det	ermined by the time window	needed by a dee	cision circuit to sample
Comment Type T	Comment Status R					coming signal. There are m s compliant to Clause 68). F		
Since error is calculated interval of error is effect T/2-spaced FFE is unst FFE will be stable, if err	d over only the central 0.1 UI ively almost 1.0UI, because able, because error in the re or is calculated over the cen UI of the eye diagram, we sh	error in the rem maining 0.9UI is ntral 0.5 UI of the	aining 0.9UI is ignored. s ignored. T/2-spaced e eye diagram. If we	calculated of	ver half the	e unit interval would tend to r uently compromise the eye of	make the eye ope	ening much wider than
SuggestedRemedy								
Option 1: Change T/2-s	paced FFE to 0.9T-spaced F	FFE.						
Option 2: Change T/2-s	paced FFE to T-spaced FFE	Ξ.						

Option 3: Calcualte the mean square error over the central 0.5 UI of the eye diagram.

Response Status C

Response

REJECT.

In general, an equalizer will be optimized to maximize eye opening over a small fraction of the unit interval, as determined by the time window needed by a decision circuit to sample and discriminate the incoming signal. There are many deployed examples of this working just fine (e. g., modules compliant to Clause 68). Requiring the mean square error to be calculated over half the unit interval would tend to make the eye opening much wider than necessary and consequently compromise the eye opening over the 0.1 UI required by the decision circuit.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 40 # [i-1					# i-158
Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Laboratories of	Hidak	a, Yasuo	Fujitsu	Laboratories of	
Comment Type ER Comment Status A	Com	nent Type TR	Comment Status	R	
Specification of jitter is split to 120D.3.1.1 and 120D.3.1.8.			arameters of the second 20D-8 is not required for		
This is re-submission of comment #35 for D2.2.			chip-to-module interfac		
SuggestedRemedy	т	nis is re-submission	of comment #33 for D2	2.2.	
Reorganize 120D.3.1.1 and 120D.3.1.8 as follows:	Suga	estedRemedy			
120D.3.1.1 Output jitter 120D.3.1.1.1 J4 and J_RMS jitter		hange	y Equation (120D-8) co	amouted from p. max (and ISL cursors ofter
120D.3.1.1.2 Even-odd jitter					ibed in 93A.1.4.3 using
			ble 120D-7 applied and		
Change the references in Table 120D-1 as follows:	to				
			y Equation (120D-8) cc		
J_RMS (max) 120D.3.1.1.1 J4 (max) 120D.3.1.1.1			alculated with the select 120E.3.1.7 by Equation		linear equalizer (CTLE)
Even-odd jitter (max) 120D.3.1.1.2			re 120E-9 applied and o		
Response Response Status C	Resp	0	Response Status		
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	R	EJECT.		-	
See response to comment #i-87		o consensus for a c	hange at this time.		
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.			after comment resolution		
The response to comment i-87 is: Use text in	tr	e current measuren	nent method is adequat	e and there is no need	to simplify it.]
http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/06Mar_17/szczepanek_02_0306	17 elect.pd				
f as the basis of a new merged 120D.3.1.1. Remove existing 120D.3.1.8.	- '				
Grant editorial license to correct references elsewhere in the Annex.					
See also comments #i-157, i-63, i-30, i-32, i-33, i-89, i-26, i-86, i-114, i-115, i-116	5 i-68 & i-				
	,,.				

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1 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 356 L 24 # 1-159	C/ 118 SC 118.1.1 P 130 L 9 # <u>i-160</u>
idaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Laboratories of	D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologie
comment Type TR Comment Status R	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
The SNR_ISI specification is defined to be met for all transmit equalization settings. When the transmit equalization settings is stronger than required, the SNR_ISI includes not only ISI due to reflection, but also ISI due to over-equalization, because the CTLE in the COM parameter cannot suppress the high-frequency component. This is re-submission of comment #36 for D2.2. <i>uggestedRemedy</i> Change "The SNR_ISI specification shall be met for all transmit equalization settings."	Clock content / 4 lane interleaving issues related to the 200G/400G BASE-R PCS have been noted in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/19Dec_16/anslow_01_121916_elect.pdf. The 200GXS is identical in function to the 200GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119 with the addition of the functions defined in 118.2. The 400GXS is identical in function to the 400GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119 with the addition of the functions defined in 118.2. Therefore, any changes made to the 200GBASE-R or 400GBASE-R PCS's or constraints on them must be properly mirrored onto the respective 200GXS and 400GXS.
to "The SNR_ISI specification shall be met for all transmit equalization settings excepting	SuggestedRemedy
those settings which makes the mean value of ISI_cursors always negative regardless of the continuous time filter settings."	Resolution of the clock content / 4 lane interleaving issue must be properly mirrored onto the respective 200G/400G XS.
esponse Response Status C	Response Response Status C
REJECT. An equivalent comment #36 against D2.2 was rejected with a request for more data and an encouragement to gain consensus. This has not happened.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. No change has been made to the 200G/400G BASE-R PCS. See the response to comment #i-7.
No consensus for this change.	 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment i-7 is: A Straw poll was taken: I support the following option for solving the clock content concern (pick one): A Do nothing B Add a note warning of low clock content possibility C Define a new test pattern to ensure receivers are capable of dealing with the reduced clock content D Restricted muxing (natural pairs) E Add the additional 7-bit scrambler for the messages before FEC encoding Result - A: 0, B: 31, C: 0, D: 12, E: 3 Add the following to the end of 120.5.2:
	"NOTE-PMA output lanes composed of some specific combinations of four PCSLs with specific skew offsets (e.g., 400GBASE-R PCSLs 0, 2, 4, and 10 with delays 0, 1, 0, and 2 bits, respectively) may have reduced transition density." In 124.2, at the end of the paragraph that starts: "In the receive direction, the PMD
	continuously sends four parallel symbol streams to the PMA corresponding to the signals

C/ 118 SC 118.5.3	P 138	L 9	# <u>i-</u> 161	C/ 116 SC 11	6.1.3	P 107	L 35	# <u>i-</u> 163
D'Ambrosia, John	Futurewei Tec	hnologie		D'Ambrosia, John		Futurewei Tech	nologie	
Comment Type T	Comment Status A		Bucket	Comment Type	E	Comment Status R		
	AND 400GXS refer to the sub 1, but this concept is actually i			the Physical Co	ding Su	- "200GBASE-R represents a blayer for		,
SuggestedRemedy						r multiple PCS lanes (see Cla R PCS". The same is also tru		
Move PHYXS and DTE 200GXS and 400GXS	EXS above 200GXS and 400G to 118.1.2.	XS. Change s	ubclause reference for	which uses the				
Response	Response Status C			SuggestedRemedy				
ACCEPT.				Change sentenc "200GBASE-R r for		ead - nts a family of Physical Layer	devices using	the 200GBASE-R PCS
C/ 118 SC 118.1.2 D'Ambrosia, John	P 130 Futurewei Tec	L 15 hnologie	# i-162	200 Gb/s operat "400GBASE-R r		er multiple PCS lanes (see Cla nts a family of Physical Layer		the 400GBASE-R PCS
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			for 400 Gb/s operat	tion ove	er multiple PCS lanes (see Cla	use 119)."	
	ver, no reference to the word "i d can are defined in 6.4.7 of th			Clause 119 defir	nes the	the current text. 200GBASE PCS sublayer for that family, 80.1.4 for 40GBASE-R and 10	hence: "200G	BASE-R PCS".
Clause 119"	ead - mented, shall be identical in fu mented, shall be identical in fu			C/ 116 SC 11 D'Ambrosia, John Comment Type		P 108 Futurewei Tech Comment Status A	L 27 nologie	# <u>i-164</u>
Response ACCEPT.	Response Status C			for optical or ele	ectrical s	100GbE (Table 80.3 and Tabl solutions. Table 116-3 and 11 has also adopted the approac	6-4 do not ma	ke similar
				optical)") "Table 116-3PHY type and) ""Table 116-4PHY type and		,
				Response ACCEPT.		Response Status C		

		IEEE P	802.3bs D3.0	0 200 Gb/s & 400 Gb/s	Ethernet In	itial Sponsor	ballot comme	ents		
C/ 121 SC Behtash, Saman	121.8.5.4	P 228 Exsilica	L 12	# <u>i-</u> 165	Cl 120D Le Chemin	SC 120D.3.2 . ant, Greg	2	P 359	L 8	# i-167
SuggestedRemed	der changing th	omment Status R ne reference equalizer to	a T spaced equ	alizer.	reclock the pre defined	using compliant er cleaning the scribed test patt l in 119.2.4.9.	stressed clock in	urce many i put. A BER	RT pattern gener	ugh jitter due to its ator cannot generate I FEC encapsulated
equalizer to b equalizer as i An equivalent spaced FFE, reflections) w would require TDECQ value	een considerabl be used for the it is. tly effective T s and could com which the shorte a T/2 spaced es. Since this is sary constraint	sponse Status C e discussion on the choi TDECQ measurement w paced EQ would have a pensate for some long p r T/2 spaced FFE could EQ to be longer than oth s a reference EQ, it shou s. A 5 tap T/2 spaced F	vith the consens longer time spa period impairmer not. Thus a T s perwise necessa ildn't burden an	us being to keep the in than the current T/2 ints (e. g., due to paced reference EQ ry for reasonable EQ implementation	from th d) As a error ra ratio te error ra scramb	PRBS31Q as an e Interference to n alternative to ttio it is permissi sting. In this ca- ttio. Note that th oled idle test patt quirement with th	blerance test: using the scramb ble to use the Pf se the required b his requirement of tern and measur	oled idle tes RBS31Q as it error ratio an be some ing FEC syr tern does n	t pattern and me described in 11 b is equal to the ewhat more strin mbol error ratio,	a of the list of exceptions easuring FEC symbol 9.2.4.9 and bit error required FEC symbol gent than using the and therefore failing this nply a failure of the jitter
Cl 00 SC Behtash, Saman Comment Type Please consid modulation so SuggestedRemed	T C der changing N cheme.	P Exsilica omment Status A RZ to PAM2 keeping in t	L mind that PAM4	# [i-166	[Editor Add the test: d) As a error ra bit erro symbol stringe	e following text to n alternative to ttio it is permissi r ratio testing. In error ratio divid nt than using the	the second secon	le list of exc bled idle tes RBS31Q pa quired bit en hat this requ test pattern	eptions from the t pattern and me ttern as describe rror ratio is equa uirement can be and measuring	ent period] e Interference tolerance easuring FEC symbol ed in 120.5.11.2.2 and I to the required FEC somewhat more FEC symbol error ratio, m does not necessarily
In 120B.1 and	PRINCIPLE. change "using	sponse Status C NRZ encoding" to "usin ge "using NRZ signaling es each)	-	-			er tolerance test			n does not necessarily