C/FM SC FM	P 11	L <b>27</b>	# i-154	C/ 0	SC 0	Р	L	# i-42
Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Laborato	ries of		Anslow, P	eter	Ciena Co	prporation	
Comment Type <b>T</b> This paragraph lists m of 200 Gb/s and 400G SuggestedRemedy After " 100 Gb/s ope IEEE Std 802.3bs add	Comment Status D hajor additions with higher speed Sb/s, it should be listed. eration (also called 100 Gigabit E ded 200 Gb/s operation (also call called 400 Gigabit Ethernet). Response Status O	s. Since 802.3 thernet).", add	d the following:	Comment As the P802. stand Suggester Accou	Type E expected app 3bs is decided ard made by the dRemedy int for any char inced to be able Response	Comment Status D roval order for amendment by the Working Group Cha ese amendments. ages to the base standard and of P802.3bs as well as Response Status O	is to IEEE Std 802.3 air, account for any made by any further	changes to the base
"min", or "max" is sub- equation. This is also presented inconsisten SuggestedRemedy	Ciena Corporation Comment Status D tory Editorial Coordination contain scripted, it should appear in an u the same for terms such as "RLI only throughout this draft"	ns: "every ins pright font, bc M", "Pave", an	oth in the text and in the d "Pth1" which are	Comment This c Suggestee	<i>Type</i> <b>G</b> Iraft meets all e	Comment Status D editorial requirements. Response Status O		
Correct the font used they are in accordanc	for variables in the text and equa e with the IEEE style manual	tions through	out the draft so that	C/ 1	SC 1.5	P 35	L <b>5</b> 3	# i-56
Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>			King, Jona	athan		orporation	
Cl 0 SC 0 Behtash, Saman Comment Type T Please consider chang modulation scheme. SuggestedRemedy	<i>P</i> Exsilica <i>Comment Status</i> <b>D</b> ging NRZ to PAM2 keeping in m	L ind that PAM4	# [i-166	Suggester To the	breviation for S	Comment Status D ER is needed previations, add SER <i>Response Status</i> O	Symbol Error Rati	0
Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>							

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 1 SC 1.5

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1	.15 <i>P</i> 39	L <b>0</b>	# i-46	C/ 45	SC 45.2.1.1.4	P 45	L <b>0</b>	# li-47
Slavick, Jeff	Broadcom Li	-	# 1-40	Slavick, J		F 43 Broadcom Li		# 1-47
	Comment Status <b>D</b> include Clause 119, which do ers, but no indicator that the F		5			Comment Status <b>D</b> te loopback control bits, th d ability register.	e definition of the	e bits refer to the PMA
SuggestedRemedy				Suggeste	dRemedy			
error correction (see 65.2, Clause 74, To: A read-only value	value that indicates if the PH , Clause 91, and Clause 108) that indicates if the PHY sup , Clause 108, and Clause 119	ports forward err		For 4 PMA/ To: Fe	0/100 Gb/s operati PMD extended ab or operation at rate	/s operation, the remote loo on, the remote loopback al ility register. as greater than 10Gb/s the ID supports the remote loop	bility bit is specifi rate appropriate	ied in the 40G/100G
Proposed Response	Response Status O			Proposed	Response	Response Status O		
C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1	I. <b>18</b> P <b>40</b> Intel	L <b>30</b>	# i-12	C/ <b>45</b> Slavick, J	SC 45.2.1.1.5	P <b>45</b> Broadcom Li	L <b>0</b> imited	# li-48
Comment Type <b>T</b>	Comment Status D			Comment	Type TR	Comment Status D		
"Each element of this array contains a count of corrected FEC blocks" seems to be a copy/paste error. aFECUncorrectableBlocks should count uncorrectable rather than					2.1.1.5 PMA local ause and extended	loopback control bits, the o	definition of the b	its refer to the PMA
corrected blocks				SuggestedRemedy				
(The error appears in in scope of the projec SuggestedRemedy Change "corrected" to Proposed Response	,	the paragraph is	s amended so may be	10GB optior which adver PMA shall functi functi	ASE-X, 40GBASE nal for all other por do not support loo tised in the local lo that is unable to p return a value of zo onality is detailed onality is detailed	back function is mandatory E-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4, and t types, except 2BASE-TL, opback. A device's ability to opback ability bit of the rel erform the local loopback fu ero when read. For 10 Gb/s in 48.3.3 and 51.8. For 40/ in 83.5.8. For 10/40/100 G	d 100GBASE-CF 10PASS-TS, an perform the loc ated speed depe unction shall igno s operation, the le 100 Gb/s operati	R10 port type and d 10/1GBASE-PRX, al loopback function is endent status register. A pre writes to this bit and ocal loopback on, the local loopback

bit is specified in the PMA PMD status 2 register. To: For port types that contain an optional local loopback, a device's ability to perform the local loopback function is advertised in the local loopback ability bit in the PMA/PMD status 2 register. A PMA that is unable to perform the local loopback function shall ignore writes to this bit and shall return a value of zero when read.

Proposed Response Response Status **0** 

C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.1.5

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.9 Slavick, Jeff	P <b>50</b> Broadcom Lin	<i>L</i> <b>25</b> iited	# i-50	<i>CI</i> 78 SC 78.5 RAN, ADEE	P <b>103</b> Intel	L <b>4</b>	# <u>i</u> -14
	Comment Status <b>D</b> not states all PMDs provide a r dn't necessarily be stating whi			PCS/FEC processin	Comment Status D 200GXS/400GXS subayers wi g. dicate that. The LPI timing para		·
Proposed Response	Response Status 0				rs practically form a full 200GB at their timing parameters are th		
	4e P 45 Broadcom Lin	<i>L</i> <b>41</b> iited	# [i-49		ow in the base document can she transmitter delay Tw_sys_txers.		
	Comment Status <b>D</b> the MDIO register bit name, but have the 200G in the name and		definition of the bit.	SuggestedRemedy Add a new row with a new table footnote	PHY or interface type" 200GX (b) stating:	S/400GXS, and	Tw_sys_tx =0.34, with
SuggestedRemedy 400G to 1.24:15 name Proposed Response	e and description Response Status <b>O</b>			instance of 200GXS	_sys_tx of a PHY is increased 400GXS on the transmit path. nay require an increase of Tw_ DP (see 79.3.5).	A PHY that inclu	ides 200GXS/400GXS
				Proposed Response	Response Status 0		
<i>CI</i> 78 SC 78.1 RAN, ADEE	P <b>102</b> Intel	L <b>9</b>	# i-13				
transparent to LPI (un deep-sleep LPI). PMD However, the list shou	Comment Status <b>D</b> PHY types in should not includ like 25GAUI, XLAUI and CAUI is which are transparent to LPI Id include the 200GXS and 40 ing LPI signaling, which do ap	-n, which have (like all optical 0GXS, since th	special behavior in PMDs) are not listed. ey do have special				
SuggestedRemedy							

Change "the 200GAUI-8 or 200GAUI-4" to "the 200GXS". Change "the 400GAUI-16 or 400GAUI-8" to "the 400GXS".

Proposed Response Response Status **0** 

C/ 78 SC 78.5

C/78 SC 78.5.1	P <b>103</b>	L 17	# i-15	C/ 93A SC 93A.1.4	.2 <i>P</i> 318	L 11	# i-79
RAN, ADEE	Intel			Mellitz, Richard	Samtec, Inc.		
Comment Type <b>T</b> 78.5.1 (not included in is relevant for 200GXS The text in the existing request will be submitte SuggestedRemedy Bring 78.5.1 into the dr Change its title from "1 extender sublayers". Insert the following new "The 200GXS/400GXS 400 Gb/s PHY, respect	Comment Status <b>D</b> the draft) is titled "10 Gb/s PF and 400GXS too. subclause seems to include a ed). The suggested remedy in raft. 0 Gb/s PHY extension using 2 w paragraph at the end of 78.5 5 (Clause 118) can be inserted ctively, to transparently extended the LPI signaling can operate the s	an incorrect stat cludes modified XGXS" to "PHY 5.1: I between the R I the physical re	ement (a maintenance I text. extension using S and a 200 Gb/s or ach of the	Comment Type TR The meaning of fp2 c much confusion. In ec fp2 is meant to be a lo SuggestedRemedy In equation 93a-21a c Proposed Response	Comment Status D hanges between equation 93A quation 93A-22 fp2 is used as to bw frequency pole associated w change fp2 and fz1 to syntax bac <i>Response Status</i> W use changed from "92A.1.4.2"	the highest freq with fz2. ased on equatio	quency pole. In 93A-21a
Proposed Response	Response Status O						
C/ 78 SC 78.5.2 RAN, ADEE Comment Type T There is no need to list	P 103 Intel Comment Status D t the new AUIs here since the	L 19	# [i-16	I			
25GAUI, XLAUI and C							
Other interfaces and P listed.	MDs which are transparent to	LPI (like all opti	ical PMDs) are not				
SuggestedRemedy							
,	e editorial instructions to chan	ge it from this a	mendment.				
Proposed Response	Response Status 0						

C/ 93A SC 93A.1.4.2

C/ 93A SC 93A.1.4.3 P 318 L 7 # [i-55 RAN, ADEE Intel	Cl         116         SC         116.1.3         P 107         L 35         # i-163           D'Ambrosia, John         Futurewei Technologie         Futurewei Technologie         Futurewei Technologie         Futurewei Technologie
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         **** Comment submitted with the file 92284600003-Suggested change to Eq 93A-22.pdf attached ***         The amendment of this annex to include a new CTLE transfer function was done in a way that is likely to confuse readers that are familiar with the old CTLE.	Comment Type         E         Comment Status         D           The following is stated - "200GBASE-R represents a family of Physical Layer devices using the Physical Coding Sublayer for 200 Gb/s operation over multiple PCS lanes (see Clause 119). But Clause 119 uses language "200GBASE-R PCS". The same is also true for the reference to 400GBASE-R, which uses the 400GBASE-R PCS.
In previous clauses that used COM, equation 93A-22 was used with f_p2 as a high- frequency pole, essentially limiting the bandwidth of the CTLE. In the clauses that use the new low-frequency CTLE (such as 120D) f_p2 is redefined to be a low-frequency pole, with value equal to the new parameter f_z2. Assigning a new and different meaning to an existing parameter is not a good idea. Instead of introducing a new equation, it is preferable to re-use equation 93A-22, keep the existing meaning of all variables, and add a new zero-pole pair for the low-frequency CTLE, with defaults that cause this pair to cancel when used in the old clauses.	SuggestedRemedy         Change sentences to read -         "200GBASE-R represents a family of Physical Layer devices using the 200GBASE-R PCS for         200 Gb/s operation over multiple PCS lanes (see Clause 119)."         "400GBASE-R represents a family of Physical Layer devices using the 400GBASE-R PCS for         400 Gb/s operation over multiple PCS lanes (see Clause 119)."         Proposed Response       Response Status       0
<ul> <li>When invoking COM, as in table 120D-8, this will enable keeping the existing meaning of f_p2 and specifying the low-frequency CTLE separately.</li> <li>SuggestedRemedy Delete eq 93A-21a and instead modify eq 93A-22 as in the attachment, using a new parameter f_LF which will replace f_z2. Instead of the text that was added to 93A.1.4.3, add a statement that when g_DC2 is not provided, it takes the value 0 and f_LF takes the value 1 (arbitrary, zero and pole will cancel out). In Table 93A-1, delete the parameter f_z2 and remove the modification in the table row. Instead, add a new row "Continuous time filter, low-frequency pole" with symbol f_LF, and a comment as in D3.0. In table 120D-8 (COM parameters), delete the row for f_z2, add f_LF with value f_b/40 and change value of f_p2 to f_b. Proposed Response Response Status O</li></ul>	Cl 116       SC 116.1.4       P 108       L 27       # [i-164]         D'Ambrosia, John       Futurewei Technologie       Futurewei Technologie         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The 802.3 standard for 100GbE (Table 80.3 and Table 80.4) designate whether the table is for optical or electrical solutions. Table 116-3 and 116-4 do not make similar designations. 802.3cd has also adopted the approach of designating the type         SuggestedRemedy       Change title of 116-3 to "Table 116-3PHY type and clause correlation (200GBASE optical)"       Change title of 116-4 to ""Table 116-4PHY type and clause correlation (400GBASE optical)"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O

C/ 116 SC 116.1.4

Cl         116         SC         116.5         P 116         L 16         # i-37           Anslow, Peter         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation	C/         116         SC         116.5         P 119         L 29         #         i-105           Dawe, Piers J G         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate.         SuggestedRemedy         Change "Skew Variation must be limited to ensure that each PCS lane always traverses" to "Skew Variation should be limited so that each PCS lane always traverses"	Comment TypeTRComment StatusDThe Skew Variation limits need updating according to the principles in http://ieee802.org/3/ba/public/may08/anslow_01_0508.pdf as explained in http://ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Jan17/wertheim_3cd_01_0117.pdfThe unit interval here is 38 (or 19) ps not 97 ps. The 8/4-lane module PMA is a completely different design to a host SerDes, and naturally, Tx and Rx sides are different designs. These relatively small FIFOs (just a few UI) are very expensive per UI in e.g. power, and consume some power even if never used.
Proposed Response Response Status O	SuggestedRemedy Change SP1 from 0.2 ns, ~5 UI, N/A to 0.11 ns, ~3 UI, N/A. Change SP2 from 0.4 ns, ~11 UI, N/A to 0.22 ns, ~6 UI, NA.
Cl 116       SC 116.5       P 119       L 8       # [i-104]         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         Table 116-7 has 80 ns for optical skew, and 100 ns for electrical (PCB), PMD and PMA skew. This is the same in ns as 802.3ba, but a total of 76,500 bits instead of 18,562.5, or 4.12 times as many bits to buffer. While this may not be as expensive as just a few bits in an optical module, some of this is an avoidable cost. The Skew limits need updating according to the principles used there (see http://ieee802.org/3/ba/public/may08/anslow_01_0508.pdf ). The unit interval here is 38 (or 19) ps not 97 ps, and the number of lanes is 4 not 10.	Change SP3 from 0.6 ns, ~16 UI, ~32 UI to 0.42 ns, ~11 UI, ~22 UI.Change SP4 from 3.4 ns, ~90 UI, ~181 UI to 3.22 ns, ~86 UI, ~171 UI.Change SP5 from 3.6 ns, ~96 UI, N/A to 3.42 ns, ~91 UI, N/A.Change SP6 from 3.8 ns, ~101 UI, N/A to 3.53 ns, ~94 UI, N/A.Change "At PCS receive" from 4 ns, ~106 UI, N/A to 3.73 ns, ~99 UI, N/A.Make the equivalent changes in the following clauses.It doesn't matter much if the SP4,5,6 and "At PCS receive" limits are changed or not.Proposed ResponseResponse Status
SuggestedRemedy Change SP1 from 29 ns, ~770 UI to 16 ns, ~425 UI. Change SP2 from 43 ns, ~1142 UI to 24 ns, ~628 UI. Change SP3 from 54 ns, ~1434 UI to 35 ns, ~930 UI. Change SP4 from 134 ns, ~3559 UI to 115 ns, ~3055 UI. Change SP5 from 145 ns, ~3852 UI to 126 ns, ~3347 UI. Change SP6 from 160 ns, ~4250 UI to 134 ns, ~3559 UI. Change "At PCS receive" from 180 ns, ~4781 UI to 145 ns, ~3852 UI. Make the equivalent changes in the following clauses.	Cl 117       SC 117.1.1       P 122       L 24       # i-81         Trowbridge, Stephen       Nokia       Nokia         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         Item (h) makes it sound as though two identical XS sublayers are used.       SuggestedRemedy         Change       "200GMII/400GMII can be extended through the use of two 200GXS/400GXS sublayers" to "200GMII/400GMII can be extended through the use of a pair (DTE XS and PHY XS) of 200GXS/400GXS sublayers"
Proposed Response Response Status O	Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 117 SC 117.1.1

C/ 117 SC 117.1.5 P 123 L 4 # i-36	Cl 118 SC 118.1.2 P130 L 15 # i-162				
Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation	D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologie				
Comment Type E Comment Status D	Comment Type TR Comment Status D				
The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate. SuggestedRemedy	The following is stated - "The 200GXS is identical in function to the 200GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119" and "The 400GXS is identical in function to the 400GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119". However, no reference to the word "is" is defined in the style guideline. Shall, should, may, and can are defined in 6.4.7 of the IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual.				
Change "The 200GMII/400GMII maximizes media independence by" to "The 200GMII/400GMII provides media independence by"	SuggestedRemedy				
Proposed Response Response Status O	Change sentence to read - "The 200GXS, if implemented, shall be identical in function to the 200GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119" "The 400GXS, if implemented, shall be identical in function to the 400GBASE-R PCS in				
C/ 118         SC 118.1.1         P 130         L 9         # [i-160           D'Ambrosia, John         Futurewei Technologie	Clause 119"				
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>				
http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/19Dec_16/anslow_01_121916_elect.pdf. The 200GXS is identical in function to the 200GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119 with the addition of the functions defined in 118.2. The 400GXS is identical in function to the 400GBASE-R PCS in Clause 119 with the addition of the functions defined in 118.2. Therefore, any changes made to the 200GBASE-R or 400GBASE-R PCS's or constraints on them must be properly mirrored onto the respective 200GXS and 400GXS.	Trowbridge, Stephen       Nokia         Comment Type       ER       Comment Status       D         Error in implementing change to Arabic numerals       SuggestedRemedy       Change "CCMI or 400GMIII" to "200GMII or 400GMII"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O				
Resolution of the clock content / 4 lane interleaving issue must be properly mirrored onto the respective 200G/400G XS.	C/ 118 SC 118.5.3 P138 L9 # <u>i-161</u>				
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologie				
	Comment Type         T         Comment Status         D           The PICS for 200GXS AND 400GXS refer to the substitution of the XS for the respective PCS and point to 118.1, but this concept is actually introduced in 118.1.2.				
	SuggestedRemedy				
	Move PHYXS and DTEXS above 200GXS and 400GXS. Change subclause reference fo 200GXS and 400GXS to 118.1.2.				

C/ 118 SC 118.5.3

	# i-7	C/ 119 SC 119.2.4.4	P 151	L 23	# i-52
s <b>D</b> ave unusual clock content fo 4:1 muxing. See	-	Comment Type <b>TR</b> Com At the end of the 2nd paragrap at this point. So defining what SuggestedRemedy Delete: "The fixed pad within th	nment Status <b>D</b> In you talk about a "Fix that is would be usefu the alignment markers a	ted pad" but hav I. and the PRBS9	pad at the end of the
	1_0317.	unique pad (UP0-UP2) within t alignment maker group are ign	he alignment markers lored on receive." to th	and the PRBS9	pad at the end of the
ia s <b>D</b> ield" to "All block type value:	# <u>i-83</u> s not listed in Figure	Description is not as clear as in SuggestedRemedy Change " and reassemble the "and reassemble the aggregat	t could be. aggregate stream befo e stream before FEC c		
ha Corporation s <b>D</b> ks generated by this process led bits are used as the refe " is misleading as G.709 has	erence signal for s not been modified	The pre-FEC degrade signalin 119 PCS is below a clause 114 SuggestedRemedy See presentation. Proposed re	g description is incomp 8 XS or when clause 1 medy includes change	19 PCS receives	S LD from far end.
	ix, Inc.sDave unusual clock content fraction4:1 muxing. Seeelect/19Dec_16/anslow_01.sspecified in gustlin_3bs_0sS147 $L$ 48iasbield" to "All block type valuesO149 $L$ 1na CorporationsDks generated by this processled bits are used as the refer" is misleading as G.709 ha	in the second s	ix, Inc. s D ave unusual clock content for a few PCS muxing 4:1 muxing. See elect/19Dec_16/anslow_01_121916_elect.pdf for s specified in gustlin_3bs_01_0317. s O 147 $L$ 48 $\#$ $\vdots$ 83 ia s D 147 $L$ 48 $\#$ $\vdots$ 83 ield" to "All block type values not listed in Figure s O 149 $L$ 1 $\#$ $\vdots$ 43 149 $L$ 1 $\#$ $i$ 43 149 $L$ 1 $H$ $i$ $i$ $i$ 43 149 $L$ 1 $H$ $i$	ix, Inc.       Slavick, Jeff       Broadcom Lim         s D       ave unusual clock content for a few PCS muxing       At the end of the 2nd paragraph you talk about a "Fib at this point. So defining what that is would be useful         s specified in gustlin_3bs_01_0317.       So       Delete: "The fixed pad within the alignment markers alignment maker group are ignored on receive." from unique pad (UPO-UP2) within the alignment markers alignment maker group are ignored on receive." to the Proposed Response         147       L 48       # [i-83]         ia       S       O         147       L 48       # [i-83]         ia       S       O         148       # [i-43]       Cl 119       SC 119.2.4.4       P 151         Gustlin, Mark       Xilinx, Inc.       Comment Type       E       Comment Status D         Description is not as clear as it could be.       SuggestedRemedy       Change " and reassemble the aggregate stream before FEC or Proposed Response       Response Status O         148       L 1       # [i-43]       Cl 119       SC 119.2.4.4       P 151         Trowbridge, Stephen       Nokia       Comment Type       Trowbridge, Stephen       Nokia         Comment Type       TR       Comment Type       TR       Comment Status D         The pre-FEC degrade signaling description is incomp       Trowbridge, St	ix, Inc.       Siavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         s D       ave unusual clock content for a few PCS muxing       Siavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         s is D       At the end of the 2nd paragraph you talk about a "Fixed pad" but hav at this point. So defining what that is would be useful.       SuggestedRemedy         s s pecified in gustlin_3bs_01_0317.       Belete: "The fixed pad within the alignment markers and the PRBS9 alignment maker group are ignored on receive." to the end of the 4th Proposed Response       Response Status O         147       L 48       H 183       Cl 119       SC 119.2.4.4       P 151       L 32         ia       gustlin, Mark       Xilinx, Inc.       Comment Type       E       Comment Status D         ia       Description is not as clear as it could be.       SuggestedRemedy       Change " and reassemble the aggregate stream before fEC decoding is perfor         ia       O       Cl 119       SC 119.2.4.4       P 151       L 30         ia       Nark       Xilinx, Inc.       Comment Type       E       Comment Status D         ia       Comment Type       E       Comment Status D       Description is not as clear as it could be.       SuggestedRemedy         ia       O       Cl 119       SC 119.2.4.4       P 151       L 50         is generated by this process, together with the led

C/ 119 SC 119.2.4.4

C/         119         SC 119.2.4.5         P 157         L 20         # i-35           Anslow, Peter         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation	C/         119         SC         119.2.6.2.1         P 165         L 22         # i-11           Gustlin, Mark         Xilinx, Inc.         Xilinx, Inc. </td
Comment Type <b>E</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> In "m_A and m_B", m_A should be m subscript A and m_B should be m subscript B	Comment Type E Comment Status D Add hyphen to # bit
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Change m_A to m subscript A and change m_B to m subscript B	Change "72 bit" to 72-bit to be consistent with the rest of the clause, do the same for the
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	other examples on this page.
	Proposed Response Response Status O
C/ 119 SC 119.2.4.8 P 160 L 1 # 1-102	
Vertheim, Oded Mellanox Technologie	C/         119         SC         119.2.6.2.2         P 166         L 10         #         i-10           Gustlin, Mark         Xilinx, Inc.         <
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	
The scrambler and bit distribution scheme that we use in clause 119 creates for a set of {lanes, delays} a 53GBd pattern with a limited clock content and large percent of transitions with the same LSB.	Comment Type E Comment Status D Variables are not all alphabetized, for example align_status and first_pcsl.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy Alphabetize them.
Few remedy options are available in the PCS level: a. Change the pre-FEC distribution to 257b round robin (compared with the current 10b). b. Move the scrambler above the transcoding (similar to 802.3bj) c. Add a PRBS7 as proposed in anslow_01_121916_elect	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
c. Add a PRDS7 as proposed in ansiow_01_121910_elect	C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2.3 P 167 L 33 # i-8
In addition, we can investigate options to solve the issue in lower layers as discussed in gustlin_01_0217_logic	Gustlin, Mark Xilinx, Inc.
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Comment Type <b>TR</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> The last sentence of AMP_COMPARE is incorrect and partly leftover from clause 91.
C/ 119 SC 119.2.5.3 P 163 L 27 # i-51 Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited	SuggestedRemedy Change "If current_pcsl and first_pcsl are 0, amp_match is set to true." to "If current_pcsl and first_pcsl indicate the same pcs lane number, amp_match is set to true."
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Proposed Response Response Status O
The degrade feature doesn't define what to increase the count by when an uncorrectable codeword occurs.	
SuggestedRemedy	
Add: "If the decoder determines that a codeword was uncorrectable, then the number of symbol errors detected is increased by the number of RS symbols in the codeword (assume all symbols were in error)." into the last paragph of 119.2.5.3 or add: "If the decoder determines that a codeword was uncorrectable, then the counter tracking symbol errors is set to it's maximal value (immediately causing a degrade condition to occur)." into the last paragraph of 119.2.5.3	

Proposed Response Response Status **0** 

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2.3 Page 9 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

C/ 119 SC 119.6 Brown, Matthew	P 181 Applied Micro	L <b>19</b> (AMCC)	# i-1	C/ <b>120</b> SC <b>120.5.</b> 1 RAN, ADEE	P <b>190</b> Intel	L <b>20</b>	# <u>i-17</u>
Comment Type E	Comment Status D	(********)		Comment Type TR	Comment Status D		
	ling levels are level 3 but sho	uld be level 4 a	s follows:	As noted in 120.5.11 PMA at the receive s the PMD).	.2.4, a square wave may not b ide of the 200GAUI-4 or 400G	AUI-8 (whether o	or not it is adjacent to
Note that this caused a	bit of a problem when amend	ding this subclau	use in P802.3cd.		nis clause that states that the P work well with a square wave (		
SuggestedRemedy Change the listed headi Proposed Response	ngs to heading level 4. Response Status <b>O</b>			PRBS31/PRBS31Q. should not expect CI	phavior should only be specified SSPR and square wave are us DRs to operate with the same p	sed for transmitt	er testing, and we with valid data. But as
r ioposed Nesponse	Response Status				is no special treatment for the pattern-agnostic. This is an over		BER requirements in
C/ 119A SC 119A Slavick, Jeff	P <b>319</b> Broadcom Lim	L <b>36</b> ited	# i-54	This subclause seen to cope with this kind	ns to be the right place to state I of patterns.	that the PMA re	eceiver is not expected
Comment Type E Missing space after cxb	Comment Status D			SuggestedRemedy Add a new paragrapl	n at the end of 120.5.1:		
SuggestedRemedy Add the space Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>			PRBS31/PRBS31Q	very specifications apply for re test patterns. Feeding other pa a PMA through a physically ins	tterns (such as s	square wave or
				Proposed Response	Response Status 0		
C/ 120 SC 120.1.1 Trowbridge, Stephen	<i>P</i> <b>183</b> Nokia	L 10	# i-85				
Comment Type T The PMA is not only for connect the DTE XS to t	Comment Status D the PCS to connect to a ran the PHY XS.	ge of physical m	edia. It is also used to				
physical media." to "The the PCS (specified in Cl	ause 119) to connect in a m	edia-independer	nt way with a range of				
Proposed Response	Response Status 0						

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120 SC 120.5.1

C/ 120         SC 120.5.10         P 196         L 24         # i-44	C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 200 L 31 # i-107
nslow, Peter Ciena Corporation	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type T Comment Status D	Comment Type E Comment Status D
This says: "The ability to perform this function is indicated by the Remote_loopback_ability status variable." but there is no Remote_loopback_ability status variable. There are, however, "200G_Remote_loopback_ability" and "400G_Remote_loopback_ability"	This is convoluted and hard to follow, worse now that the seeds are not the starting bit sequences any more.
variables.	SuggestedRemedy
uggestedRemedy	Please add a table of beginning and end bit and PAM4 symbol sequences. Table 120D- PRBS13Q pattern symbols used for jitter measurement, is an example of a helpful table.
Change the first two sentences of this paragraph to: "The ability to perform this function is indicated by the 200G_Remote_loopback_ability and 400G_Remote_loopback_ability status variables for the 200GBASE-R PMA and	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
400GBASE-R PMA, respectively. If a Clause 45 MDIO is implemented, the 200G_Remote_loopback_ability and 400G_Remote_loopback_ability variables are	Cl 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 200 L 43 # i-108
accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e.1) and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f.1), respectively."	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
oposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Comment Type T Comment Status D
	SSPRQ is use on the Tx side only, as is clear from MDIO registers. Also it is not intende
120 SC 120.5.10 P 196 L 25 # 1-53	to be multiplexed up (i.e. one would not generate SSPRQ in a PMA with 50 Gb/s lanes to test a 100 Gb/s/lane PMD Tx, but one could generate it in the 100 Gb/s/lane PMA).
	SuggestedRemedy
lavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited	SuggestedRemedy
lavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited	SuggestedRemedy Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"
Broadcom Limited       omment Type     TR     Comment Status       D       The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.	SuggestedRemedy
avick, Jeff     Broadcom Limited       omment Type     TR     Comment Status       D     The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.	SuggestedRemedy Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"
Broadcom Limited         owment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel
Broadcom Limited         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         SuggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D
avick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         omment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         roposed Response       Response Status       O	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel
avick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         omment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         roposed Response       Response Status       O         120       SC 120.5.11.2.1       P 198       L 9       # i-106	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAM4 symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list
avick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         omment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         roposed Response       Response Status       O         V 120       SC 120.5.11.2.1       P 198       L 9       # i-106	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel       Intel       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAMA symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.
Iterative and the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         In the remote_loopback_ability bit is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         In the remote Response Response Status Interval accessible through Base Response Status Interval accessible through Base Response Status Interval accessible through Base Response Respons	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAMA symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.         SuggestedRemedy
Iavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         troposed Response       Response Status       O         c1 120       SC 120.5.11.2.1       P 198       L 9       # i-106         awe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAMA symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.         SuggestedRemedy       Use dash list format for the paragraphs from "Bit sequence A" until "The repeating SSPRQ pattern" (inclusive).
Iavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         Indexector       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.         uggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         roposed Response       Response Status       O         If 120       SC 120.5.11.2.1       P 198       L 9       # i-106         awe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         omment Type       E       Comment Status       D         Usually we say in which order a sequence goes, as done for the seed at line 7. One could reverse engineer this but anyway	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAMA symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.         SuggestedRemedy       Use dash list format for the paragraphs from "Bit sequence A" until "The repeating
Ilavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The remote_loopback_ability bit is in the extended register for each 200G and 400G.       SuggestedRemedy         Change: "this variable is accessible through bit 1.13.15 (45.2.1.12.1)." to "this variable is accessible through bit 1.23.15 (45.2.1.14e) for a 200GBASE-R PMA and bit 1.24.15 (45.2.1.14f) for a 400GBASE-R PMA."         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         C/ 120       SC 120.5.11.2.1       P 198       L 9       # [i-106]         Pawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         Usually we say in which order a sequence goes, as done for the seed at line 7. One could	SuggestedRemedy         Change "A PMA may optionally include" to "A Tx direction PMA may optionally include"         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 120       SC 120.5.11.2.3       P 200       L 51       # i-18         RAN, ADEE       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The paragraphs following the sentence "The SSPRQ pattern is a repeating 2^16-1 PAM4 symbol sequence constructed as follows", excluding the last paragraph in this subclause are a list of steps required to create the pattern. To aid the reader, they should be in list format.         SuggestedRemedy       Use dash list format for the paragraphs from "Bit sequence A" until "The repeating SSPRQ pattern" (inclusive).

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 Page 11 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

Cl 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 201 L 5 # i-109	C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 201 L 37 # i-110				
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie				
Comment Type         TR         Comment Status         D           This SSPRQ is not suitable for use in TDECQ or stressed receiver calibration because measurements with this pattern do not give the correct penalty.	Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> Generating SSPRQ dynamically is quite complicated, and generating 8 copies of it with offsets is more complicated. It's probably OK to use other patterns on the aggressors (see another comment against 121 8 5 1). Generating 8 offsets of SSPRO then overwriting 7 of				
SuggestedRemedy Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter	another comment against 121.8.5.1). Generating 8 offsets of SSPRQ then overwriting 7 of them with PRBS13Q is clumsy; generating a single SSPRQ among 8 lanes of PRBS31Q or scrambled idle is not supported by this draft.				
with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ.	SuggestedRemedy				
It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.  Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	If SSPRQ victim with other patterns for aggressors is acceptable, change the SSPRQ generator to a single-lane generator (no need for the multi-lane facility that PRBS13Q has). Change the registers in Clause 45 accordingly.				
Toposed Response Status U	Proposed Response Response Status O				
C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 201 L 37 # [i-101					
Nertheim, Oded Mellanox Technologie	C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 P 201 L 38 # i-111				
Comment Type T Comment Status D	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie				
Generating SSPRQ on all 8 lanes with at least 31UI delay between the patterns, requires	Comment Type T Comment Status D				
to either keep 8 separate SSPRQ state machines and corresponding PRRBS generators or maintain a delay buffer for each lane, with the largest one larger than 7x31UI = 434 bit. Both options add complexity to the design, this is especially significant if implemented within the optical module PMA (adjacent to the PMD)	Generating 8 lanes of this complicated pattern with at least 31 UI offset between any two lanes sounds quite involved. Only 1 UI offset is enough do give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and there is a spur at about 450 UI. So we want at least 1 UI between SP2 to SP3, because SSPRQ is for testing optical transmitters only (not optical				
SuggestedRemedy	receivers). The allowed Skew at SP3 is 54 ns or about 1,435 UI at 26.5625 GBd, and the				
Remove the requirement for 31UI delay between the lanes and evaluate an option to use SSPRQ test pattern only on the lane under test, using a simpler test pattern on the other lanes such as PRBS13Q which we already keep per lane.	allowed Skew Variation per PMA is 0.2 ns or 5.3 UI. The pattern is 8191 UI long so 8 lanes cannot be offset enough to take up any Skew. We don't need 31 UI to cover the Skew Variation.				
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	SuggestedRemedy Changing 31 to 16 would help a little, but using different aggressors (see other comments)				

Changing 31 to 16 would help a little, but using different aggressors (see other comments) seems to be better.

Proposed Response Response Status **0** 

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3

C/         120         SC         120.5.11.2.4         P         201         L         46         # [i-19]           RAN, ADEE         Intel         Intel	C/         120         SC         120.5.11.3         P 201         L 5         # i-93           Ghiasi, Ali         Ghiasi Quantum LLC
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         The "note that" sentence is a part of normative text (see style manual 16.1), but it is not clear how it specifies anything: "may" means "is allowed to", but this clause specifies the PMA and the PMA has no special "allowance" (in the current text; see another comment) for not forwarding data correctly when the data is a square wave.         From discussions in the task force it seems that the intent of this text is that the square	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Define SSPRQ2 pattern which include portion with low transition density (TD) SuggestedRemedy SSPRQ2 pattern consit of Std PRBS31 with 0x00000002 with length of 10924 bits Std PRBS31 with 0x34013FF7 with length of 10924 bits
wave for testing a PMD should be generated on the PMA adjacent to the PMD, rather than transmitted over an AUI.	PRBS31 with TD~0.683 0xCCCCCCC with length of 10924 bits       Proposed Response       Response Status
It would be better to have appropriate text standing out as an informative note (in a separate paragraph) after describing the feature. SuggestedRemedy Delete the sentence "Note that if a square wave is transmitted through a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 it may not be correctly forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer", and instead insert a paragraph break.	Cl       120B       SC       120B       P 333       L 6       # [i-2]         Brown, Matthew       Applied Micro (AMCC)       Comment Type       GR       Comment Status       D         In Annex 120B, the title and text throughout use the generic acronyms 200GAUI-8 and 400GAUI-16 when referring specifically to the chip-to-chip version.       Comment Status       D
Add an informative note paragraph at the end of this subclause (after the "When enabled" paragraph): "NOTEA square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 is not guaranteed to be received correctly. For testing PMD output, it is recommended that the square wave be generated at the PMA adjacent to the PMD." Proposed Response Response Status <b>0</b>	SuggestedRemedy Throughout the annex including the annex title make use of the defined acronym C2C and refer to 200GAUI-8 C2C and 400GAUI-16 C2C as is done in 802.3by-2016 and P802.3cd. Proposed Response Response Status <b>0</b>
paragraph): "NOTEA square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 is not guaranteed to be received correctly. For testing PMD output, it is recommended that the square wave be generated at the PMA adjacent to the PMD."	SuggestedRemedy Throughout the annex including the annex title make use of the defined acronym C2C and refer to 200GAUI-8 C2C and 400GAUI-16 C2C as is done in 802.3by-2016 and P802.3cd

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120C SC 120C Page 13 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

Brown. Matthew	P 348 Applied Micro	L7	# i-4	C/ <b>120D</b> SC <b>120E</b> Dudek, Michael	.3.1	P <b>352</b> Cavium	L <b>26</b>	# i-69
- ,		(AIVICC)			0			
400GAUI-8 when refer	Comment Status D le and text throughout use the rring specifically to the chip-to-		ns 200GAUI-4 and	COM. COM uses	et the Tx specificati 31dB for TxSNR w	ons need to be hich is the same	e value as the S	d than the Tx used in NDR in table 120D-1 e SNRisi created by
SuggestedRemedy	including the annex title make	upp of the defi	nod coronym C2C and	the package in CC				
	2C and 400GAUI-8 C2C as is a			SuggestedRemedy				
Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>			Increase the SNRi and package para should equal the F COM package.)	neters could be ch	osen, but the R	SS sum of the S	SNR, SNDR, SNRisi SNDR and SNRisi Sisi produced by the
C/ <b>120D</b> SC <b>120D.3</b> .1 Dawe, Piers J G	I P 352 Mellanox Tech	L <b>6</b> nnologie	# i-113	Proposed Response	Response S	Status O		
Comment Type E	Comment Status D					D.0.54		
	deprecated and we should not as in 94.3.12.3 are in 93.8.1.3		v clauses. The same	C/ 120D SC 120D Healey, Adam	.3.1.1	P 351 Broadcom Ltd.	L <b>49</b>	# i-87
SuggestedRemedy	13 III 04.0.12.0 are iii 00.0.1.0	and 00E.0.1.2.			Comment S			
,	s to 94.3.12.3 (five here, one i	n 120D.3.2.1) to	93.8.1.3 or 83E.3.1.2.	Comment Type E			uld be more co	nsistent if 120D.3.1.
Proposed Response	Response Status O	, ,				,		h 120D.3.1.8 Even-
				SuggestedRemedy				
		L 15	# i-74	Relocate the subc Such consolidatati jitter measuremen	on would eliminate	some redundar	ncies (such as th	ne definition of the
C/ <b>120D</b> SC <b>120D.3</b> .1 Mellitz, Richard	Samtec, Inc.				inter and connigure	ation of aggress		. Refer to the
Aellitz, Richard	Comment Status D			organziation of 92.		alion of aggress		. Refer to the
Aellitz, Richard	Comment Status <b>D</b> s specified in clause 93 may n	ot be relevant h	ere and should be tied					. Refer to the
Aellitz, Richard Comment Type <b>TR</b> Differential Return lose to the COM package r	Comment Status <b>D</b> s specified in clause 93 may n	ot be relevant h	ere and should be tied	organziation of 92	8.3.8.			. Refer to the
Mellitz, Richard Comment Type TR Differential Return loss to the COM package r SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status <b>D</b> s specified in clause 93 may n		ere and should be tied	organziation of 92	8.3.8.			. Keter to the

C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.1         P 352         L 43         # i-86           Healey, Adam         Broadcom Ltd.         Broadcom Ltd. <th>C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 43 # i-26 RAN, ADEE Intel</th>	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 43 # i-26 RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         It is stated that each histogram should include at least 1E6 hits. Is it necessary to be this prescriptive? Some users of the standard may find it acceptable to acquire fewer hits and extrpolate to find the J4 value. While such extrapolation would tend to over-estimate J4, the user may be able to accept the inaccuracy (due to margin to the specification) and benefit from lower test times.         SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type         TR         Comment Status         D           The procedure described from line 43 to line 50 was subject to several comments against D2.2. This comment is an aggregate of comments 38, 39, 11, 12, and 13.           It seems that the desirable definition of J4 should use the range that results in all but 1e-4 of the total population of transition, where the subset of measurements related to each transition is adjusted to remove the average of that subset.
In 92.8.3.8.2, it is stated that "the number of acquired samples should be sufficiently large to yield consistent measurement results." It is suggested that similar language be used here.	Similiarly J_RMS should be the RMS of the population after the same adjsutment. The population size can be left to the test implementer's engineering judgement.
Proposed Response Response Status O	SuggestedRemedy Replace lines 43 to 50 with the following:
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 43 # [i-114] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type TR Comment Status D	For each transition i, $1 \le 12$ , of the transitions specified in Table 120D-2, obtain a set $S_i = \{t_i(1), t_i(2),\}$ of transition times modulo the period of the pattern. The size of each set should chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with sufficient accuracy.
Following 52.9.9.3 and 86.8.3.3.1, this says "Each histogram should include at least 10 <sup>6</sup> hits." Recommending such a detail (at least 10,000 hits then) was OK for a single-lane	Calculate the average of each set, $t_i$ _Avg, and subtract it from all elements of that set, to create S_i0={ $t_i(1)-t_i$ _Avg, $t_i(2)t_i$ _Avg,}.
stressed eye calibration in 52.9.9.3, and not right for the multi-lane yes/no J2 Jitter product spec in 86.8.3.3.1, where the trade-off between margin and accuracy applies. But 10,000 hits x 4 or 10 lanes on a module wasn't terrible, and we did not make the same mistake for	From the union of the zero-average sets $S_0 = U$ (S_i0, i=1 to 12), create an estimated probability distribution f_J(t).
J9. Here, we have a million hits, times multiple emphasis settings, times over a hundred lanes on each switch. It's far too much, and not necessary. Suggested Barnach:	J4 is defined as the zero-centered time interval that includes all but 10 <sup><math>-4</math></sup> of the elements of S_0, from the 0.005th to the 99.995th percentile of f_J(t).
SuggestedRemedy Delete "Each histogram should include at least 10^6 hits". If some guidance is thought	
necessary, add at line 49, "NOTEAs usual, the trade-off between measurement accuracy and number of hits is a matter for the implementer. At least a few times 2 x 10 <sup>4</sup> 4 hits in the	J_RMS is defined as the standard deviation of f_J(t).Proposed ResponseResponse StatusO

.

would need fewer samples."

Proposed Response

histogram would be expected for a measurement of J4. A measurement of J\_RMS alone

Response Status 0

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 Page 15 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352	L <b>43</b> # i-115	Cl 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 50 # [-	68
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technol	ogie	Dudek, Michael Cavium	
Comment Type TR Comment Status D		Comment Type TR Comment Status D	
We don't need each of the 12 measurements to be with need the aggregate to do so because in COM we make Recognising this we can improve measurement time an with multiple emphasis settings and up to over a hundre comment for why "an estimate of".	all the edges have the jitter. d cost 12-fold, which we need to do	The target BER is 1e-5. J4 is equivalent to 5e-5 BER on a BERTscan for NRZ PAM4 symbol error rate which is only 2.5e-5 BER if there is no error extension. DER is also 1e-5 which is the probability of the first symbol being in error). Ea transition only occurs with a probability of 1/16 so requiring the worst of the edg the J4 criterion is more stringent than necessary.	(The COM ach
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy	
After the first sentence, insert "Align the means of each to obtain an estimate of the jitter probability density dist maximum of the 12 measurements. J_RMS is the root r measurements."	ibution." Delete "J4 is the	Combine the probabilities of all the 12 edges and use the RMS and J4 for the comprobabilities for the measurement. Insert a sentence at line 44 "Combine these histograms to create a single histogram for all the edges" Delete the sentence maximum of the 12 measurements. JRMS is the root mean square of the 12 measurements."	e 12
Proposed Response Response Status O		Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352	L 47 # i-116		
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technol	ogie	Cl 120D SC 120D.3.1.2 P 353 L 33 # [i- Dudek, Michael Cavium	62
Comment Type T Comment Status D			
I would think that a "probability density distribution" exis property of the signal. But "the jitter histogram" could be histograms at line 43, including sampling errors.		Comment Type E Comment Status D The second sentence in the paragraph already says that the mean signal levels defined in 120D.3.1.2.1. There is no need to repeat this.	are
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy	
Change "of the jitter histogram" to "of the jitter probabilit	y density distribution".	Delete "The calculation of the mean signal levels is defined in 120D.3.1.2.1." It agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2	was
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>		Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	
		C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.3 P 354 L 21 # [i-	117
		Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	
		Comment Type ER Comment Status D 94.3.12.5.2 is about 17 lines long; this section which refers to it is 11 lines, mos exceptions to 94.3.12.5.2. 94 should be deprecated anyway.	tly listing
		SuggestedRemedy	
		Write a complete subclause without reference to 94.3.12.5.2 or 72.6.10.2.3.1; c 94.3.12.5.2 and 136.9.3.1.2 as necessary	opy from
		Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/gen			ge 16 of 36

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.3 Page 16 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

N, ADEE Intel	C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.5         P 354         L 44         # i-29           RAN, ADEE         Intel
<i>mment Type</i> <b>E</b> <i>Comment Status</i> <b>D</b> Parentheses and numbers should not be italicised. Also, mutliplication should be denoted by a cross character.	Comment TypeEComment StatusDIncorrect cross reference:120D.3.1.2 describes transmitter linearity. The linear fit methodis a different thing, and is described in 120D.3.1.3.
ggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Change numbers and parentheses to upright font.	Change cross reference from 120D.3.1.2 to 120D.3.1.3.
Add cross character (0xD7) between "M" and "Nv".	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
posed Response Response Status O	
120D SC 120D.3.1.4 P 354 L 34 # i-27	C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.7         P 356         L 23         # i-158           Hidaka, Yasuo         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of
N, ADEE Intel	Comment Type TR Comment Status D
mment Type         TR         Comment Status         D           The current steady-state voltage specification uses p(k), which is determined from the linear fit procedure, which is calculated separately for each equalizer setting. This specification reads as if it applies in all equalization settings.	Optimization of two parameters of the second-order CTLE as described in 93A.1.4.3 with parameters in Table 120D-8 is not required for the loss of package and test fixture. The CTLE defined for chip-to-module interface in 120E.3.1.7 should be sufficient. This is re-submission of comment #33 for D2.2.
It is impossible that the specified minimum steady-state voltage in Table 120D-1 (0.4 V) will be met in all equalization settings (due to limitation on peak-to-peak swing), and this is not the intent. To be consistent with all precedent electrical clauses and AUI specifications, steady-state voltage should be specified only in unequalized state, <i>ggestedRemedy</i> Change FROM "The linear fit pulse, p(k), is determined according to the linear fit procedure in 120D.3.1.3" TO "The linear fit pulse, p(k), is determined according to the linear fit procedure in 120D.3.1.3 with Local eq cm1 and Local eq c1 set to 0".	SuggestedRemedy         Change         "SNR_ISI is defined by Equation (120D-8) computed from p_max and ISI_cursors after these have been re-calculated with the continuous time filter described in 93A.1.4.3 using the parameters in Table 120D-7 applied and optimized for maximum SNR_ISI." to         "SNR_ISI is defined by Equation (120D-8) computed from p_max and ISI_cursors after these have been re-calculated with the selectable continuous time linear equalizer (CTLE) which is described in 120E.3.1.7 by Equation (120E-2) with coefficients in Table 120E-2 and illustrated in Figure 120E-9 applied and optimized for maximum SNR_ISI."         Proposed Response       Response Status       O
posed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 356 L 24 # i-159	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 356 L 9 # i-30
Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Laboratories of	RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Comment Type T Comment Status D
The SNR_ISI specification is defined to be met for all transmit equalization settings. When the transmit equalization settings is stronger than required, the SNR_ISI includes not only ISI due to reflection, but also ISI due to over-equalization, because the CTLE in the COM parameter cannot suppress the high-frequency component.	The current definition of OEJ includes a measurement triggering one in 3 repeats of the PRBS13Q, and using the "first" and the "second" pattern in each capture. Since PRBS13Q is an odd-length pattern, the first and second pattern out of a group of 3
This is re-submission of comment #36 for D2.2.	will exchange their even/odd roles on each capture, so each histogram will include both "even" and "odd" transitions; the means of these histograms, T3 and T4, are expected to
	be equal up to a measurement error. This was confirmed in lab measurement.
SuggestedRemedy	
Change "The SNR_ISI specification shall be met for all transmit equalization settings."	It seems that this part of the procedure can be removed.
to	SuggestedRemedy
"The SNR_ISI specification shall be met for all transmit equalization settings excepting	Delete list item 2.
those settings which makes the mean value of ISI_cursors always negative regardless of the continuous time filter settings."	Change list item 3 to read "Calculate even-odd jitter for this transition as  (T2 - T1) ".
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
C/       120D       SC       120D.3.1.7       P 356       L 38       # i-31         RAN, ADEE       Intel       Intel       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         Per the style manual (16.1), "Note" should be all-caps, followed by an em dash and use the note paragraph format.       Intel	C/       120D       SC       120D.3.1.8       P 356       L 40       # i-32         RAN, ADEE       Intel       Intel       Intel       Intel       Intel         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D       The first three paragraphs of 120D.3.1.8, describing even-odd jitter signal, transitions, thredholds, filter, and what other lanes are transmitting, seem to repeat the correpsonding text of "output jitter" in 120D.3.1.1. If there are any differences, they are difficult to identify
per comment	It would help the readers to have the even-odd jitter definitions within the output jitter subclause, share definitions where it is possible, and note differences where they exist. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Preferably, move the specific even-odd measurement text, p357 lines 1-25, to 120D.3.1.1 noting any differences from the "output jitter" definitions (after resolving other comments), with editorial license, and delete 120D.3.1.8.
•	It would help the readers to have the even-odd jitter definitions within the output jitter subclause, share definitions where it is possible, and note differences where they exist. SuggestedRemedy Preferably, move the specific even-odd measurement text, p357 lines 1-25, to 120D.3.1.1 noting any differences from the "output jitter" definitions (after resolving other comments),

C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.8         P 356         L 40         # [i-157]           Hidaka, Yasuo         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of	C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.8         P 356         L 50         # i-33           RAN, ADEE         Intel         I
Comment Type ER Comment Status D Specification of jitter is split to 120D.3.1.1 and 120D.3.1.8.	Comment Type T Comment Status D "Even-odd jitter is measured with a single-pole high-pass filter with a 3 dB bandwidth of 4 MHz"
This is re-submission of comment #35 for D2.2.	
SuggestedRemedy	What is this filter applied to?
Reorganize 120D.3.1.1 and 120D.3.1.8 as follows:	If this text stays here, it should refer to the CRU.
120D.3.1.1 Output jitter	SuggestedRemedy
120D.3.1.1.1 J4 and J_RMS jitter 120D.3.1.1.2 Even-odd jitter	Change to state that "Even-odd jitter is measured with a clock recovery unit (CRU) with a corner frequency of 4 MHz and a slope of 20 dB/decade".
Change the references in Table 120D-1 as follows:	Proposed Response Response Status O
J_RMS (max) 120D.3.1.1.1 J4 (max) 120D.3.1.1.1 Even-odd jitter (max) 120D.3.1.1.2	C/     120D     SC     120D.3.1.8     P 357     L 1     # i-89       Healey, Adam     Broadcom Ltd.
Proposed Response Response Status O	Comment Type <b>TR</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> The even-odd jitter measurement requires that each of the 12 transitions identified in Table
Cl       120D       SC       120D.3.1.8       P 356       L 40       # [-63]         Dudek, Michael       Cavium       Cavium       Image: Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         It would read better if this Even-Odd Jitter section were placed next to the Output jitter section.       SuggestedRemedy       Make this a subsection 120D.3.1.1.2 . Also relabel the existing section 120D.3.1.1.as a subsection 120D.3.1.1. called "J4 and Jrms" It was agreed that this is a potential	120D-2 be measured 4 times. This implies 48 measurements need to be made to obtain a single EOJ result. To measure the result to within +/-1% of the specification limit, up to 10^5 samples per measurement would need to be taken (based on the crude analysis contained in another comment). Under these conditions, the measurement time is likely to significantly exceed what would be required for uncorrelated jitter measurements (given proposals to consolidate the distributions of the 12 edges rather than perform 12 individual measurements). However, it seems the key issue is that the test procedure is overly prescriptive. For example, acquiring two (or three) consecutive cycles of the QPRBS13 waveform with sufficient averaging would also allow the measurement of EOJ across the 12 transitions, possibly take less time, and could further be used for transmitter output waveform measurements.
improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2	SuggestedRemedy
Proposed Response Response Status O	Generalize the description of the even-odd jitter measurement to enable a wider set of options for implementation. For example, it is not necessary to state that the user should

options for implementation. For example, it is not necessary to state that the user should obtain a histogram and calculate the mean time from it. It only needs to be stated that the mean time be measured. Also, if the expected transition times can be computed (as suggested in 92.8.3.8.1), it is not necessary to capture 3 cycles of the PRBS13Q waveform (i.e., 2 will suffice using the method in 92.8.3.8.1).

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

C/         120D         SC         120D.3.1.8         P 357         L 16         # i-88           Healey, Adam         Broadcom Ltd.         Image: Second Ltd. </th <th>Cl         120D         SC         120D.3.2.1         P 358         L 6         # [i-70           Dudek, Michael         Cavium</th>	Cl         120D         SC         120D.3.2.1         P 358         L 6         # [i-70           Dudek, Michael         Cavium
Healey, Adam       Broadcom Ltd.         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         The variance of an estimate of the mean of a normal distribution made from n samples is the variance of the distribution divided by n. An even-odd jitter measurements is a linear combination of 4 such measurements and, assuming the measurement errors are not correlated, the variance of the even-odd jitter measurements is the variance of the uncorrelated jitter distribution times 4/n. Assuming the RMS value of the uncorrelated jitter distribution is 23 mUI (assume a normal distribution even though that is not strictly allowed), the standard deviation of the even-odd jitter measurement (with n=1000) is 23 mUI / sqrt(250) or about 1.5 mUI. Therefore, without even counting other sources of measurement error the +/- 1-sigma value on the even-odd jitter measurements could be about 16% of the specification value. This seems to be a significant error. Therefore, it seems reasonable to ask if the recommendation that at least 1000 samples be used is good advice.         SuggestedRemedy       In 92.8.3.82, it is stated that "The number of acquired samples should be sufficiently large	Dudek, Michael       Cavium         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         Wrong reference 120D.3.1.2 is linearity.       SuggestedRemedy       Change reference to 120D.3.1.5         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl       120D       SC 120D.3.2.1       P 358       L 8       # i-64         Dudek, Michael       Cavium       Cavium       Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         This is a follow up to the un-satisfied comment #118 on draft 2.1 and comment # 49 on draft 2.2. The change to Np from 13 to 200 while calibrating the Interference Tolerance test allows the test system to have bad reflections after 13UI that won't appear in the
to yield consistent measurement results." It is suggested that similar language be used here rather than provide a fixed number and imply results taken with such a number are "accurate enough". Proposed Response Response Status <b>0</b>	measurement of TxSNDR (and hence input to TxSNR for the COM calibration). This will overstress the receiver. SuggestedRemedy Either use Np =13 for the measurement of the TxSNDR of the test transmitter Replace "The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR" with "The parameter SNRTX is set to the measured value of SNDR with Np=13,
CI 120D       SC 120D.3.2       P 357       L 36       # [-75]         Mellitz, Richard       Samtec, Inc.       Samtec, Inc.         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         Differential Return loss specified in clause 93 may not be relevant here and should be tied to the COM package model       SuggestedRemedy	or add an extra very tight specification of SNRisi of 45dB for the test transmitter. (Variations in SNRisi of the test transmitter will cause repeatability issues in the interference tolerance test if not calibrated out by the first solution). Add an extra bullet after a) at line 53 page 357. SNRisi of the test transmitter shall be greater than 45dB. It was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2 <i>Proposed Response</i> Response Status <b>O</b>
annotate an equation for differential return loss. See presentation	Cl 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 P 358 L 14 # [i-71
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Dudek, Michael Cavium
	Comment TypeTRComment StatusDThere is an error in equation 120D-9. If sigmaRj=0 Add=J4/2. Putting this into equation 120D-9 does not provide the correct result. Also there is no way that this equation can yield Add=0
	SuggestedRemedy
	Fix the equation.

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 Page 20 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

Cl 120D Dudek, Mic	SC <b>120</b> hael	D.3.2.1	<i>P</i> <b>358</b> Cavium	L <b>44</b>	# i-72
that the	sn't a step e FEC sym	0 11 in 93C.2 ir	ment Status <b>D</b> n 802.3-2015, or 802 to the single lane tha same).		
error ra	e the refer	only one lane is	section that describe s being stressed. A and 120E.3.4.1.1	Iso reference thi	2
Proposed F	Response	Respo	onse Status <b>O</b>		
<i>Cl</i> <b>120D</b> Dudek, Mic	SC 120 hael	D.4	<i>P</i> <b>360</b> Cavium	L <b>4</b>	# <u>i-</u> 73
20dB c used va for all c	tions prese hannels va alues do n channels. je for that	ented in the 80 aries significan ot provide the		ues of Zc and Rc lo single set of va	and that the presently land is the worst case
http://g		e.org/groups/8 et unpublished		c/archive/hidaka_	_020117_3cd_adhoc.pd
http://g f and fu <i>SuggestedI</i>	urther as y Remedy	et unpublished	l work)		
http://gi f and fu Suggestedl Change	urther as y Remedy e the CON	et unpublished		5dB here while le	eaving the COM

C/ 120D SC 120D.4	P 360	L 18	# i-34
RAN, ADEE	Intel		

## Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The device package model used here has different parameters from the one used in clause 93: lower capacitance value (C\_p changed from 150 fF to 110 fF, C\_d changed from 250 fF to 280 fF) and better matching to the reference impedance (Z\_c changed from 78.2 Ohm to 85 Ohm). This means that the COM calculation assumes other (likely better) device termination than what was used in clause 93.

These values appear as early as D1.1 and seem to be based on a proposal in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/15\_11/healey\_3bs\_02\_1115.pdf (comment #53 against D1.0).

However, the return loss specifications in Table 120D-1 and Table 120D-5 refer back to 93.8.1.4 with no change. Therefore the assumption that device termination is better is not aligned with the device specifications; there is a hole in the budget.

Note that the return loss specifications and their alignment with COM were discussed at length in 802.3bj with multiple contributors and supporters, see:

- http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/sep12/benartsi\_3bj\_02\_0912.pdf
- http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/jan13/mellitz\_3bj\_01b\_0113.pdf
- http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/may13/benartsi\_3bj\_01a\_0513.pdf
- http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/jul13/benartsi\_3bj\_01\_0713.pdf
- http://www.ieee802.org/3/bj/public/mar14/healey\_3bj\_01\_0314.pdf (particularly slide 24)

The proposal in healey\_3bs\_02\_1115 does not discuss device return loss required by the modified parameters, and I am not aware of any evidence or consensus that actual devices meet return loss masks tighter than the ones defined in 93.8.1.4. Therefore, this specification should be kept, and the COM package model has to be aligned with it, otherwise we will be fooling ourselves.

This alignment does not interfere with meeting any of the project objectives so there should be no impact on the project approval.

Note that Z\_c is not a parameter in COM (does not appear in Table 93A-1 even as amended by this project).

## SuggestedRemedy

Change package model in Table 120D-8 to be aligned with clause 93 and annex 93A:

For C\_d, set value to 2.5e-4 nFFor C\_p, set value to 1.8e-4 nFRemove the line with Z\_c (not a COM parameter).

Alternatively, keep the new package model and create new and more strict return loss specifications. In that case,  $Z_c$  should become a COM parameter (add it to Table 93A-1 and make the 78.2 a default value).

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/gene	al required T/technical E/editorial G/general	C/ <b>120D</b>	Page 21 of 36
COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	SC 120D.4	19/02/2017 09:35:00
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line			

Proposed Response R	esponse Status O			C/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E.1</b> Mellitz, Richard	<i>P</i> <b>365</b> Samtec, Inc.	L <b>52</b>	# i-77
Cl 120D SC 120D.4 Mellitz, Richard Comment Type TR (C Clause 93 and Annex 83D based on the same device argument, Annex 120D pac SuggestedRemedy Align Annex 120D COM pa parameters. That is: set C	being used in multiple board ckage parameter should alig ckage parameters should a	d applications. U In with Clause 13 lign with Clause	lsing the same 7 COM parameters.	Host and Module eye op occur simultaneously <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Either put a note in to tha	Comment Status <b>D</b> at insertion loss budget show ening requirements if all Hos at effect or lower the loss to t Response Status <b>O</b>	t, Module, and	test fixture parameters
•	esponse Status <b>O</b>	1 eta_0 1.04e-0		<i>Cl</i> <b>120E</b> <i>SC</i> <b>120E.1</b> Ghiasi, Ali	P <b>366</b> Ghiasi Quantur	<i>L</i> <b>9</b> m LLC	# [i-94
C/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E</b> Dawe, Piers J G	P 365 Mellanox Techno	L <b>1</b> blogie	# i-118	Comment Type <b>TR</b> C2M specification can't s CL92 MDI and CL120D I	Comment Status <b>D</b> support 10.2 dB loss given hi ike transmitter	gh amount of c	crosstalk as defiend in
Comment Type TR ( Are there discrepancies be 120E should change? SuggestedRemedy ? Proposed Response R	tween CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4 esponse Status <b>O</b>	and Annex 120E	E for which Annex	recommendation that is in Option I- Adjust equation Option II- Reduce MDI of If we want to go with option possible for lower crossta See ghiasi adhoc present	decision here as we can't hat hearly impossible to make it 120E-1 for 7.5 dB loss=0.00 rosstalk MDFEXT=2.8 mV ar on 1 we could add note that alk MDI but they are outside tation from Feb 20th, 2017 f	work. Here are 59+0.4222*sqri nd MDNEXT=0 engineered lin the scope of th	e the options: i(f)+0.445*f .8 mV k up to 10.2 dB are nis standard.
C/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E</b> Brown, Matthew	P <b>365</b> Applied Micro (A	L <b>7</b> MCC)	# <u>i-5</u>	Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>		
In Annex 120E, the title and 400GAUI-8 when referring SuggestedRemedy Throughout the annex inclu	specifically to the chip-to-minding the annex title make u	odule version. se of the defined			P 366 Samtec, Inc. Comment Status D at insertion loss budget show ening requirements if all Hos		

 TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general
 COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected
 RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn
 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120E SC 120E.1 Page 22 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

C/         120E         SC         120E.3.1         P 369         L 17         # i-96           Ghiasi, Ali         Ghiasi Quantum LLC         Ghiasi Quantum LLC	C/         120E         SC         120E.3.1.6         P 370         L 41         # i-120           Dawe, Piers J G         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie         Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         EW at TP1a is 0.22 UI but EW at TP5 is 0.2 UI, if anything the EW at TP1a should be smaller due to much larger package         SuggestedRemedy         Reduce EW from 0.22 to 0.2 UI         Proposed Response       Response Status       O	Comment TypeTRComment StatusDThere is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13Q, only 1 UI offset is enough to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI offset, and there is a spur at about 450 UI. PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long pattern I haven't checked). In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and an arrangement of splitters and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performance. 31 UI x 7 steps at 26.5625 GBd and 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.SuggestedRemedy
C/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E.3.1</b> P <b>369</b> L <b>18</b> # <u>i-95</u> Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC	As the paths between the test points and the host PMA front-end circuitry are not likely to differ by more than 50 mm or about 10 UI, change 31 to 12. Also in 120E.3.3.2.1 Host stressed input test procedure.
Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         To support 10.2 dB need to reduce 32 mV to 30 mV         The TP5 eye opening is 30 mV and given that host ASIC has much large package if anything TP1a should have smaller eye         SuggestedRemedy         If we want to support 10.2 dB then reduce EH to 30 mV         See See ghiasi adhoc presentation from Feb 20th, 2017 for the full detail         Proposed Response       Response Status       O	Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl       120E       SC 120E.3.1.6       P 370       L 42       # i-121         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie       Image: Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         This crosstalk generator is intended to represent a module, and generate broadband energy. The spec allows an implementer to achieve the letter of the spec by using a lot of emphasis but miss the intention.       Image: Comment Status I
CI 120E       SC 120E.3.1       P 369       L 19       # i-119         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       #         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         The host is allowed to output a signal with large peak-to-peak amplitude but very small EH - in other words, a very bad signal. If the module is exactly like the reference receiver, that would work - but that's not a reasonable "if".	SuggestedRemedyThis transition time spec should be replaced by a slew time spec, e.g. 4.5 ps between +/- 0.1 V. Definition of slew time similar to transition time but with fixed thresholds instead of the signal-dependent 20% and 80%. Same for the counter propagating crosstalk channels during calibration of the module stressed input signal (120E.3.4.1.1). 
SuggestedRemedy We may need some other spec to protect the module from unexpected signals.	
Proposed Response Response Status O	

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1.6 Page 23 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

C/         120E         SC         120E.3.1.7         P 372         L 28           Maki, Jeffery         Juniper Networks, Inc.	# i-103 C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 374 L 10 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	# i-122
Comment Type         TR         Comment Status         D           Table 120E-2Reference         CTLE coefficients includes values of 8.5 dB		
uggestedRemedy Limit Table 120E-2Reference CTLE coefficients to a maximum value		
with current OIF CEI-56G-VSR-PAM4 specification. Update Figure 120 continuous time linear equalizer (CTLE) characteristic to use 8.0 dB as	ne maximum SuggestedRemedy	
CTLE gain curve. Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	This transition time spec should be replaced by a slew time sp 0.1 V. Definition of slew time similar to transition time but with the signal-dependent 20% and 80%. There is less need to change the transition time spec for the h connector is on the host board, so the NEXT is already in the	fixed thresholds instead of ost output because the
/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E.3.2</b> <i>P</i> <b>373</b> <i>L</i> <b>50</b> hiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC	# i-97 Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	
omment Type TR Comment Status D		
Eye opening at TP4 is not consistent with requirement of 30 mV at TP3 impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4!	It is nearlyC/ 120ESC 120E.3.2.1P 374L 26Dawe, Piers J GMellanox Technologie	# i-123
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4!		# [ <u>i-123</u>
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4!	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type TR Comment Status D There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4! uggestedRemedy Reduce TP4 EH from 90 mV to 70 mV roposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Dawe, Piers J G     Mellanox Technologie       Comment Type     TR     Comment Status	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug ere is a spur at about 450 U pattern I haven't checked). a arrangement of splitters
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4! SuggestedRemedy Reduce TP4 EH from 90 mV to 70 mV Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 373 L 54	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type TR Comment Status D There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13 to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and the PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and ar and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performan	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug ere is a spur at about 450 U pattern I haven't checked). a arrangement of splitters
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4! SuggestedRemedy Reduce TP4 EH from 90 mV to 70 mV Proposed Response Response Status O CH 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 373 L 54 Schiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC	# i-98       Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13 to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and the PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and ar and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performan 26.5625 GBd and 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.         SuggestedRemedy       As the paths between the test points and the PMA front-end comment of the process of the proces of the proces of the process of the proces of the process of the	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug re is a spur at about 450 U pattern I haven't checked). a arrangement of splitters ce. 31 UI x 7 steps at rcuitry are not likely to diffe
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4!         SuggestedRemedy         Reduce TP4 EH from 90 mV to 70 mV         Proposed Response       Response Status         O         C/ 120E       SC 120E.3.2         P 373       L 54         Shiasi, Ali       Ghiasi Quantum LLC         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status         D       Text missing that for given module setting with just going through the C         module must deliver required eye opening at TP4 and TP5	It is hearly       Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13 to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and the PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and ar and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performan 26.5625 GBd and 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.         SuggestedRemedy       As the paths between the test points and the PMA front-end ci by more than 20 mm or about 4 UI, change 31 to 6. Also in 12	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug ere is a spur at about 450 U pattern I haven't checked). a arrangement of splitters ce. 31 UI x 7 steps at rcuitry are not likely to differ
impossible to deliver 90 mV at TP4! SuggestedRemedy Reduce TP4 EH from 90 mV to 70 mV Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 373 L 54 Shiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC Comment Type TR Comment Status D Text missing that for given module setting with just going through the C	# i-98       Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         # i-98       Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         # i-98       There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. For PRBS13 to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and the PRBS31Q is believed to behave similarly (but it's such a long In some test setups, there is a master PRBS generator and ar and cables; the cables must be kept short for good performant 26.5625 GBd and 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - too long.         SuggestedRemedy       As the paths between the test points and the PMA front-end ci by more than 20 mm or about 4 UI, change 31 to 6. Also in 12 input test procedure.         Proposed Response       Response Status       O	Q, only 1 UI offset is enoug re is a spur at about 450 U pattern I haven't checked). a arrangement of splitters ce. 31 UI x 7 steps at rcuitry are not likely to diffe

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2.1

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2.1.1 P 375 L 1 # i-91	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.4.1.1 P 379 L 2 # i-99
Healey, Adam Broadcom Ltd.	Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC
Healey, Adam       Broadcom Ltd.         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         It was observed in multiple presentations (see <http: 15_09="" 3="" bs="" public="" smith_3bs_01a_0915.pdf="" www.ieee802.org=""> and          <http: 16_01="" 3="" bs="" hegde_3bs_01_0116.pdf="" public="" www.ieee802.org="">) that fixed pre-cursor          equalization in the module transmitter was important in closing the chip-to-module link          budget. The motivation for          <http: 16_05="" 3="" bs="" hegde_3bs_02_0516.pdf="" public="" www.ieee802.org="">, which serves as the          basis for the material in 120E.3.2.1.1, was to ensure the "TX would have to provide the          desired precursor component". However, it has since been observed that a transmitter can       meet the far-end eye height and width requirements without the pre-cursor component.         Given its apparent importance, a more rigorous method for verification is needed.</http:></http:></http:>	Ghiasi, All       Ghiasi Quantum LLC         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         Parameters in Table 120E-8 are more strength than TP5 parameters, given large host ASIC package if anything these parmaters should be smaller than TP5         SuggestedRemedy         Reduce ESMW=0.2 UI         Reduce eye width = 0.2 UI         Reduce eye height =30 mV         Proposed Response       Response Status
SuggestedRemedy         Consider specifying that a PRBS13Q waveform be captured at the module output and post- processed using the linear fit procedure described in 120D.3.1.3. It should then be possible to verify that the pre-cursor ISI is within the range expected from the cited link budget analyses. A supporting presentation with specific text will be provided.         Proposed Response       Response Status         C/ 120E       SC 120E.3.3.2.1       P 377       L 34       # i-65         Cudek, Michael       Cavium       Cavium         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         There is no mention of error counters in 119.2.5.3.       Comment Status       D	Cl 120E       SC 120E.3.4.1.1       P 379       L 26       # i-90         Healey, Adam       Broadcom Ltd.         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         It is stated that "for the high loss case, pre-emphasis capability is likely to be required in the pattern generator to meet the TP4a eye height and eye width specifications." It seems like this should be "TP1a" since it is the "crosstalk generator" that is connected to TP4a and it has no eye height/width requirements.         SuggestedRemedy       Change "TP4a" to "TP1a".         Proposed Response       Response Status       O
SuggestedRemedy Change "119.2.5.3" to "119.3.1" It was agreed that this is a potential improvement in the comment resolution to D2.2 Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Cl 120E       SC 120E.4.1       P 380       L 25       # [-80]         Mellitz, Richard       Samtec, Inc.       Samtec, Inc.         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         Table 92-13 suggest ICN should be less than a particular value (MDNEXT 1.8 mv, MDFEXT 4.8 mv). That will produce a very large variation of host test results for the same host and different test cards.       SuggestedRemedy         Change table 92-13 to include tight range for ICN for MDNEXT 1.4 mV to 1.6 mV and MDFEXT 4.4 mV to 4.6mV. Or adopted a COM test suggested in mellitz_3bs_02a_1116 with COM parameters specified in mellitz_3cd_01_1116_COM and file config_com_ieee8023_93a=200GAUI-4_and_400GAUI-8_C2M_120e_MTF.xls.         Proposed Response       Response Status       O

C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1

CI 120E SC 120E.4.1	1 P 380	L <b>28</b>	# i-100	C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1	I P 380	L <b>30</b>	# i-125
Ghiasi, Ali	Ghiasi Quanti	um LLC		Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Teo	chnologie	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D			Comment Type TR	Comment Status D		
Assuming we want to MDNEXT limit of CL 9	support 10.2 dB channel then 92	need to tighten	the MDFEXT and	To calibrate the meas compliance boards.	urements with the MCB, we r	need the reference	e loss of the mated
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRemedy			
Add Table 92-13 to th MDFEXT=2.8 mV MDNEXT=0.8 mV	nis section with new limits for a	crosstalk		0.471*sqrt(f(GHz))+0.	ance board reference loss, sa 1194*f(GHz)+0.002*f(GHz)^2		= f <= 25 GHz.
	on from Feb 20th Adhoc			Proposed Response	Response Status 0		
Proposed Response	Response Status 0						
				Cl 120E SC 120E.4.2 Dudek, Michael	2 <i>P</i> 380 Cavium	L <b>43</b>	# <u>i</u> -67
C/ <b>120E</b> SC <b>120E.4.</b> 1 Dawe, Piers J G		L <b>29</b>	# <u>i-124</u>	Comment Type T	Comment Status D		
	Mellanox Tec	nnoiogie		51	5. All probabilities in the eye	e measurement a	re based on CDF's
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D			relative to the number	of symbols, and the BER is	expected to be or	nly 0.5*symbol error
We need mated comp	bliance board specs too.				the 1e-5 of the cdf's. There		
SuggestedRemedy					probabilities and the target e or testing the output and cali		
	e board specs by reference to				in" in the specifications it jus		
	3 mV, use the OIF values: ICN	I<3.9 mV RMS,	MDNEXT <1.35 mV	tighter and the Rx spe	cification somewhat easier.		
RMS, MDFEXT <3.6 r				SuggestedRemedy			
Proposed Response	Response Status O			Consider changing all diagram section.	instances of 1e-5 to 2e-5 for	the CDF's and p	robabilities in the eye
C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1	1 P 380	L 29	# i-66	Proposed Response	Response Status O		
Dudek, Michael	Cavium						
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D						
It has been shown in							
http://grouper.ieee.org	g/groups/802/3/bs/public/adho						
measurement of host	/ crosstalk of the mated MCB/ output eve height.	HCB significanti	y affects the				
SuggestedRemedy							
	tence at the end of the paragra	aph. "The perfo	rmance of the mated				
compliance boards is	as described in 92.11.3 excep ated Crosstalk Noise (ICN) sh	t that the MDFE	XT shall be less than				
Proposed Response	Response Status 0						

C/ 120E SC 120E.4.2

C/ 121 SC 121.7.1	P 220 L 23	# i-126	C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 Dawe, Piers J G M	P 220 L 36	# i-127
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie			Aellanox Technologie	
Comment Type T Comment This PMD transmits up to 500 m at with a dispersion minimum between 0.93 and +0.8 ps/nm. The unit inter from the main mode. So if a side m CDR, just look like up to 0.7 ps or 0 TDECQ measurement. There is no SMSR spec for this PMD.	n 1300 and 1324 nm. The disp rval is 37.6 ps and the side mo node is not suppressed, it won 0.02 UI of jitter: small and alrea	persion must be between - ode might be 1.5 nm away 't cause a problem to the idy included in the	Comment Type TR Comment Sta Requiring an extinction ratio of 4.5 dB r pushing up the cost of this PMD, and 5 Yet it does not benefit the link or the re TDECQ spec, and MPI penalty is a wea 100th of dB difference). For an examp receiver can receive, 100GBASE-SR4 is likely to have a lower extinction ratio	restricts the range of transm 0GBASE-FR and 50GBASI ceiver significantly (they are ak function of extinction rati le of a modern direct-mod F has a 2 dB limit. A transmi	E-LR if they are aligned. e protected by the o for PAM4 - very few PMD spec and what a tter optimized for PAM4
SuggestedRemedy			SuggestedRemedy		
Delete the SMSR spec or use a mo	re conventional wavelength sp	ec.	Reduce the extinction ratio limit from 4.	.5 dB to 3 dB.	
Proposed Response Response	Status O		Proposed Response Response Sta	atus <b>O</b>	
C/ <b>121</b> SC <b>121.7.1</b> King, Jonathan	P 220 L 34 Finisar Corporation	# li-57	C/ <b>121</b> SC <b>121.7.1</b> Dawe, Piers J G	P 220 L 37 Mellanox Technologie	# i-128
Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment	t Status D		Comment Type TR Comment Sta	atus D	
Analysis of measured data (king_3t disable is not reliably manufacturab power of Off Tx, each lane.			The purpose of the RIN spec has chan something to ensure a good TDECQ m intended purpose.		
SuggestedRemedy			SuggestedRemedy		
In Table 121-6 in the row "Average change the value to -16 dBm. Make			When the way TDECQ handles measu RIN limits in 121, 122 and 124 accordir measurement		
Proposed Response Response	Status <b>O</b>		Proposed Response Response Sta	atus O	
			C/ <b>121</b> SC <b>121.8.1</b> Dawe, Piers J G M	P 222 L 12 Mellanox Technologie	# [i-129
			Comment Type T Comment Sta	atus D	
			Tables 121-9, 122-14 124-9, Test patter to Table 124-9. Table 138-11 and 139-	erns, are identical, and likely	v to stay so. 120E refers
			SuggestedRemedy		
			It would be better to show the table just one. But because the patterns are not 116.1.5.		
			Proposed Response Response Sta	atus <b>O</b>	
		ed T/technical E/editorial G		C/ 121	

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C/ 121 SC 121.8.1 P 222 L 39 # [i-130	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.1 P 223 L 49 # i-131		
awe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie		
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	Comment Type T Comment Status D		
This SSPRQ pattern will give misleading results when testing a range of transmitters - both product transmitters (line 39) and SRS signals (line 44). Same problem in clauses 122 and 124.	This says all (8+8) lanes should use the same test pattern, SSPRQ. Generating SSPRO dynamically is quite complicated, generating 8+8 copies of it with offsets is more complicated, generating 16 copies from memory needs 16 instances or an arrangement		
SuggestedRemedy	splitters and cables This seems to be an issue whether using two product PMAs or te equipment. As we may have multi-lane PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q or scrambled idle for ot		
Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter	purposes, would it be OK to use them instead?		
with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload	SuggestedRemedy		
measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.	Allow alternative patterns such as PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q or scrambled idle on the aggressor lanes as done elsewhere e.g. 120E. Also in 122.8.5.1.		
Similarly in clauses 122, 124.	Proposed Response Response Status O		
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>			
	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.1 P 223 L 50 # [i-132		
C/ 121     SC 121.8.4     P 223     L 9     # [i-20]       AN, ADEE     Intel	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie		
	Comment Type T Comment Status D		
Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> The response to comment #49 on D2.1 had the unfortunate effect that the OMA specification is now stated as conditional: "if measured using a test pattern specified" in all clauses.	There is no need for 31 UI offset between lanes. Only 1 UI offset is enough to give excellent decorrelation, better than 100-200 UI, and there is a spur at about 450 UI. 120.5.11.2.3 asks for 31 UI but that's at a PMA and some of that is consumed by lane-to lane skew before and through the PMD. The paths through the PMD are not likely to dif by more than 10 mm or about 2 UI. Adding a justification so that implementers can't east		
The OMA has to be within the specified range regardless of whether it is measured or not.	evade the spirit of the spec.		
This applies to 121.8.4, 122.8.4, and 124.8.4.	SuggestedRemedy		
Suggested Remedy	Change "There shall be at least 31 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and t		
Change in all three clauses FROM: "within the limits given in Table XXX if measured using a test pattern using specified for	pattern on any other lane." to "There shall be at least 4 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane, so that the lanes are not correlated withir the PMD." Similarly in 122.8.5.1.		
OMAouter in Table YYY"	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>		
TO: "within the limits given in Table XXX. OMA_outer is measured using a test pattern specified in Table YYY"			
(no change in the table numbers)			

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P <b>225</b>	L <b>6</b>	# i-60
Dudek, Mic	hael	Cavium		

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The change to use the equalized eye for measuring OMAouter creates significant potential confusion. The defition is for TDECQ but by inference it might be assumed to be used for all OMAouter measurements as the same name is used. If the equalizer were used for other measurements of OMAouter it would effect all the link budgeting because the DC gain of the equalizer depends on the tap weights. On a dispersive channel Tx OMAouter minus Rx OMAouter would not equal the channel loss, because the tap weights would be different for the Tx signal versus the Rx signal.

## SuggestedRemedy

Put the gain Cdc into the reference equalizer so that the reference equalizer has 0dB gain at dc.

Replace OMAouter\*Cdc with OMAouter in equation 121-9.

Delete lines 1 and 2 on page 228.

add in 121.8.5.4 at line 13. "The reference equalizer contains a gain element with gain Cdc which ensures that the equalizer has unity DC gain for all equalizer settings." Move lines 4 to 9 on page 228 (including equation 121-10) immediately after this.

Alternatively clarify that OMAouter used in TDECQ is not the same as the OMAouter used in measuring the output of the Tx or calibrating the stressed input to the Rx. Change "OMAouter is measured according to 121.8.4 on the equalized signal" to "For this subsection only, OMAouter is measured on the equalized signal according to 121.8.4"

## Make the equivalent changes in clauses 122.8.5.4

Proposed Response	Response Status	0
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C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P <b>225</b>	L <b>8</b>	# <u>i-133</u>
Dawe, Piers	s J G	Mellanox Tech	nnologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The draft says Pattern 6 (SSPRQ) should be used for TDECQ. But SSPRQ is a short, deliberately stressful pattern and therefore a TDECQ measurement does not give anything like the correct penalty for a range of reasonable compliant transmitters. Same problem in clauses 122 and 124.

## SuggestedRemedy

Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P <b>225</b>	L <b>9</b>	# i-134
Dawe, Pier	rs J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie	

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status D

This says "...the oscilloscope is set up to capture samples from all symbols in the complete pattern". But with only 1 sample/UI, the record of the high frequency components of the signal would be made up by the instrument and test method, probably inaccurately. For comparison, 120E.4.2, Eye width and eye height measurement method, says "the capture includes a minimum of 3 samples per symbol, or equivalent", but an optical signal is likely to contain more high frequency components than 200GAUI-4, that could be good or bad.

## SuggestedRemedy

Add "The capture includes a minimum of seven samples per symbol, or equivalent."

Proposed Response Response Status 0

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 225	L <b>9</b>	# i-135
Dawe, Pie	ers J G	Mellanox Tech	nnologie	
Comment	Type TR	Comment Status D		
impai	rment that should	of whether averaging is used be part of the measurement, Eq. 121-7 So averaging st	and a correcti	on is made for the noise

of the scope sigma\_s in Eq. 121-7. So averaging should not be used.

## SuggestedRemedy

State that averaging is not used.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 225	L 11	# i <u>-</u> 59
King, Jona	athan	Finisar Corpo	ration	

#### Comment Type **T** Comment Status D

TDECQ could be improved: to fix the incorrect noise treatment in Equation 121-7, remove the described use of 'minimum mean square error' to equalize the captured waveform, and show an example of how added noise and equalizer taps must be iterated in order to minimize TDECQ.

## SuggestedRemedy

Apply changes shown in king 3bs 04 0217 smf.pdf, with editorial license

Proposed Response Response Status 0

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general C/ 121 COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SC 121.8.5.3 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

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C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3	P 225	L <b>12</b>	# i-21	C/ 121 SC 121.8.	5.3 P 225	L 13	# <u>i</u> -138
RAN, ADEE	Intel			Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox T	echnologie	
Comment Type E	Comment Status D			Comment Type TR	Comment Status D		
definition of "OMA_out	used four times in this subcl ter" in 121.8.4 which is menti- e suggested remedy, it is also other OMA is defined.	oned earlier.		histogram windows measurement (maki costs nothing to ma	alizer tuning (the central 0.1 L for TDECQ used later. The ir ing the result worse, but by ar ke this consistent, even with t be combined so that there is ju	nconsistency will de n amount that depe two histograms. Th	egrade the nds on the signal). I ne stats from both
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRemedy			
Change "OMA" to "OM	A_Outer" across this subclua	se			he histogram windows used la	ater (0.43 to 0.47 U	I and 0.53 to 0.57 UI,
Proposed Response	Response Status 0			combined).			
				Proposed Response	Response Status O		
C/ <b>121</b> SC <b>121.8.5.3</b> Dawe, Piers J G	P <b>225</b> Mellanox Tecl	L <b>12</b> inologie	# i-137	<i>Cl</i> <b>121</b> <i>SC</i> <b>121.8.</b> Dawe, Piers J G	5.3 P 225 Mellanox T	L 13	# i-139
	Comment Status <b>D</b> rence equalizer to maintain C re to; we can let the optimiser			Comment Type TR If we continue with N	Comment Status D MMSE, it should be loaded wi	th the amount of no	
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRemedy		ope noise alleady i	n the measurement.
If we do so, add the co	ndition.			,	inimizing the value of TDECQ	directly, or if we co	ontinue with MMSE.
Proposed Response	Response Status 0				the mean square error calcu		
				Proposed Response	Response Status 0		
C/ <b>121</b> SC <b>121.8.5.3</b> Dawe, Piers J G	P 225 Mellanox Tecl	L <b>12</b> Inologie	# i-136				
it's not clear that optimi	Comment Status <b>D</b> of samples for optimization d izing MMSE then finding TDE ative, and, optimizing an inter	CQ has an adva	antage over optimizing				
SuggestedRemedy		-					
Probably we should go	back to minimizing the value	of TDECQ dire	ctly, as in D2.1.				
Proposed Response	Response Status 0						

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 226	L 38	# i-22
RAN, ADEI	E	Intel		

## Comment Type T Comment Status D

The term "symbol error ratio" is used (along with the "unofficial" acronym) in several places, including within this draft, referring to the \_FEC symbol\_ error ratio, e.g. with 10-bit symbols. Here it seems to be used for \_PAM4 symbol\_ error ratio, but it is not stated that this is a different meaning than the usual one.

In addition, there is no definition of what this ratio means; it is actually not something that is measurable in a BER test, but rather a mathematical result.

There is another term, detector error ratio (DER), that is used in several recent clauses when referring to physical receiver (PMD or AUI) decisions, regardless of the modulation. It is defined precisely in 93A.1.7, and it would be adequate to use it here too.

(Note that, contrary to the resopnse to comment #8 against D2.2, the PAM4 symbol error ratio here does not take into account any bursts resulting from receiver implementation; it is purely a result of combination of the measurement statistics and a noise PDF - there is no real receiver involved. Therefore it is equivalent to the "detector error ratio" definition in 93A.1.7. However, in this case it is with additional noise so an explicit definition is preferable.)

### SuggestedRemedy

Option 1: Change "symbol error ratio" to "detector error ratio" three times in this subclause. No need to introduce an acronym for this term. After the first occurrence, add a definition: "The detector error ratio is the probability that an ideal detector fails to identify the PAM4 symbol that was transmitted from the signal with the added noise".

Option 2: Change "symbol error ratio" to "PAM4 symbol error ratio", with no acronym, three times in this subclause. After the first occurrence, add a definition: "The PAM4 symbol error ratio is the probability that an ideal detector fails to identify the PAM4 symbol that was transmitted from the signal with the added noise".

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 227	L <b>2</b>	# i-23
RAN, ADE	E	Intel		

## Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **D**

The sentence "Each element of the cumulative probability function Cf1(yi) is multiplied by a value Gth1(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for the partial symbol error ratio (SER) for threshold 1" isn't quite clear.

What is "Each element of the cumulative probability function"? is it each term of the sum? What are the summation limits?

As a service to readers, please write the required calculation required to find the "approximation for the partial symbol error ratio (SER) for threshold 1" in equation form.

I assume the required calculation is

SER\_1 = Sigma{y\_i=-inf} $y_i=inf$ C\_f1(y\_i)\*G\_th1(y\_i)

## SuggestedRemedy

Add a new equation (see comment, correct if necessary).

Replace the sentence "Each element of the cumulative probability function Cf1(yi) is multiplied by a value Gth1(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for the partial symbol error ratio (SER) for threshold 1" with a reference to the new equation.

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.		L <b>22</b>	# i-25	-	SC 121.8.5	.3	P 228	L <b>9</b>	# i-140
RAN, ADEE	Intel			Dawe, Piers J	G		Mellanox Tech	nologie	
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D			Comment Typ			nt Status D		
	in the TDECQ calculation mix n which is which, and seem to			emphasis	possible to to get it to able challer	pass the TDE	ransmitter (e.g. w CQ test, yet leave	ith a noisy or dis a realistic, com	storted signal), use apliant receiver with ar
The noise R is an RM	S value.			SuggestedRer	-	10*log10(C (	lc*A_RMS/(s*3*0	it*R)) where A	RMS is the standard
C_eq is a noise powe	r enhancement compensation	term.		deviation of	of the meas	sured signal a	fter the 19.34 GH	z filter response	and s is the standard , observed through the
typically used for H_e	I density; S_eq(w) is stated as q(w), the Fourier transform of vith energy 1). The noise trans	the equalizer's c	ontinuous-time pulse	TDECQrm	is shall not	· ·		,	Require that tified, we could allow a
of the frequency resp	onse,  H_eq(w) ^2. It is not ob	vious that this is	the intent.	Proposed Res	ponse	Response	e Status O		
C_dc is an "amplitude	e" correction term (unlike C_ed	q which is a powe	er term).						
This is very confusing and which are power.	and error prone. It would be u	useful to clarify w	hich terms are RMS	C/ <b>121</b> S Hidaka, Yasud	SC <b>121.8.5</b>	.4	P <b>228</b> Fujitsu Labora	L <b>12</b> tories of	# i-155
SuggestedRemedy				Comment Typ	e T	Commer	nt Status D		
In line 22 change "The	e noise, R" to "The RMS value	e, R, of the noise	".	Since erro	r is calcula	ted over only	the central 0.1 UI	of the eye diagr	am, the sampling
In line 29 change "noise enhancement" to "noise power amplification".			interval of error is effectively almost 1.0UI, because error in the remaining 0.9UI is ignored T/2-spaced FFE is unstable, because error in the remaining 0.9UI is ignored. T/2-spaced FFE will be stable, if error is calculated over the central 0.5 UI of the eye diagram. If we						
In line 33, change  "fr H_eq(w)".	equency response S_eq(w)" to	o "continuous fre	quency response	insist on the spaced FF	ne central (	).1UI of the ey	e diagram, we sh	ould use 0.9T-s	paced FFE or T-
In equation 121-8, cha	ange "S_eq(w)" to " H_eq(w) ^	2".		SuggestedRer	-				
Consider adding H or	q(w) to the equation definition	list ofter N(w): "L	d og(w) is the Fourier	Option 1:	Change T/2	2-spaced FFE	to 0.9T-spaced F	FE.	
	lizer's response to a T/2 pulse			Option 2:	Change T/2	2-spaced FFE	to T-spaced FFE		
	he term C_dc and using the c	coefficients A_i d	irectly in equation 121-	Option 3:	Calcualte t	he mean squa	re error over the	central 0.5 UI of	the eye diagram.
9, to minimize confus Proposed Response	Response Status <b>0</b>			Proposed Res	ponse	Response	e Status <b>O</b>		
Froposed Response	Response Status 0								

Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         Please consider changing the reference equalizer to a T spaced equalizer.         SuggestedRemedy         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 19       # [:-141]         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	C/ 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 32       # i-143         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status D         With a 19.34 GHz front end and an equalizer capable of noise shaping in the reference receiver, and product receivers that must be equalizing too, the -3 dB limit of 26.6 GHz seems wrong. It is likely that real receivers will roll off steeply between the Nyquist frequency and the signalling frequency.         SuggestedRemedy       Change "approximately equal to the signaling rate (i.e., 26.6 GHz)" to "approximately 1 GHz". Also in 122.8.7.         Proposed Response       Response Status O         C/ 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 35       # [i-144]         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status D         Please add the warning in 52.9.6.       D
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         Please consider changing the reference equalizer to a T spaced equalizer.         SuggestedRemedy         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 19       # [:-141]         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         With a 19.34 GHz front end and an equalizer capable of noise shaping in the reference receiver, and product receivers that must be equalizing too, the -3 dB limit of 26.6 GHz seems wrong. It is likely that real receivers will roll off steeply between the Nyquist frequency and the signalling frequency.         SuggestedRemedy       Change "approximately equal to the signaling rate (i.e., 26.6 GHz)" to "approximately 1 GHz". Also in 122.8.7.         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 35       # i-144         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D
Please consider changing the reference equalizer to a T spaced equalizer. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 121 SC 121.8.7 P 228 L 19 # i-141 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type TR Comment Status D In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	With a 19.34 GHz front end and an equalizer capable of noise shaping in the reference receiver, and product receivers that must be equalizing too, the -3 dB limit of 26.6 GHz seems wrong. It is likely that real receivers will roll off steeply between the Nyquist frequency and the signalling frequency.         SuggestedRemedy       Change "approximately equal to the signaling rate (i.e., 26.6 GHz)" to "approximately 1 GHz". Also in 122.8.7.         Proposed Response       Response Status       O         Cl 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 35       # i-144         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D
I 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 19       # i-141         awe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie       Image: Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	SuggestedRemedy         Change "approximately equal to the signaling rate (i.e., 26.6 GHz)" to "approximately 1 GHz". Also in 122.8.7.         Proposed Response       Response Status         O         Cl 121       SC 121.8.7       P 228       L 35       # i-144         Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D
awe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         omment Type       TR       Comment Status       D         In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	Cl 121 SC 121.8.7 P 228 L 35 # <u>i-144</u> Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b>
In this draft (following 52.9.6), square wave is proposed for measuring the signal strength in a RIN measurement procedure. Clause 52 is 10GBASE-S/L/E, an NRZ clause. We should not use square wave here because it isn't PAM4; e.g. any transmitter linearity control circuits may fail because two of the expected PAM4 levels are missing. There is no need to use a special unnatural pattern for this. Using a mixed-frequency pattern is much more convenient and gives a slightly more relevant RIN, closer to SNR, anyway.	Dawe, Piers J G     Mellanox Technologie       Comment Type     T       Comment Status     D
uggestedRemedy If a RIN spec is needed, define it based on PRBS13Q. All PAM4 optical clauses. Remove square wave for PAM4 from the draft. roposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	SuggestedRemedy         Add "This procedure describes a component test that may not be appropriate for a sys level test depending on the implementation.".         Proposed Response       Response Status       O
/ 121 SC 121.8.7 P 228 L 30 # [i-142	Cl         121         SC         121.8.9.1         P 229         L 24         # i-39           Anslow, Peter         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation
Dawe, Piers J G       Mellanox Technologie         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         This text "Each lane may be tested individually with the sum of the optical power from all of the lanes not under test being below -30 dBm" seems like it would apply to a WDM PMD, not here. Or is the idea that the output from all optical lanes is coupled into one power meter?         SuggestedRemedy       Delete the item? Also in 124.8.7.	Comment Type         E         Comment Status         D           The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate.           SuggestedRemedy           Change "Baseline wander and overshoot and undershoot should be minimized." to "Ca should also be taken to avoid excessive baseline wander, overshoot, and undershoot." Make the same change in 122.8.9.1
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>

C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.2 P 230 L 41 # i-145	C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.3 P 231 L 32 # i-38
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation
Comment Type         TR         Comment Status         D           Calibrating the signal for stressed receiver testing with this draft's SSPRQ then testing the receiver with PRBS31Q or scrambled idle won't work because the apparent penalty will be very different with the two patterns. This affects clauses 122 and 124 also.	Comment Type E Comment Status D The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty (before and after FEC) with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB penalty) with SSPRQ. It may be necessary to adjust another seed to get appropriate transition density characteristics.	Change "apply appropriate guard bands to ensure that the stressed receiver" to "apply appropriate guard bands so that the stressed receiver" Make the same change in 122.8.9.3 Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	
C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.2 P 231 L 13 # 1-146	C/         122         SC         122.7.1         P 251         L 35         # i-148           Dawe, Piers J G         Mellanox Technologie
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Comment Type TR Comment Status D
The pattern used in this paragraph is not the one used in the previous paragraph. This was stated in an earlier subclause, but it should be mentioned here in this step-by-step procedure. SuggestedRemedy Change "Each receiver lane is conformance tested in turn." to "The test pattern is changed from Pattern 6 (SSPRQ) to Pattern 3 (PRBS31Q) or Pattern 5 (scrambled idle) according to Table 121-10 and Table 121-9, and each receiver lane is conformance tested in turn."	LR. Yet it does not benefit the link or the receiver significantly (they are protected by the TDECQ spec, and MPI penalty is a weak function of extinction ratio for PAM4 - very few 100th of dB difference). For an example of a modern direct-mod PMD spec and what a receiver can receive, 100GBASE-SR4 has a 2 dB limit. A transmitter optimized for PAM4 is likely to have a lower extinction ratio than one for NRZ, to reduce distortion. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Reduce the extinction ratio limit from 4.5 dB to 3 dB.
Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
C/       121       SC       121.8.9.3       P 231       L 29       # i-40         Anslow, Peter       Ciena Corporation       Ciena Corporation         Comment Type       E       Comment Status       D         The Pre-ballot Mandatory Editorial Coordination states: "For example, words such as "ensure," "guarantee," "maximize," minimize," etc., should be modified, if they are inaccurate.       SuggestedRemedy         Change "Care should be taken to minimize the noise/jitter introduced by the O/E" to "Detection of the televicies introduced by the O/E" to "Detection of the televicies introduced by the O/E" to "Detection of the televicies introduced by the of E" to "Detection of the televicies introduced by the of E"	<u>¯</u>
"Core should be taken to evold every size $raise/litter being introduced by the O/\Gamma "$	
"Care should be taken to avoid excessive noise/jitter being introduced by the O/E" Make the same change in 122.8.9.3	

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 122 SC 122.7.1 Page 34 of 36 19/02/2017 09:35:00

udek, Michael Cavium	C/         122         SC         122.8.5.4         P 259         L 17         # i-156           Hidaka, Yasuo         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of         Fujitsu Laboratories of
omment Type T Comment Status D	Comment Type T Comment Status D
The footnote to the channel insertion loss is strange. Saying that it won't support operation at 10km isn't true if the channel insertion loss meets the 6.3dB specification. (which is a normative specification in table 122-17). <i>uggestedRemedy</i> Delete the footnote here and add a footnote to the 6.3 in table 122-17 that says "In order for 400GBASE-LR8 to meet this specification with 10km of fiber using the 0.46dB/km at 1272.55nm attenuation for optical fiber cables derived from Appendix I of ITU-T G.695 the	Since error is calculated over only the central 0.1 UI of the eye diagram, the sampling interval of error is effectively almost 1.0UI, because error in the remaining 0.9UI is ignored. T/2-spaced FFE is unstable, because error in the remaining 0.9UI is ignored. T/2-spaced FFE will be stable, if error is calculated over the central 0.5 UI of the eye diagram. If we insist on the central 0.1UI of the eye diagram, we should use 0.9T-spaced FFE or T- spaced FFE. SuggestedRemedy
connection insertion loss must be less than 1.7dB."	Option 1: Change T/2-spaced FFE to 0.9T-spaced FFE.
roposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>	Option 2: Change T/2-spaced FFE to T-spaced FFE.
I 122         SC 122.8.5.3         P 259         L 12         # [i-149]           awe, Piers J G         Mellanox Technologie	Option 3: Calcualte the mean square error over the central 0.5 UI of the eye diagram.Proposed ResponseResponse StatusO
comment TypeTComment StatusDAs far as I can see, the reference equalizer in 122.8.5.4 is identical to the one in 121.8.5.4	C/ 122 SC 122.11.2.2 P 266 L 10 # i-147
ggestedRemedy	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Change "with the exception that the reference equalizer is as specified in 122.8.5.4." to "with the reference equalizer specified in 122.8.5.4."	Comment Type T Comment Status D The maximum discrete reflectance for SMF has been -26 dB at least since Gigabit
oposed Response Response Status O	Ethernet (1998). Why would we allow worse reflections now?
	SuggestedRemedy Even if the numbers in this draft would work, it may be better to change -25 and -22 to -26 for consistency.
	Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>
	C/         123         SC         123.2         P         274         L         12         #         i-45           Anslow, Peter         Ciena Corporation         Ciena Corporation </td
	Comment Type T Comment Status D
	The parameters are defined by 116.3.3.1 through 116.3.3.3. This means that "rx_bit"
	should be "rx_symbol"
	should be "rx_symbol"

C/ <b>124</b> SC <b>124.7.1</b> Dawe, Piers J G	P <b>297</b> Mellanox Tech	L <b>16</b> nologie	# i-150	C/ <b>124</b> Ghiasi, Ali	SC 124.8.1	P <b>299</b> Ghiasi (	Description Leader L Quantum LLC	# i-92
	Comment Status D			Comment Ty	be TR	Comment Status		
This PMD transmits up to 5 with a dispersion minimum 0.93 and +0.8 ps/nm. The from the main mode. So if	00 m at a wavelength bet between 1300 and 1324 r unit interval is 18.8 ps and	nm. The dispers d the side mode	sion must be between - might be 1.5 nm away	Clock co delay ma DR4 rece	ntent issue as y reduce the r eiver need to b		esult of certain PCS n density from 0.75 to	combination with certain o 0.683, 400GBASE-
CDR, just look like up to 0.7				SuggestedRe	-			
TDECQ measurement. The	ere is no need for this ver	y tight waveleng	th spec AND an	Add patte with patte		2" then in table 124-10	for stress sensitivity	test repalce pattern 6
SMSR spec for this PMD.						otinon are to reduce TX	golden PLL BW from	n 4 MHz to 2.88 MHz or
SuggestedRemedy						ance corner from 4 MH		
Delete the SMSR spec or u		avelength spec		•		g/3/bs/public/adhoc/logi	_ 0 _	I_U217_logic.pdf
Proposed Response Re	esponse Status O			Proposed Re	sponse	Response Status C	)	
C/ 124 SC 124.7.1	P <b>297</b>	L <b>29</b>	# i-58	C/ 124	SC 124.8.7	P 301	L 8	# i-152
King, Jonathan	Finisar Corpora	ation		Dawe, Piers	JG	Mellano	x Technologie	
Comment Type <b>T</b> C	Comment Status D			Comment Ty	be T	Comment Status C	)	
Analysis of measured data disable is not reliably manu power of Off Tx, each lane.				receiver, seems w	and product r rong, as well a	t end and an equalizer of eceivers that must be e as expensive. It is likely equency and the signal	equalizing too, the -3 y that real receivers v	dB limit of 53.2 GHz
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRe		- q ,g		
In Table 124-6 in the row "A change the value to -15 dBr				Change '	-	y equal to the signaling	rate (i.e., 53.2 GHz)"	to "approximately 38.68
Proposed Response Re	esponse Status <b>O</b>			GHz".				
				Proposed Re	sponse	Response Status C	)	
C/ 124 SC 124.7.1	P <b>297</b>	L <b>31</b>	# i-151	C/ 124	SC 124.8.9	P 301	L 28	# i-153
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tech	nologie		Dawe, Piers			x Technologie	# 1-155
Comment Type TR C	Comment Status D						0	
Requiring an extinction ratio up the cost of this PMD, and or the receiver significantly weak function of extinction	d 100GBASE-DR if it is a (they are protected by the ratio for PAM4 - very few r optimized for PAM4 may	ligned. Yet it do TDECQ spec, 100th of dB diffe	bes not benefit the link and MPI penalty is a erence). Depending	MHz for scale with	r corner frequ 53 GBd PAM4 n signalling ra	Comment Status E ency for 26.5625 GBd ( ? Or at least, the low f te, i.e. align if expresse r 10.3125 GBd, 10 MHz	(NRZ and PAM4) is 4 requency (sloping) pa d in time vs. frequence	
on technology, a transmitte	ortion.			SuggestedRe	emedy			
one for NRZ, to reduce dist				Add anot	her exception	with a table like Table	121-12 but with the fi	requencies doubled.
one for NRZ, to reduce dist		<b>D</b>						•
one for NRZ, to reduce dist SuggestedRemedy Reduce the extinction ratio	0	В.		Proposed Re	sponse	Response Status	)	
one for NRZ, to reduce dist SuggestedRemedy Reduce the extinction ratio	limit from 5 dB to e.g. 3 d esponse Status <b>O</b>	В.		Proposed Re	sponse	Response Status C	)	
one for NRZ, to reduce dist SuggestedRemedy Reduce the extinction ratio	esponse Status <b>O</b>			·	sponse		) C/ <b>124</b>	Page 36 of 36

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SC 124.8.9 19/02/2017 09:35:01 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line