C/ 78	SC 78.5.1	<i>P</i> 104	L 34	# r01-57	C/ 116	SC 116.1.4	P 108	L 32	# r01-56
lidaka, Ya	asuo	Fujitsu Labora	atories of		Hidaka, Ya	ISUO	Fujitsu Labora	atories of	
Comment		Comment Status R			Comment		Comment Status A		
		n the RS and a 200 Gb/s on 00GXS is a part of 200GM			betwee	en the Reconciliation	at the optional 200GMII/40 on Sublayer and the PHY t	o transparently e	xtend the reach of the
Suggested	lRemedy						ver, Clause 118 is not asso 1, 123-1, or 124-1. Also, it		
	ge "200GXS or 400 e 118)".	GXS (see Clause 118)" to	"200GMII/400GN	/II Extender (see			ler in the description of 110		
Response		Response Status C					III/400GMII Extender can		
REJE The tit	-	nunication link access late	ncy" and the don	ninant addition to the	200GN	/III/400GMII. It sho	uld be OK as optional for a uld be also consistent with ler is associated with 2000	Figure 120A-7 in	120A.4 where
		addition of the 200GXS or			FR8/L				
		ws the existing text of this the RS and a 10 Gb/s PH			Suggested	Remedy			
							/400GMII Extender as opti	onal to all PHY t	ypes associated with
C/ 90 Anslow, Pe	SC 90.1	P 105	L 5	# r01-1	200GN	/III or 400GMII in T	able 116-3, 116-4, 121-1, ⁻	122-1, 123-1, and	d 124-1.
		Ciena Corpor	allon		Insert	the following parag	raph to 116.2.2:		
Comment		Comment Status A		Bucket	The of	tional 200GMII Ex	tender (Clause 118) can be		
The te	ext being modified is	s the second paragraph of	90.1		Sublay	ver and the PHY to	transparently extend the re e 118) can be inserted be	each of the 200G	MII. The optional
Suggested	lRemedy						extend the reach of the 40		cillation Sublayer and
Chang	e "first paragraph"	to "second paragraph"							
Response	PT IN PRINCIPLE	Response Status C				e the title of 116.2. ler Sublayers (200	2 to "200GMII/400GMII Ex GXS/400GXS)	tenders and 200	GMII/400GMII
		apply to the substantive cha	anges between I	EEE P802.3bs/D3.1	Response		Response Status C		
and IE	EE P802.3bs/D3.0	or the unsatisfied negative	e comments fron			PT IN PRINCIPLE.			
		scope of the recirculation luggested are an improvement		at would athornian			pply to the substantive cha		
need t	o be made during	oublication.					or the unsatisfied negative scope of the recirculation I		i the initial dallot.
	the Suggested Ren						iggested are an improvem		at would otherwise
					need t	o be made in Main	tenance.		
					In Tab	le 116-3, add 118.	200GMII Extender as "O"	for all PHY types	
							400GMII Extender as "O"		
							/ for 118-200GMII Extende		
							for 118-200GMII Extender	, Optional, Not a	pplicable and 118-
							pplicable, Optional / for 118-400GMII Extende	r Ontional	
							/ for 118-400GMII Extende		
						·			
						the following parag		a incortad batwar	on the Reconsiliation
							tender (Clause 118) can be transparently extend the re		
							e 118) can be inserted be		•
			(D/			•	Dec. 4 - (07
		ER/editorial required GR/ atched A/accepted R/reje					C/ 11	0	Page 1 of 27

SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

the PHY to transparently extend the reach of the 400GMII.

As the title of 116.2 is "Summary of 200 Gigabit and 400 Gigabit Ethernet sublayers", there is no need to change the title of 116.2.2.

	C/ 116	SC 116.5		I	□119	L 31		# r01-31		
here	Dawe, Pie	ers J G		Me	llanox T	echnologie				
	Comment	Type TR	Co	omment Stat	us R					
	Variat http:// "Elect SFI-5 Relati signal Poll o Shoul as exj interv desig relativ some straw sandb	ion limits have ieee802.org/3 rrical functions .2 specifies 1. ve Wander: C s f three vendor d we round up plained in http al here is 38 (in to a host Se rely small FIFC power even if poll). There is pagged, no-on	e not been /ba/public will requi 5UI of relation omponent s: ~ 1UI - to 2UI? I (/ieee802 fDes, and Ds (just a never us s no disace e will be in	n fixed. The c/may08/ans ire some dyr ative wande its of wande 1.5UI How do you 2.org/3/cd/pu not 97 ps. 1 d naturally, T few UI) are ted. I am aw dvantage to nconvenience	y need to low_01_ hamic sl r r that ar bloc/Jar The 8/4- x and R very exp vare of 8 making ced by ta	updating acco _0508.pdf : kew handling e uncorrelate 0.5 anyhow? 117/wertheim lane module x sides are d pensive per L 302.3cd's dec the changes aking out son	ad between an "	y two in band 7.pdf The unit pletely different is. These er, and consume comment 80:		
	Temperature variation causing variable gate delay" and proposed 200ps (~2UI) for 10G lanes. Here we have 25G lanes.									
	Suggeste	,								
	Chan Chan Chan Chan Chan Chan Make	ge SP1 from C ge SP2 from C ge SP3 from C ge SP4 from 3 ge SP5 from 3 ge SP6 from 3 ge "At PCS re the equivalen sn't matter mu	.4 ns, ~1 .6 ns, ~1 .4 ns, ~9 .6 ns, ~9 .8 ns, ~1 ceive" fro t changes	1 UI, N/A to 6 UI, ~32 UI 0 UI, ~181 U 6 UI, N/A to 01 UI, N/A to m 4 ns, ~10 s in the follow	0.22 ns to 0.42 JI to 3.2 3.42 ns o 3.53 n 6 UI, N/ wing cla	, ~6 UI, NA. ns, ~11 UI, ~ 2 ns, ~86 UI, , ~91 UI, N/A s, ~94 UI, N/A A to 3.73 ns, uses.	~171 UI. A. ~99 UI, N/A.	ed or not.		
	Response	9	Res	sponse Statu	ıs C					
	There	CT. s the same su was no conse st P802.3bs D	ggested r ensus to r	remedy as fo	or comm	0				
	There	remains no c	oncensus	to make thi	is chang	je.				
	The re The is propo discus	r's note added esponse to co sue of whethe sed in http://ie ssed in the P8 3cd D1.1 with	mment i-1 er to tighte ee802.or 02.3cd Ta	105 is: en the Skew g/3/cd/public ask Force in	Variatio c/Jan17, connec	on limits for P /wertheim_3c	d_01_0117.pd nments #80 ar	df was nd #74 against		

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/ge	eral required T/technical E/editorial G/general	C/ 116	Page 2 of 27
COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	SC 116.5	08/06/2017 08:41:12

SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

were adopted for 50 Gb/s Ethernet. See:

http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/comments/8023cd_D11_final_comment_responses_by_clause
.pdf
]

C/ 119 SC 119.2.5.3 P 164 L 10 # r01-28

Wertheim. Oded

Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

When FEC_bypass_indication_enable is asserted, and the hi_ser threshold is crossed, the PCS receive function sets the 66b block to EBLOCK_R without indicating LBLOCK_R (local fault) to the RS laver which as a result can't indicate remote faults to the peer RS laver.

The behavior is different from CL91 + CL82, where hi_ser in the FEC sublayer will result in hi_ber in the PCS layer that will return the PCS receive state machine to RX_INIT. When auto-negotiation is supported and enabled, it will cause the auto-negotiation to restart. In CL119 if the SER is high but the error statistics is such that the port maintains align status, the port will keep discarding traffic without indicating local fault to the local RS laver / remote fault to the peer RS laver.

SuggestedRemedy

Modify the text from:

the Reed-Solomon decoder shall cause the PCS receive function to set every 66-bit block to an error block (set to EBLOCK R) for a period of 60 ms to 75 ms. This may be achieved by setting the synchronization header to 11 for all 66-bit blocks created by the 256B/257B to 64B/66B transcoder for this time period.

To:

the Reed-Solomon decoder shall set hi_ser causing the PCS receive function to return to RX_INIT (setting the received blocks to LBLOCK_R) for a period of 60 ms to 75 ms. When Auto-Negotiation is supported and enabled, assertion of hi ser causes Auto-Negotiation to restart.

Add hi ser to the RX INIT condition in Figure 119-15--Receive state diagram, such that the new condition is: reset + !align_status + hi_ser.

Response

Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise

need to be made in Maintenance.

Implement the changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17 05/gustlin 3bs 01 0517.pdf with appropriate changes to the Clause 118 PICS

C/ 119	SC 119.2.6.2.2	P 166	L	# r01-67
Muma, Sco	ott			

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The definition of the current_pcsl variable only defines what it is and what it's for, but not how it is to be determined. Since it is updated in the alignment marker lock state diagram it is prior to FEC error corrections and so it seems like the value should be determined based on the process of comparing 12 known nibbles and determining the value matches if 9 or more match. It also needs to be stated what should be done if no match is found when current_pcsl is calculated. Once current_pcsl is fully defined the pcs_lane variable becomes redundant and can be deleted which simplifies the description. The AMP COMPARE description must also be updated to clarify that current pcsl must find a valid match on both the first and second comparisons for amp match to be true.

SuggestedRemedy

First, add to the current pcsl definition: The PCS lane number is determined by the alignment marker payloads based on the mapping defined in 119.2.4.4. The 48 bits that are in the positions of the unique marker bits in the received alignment marker payload are compared to the expected values for a given payload position and PCS lane on a nibblewise basis (12 comparisons). If 9 or more nibbles in the candidate block match the corresponding known nibbles for any payload position on a given PCS lane, then the PCS lane number is assigned accordingly. If a match is not found, than any comparisons of this variable will fail forcing a slip in the Alignment marker lock state diagram.

Second, replace "pcs lane" in Figure 119-12 with "current pcsl".

Third, delete pcs lane and its definition in 119.2.6.2.2.

Fourth, change the last sentence of the AMP COMPARE description to: If current pcsl and first pcsl both found a match and indicate the same PCS lane number, amp match is set to true.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

[Editor's note: This comment was sent after the close of the comment period] This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.

Apply the Suggested Remedy with the following modification:

Change:

"If a match is not found, than any comparisons of this variable will fail forcing a slip in the Alignment marker lock state diagram."

To:

"If a match is not found, then the AMP COMPARE function sets amp match to false."

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2.2 Page 3 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:12

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2.2 P 166 L 48 # r01-29 Wertheim, Oded Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Tec	C/ 119A SC 119A P 325 L 10 # [r01-18] RAN, ADEE Intel
Comment Type T Comment Status A Missing definition for the PCS_status variable	Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket (page 321 according to footer in CMP document)
SuggestedRemedy Add a PCS_status variable to the state variables. PCS status:	The padding for the alignment markers appear in table 119A-1 as bold italics, and in table 1129A-2 in bold Roman.
A Boolean variable that is true when align_status is true and hi_ser is false.	Based on the describing text, it seems that they should not be italics, since the "pad" bits
Response Response Status C	are not part of the alignment marker.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	SuggestedRemedy Change pad bits formatting from bold italics to bold Roman.
This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. See the response to comment #28	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r01-28 is: This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.	need to be made during publication. Apply the Suggested Remedy.
Implement the changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_05/gustlin_3bs_01_0517.pdf with appropriate changes to the Clause 118 PICS	

1

C/ 119A SC 119A

	20.1.4	<i>P</i> 189	L 44	# r01-33	C/ 120	SC 120.5.1	1.2.3	P 202	L 18	# r01-32
Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tec	nnologie		Dawe, Pie	rsJG		Mellanox Tec	nnologie	
Comment Type	T Com	ment Status R			Comment	Type TR	Comme	ent Status R		
PAM4 physica	Il instantiation. Ild be NRZ or RZ			26.5625 GBd by 8 lane her. The "opposite" of	receiv FEC)	er calibration be penalty. Neithe	ecause mea r dawe_3bs	surements with th	is pattern do not slow_01_0417_s	in TDECQ or stressed give the correct (post amf show a suitable
SuggestedRemedy	Y				Suggested	dRemedy				
PAM2 is aka N PAM2) signalir 120.5.11.1 Tes For a 200GBA	NRZ as often as a ng" to "using PAI st patterns for NF SE-R PMA with	M2 (also known as 2- RZ encoded signals 8 output lanes or a 4	ange "using 2-lev -level NRZ) signa 00GBASE-R PN	rel NRŻ (also known as aling", change: IA with 16 output lanes	with 0 minim with S	.4 dB baseline v ally compliant (wander pena i.e. also 0.4 Il be a patte	alty after FEC with	a random payloa er penalty) on a p	ore-FEC BER basis
-	NRZ encoding, th	e test patterns in this	s clause may be	supported.	Response		Respon	se Status U		
to 120 5 11 1 Tes	st patterns for PA	M2 encoded signals			REJE	CT.				
For a 200GBA	SE-R PMA with	8 output lanes or a 4	00GBASE-R PN	IA with 16 output lanes s in this clause may be		ilar proposal wa anges to this pa			ected. No conser	nsus has been reached
Response	Resp	onse Status C			After f	urther discussion	on there is st	till no consensus f	or a change to th	e draft.
REJECT.					7.1101 1					o didit.
In the resolution		166 (D3.0) it was dec ces only, and not rep			The re	esponse to com	ment i-109 i			(after presentation of

PAM2 the primary term rather than an alternative. This proposal would go against the spirit of the i-166 resolution by making PAM2 the primary term and NRZ an alternative.

its baseline wander characteristics) by comment 50 against D1.3. A straw poll was taken in association with that comment: Do you support adopting the SSPRQ pattern for TDECQ and SRS calibration in Clauses 122 and 123? Yes 41 No 2.

Comments i-130, i-133, and i-145 proposed to change the first seed in Table 120-2 but these comments were not accepted. 1

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.3 Page 5 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:12

C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.2.3	P 205	L 54	# r01-30
RAN, ADEE		Intel		

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

(page 202 according to footer in CMP document)

This is a follow-up on unsatisfied comment i-17. That comment was resolved by adding the text:

"Test patterns that are intended for transmitter testing, such as square wave, may not be correctly recovered by an adjacent PMA".

Although we may think SSPRQ is intended for transmitter testing, this is not stated explicitly; actually "tests pattern intended for transmitter testing" are not defined anywhere.

I am concerned that testers might try to feed SSPRQ from a pattern generator into a receiver placed into remote loopback, as a way of conducting some receiver test. SRS in the PMD clauses is defined with other test patterns (PRBS31Q or scrambled idle), but some people are creative. In addition, the receiver tests in Annex 120D do not state which pattern should be used.

SSPRQ creates non-representative conditions (that occur once in several millennia with random data) many times per second. This characteristic was discussed in many presentations, but is not stated anywhere in the standard. It follows that a receiver may display "unacceptable BER" with SSPRQ while having a healthy margin for operation with real data.

The nature of SSPRQ should be noted, and BER testing with SSPRQ should be explicitly discouraged.

The suggested remedy, if accepted, would satisfy comment i-17 as well.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a the following text (which is partly based on 120.5.11.1.2) at the end of 120.5.11.2.3:

Note that SSPRQ is intended to be checked by external test gear, and no SSPRQ checking function is provided within the PMA. SSPRQ is not representative of regular traffic and is unsuitable for BER testing.

Response

Response Status C

REJECT.

The other clauses specify how each test pattern is used in the particular test procedures for which it is designed. There are no PMA checkers for most of the test patterns (e.g., PRBS9, Square Wave (NRZ or Quaternary), PRBS13Q), and there is no need to call out specifically that there is no PMA-based checker for SSPRQ which is neither specified nor required for the tests using this pattern.

None of the PMA generated test patterns are representantive of normal traffic: some are more stressful in various dimensions (PRBS31, PRBS31Q, Square Wave NRZ and

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

Quaternary), others are more benign than normal traffic (e.g., PRBS9), and hence there is no need to call out this property specifically for SSPRQ.

For the receiver tests in Annex 120D, the interference tolerance test uses scrambled idle and the jitter tolerance test uses scrambled idle or PRBS31Q.

C/ 120	SC 120.5.11.2.4	P 203	L 21	# r01-34
Dawe, Pie	rs J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie	

Comment Type T Comment Status A

This says "A square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 may not be correctly forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer." Which is true, but the output of the PMD sublayer is the receiving PMD's service interface, and we have established that the square wave might not contain the "correct" PAM4 symbols even at TP2, because the Tx side CDR doesn't see enough transitions for healthy operation - however, the signal can still be used for measuring OMA in the RIN procedure.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "sublayer".

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change:

"A square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 may not be correctly forwarded to the output of the PMD sublayer." to:

"A square wave transmitted over a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 may not be correctly forwarded to the PMD transmitter output."

C/ 120 SC 120.5.11.2.4 Page 6 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:12

The term "bidirectional" is not clear. In IEEE802.3-2015, the term "bidirectional" is used in various contexts in the following clauses: 1.2.3, 1.4.245, 4.1.1, 11.3.1, 16.5.2.3, 22.2.2.14, 22.3.4, 22.4.4.2, 32.7.3, 40.7.5, 45.4.2, 47.2, 55.7.4, 56.1.3, 58, 58.10, 59, 59.10, 81.3.4, 830.1. It is often used in the context such as "bidirectional signal" (22.2.2.14, 22.3.4, 22.4.4.2, 45.4.2), "bidirectional optics" (1.2.3), "simultaneous bidirectional" (32.7.3, 40.7.5, 55.7.4) where the transmission is done on the same optical or electrical medium in both directions at the same time or different time. The term "bidirectional link" is used in the same context only in 83D.1, and not popular in IEEE802.3. In order to different time. Interface of 83E, 120C, and 120E where "link" is used without preceding "bidirectional", we may use "symmetric link" rather than "bidirectional link". Alternatively, it may be also OK to just use the term "link" without preceding "bidirectional". SuggestedRemedy Change "bidirectional link" to "symmetric link" in the following locations: Clause 120B.1, P335, L43. Clause 120B.1, P335, L43. Clause 120D.1, P350, L33.	C/ 120D SC 120D.1 P 350 Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Labora		t r01-58	<i>Cl</i> 120D Hidaka, Yasu	SC 120D.1	<i>Р</i> 351 Fujitsu Lab	L 41 oratories of	# r01-59
clause 12.3, 1.4, 246, 4.1, 11.3, 116, 5.2, 32, 22, 22, 21, 42, 23, 42, 24, 42, 32, 73, 40, 75, 45, 42, 15, 65, 68, 10, 59, 910, 813, 34, 830, 1. It is often used in the context such as 'bidirectional signal' (22, 24, 14, 22, 34, 22, 44, 2, 44, 2, 44, 2, 45, 44), tidirectional price of the same optical or electrical medium in both directions at the same time or differentiate chip-to-chip interface of 120B and 120D from chip-to-module interface of 33E, 120C, and 120E where 'link' is used without preceding 'bidirectional', we may use 'symmetric link' therem 'bidirectional link' to a suggested area nimprovement in the following locations: Clause 120B, 1, P335, L33. Clause 120D, 1, P350, L33. Clause 120D, 1, P350, L33. Change 'bidirectional link' to ''symmetric link' in the following locations: Clause 120D, 1, P350, L33. Change 'bidirectional link' to ''symmetric link' in the following locations: Clause 120D, 1, P350, L33. Change 'bidirectional link' to ''symmetric bidire clause commets form the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recliculation ballot. Hence	The term "bidirectional" is not clear.			For Equa	tion (120D-1), the channel loss at the N	yquist frequency is	Bucke not necessarily 20.457
at the same time or different time. The term 'bidirectional link' is used in the same context only in 83D.1, and not popular in IEEE802.3. In order to differentiate chip-to-chip interface of 120B and 120D from chip-to-module interface of 83E, 120C, and 120E where "link" is used without preceding "bidirectional", we may use "symmetric link" rather than "bidirectional link". Alternatively, it may be also OK to just use the term "link" without preceding "bidirectional". SuggestedRemedy Change "bidirectional link" to "symmetric link" in the following locations: Clause 120B.1, P335, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. Change "bidirectional link" to "ink" in the following locations: Clause 120D.1, P350, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34. Clause 120B.1, P335, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.	clauses: 1.2.3, 1.4.245, 4.1.1, 11.3.1, 16.5.2.3, 22.2 45.4.2, 47.2, 55.7.4, 56.1.3, 58, 58.10, 59, 59.10, 81 It is often used in the context such as "bidirectional 45.4.2), "bidirectional optics" (1.2.3), "simultaneous	.2.14, 22.3.4, 22.4.4.2, 3 .3.4, 83D.1. signal" (22.2.2.14, 22.3.4 bidirectional" (32.7.3, 40	32.7.3, 40.7.5, 1, 22.4.4.2, 1.7.5, 55.7.4)	Change ' Response	20.457 dB" t	Response Status C).457 dB".	
SuggestedRemedy Change "bidirectional link" to "symmetric link" in the following locations: Clause 120B.1, P335, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L43. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.	at the same time or different time. The term "bidirectional link" is used in the same con IEEE802.3. In order to differentiate chip-to-chip interface of 1200 interface of 83E, 120C, and 120E where "link" is use	text only in 83D.1, and n 3 and 120D from chip-to- ed without preceding "bid	ot popular in -module	and IEEE Hence it However need to b	P802.3bs/D is not within , the changes be made in M	3.0 or the unsatisfied negative scope of the recirculations suggested are an improve laintenance.	tive comments fror n ballot.	n the initial ballot.
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. Change "bidirectional link" to "link" in the following locations: Clause 120B.1, P335, L34. Clause 120B.1, P335, L43. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.	SuggestedRemedy Change "bidirectional link" to "symmetric link" in the Clause 120B.1, P335, L34. Clause 120B.1, P335, L43. Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.							
Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive charand IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation be However, the changes suggested are an improvemeneed to be made in Maintenance. Change "bidirectional link" to "link" in the following loc Clause 120B.1, P335, L34.	e comments from the initioallot. ent to the draft that would	ial ballot.					
	Clause 120D.1, P350, L34.							

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120D SC 120D.1

20d SC 120d.1 P 368 L 49 # r01-5	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 352 L 50 # r01-35
z, Richard Samtec, Inc.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
nent Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type E Comment Status A
ine 24 suggests that the supported insertion loss budget is characterized by equation 20E-1. Higher data rates tend to move technology, both in silicon and interconnect. The	J4 isn't like J2 and J9 because it excludes correlated jitter.
orm of Equation 120E-1 suggests PCB material. Cables which connect from a host device	SuggestedRemedy
a MDI connector have an insertion loss characteristic which has a much stronger square bot of frequency. Hence this technology will likely fail this loss specification. However	Consider changing its name to J4u.
hany of these channel will pass all other electrical requirements. See presentation.	Response Response Status C
estedRemedy	
hange Equation 120E-1 include representation of cabling and interconnect advancements	Change "J4" to "J4u"
the form in equation 93A-51 i.e. $a0 + a1^{s}qrt(f) + a2^{s}f + a4^{s}f^{2}$	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 353 L 24 # r01-36
ith	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
a0 a1 a2 a4] = [0.05 1.65 0.155 0.0117]	Comment Type TR Comment Status A
onse Response Status C	Transmitter Output residual ISI SNR_ISI (max) 38 dB is too high - probably can't measur
CCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. his comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1	the IC through the test fixture and cables.
nd IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot.	SuggestedRemedy
lence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.	Start by checking whether Gaussian assumptions are tripping us up.
lowever, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise eed to be made in Maintenance.	Response Response Status U
eed to be made in Maintenance.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Change "The supported insertion loss budget is characterized by Equation (120E-1) and	
ustrated in Figure 120E-4. " The recommended insertion loss budget is characterized by Equation (120E-1) and	See response to comment #r01-22
ustrated in Figure 120E-4. "	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.
•	The response to comment r01-22 is:
dd "recommended" to the title of Figure 120E-4.	In Table 120D-1:
traw Poll:	Change the minimum SNR_ISI value from 38 to 34.8 dB. Change the minimum SNDR from 31 to 31.5 dB.
):	Change Linear fit pulse peak (min) from 0.736*Vf to 0.76*Vf
Change the right hand side of Equation 120E-1 to the right hand side of the equation given	In Table 400D R
1 Slide 14 "Option B" of ttp://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/24Apr_17/mellitz_01b_042417_elect.pdf	In Table 120D-8: Change Av and Afe values from 0.45 to 0.44
):	
lo change to Equation 120E-1	Add another NOTE at the end of 120D.3.1.7:
):10; b):0;	NOTE 2The observed SNR_ISI can be significantly influenced by the measurement setup, e.g. reflections in cables and connectors. High-precision measurement and carefu
hange the right hand side of Equation 120E-1 to the right hand side of the equation given	calibration of the setup are recommended.
NSIde 14 "Option B" of]
ttp://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/elect/24Apr_17/mellitz_01b_042417_elect.pdf. Ipdate Figure 120E-4 to match the updated equation.	

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 Page 8 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 Dawe, Piers J G	P 353 Mellanox Technolog		# r01-37	C/ 120D 3 RAN, ADEE	SC 120D.3.1.	1 P Inte	357 I	L 29	# r01-22
Comment Type E Com Put the subclauses in the right	ment Status A	-	Bucket	Comment Typ (page 353		Comment Statu footer in CMP doc			
SuggestedRemedy Swap 120D.3.1.1, Output jitter	and 120D.3.1.8, Transmitt	er differential outp	ut return loss.		_	of 38 dB is too hig is is the subject of			rement (although
Response Resp ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Re-order 120D.3.1 sub-clause "Output jitter" 120D.3.1.8, and Grant editorial license to correct	"Transmitter differential ou	tput return loss" 1	20D.3.1.1	generator 39.3 dB, a	, connected b and that was v This may be		nt-grade ca f. This is o	ble, the best SN nly 1.3 dB better	
CI 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 RAN, ADEE	P 357 Intel	L 29	# <u>r01-20</u>	connector	s, with short o	mitter with a suppl ables to the same t equalization.			•
Comment Type TR Com (page 353 according to footer (text not changed from D3.0)	n CMP document)			ISI can be	assumed to	be roughly the sam	ne. This wi	ll result in a degi	ualized peak, while the radation of 4.4 dB in _ISI of only 34.9 dB.
SNR_ISI should be specified a better). SuggestedRemedy Change "SNR_ISI(max)" to "S		imum value (highe	er values are	assumed would red The COM	in the receive uce the signa analysis of c	and exacerbate the ontributed channels	maximum ne effects o s resulted	Tx equalization s of TX ISI, crossta in Tx equalizatio	+DFE equivalent state is unlikely (as this alk and other noises). n much lower than the this state. More likely,
Response Resp ACCEPT.	onse Status C			the Tx equ To achiev some mai	ualization will e technical fe rgin for manuf	reduce the peak by asibility with a broa	y up to 2 d ad market j and tempe	B relative to the potential, the state arature dependent	unequalized pulse. ndard should allow nce. The specification
						proposal is to speci instrument-grade			dB below the best r 35.3 dB.
				SNRisi sh by the CC 0.03, or 3	ould equal the M package". 0.2 dB below	e RSS sum of the -	TxSNR use SS of the c it the sam	ed in COM plus t urrent values of e with SNR_ISI	sum of the SNDR and he SNRisi produced SNDR and SNR_ISI is of 35.3 dB, the
				SuggestedRe	medy				
				Change th	ne minimum S	NR_ISI value from	n 38 to 35.3	3 dB.	
				Change th	ne minimum S	NDR from 31 to 3	1.8 dB.		
				In 120D.3	.1.7, change '	The SNR_ISI spec	cification s	hall be met for a	Il transmit equalization
TYPE: TR/technical required ER/e	ditorial required GR/gener	al required T/tech	nnical E/editorial G/g		-		C/ 12		Page 9 of 27

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SC 120D.3.1.1 08/06/2017 08:41:13 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

settings" to "The SNR_ISI is measured with Local_eq_cm1 and Local_eq_c1 set to zero". Add another NOTE at the end of 120D.3.1.7: NOTE 2The observed SNR_ISI can be significantly influenced by the measurement setup, e.g. reflections in cables and connectors. High-precision measurement and careful calibration of the setup are recommended.	C/120DSC120D.3.1.1.2P 354L 40#r01-61Hidaka, YasuoFujitsu Laboratories ofComment TypeEComment StatusABucketSince line 40 through line 45 is the body of the description starting on line 38, they should					
Response Response Status U	have lower indent than line 38.					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Also, it should use the same style as line 46 through line 52.					
	Suggested Remedy					
In Table 120D-1: Change the minimum SNR_ISI value from 38 to 34.8 dB. Change the minimum SNDR from 31 to 31.5 dB.	Format line 40 through line 45 in the same way as line 48 through line 52 as follows:					
Change Linear fit pulse peak (min) from 0.736*Vf to 0.76*Vf	- Indent down - Enumerate line 40 as 1) and line 44 as 2) - Remove dashes on line 41 and 42					
Change Av and Afe values from 0.45 to 0.44	Response Response Status C					
	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					
Add another NOTE at the end of 120D.3.1.7: NOTE 2The observed SNR_ISI can be significantly influenced by the measurement setup, e.g. reflections in cables and connectors. High-precision measurement and careful	Format line 40 through line 45 in the same way as line 48 through line 52 as follows:					
calibration of the setup are recommended. <i>Cl</i> 120D <i>SC</i> 120D.3.1.1.1 <i>P</i> 353 <i>L</i> 48 # r01-60 Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Laboratories of	- Indent down - Enumerate line 40 as A) and line 44 as B) - Remove dashes on line 41 and 42					
	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1.2 P 355 L1 # r01-4					
Comment Type TR Comment Status A If some transitions have lower jitter than other transitions, choosing the size of all sets is	Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation					
not necessarily enough, because when the sizes of the sets for high jitter transitions is						
lower than the sizes of the sets for low jitter transitions, the calculated jitter becomes lower.	Comment Type G Comment Status A Bucket "jiitter" should be "jitter"					
SuggestedRemedy						
Change "The size of all sets should be chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with	SuggestedRemedy change "jiitter" to "jitter"					
sufficient accuracy."	Response Response Status C					
"The size of each should be balanced and the size of all sets should be chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with sufficient accuracy."	ACCEPT.					
Response Response Status C						
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change "The size of all sets should be chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with sufficient accuracy." to "The 12 sets should be of equal size and the size of all sets should be chosen to enable calculation of J4 (as defined below) with sufficient accuracy."						
[Note J4 has been changed to J4u by another comment.]						

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1.2

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 358 L 38 # r01-9	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 358 L 43 # r01-40					
Healey, Adam Broadcom Ltd.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
Comment Type T Comment Status A While M and Np are parameters of equations defined in 85.8.3.3.5, it is not accurate to say	Comment Type T Comment Status A Bu This isn't a measurement standard. Don't add a "shall" to the measurement.					
that they are defined there. The final clause of this note "Nb is found in Table 120D-8" implies the note is intended to point the user where values for these parameters may be found. This makes the reference to 85.8.3.3.5 even more misleading.	SuggestedRemedy Change "The reference impedance for differential return loss measurements shall be 10					
SuggestedRemedy	ohm." to "The reference impedance for differential return loss is 100 ohm."					
Change the note to be "NOTE M is the oversampling ratio of the measured waveform and linear fit pulse as defined in 85.8.3.3.4 and Np is the linear fit pulse length defined in 120D.3.1.3. Nb is defined in Table 120D-8. "	Response Response Status C ACCEPT.					
Response Response Status C	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 358 L 43 # r01-39					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
See response to comment #r01-38	Comment Type T Comment Status A Bu					
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r01-38 is:	Use consistent terminology. It seems that "This output impedance requirement" is referring to the differential output return loss spec.					
Change the NOTE to a paragraph: "Where M is the oversampling ratio of the measured	SuggestedRemedy					
waveform and linear fit pulse as defined in 85.8.3.3.4 and Np is the linear fit pulse length given in 120D.3.1.3. Nb is given in Table 120D-8. "	In "This output impedance requirement applies to all valid output levels", delete "output impedance".					
See also comment #r01-9]	Response Response Status C ACCEPT.					
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 358 L 38 # r01-38	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 P 358 L 46 # r01-41					
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type TR Comment Status R					
Comment Type E Comment Status A The contents of this NOTE aren't just fluff, they are needed to use the equation. SuggestedRemedy	Comment Type TR Comment Status R I doubt that the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is significant for signal integrity compared with the 8.7 dB at 6 GHz. This RL is much tighter than CEI-56G-MR at low (and high)					
Comment Type E Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status R I doubt that the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is significant for signal integrity compared					
Comment Type E Comment Status A The contents of this NOTE aren't just fluff, they are needed to use the equation. SuggestedRemedy Instead of NOTEM and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8, annotate Eq 120D-7 per style guide: "where M and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8."	Comment Type TR Comment Status R I doubt that the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is significant for signal integrity compared with the 8.7 dB at 6 GHz. This RL is much tighter than CEI-56G-MR at low (and high) frequency but looser between 4 and 9 GHz. SuggestedRemedy					
Comment Type E Comment Status A The contents of this NOTE aren't just fluff, they are needed to use the equation. SuggestedRemedy Instead of NOTEM and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8, annotate Eq 120D-7 per style guide: "where M and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8." Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Comment Type TR Comment Status R I doubt that the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is significant for signal integrity compared with the 8.7 dB at 6 GHz. This RL is much tighter than CEI-56G-MR at low (and high) frequency but looser between 4 and 9 GHz. SuggestedRemedy Change 14.25 - f to 12 -0.625f					
Comment Type E Comment Status A The contents of this NOTE aren't just fluff, they are needed to use the equation. SuggestedRemedy Instead of NOTEM and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8, annotate Eq 120D-7 per style guide: "where M and Np are defined in 85.8.3.3.5, and Nb is found in Table 120D-8." Response Response Status C	Comment Type TR Comment Status R I doubt that the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is significant for signal integrity compared with the 8.7 dB at 6 GHz. This RL is much tighter than CEI-56G-MR at low (and high) frequency but looser between 4 and 9 GHz. SuggestedRemedy Change 14.25 - f to 12 -0.625f Response Response Status U REJECT.					

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.8 Page 11 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 RAN, ADEE	P 365 Intel	L 9	# r01-23	<i>Cl</i> 120e Ghiasi, Ali	SC 120e.1.	.1	P 369 Ghiasi Quantu	<i>L</i> 29 um LLC	# r01-12
Comment Type E	Comment Status A		Bucket	Comment T		Comment S			
(page 361 according to foc	ter in CMP document)			In suffic 121-124		finition of the BE	R, should add	someitbg similar	to what we have in CL
Small font in green cross-r	eference to 93.8.1.3.			Suggested	Remedy				
SuggestedRemedy Change to the same size a	is surrounding text.			5 provid	led that the e	rror statistics are	sufficiently rar	ndom that this re	hall be less than 1x10- sults in a frame loss
Response R ACCEPT.	esponse Status C			when p the fran	rocessed ácc ne loss ratio r	ording to Clause	120 and Claus I to 6.2e-11 for	se 119. For a co 64- 48 octet fra	imum interpacket gap mplete Physical Layer, mes with minimum
C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1	P 365	L 22	# r01-24						
RAN, ADEE	Intel								ment, then the BER han 1.7e-12 for 64-
Comment Type E	Comment Status A					nimum interpack			nan 1.76-12 101 04-
(page 361 according to foc	ter in CMP document)			Response		Response S	Status C		
 Having an equation in the middle of a list is cumbersome, the similar text was changed in 802.3cd and all equations were moved after the list. Also, "Where Q4 is 3.8906" is within the text and before the equation; it seems misplaced, and will be more so if the equation is moved. Also, the number is not justified in the text (although justification was discussed in task force presentations). SuggestedRemedy Move Equation 120D-11 to a location after the list. 					REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ba Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. With a BER of 1E-5 and a probability of a burst continuing of 0.75, the expected fram ratio is not 1.7E-12, but 3.27E-17 (when analyzed according to the methods used in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/logic/oct23_15/anslow_01_1015_logic.pdf earlier presentations). This is equivalent to one uncorrectable codeword every 26 ye which is clearly not a practical measurement limit.				
Delete the quoted words fr Equation 120D-11.	om item d, and place then	n in a new para	graph following						
Add a NOTE after this para NOTEQ4 is an approxima in Equation (95-1).		*10^-5, where t	ne Q function is defined						
Response R ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Move Equations 120D-10 &	Response Status C & 120D-11 after the list.								
Delete "Where Q4 is 3.890 Equation 120D-11.	6." from item d, and plac	e it in a new pa	ragraph following						

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120e SC 120e.1.1 Page 12 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2	2 P 376	L 5	# r01-42	C/ 120E SC 120	E.3.2.1	P 376	L 27	# r01-43
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie		Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tec	hnologie	
healey_3bs_01a_0317 COM anyway, so the l seems to be that ever struggle after their own SuggestedRemedy If there is an issue, co end" to after a reasons and width to compens remains, consider if th Review the way this w Response REJECT.	nsider increasing the loss in t able package loss, and makin ate. Anyway, relax the far-en- iere needs to be a minimum a orks for a reasonable variety <i>Response Status</i> U	smitter A1" that o seems too re oftware channel he software cha g a small adjus d pre-cursor rat s well as a may of channels.	gives more than 4 dB strictive. The complaint , some receivers might annel to moving the "far tment the FE eye height io limit. If a limit kimum limit.	module testing: th 7 is mostly Skew circuitry. giannake 'PMA to PMD cor - Traces should ir - Should be less t The point is that t and output signal For PRBS13Q, o decorrelation; PR master PRBS get	23.1 comment 12 ne 1 ns (about 27 that the host mig opoulos_01_0500 nection n any case be ca han 1" (per direc he lanes should s are available, th nly 1 UI offset at BS31Q is believe nerator and an ar d performance. tical clauses have	UI) of Skew that ht make, not Ske said: refully laid out tion), which is 0.4 not be correlated he tester can find the point of cross ad to behave sim rangement of spl 31 UI x 7 steps a e added "so that is	is called out in for w between mode to ns (RX and TX in the module, a out what is really talk is enough to larly. In some te itters and cables t 26.5625 GBd ai the symbols on e	nd as both the input y needed if he wishes. give excellent est setups, there is a ; the cables must be nd 5 ns/m is 1.63 m - pach lane are not
	ot provided any evidence to s more restrictive than necessa		rtion that the limit for far-	SuggestedRemedy		0		
C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2 RAN, ADEE Comment Type E		L 1	# <u>r01-25</u> Bucket	by more than 1" o used with a comm and any other lan	or about 5 UI, cha non clock, there i e." to "For the ca here is enough de on each lane are	nge "For the cas s at least 31 UI d se where PRBS1 lay between the not correlated wi	e where PRBS13 elay between the 3Q or PRBS31C patterns on one I thin the module.	ane and any other land At least 8 UI is
,	ps break into two lines). <i>Response Status</i> C				, NCIPLE. 0E.3.1.6, 120E.3 east 31 UI delay	between the test	pattern on one la	ane and the pattern on elated within the PMD".

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2.1

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.3.2.1 P 379 L 34 # r01-10 Healey, Adam Broadcom Ltd.	C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1 P 383 L 9 # [r01-44] Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type T Comment Status A It is stated that the eye height and width are to be measured using the methodology given in 120E.4.2 and that the reference receiver is configured to maximize the eye height and width. However, the loss channel is never mentioned here or in the references and the only indication that it is needed is the definition of "far-end" eye height and width requirements in Table 120E-5. Readers not intimately familiar with the intent of the standard may not realize the loss channel is also included from this keyword alone. SuggestedRemedy It would be helpful to add the following points of emphasis to the paragraph starting at line 34. Change the first sentence to "The far-end eye height and width, measured to a probability of 10^(-5), are then measured at TP4 with the reference receiver defined in 120E.3.2.1.1 using the measurement methodology given in 120E.4.2. Note that the reference receiver for far-end eye height and width measurements includes a loss channel." Change the end of the last sentence of the paragraph to "smallest eye given in Table 120E-5 with the setting of the CTLE that maximizes".	Comment Type T Comment Status R OIF VSR-PAM4 has FOM_ILD spec on the mated compliance boards. As PAM4 is so sensitive to reflections (ILD), it would be advisable to add one here also SuggestedRemedy Add FOM_ILD spec, limit 0.1 dB. Response Response Status C REJECT. FOM_ILD is already defined in Clause 92.11.3.1, but with a value of 0.13dB. No consensus shown for a change in this value at this point. Straw Poll a) Change to 0.11dB b) No change (0.13dB)
Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.	a: 3; b: 6; C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1 P 387 L 51 # r01-26 RAN, ADEE Intel Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucke "as given" seems to be a typo.
Apply the Suggested Remedy.	Also, the terminating period of this sentence is misplaced (it appears in the beginning of the following equation) SuggestedRemedy Change "as given" to "is given".
	Move the terminating period to its proper position. Response Response Status C ACCEPT.

C/ 120E SC 120E.4.1

C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 P 221 L 36 # r01-45	C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 P 221 L 37 # r01-46					
awe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
omment Type TR Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A					
Following up on bs D3.0 comment 127 and 57, and cd comments 129, 138, 200: extinction ratio of 4.5 dB is not DML or SiP EAM friendly, costing electrical power and/or bandwidth and/or lower output power, hence the cost of this PMD, and the related 200GBASE-FR4, 200GBASE-LR4, 400GBASE-FR8, 400GBASE-LR8, 50GBASE-FR and 50GBASE-LR. As	Following up D3.0 comment 128: the RIN limit (-136) is tighter than it needs be: in Clause 139, 50GBASE-FR and 50GBASE-LR, it's -132. RIN is included in TDECQ so we don't need a separate tight spec for it.					
MPI penalty is a weak function of extinction ratio for PAM4, the limit can be reduced. For an example of a modern direct-mod PMD spec and what a receiver can receive,	SuggestedRemedy Change -136 to -132 here and in Table 122-9 (twice) and Table 122-10 (twice).					
100GBASE-SR4 has a 2 dB limit. A transmitter optimized for PAM4 is likely to have a	Response Response Status C					
lower extinction ratio than one for NRZ, to reduce distortion.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					
Suggested Remedy	In line with agreements for IEEE P802.3cd D1.3, on the basis of information in					
Reduce the extinction ratio limit from 4.5 dB to e.g. 3.5 dB. Either add 0.02 dB to the budget, or adjust the TDECQ limit according to the actual extinction ratio, which is obtained as a by-product of the TDECQ measurement anyway, so that the link margin and receiver sensitivity are not affected. See king_3cd_02_0317.pdf and new presentation.	http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/king_3cd_03_0317.pdf In Table 121-6, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-DR4 In Table 122-9, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-FR4 and LR4 In Table 122-10, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-FR8 and LR8 In Table 124-6, change RIN_OMA from -142 to -136 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-DR4					
Response Response Status C						
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	C/ 121 SC 121.8.4 P 224 L 9 # r01-47					
In Table 121-6, change "Extinction ratio, each lane (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie					
	Comment Type T Comment Status R					
C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 P 221 L 37 # r01-8 Hayakawa, Akinori	This now says "The OMAouter is measured using a test pattern specified" - but whether it's measured or not is beside the point.					
Comment Type T Comment Status A	SuggestedRemedy					
The maximum RIN_OMA spec of 200GBASE-DR4 was changed from -142 to -136 dB/Hz in 802.3bs, Draft 2.2. However current RIN_OMA spec of 200GBASE-DR4, that is more	Change to "The OMAouter is defined for a test pattern specified" or just "OMAouter is defined for a test pattern specified". Similarly in 122 and 124.					
tolerant in sensitivity requirement than FR and LR, is still unecessarily low referring 50GBASE-FR and LR specified in 802.3cd Draft 1.3.	Response Response Status C					
Suggested Remedy	REJECT.					
In Table 121-6 change the RIN_OMA max value from -136 to -132 dB/Hz.	The proposed wording is not an improvement. The wording in D3.1 was just agreed at Vancouver meeting.					
Response Response Status C	[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment r01-46	The consensus view was that the current wording simply states how the measurement is done and does not imply anything about whether this parameter has to be tested or not, s changing to "defined" is not an improvement.]					
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r01-46 is: In line with agreements for IEEE P802.3cd D1.3, on the basis of information in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/king_3cd_03_0317.pdf In Table 121-6, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-DR4 In Table 122-9, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-FR4 and LR4 In Table 122-10, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-FR8 and LR8 In Table 124-6, change RIN_OMA from -142 to -136 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-DR4						

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 121 SC 121.8.4 Page 15 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.1	P 227	L 52	# r01-13
RAN, ADEE		Intel		

Comment Type TR Comment Status R (page 224 according to footer in CMP document)

This is a follow-up on i-131 due to changes in 121.8.5.a and 121.8.5.3 which make it more relevant.

The 31-UI offset is now required "so that the symbols on each lane are not correlated within the PMD". But that is incorrect; the symbols are fully correlated, with a constant offset.

The rebuttal of comment i-131 claimed that having crosstalk "locked to the pattern under test" enables it to be "correctly processed by the equalizer". But this makes the crosstalk strongly correlated with the measured signal (even with 31 UI offset) and appear as a high-probablity noise component (due to the short SSPRQ length); where in real life, crosstalk will be totally uncorrelated with the transmitter signal, and likely closer to Gaussian. This results in overly pessimistic accounting of crosstalk.

With TDECQ being tested without averaging (as now added in 121.8.5.3), there seems to be no need for requiring the SSPRQ pattern on all lanes. The statistics of uncorrelated crosstalk will be represented better if the measurement is done with adjacent lanes transmitting a signal with a different period, such as PRBS31Q or PRBS13Q. Since the measurement is not averaged, the statistics can be captured correctly.

In addition for making it a more representative test, controlling SSPRQ per lane and not requiring a 31-UI offset (which does not really help anyway) may reduce complexity in the PMA design.

SuggestedRemedy

Require TDECQ measurement to be performed with SSPRQ transmitted only on the lane under test, with other lanes transmitting PRBS31Q or a valid PCS pattern.

Change SSPRQ generator control to be per-lane (in 120.5.11.2.3 and 45.2.1.124).

Delete the requirement to have at least a 31 UI delay between lanes in 120.5.11.2.3 and in 121.8.5.1, and delete the words "so that the symbols on each lane are not correlated within the PMD" (they are incorrect).

Apply corresponding changes in the TDECQ subclauses of other PMD clauses.

Grant license to the editors to implement the changes correctly across the multiple clauses involved.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

This comment makes a similar proposal to comment i-131, which was rejected with the response:

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

"The TDECQ test (and SECQ test) are based on capturing the complete SSPRQ pattern and passing it through a reference equalizer. The measurement is allowed to be made using an equivalent-time sampling oscilloscope. By requiring that all lanes are receiving the SSPRQ pattern, any crosstalk from the other lanes is locked to the pattern under test, captured by the oscilloscope as a distortion of the waveform and correctly processed by the equalizer. Because of the offset between the lanes, the crosstalk will be different for the various occurrences of each symbol type. If the draft is changed to allow PRBS13Q or PRBS31Q on the other lanes, then the crosstalk will no longer be locked to the pattern under test and will appear as noise when captured using an equivalent-time sampling oscilloscope and will not be processed correctly by the reference equalizer since the frequency profile of the crosstalk is lost."

The advantage of retaining the frequency content of the crosstalk when using an equivalent time oscilloscope outweighs any advantage of improved randomness when using a different pattern on the other lanes.

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.1 Page 16 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.1	P 231	L 9	#	r01-16
RAN, ADEE		Intel			

Comment Type T Comment Status A

(page 228 according to footer in CMP document)

This is a follow-up on unsatisfied comment i-23.

This section has improved from the previous version, but the new text and equations here are long and repetitive.

The equations 121-5, 121-7 and 121-8 are the same except for the value of the threshold. They can be merged into one equation and the text can be simplified and made easier to read.

Also, Gth1(yi) and other values are used multiple times in the first two paragraphs following equation 121-4, before being defined in the third paragraph. a cross-reference to the equation would make the process easier to follow.

It would be even better to define the process with equations rather than text. I will try to create a formatted proposal in a follow-up.

The suggested remedy would also satisfy comment i-23.

SuggestedRemedy

Merge equations 121-5, 121-7 and 121-8 into one equation, similar to 121-5 but with "Gth1" changed to "Gthj" and "Pth1" changed to "Pthj" (italic j in both). Add after the equation "where j=1 to 3 is the index of the sub-eye".

Change the two paragraphs following equation 121-4 FROM

Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFL1(yi), is multiplied by a value Gth1(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for SERL1, the partial SER for threshold 1. Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFL2(yi), is multiplied by a value Gth2(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for SERL2. Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFL3(yi), is multiplied by a value Gth3(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for SERL2. Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFL3(yi), is multiplied by a value Gth3(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for SERL3. The sum of the three partial SERs is the SER associated with the left histogram, SERL.

Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFR1(yi), is multiplied by a value Gth1(yi), and then summed to calculate an approximation for SERR1, the partial SER for threshold 1. CFR2(yi) and CFR3(yi) are treated similarly to calculate SERR2, and SERR3, the partial SERs for threshold 2 and threshold 3. The sum of the three partial SERs is the SER associated with the right histogram, SERR.

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For each of the three sub-eyes, an approximated partial SER is calculated for the right and the left histograms, using the following process with j=1 to 3.

Each element of the cumulative probability function, CFLj(yi), is multiplied by a

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

corresponding value Gthj(yi) defined by Equation (121-5), and the resulting products are summed to yield SERLj, the partial for the left histogram SER for threshold j. SERRj, the partial for the right histogram SER for threshold j, is calculated similarly from CFRj(yi).

The SER associated with the left histogram, SERL, is the sum of the three values of SERLj. The SER associated with the left histogram, SERL, is is the sum of the three values of SERRj.

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Merging Equations 121-5, 121-7 and 121-8 into a single equation would reduce the repetition but it would become less obvious that the process has to be performed three times, so making this change would not improve clarity.

In Equations 121-5, 121-7, and 121-8, change "y_i - P_th1" to "y - P_th1"

Response Status C

C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.3	P 226	L 8	# <u>r</u> 01-48
Dawe, Pie	ers J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Following up on D3.0 comment 133: the draft says Pattern 6 (SSPRQ) should be used for TDECQ. Today's SSPRQ is more stressful in pre-FEC measurements than the service pattern (long scrambler) with FEC, so today's TDECQ measurement does not give the correct penalty for a range of reasonable and compliant transmitters. Same problem in clauses 122 and 124. See associated comment against 120.5.11.2.3.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first seed in Table 120-2 to one for which a minimally compliant transmitter with 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty after FEC with a random payload measures as minimally compliant (i.e. also 0.4 dB baseline wander penalty) on a pre-FEC BER basis with SSPRQ. This will be a pattern between the red and light brown curves in dawe_3bs_01a_0317 slide 6.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

This topic has been discussed at the SMF Ad Hoc with no consensus being reached for a change.

After further discussion there is still no consensus for a change to the draft.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. Evidence that no change is needed was given in: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_05/anslow_3bs_03_0517.pdf

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C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 Page 17 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 228 L 33 # r01-11 Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC G	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 229 L 16 # r01-14 RAN, ADEE Intel						
Comment Type E Comment Status R When integral was replaced the "Sum" sign missing in front of EQ 121-6	Comment Type T Comment Status A (page 226 according to footer in CMP document)						
SuggestedRemedy Add sum sign	The text here says: "to find the largest noise that could be convolved with the signal"						
Add sum sign esponse Response Status C REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. Equation 121-5 is the integral of a function over a small interval y_i - Dy/2 to y_i + Dy/2 [where Dy is Delta y]. The assumption being made in Equation 121-6 is that this integral can be approximated by the value of the function in the centre of the interval (y_i) multiplied by Dy. Consequently, there is no summation sign missing from the equation.	and then in the same paragraph "the amount of noise that can be added to the signal" and "finding the noise that can be added" Noise is really coupled by addition, not convolution (it is only the PDFs that are combined by convolution), so the first sentence should be changed. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Change "could be convolved with the signal" to "could be added to the signal". In the paragraph following equation 121-3, change "in effect, convolve the PAM4 waveform with noise" to "in effect, include the effect of noise added to the PAM4 waveform". <i>Response</i> <i>Response Status</i> ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change "could be convolved with the signal" to "could be combined with the signal". In the paragraph following equation 121-3, change: "in effect, convolve the PAM4 waveform with noise" to: "in effect, convolve the PAM4 waveform with noise".						
	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 230 L 46 # r01-15 RAN, ADEE Intel						
	Comment Type E Comment Status A Buck (page 227 according to footer in CMP document)						
	The terms CFL1 to CFL3 are written here with a full-size "L", inconsistent with later occurrences and with the corresponding terms CFR1 to CFR3, which are written with a subscript "R".						
	SuggestedRemedy Change to use subscript "L" wherever these terms occur.						
	Response Response Status C						
	ACCEPT.						

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					-					
C/ 121 SC 12 RAN, ADEE	21.8.5.3	P 232 Intel	L 25	# r01-17	C/ 121 Leizerovich	SC 121.8.5.4 h, Hanan		P 229	L 229	# r01-3
(page 229 acco	rding to footer in equation 121-9 r	nent Status A CMP document) efers to "the normal	ized frequency re	esponse Heq(f) of the	metho the rea	ubclause defines d of setting it is n	nentioned in otl on the usage o	equalizer, whi her subclause	s. This may caus	aracteristics and the e some confusion to ding why only part it's
the frequency re it describes the 802.3 does not Dictionary are c For example: "fi of input frequen	esponse of a sys voltage transfer define this term, consistent with th requency respon icy, or the Fourie	tem is the Fourier T function of a linear s several definitions (is meaning. se: The complex ga	ransform of its ir system with a ha (from other stand in (magnitude ar	rds are familiar with), npulse response; and rmonic input. Although lards) in the Standards nd phase) as a function " (IEEE Std 1057-2007	TDEC The su 2. Add The ta	ve the following te Q reference equa	alizer" (page 22 er tap coefficien tt in the same p according to th	26, line 22): nts should alw paragraph:	vays be equal to 1	thod" to "121.8.5.4 I.
frequency respondency response.	With this definition, the power spectrum density should use the squared magnitude of the frequency response. This is a well-known result in analysis of linear systems fed by white				ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initia					
	cGraw-Hill Profes		aum s Outline of	Signais and Systems,		or adding halpf				

(https://accessengineeringlibrary.com/browse/schaums-outline-of-signals-and-systems-third-edition/c9780071829465ch09)

The suggested remedy, if accepted, would also satisfy comment i-25.

SuggestedRemedy

In Equation 121-9, replace Heq(f) by |Heq(f)|^2.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

However, adding helpful information is an improvement to the draft. Add "The sum of the equalizer tap coefficients is equal to 1." at the end of the first paragraph of 121.8.5.4 and 122.8.5.4.

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.4

	P 230	L 27	# r01-49	C/ 121	SC 121.8.9.2	P 232	L 18	# r01-50
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tecl		101 40	Dawe, Pier		-	x Technologie	
Comment Type TR Co	mment Status R			Comment	Type E	Comment Status R	-	
Following up on D3.0 comme this draft's SSPRQ then testii because the apparent penalty calibration, less in receiver te and 124 also.	ng the receiver with PR	BS31Q or scran	nbled idle won't work erns (more in	signal confor Suggested	characteristics and mance test. Remedy	d calibration". See the	1.8.9.2 Stressed rece e structure of 52.9.9 S	eiver conformance test Stressed receiver
SuggestedRemedy					its own subclause			
See other comments for mak service. Here, the draft simp on its own": I think we need a not sufficiently random to me required to give a frame loss minimum interpacket gap."	ly says "The BER is re t least to refer to the te et this requirement, the	quired to be met ext in 121.1.1: "If en the BER shall	t for the lane under test the error statistics are l be less than that	and IE Hence	CT. omment does not a EE P802.3bs/D3.0 it is not within the) or the unsatisfied ne scope of the recircula	ve changes between I gative comments fror ation ballot.	n the initial ballot.
	ponse Status C						st, it is about "Stresse s equivalent to 87.8.1	d receiver conformance
Note d in Table 121-7 is appli with conformance test signal stressed receiver sensitivity E referring to does not define w the lane under test on its owr C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.2	at TP3 (see 121.8.9) for BER is already referred hat the BER requirement	or the BER spec to 121.1.1. The	ified in 121.1.1", so the e text the commenter is					
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tec	nnologie						
Comment Type E Co. It is not apparent that the patt paragraph - the text is like ea as I can see, one has to turn	rlier SRS sections whe	re the same pat	ne used in the previous tern is used and as far					
SuggestedRemedy								
Change "Each receiver lane i from Pattern 6 (SSPRQ) to P to Table 121-10 and Table 12	attern 3 (PRBS31Q) or	Pattern 5 (scra	mbled idle) according					
Response Res	ponse Status C							
REJECT. This comment does not apply and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or t Hence it is not within the sco	he unsatisfied negative	e comments fron						
The fact that the patterns are details "Stressed receiver cor a step-by step procedure for describe the pattern change h	nformance test signal of the SRS measurement	haracteristics ar	nd calibration". It is not					
TYPE: TR/technical required ER/ COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatch SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclaus	ed A/accepted R/reje	• •		0	U/unsatisfied Z/		C/ 121 SC 121.8.9.2	Page 20 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41: [/]

C/ 122 SC 122.7.1 Dawe, Piers J G	P 252 L 3 Mellanox Technologie		# r01-52	with e	editorial license				
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			C/ 122	SC 122.7.1		P 252	L 37	# r01-6
	0 comment 148 and cd comments 12 r low cost of these PMDs, and the re			Hayakawa	a, Akinori				
	BASE-LR. See more against 121.7.			Comment	туре т	Comment	Status A		
and new presentation.									from -136 to -132
SuggestedRemedy									s for 200GBASE-FR4 R4 must be consisten
	atio limit from 4.5 dB to e.g. 3.5 dB. extinction ratio, which is obtained as			with 5	50GBASE-FR an	d LR respective	ely.		
	so that the link margin and receiver			Suggeste	dRemedy				
Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL	Response Status C F			In Ta LR.	ble 122-9 change	e the RIN_OMA	A max value fro	om -136 to -132 d	B/Hz for both FR and
In Table 122-9:				Response	e	Response S	Status C		
•	oower in OMAouter minus TDECQ, e	each lan	e (min)"	ACCI	EPT IN PRINCIP	LE.			
Create two sub options				See r	esponse to com	ment r01-46			
	dB" with values -1.7 and -0.9 dBm B" with values -1.6 and -0.8 dBm								
Also:	b with values - 1.0 and -0.0 ubin			•	or's note added a		esolution com	pleted.	
	o (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB				esponse to com		12 3cd D1 3 or	n the basis of info	rmation in
	even if the TDECQ < 1 dB for an extir	nction ra	atio >= 4.5 dB or		0		,		
TDECQ < 0.9 dB for an	extinction ratio < 4.5 dB, the OMAou			http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/king_3cd_03_0317.pdf In Table 121-6, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-DR4					
value."				In Ta	ble 122-9, chang	e RIN_OMA fro	om -136 to -13	2 dB/Hz for 200G	BASE-FR4 and LR4 GBASE-FR8 and LR
In Table 122-10:				In Ta	ble 124-6, chanc	e RIN_OMA fro	om -142 to -13	6 dB/Hz for 400G	BASE-DR4
	power in OMAouter minus TDECQ, e	each lan	e (min)"]					
Create two sub options									
	dB" with values -1 and -0.3 dBm B" with values -0.9 and -0.2 dBm								
Also:									
	o (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB								
	even if the TDECQ < 1 dB for an extin	nction ra	atio >= 4.5 dB or						
	extinction ratio < 4.5 dB, the OMAou	uter (mii	n) must exceed this						
value."									
In Table 122-13:									
In the row for "Power but	udget (for maximum TDECQ)"								
Create two sub options									
	dB" with values 6.7, 6.5, 9.3, and 9.2								
	B" with values 6.8, 6.6, 9.4, and 9.3								
Create two sub options	n for penalties (for maximum TDECC	(ג							
	: dB" with values 2.7, 2.5, 3, and 2.9 c	1B							

In Table 122-19:

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 122 SC 122.7.1 Page 21 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 122 SC 122.7.1 P 253 L 40 # r01-7 Hayakawa, Akinori	C/ 123 SC 123.7 P 280 L 4 # [r01-63] Kolesar, Paul CommScope, Inc. C
Comment Type T Comment Status A Maximum RIN_OMA specs of 50GBASE-FR and LR were changed from -136 to -132 dB/Hz in 802.3cd, Draft 1.3. To use these PMDs as break out cables for 400GBASE-FR8	Comment Type T Comment Status A The IEC equivalent of TIA-492AAAE has passed CDV ballot without a disapproving vote. It can proceed to publication without additional ballot. The disposition of the standard will be
and LR8, the maximum RIN_OMA specs of 400GBASE-FR8 and LR8 must be consistent with 50GBASE-FR and LR respectively.	officially determined at the 86A meeting the week of April 24. SuggestedRemedy
SuggestedRemedy In Table 122-10 change the RIN_OMA max value from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for both FR and LR. Response Response Status	Request a report on the status of IEC 60793-2-10 edition 6. Consider replacing "or fiber compliant to TIA-492AAAE" with "or type A1a.4". Note that while approval of the IEC CDV ballot allowed OM5 content to remain in ISO 11801-1, the approval of the OM5 term is pending completion of ISO's FDIS ballot.
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment r01-46	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	In 123.7, replace " fiber compliant to TIA-492AAAE" with "type A1a.4 (OM5)"
The response to comment r01-46 is: In line with agreements for IEEE P802.3cd D1.3, on the basis of information in http://www.ieee900.acg//ca/cublic/Mar17/king_2ad_02_0217.adf	In Table 123-5, replace "wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5".
http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/Mar17/king_3cd_03_0317.pdf In Table 121-6, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-DR4	In Table 123-6, replace "Wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5".
In Table 122-9, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-FR4 and LR4 In Table 122-10, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-FR8 and LR8	In 123.10, replace "wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5" (in three places).
In Table 124-6, change RIN_OMA from -142 to -136 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-DR4]	In Table 123-7, replace "wideband MMF " with "OM5", and in note c, replace "TIA- 492AAAE" with "IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.4"
	In 1.3 change "IEC 60793-2-10:2011" to "IEC 60793-2-10"

with editorial licence.

C/ 123 SC 123.7 Page 22 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

	16 # r01-62	C/ 123 SC 123.10	P 283 L 29	# r01-64
Kolesar, Paul CommScope, Inc.		Kolesar, Paul	CommScope, Inc.	
Comment Type T Comment Status A		Comment Type T Comment St	tatus A	
The IEC equivalent of TIA-492AAAE has passed CDV ball can proceed to publication without additional ballot. The d officially determined at the 86A meeting the week of April 2	lisposition of the standard will be	The IEC equivalent of TIA-492AAAE has can proceed to publication without add officially determined at the 86A meetin	litional ballot. The dispositior	11 0
SuggestedRemedy		SuggestedRemedy		
Request a report on the status of IEC 60793-2-10 edition 6 492AAAE)" with "(type A1a.4)". Note that the OM5 cabling with the FDIS ballot of 11801-1. Then the cell entry cab be OM5".	name is likely to be approved	Consider replacing "(TIA-492AAAE)" w three instances within the paragraph. N allowed OM5 content to remain in ISO completion of ISO's FDIS ballot.	Note that while approval of th	e IEC CDV ballot
Response Response Status C		Response Response Sta	atus C	
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.		ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.		
See response to #r01-63		See response to #r01-63		
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r01-63 is: In 123.7, replace " fiber compliant to TIA-492AAAE" with "	type A1a.4 (OM5)"	[Editor's note added after comment res The response to comment r01-63 is: In 123.7, replace " fiber compliant to T	·	.4 (OM5)"
In Table 123-5, replace "wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)"	with "OM5".	In Table 123-5, replace "wideband MM	IF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM	5".
In Table 123-6, replace "Wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)"	with "OM5".	In Table 123-6, replace "Wideband MM	/IF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "Olv	15".
In 123.10, replace "wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "	OM5" (in three places).	In 123.10, replace "wideband MMF (TI	A-492AAAE)" with "OM5" (in	three places).
In Table 123-7, replace "wideband MMF " with "OM5", and 492AAAE" with "IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.4"	in note c, replace "TIA-	In Table 123-7, replace "wideband MM 492AAAE" with "IEC 60793-2-10 type /		c, replace "TIA-
In 1.3 change "IEC 60793-2-10:2011" to "IEC 60793-2-10"	J	In 1.3 change "IEC 60793-2-10:2011" t	to "IEC 60793-2-10"	
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C/ 123 SC 123.10

Kolesar,			L 39	# r01-65	C/ 123	SC 123.11.	1 F	^o 284	L 31	# r01-66
	, Paul	CommScope, Inc			Kolesar, P	Paul	Co	mmScope,	Inc.	
Comme	·)]· ·	omment Status A			Comment		Comment State			
can	proceed to publication w	92AAAE has passed CDV t vithout additional ballot. The 6A meeting the week of Ap	e disposition of		can pi	roceed to public		nal ballot.	The disposition	t a disapproving vote. It of the standard will be
Sugges	tedRemedy				Suggested	dRemedy				
alor	ngside of the TIA standar	2AAAE)" with "(IEC type A1 rd. Note that the OM5 name neading can be simplified to	is likely to app		name	is likely to appr		ballot of 11	801-1. Then the	4". Note that the OM5 e heading in the table at M5".
Respon	nse Re	sponse Status C			Response	•	Response Statu	s C		
ACC	CEPT IN PRINCIPLE.				ACCE	PT IN PRINCIP	PLE.			
See	e response to #r01-63				See re	esponse to #r01	-63			
	itor's note added after co e response to comment re	mment resolution complete	ed.				after comment resol ment r01-63 is:	ution comp	leted.	
	•	pliant to TIA-492AAAE" wit	h "type A1a.4 (OM5)"			er compliant to TIA-	492AAAE"	with "type A1a.	4 (OM5)"
In T	able 123-5, replace "wid	eband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5".		In Table 123-5, replace "wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5".				5".	
In T	Table 123-6, replace "Wid	leband MMF (TIA-492AAA	E)" with "OM5".		In Table 123-6, replace "Wideband MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" with "OM5".				5".	
In 1	23.10, replace "wideban	d MMF (TIA-492AAAE)" wit	h "OM5" (in thr	ee places).	In 123	3.10, replace "w	ideband MMF (TIA-4	192AAAE)"	with "OM5" (in	three places).
	Table 123-7, replace "wid 2AAAE" with "IEC 60793-	eband MMF " with "OM5", a 2-10 type A1a.4"	and in note c, re	eplace "TIA-			ce "wideband MMF ' 60793-2-10 type A1		5", and in note c	, replace "TIA-
In 1	.3 change "IEC 60793-2	-10:2011" to "IEC 60793-2-	10"		In 1.3	change "IEC 60	0793-2-10:2011" to '	IEC 60793	-2-10"	
with]	n editorial licence.				with e]	ditorial licence.				

C/ **123** SC **123.11.1**

C/ 124	SC 124.7.1	P 298	L 31	# r01-19
Wertheim,	Oded	Mellanox Tech	nologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The specified Extinction ratio creates a burden on SiP based EMLs, it requires higher swing that results in a higher power consumption and a longer device which results in higher capacitance and reduced modulator bandwidth. Reducing the min ER to 3.5 dB can reduce SiP EML based solutions cost and power. Other transmitter specs such as TDECQ can be adjusted to compensate for the small increase in MPI penalty (0.12 dB) without a need to modify the receiver spec. Alternatively, the transmitter spec can be written such that there's no need modify the transmitter spec for higher ER transmitters.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the Extinction ratio (min) to 3.5 dB.

Similarly, change the Extinction ratio (min) to 3.5 dB in the 200GBASE-DR4 transmitter spec (121.7.1) and 400GBASE-LR8/FR8, 200GBASE-LR4/FR4 (122.7.1).

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comments r01-53, r01-45, and r01-52

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r01-53 is: In Table 124-6, change "Extinction ratio, each lane (min)" from 5 dB to 3.5 dB.

The response to comment r01-45 is: In Table 121-6, change "Extinction ratio, each lane (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB.

The response to comment r01-52 is:

In Table 122-9:

In the row for "Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ, each lane (min)" Create two sub options: "Extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB" with values -1.7 and -0.9 dBm "Extinction ratio < 4.5 dB" with values -1.6 and -0.8 dBm

Also:

change "Extinction ratio (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB

change footnote b to "Even if the TDECQ < 1 dB for an extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB or TDECQ < 0.9 dB for an extinction ratio < 4.5 dB, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value."

In Table 122-10:

In the row for "Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ, each lane (min)" Create two sub options: "Extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB" with values -1 and -0.3 dBm "Extinction ratio < 4.5 dB" with values -0.9 and -0.2 dBm Also: change "Extinction ratio (min)" from 4.5 dB to 3.5 dB change footnote b to "Even if the TDECQ < 1 dB for an extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB or TDECQ < 0.9 dB for an extinction ratio < 4.5 dB, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value."

In Table 122-13:

In the row for "Power budget (for maximum TDECQ)" Create two sub options: "Extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB" with values 6.7, 6.5, 9.3, and 9.2 dB "Extinction ratio < 4.5 dB" with values 6.8, 6.6, 9.4, and 9.3 dB In the row for "Allocation for penalties (for maximum TDECQ)" Create two sub options: "Extinction ratio >= 4.5 dB" with values 2.7, 2.5, 3, and 2.9 dB "Extinction ratio < 4.5 dB" with values 2.8, 2.6, 3.1, and 3 dB

In Table 122-19:

Change the entries for -39 dB, -40 dB and -38 dB to -40 dB, -41 dB and -39 dB, respectively

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C/ 124	SC 124.7.1	P 298	L 31	# r01-53
Dawe, Pie	Dawe, Piers J G		hnologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Following up on bs D3.0 comment 151 and 58, and cd comments 130, 139, 211: this extinction ratio limit is not good for low cost of this PMD, and the related 50GBASE-FR and 50GBASE-LR. See more against 121.7.1; see king_3cd_02_0317.pdf and new presentation.

SuggestedRemedy

Reduce the extinction ratio limit from 5 dB to e.g. 3.5 dB. Either add 0.03 dB to the budget, or adjust the TDECQ limit according to the actual extinction ratio, which is obtained as a by-product of the TDECQ measurement anyway, so that the link margin and receiver sensitivity are not affected.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

In Table 124-6, change "Extinction ratio, each lane (min)" from 5 dB to 3.5 dB.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 124 SC 124.7.1 Page 25 of 27 08/06/2017 08:41:13

C/ 124 SC 124.7.1	P 298	L 33	# r01-54	C/ 124 SC 124.8.5	P 301	L 40	# r01-21
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Tec	hnologie		Lewis, David	Lumentum		
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A			Comment Type TR	Comment Status A		
Following up on D3.0 com Clause 140, 50GBASE-FR don't need a separate tight	R and 50GBASE-LR it's -1			support of changing the	t the 25-April SMF ad hoc a TDECQ reference equalize	r for 400GBASE	-DR4 transmitters.
SuggestedRemedy					erence equalizer does not i Il be unecessary margin in		
Change -142 to -136.				TDECQ is overstated. F	eedback from those develo	ping 53 GBd PA	M4 receiver ICs is that
Response F	Response Status C			for the forseeable future,	the receiver's ADC will acc imum of 7 T-spaced FFE ta	quire 1 sample p	er symbol and the
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					reference equalizer with 5		
See response to comment	r01-46			DR4.	·		
[Editor's note added after of The response to comment In line with agreements for	r01-46 is:		ormation in	TDECQ testing of high q 124-6.	uality 53 GBd PAM4 transr	nitters is failing t	he 2.5 dB limit in Table
http://www.ieee802.org/3/c In Table 121-6, change RI	cd/public/Mar17/king_3cd_ N_OMA from -136 to -132	_03_0317.pdf 2 dB/Hz for 2000	GBASE-DR4	Experimental results show that increasing the reference equalizer length from $5^{T/2}$ to 7^{T} or longer reduces TDECQ to below 2.5 dB.			
In Table 122-9, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 200GBASE-FR4 and LR4 In Table 122-10, change RIN_OMA from -136 to -132 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-FR8 and LR8 In Table 124-6, change RIN_OMA from -142 to -136 dB/Hz for 400GBASE-DR4]			Short equalizers such as 5*T/2 or 3*T result in higher TDECQ compared to longer equalizers such as 5*T or 7*T. See lecheminant_01_1016_smf page 4 and mazzini_01a_0317_smf page 8.				
/ 124 SC 124.7.1	P 298	L 33	# r01-27	SuggestedRemedy			
tassar, Peter	Huawei Techr	nologies			CQ of each lane shall be wi		
Comment Type E	Comment Status A				hods specified in 121.8.5.1 escribed in 121.8.5.4, with		
In order to remain consiste				The signaling rate of the	ne test pattern generator is	as given in Tabl	e 124-6.
DR4 the RIN21.40MA value following a justification in k		m -142 to -136 d	B/Hz, as proposed and		e O/E converter and the ose with a bandwidth of 38.68		fourth-order Bessel-
uggestedRemedy	ing_000_00_0017						
In Table 124-6 change the	value for RIN21.40MA fr	rom -142 to -136	dB/Hz		of each lane shall be withi hods specified in 121.8.5.1		
U	Response Status C			following exceptions:			
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					ne test pattern generator is e O/E converter and the os		
See response to comment	r01-46				with a bandwidth of 38.68		Iourin-order besser-
[Editor's note added after of	commont recolution comr	latad		The reference equalize	er is a 5 tap, T spaced, feed		zer (FFE), where T is
The response to comment				the symbol period.	qualizer is part of the TDEC	:O test and does	s not imply any
In line with agreements for			ormation in	particular receiver equali			
http://www.ieee802.org/3/c In Table 121-6, change RI	N OMA from -136 to -132	_03_0317.pdf 2 dB/Hz for 2000	BASE-DR4	Response	Response Status C		
In Table 122-9, change RI				ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE			
	IN OMA from 196 to 11	22 dD/Uz for 100	CDASE EDQ and I DQ	This commont doos not	apply to the substantive cha	anges hetween I	
In Table 122-10, change R In Table 124-6, change RI) or the unsatisfied negative		

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/gener	al required T/technical E/editorial G/general	C/ 124	Page 26 of 27
COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	SC 124.8.5	08/06/2017 08:41:13
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line			

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.

In 124.8.5, change:

Change "- The combination of the O/E converter and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 38.68 GHz." to:

"- The combination of the O/E converter and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of approximately 26.5625 GHz."

```
In 121.8.5.4, change "5 tap, T/2 spaced" to "5 tap, T spaced"
In 122.8.5.4, change "5 tap, T/2 spaced" to "5 tap, T spaced"
```

In 121.8.5.1, change:

"The combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 19.34 GHz." to:

"The combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of approximately 13.28125 GHz."

In 122.8.5.1, change:

"The combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of 19.34 GHz." to:

"The combination of the O/E and the oscilloscope has a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson filter response with a bandwidth of approximately 13.28125 GHz."

C/ 124	SC 124.8.5	P 301	L 45	# r01-2
Leizerovio	ch. Hanan			

Comment Type T Comment Status R

This subclause refers to 121.8.5.1 for TDECQ conformance test setup. One of the requirement there is at least 31 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane. The offset of 31 UI was chosen as being large enough that it would not be removed by the 1 ns (about 27 UI).

While this value is relevant 26.5625GBd, it should be changed for 53.125GBd.

SuggestedRemedy

Add another exception:

- There shall be at least 63 UI delay between the test pattern on one lane and the pattern on any other lane.

Response	Response Status	С

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.0 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the initial ballot. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

The skew of 1ns is caused by the AUI, which is at 26.5625 GBd, so there is no need for a change.

C/ 124	SC 124.8.9	P 302	L 31	# r01-55
Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tec	hnologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Following up on D3.0 comment 153: if the jitter corner frequency for 26.5625 GBd (NRZ and PAM4) is 4 MHz, the low frequency (sloping) part of the jitter mask should scale with signalling rate, i.e. align if expressed in time vs. frequency, to avoid a need for a poorly specified wander buffer in the 2:1 muxes in a 400GBASE-DR4 module. Compare 87.8.11.4 and 88.8.10: 4 MHz for 10.3125 GBd, 10 MHz for 25.78125 GBd. History: anslow_3bs_04_0316 does not contain reasoning, refers to ghiasi_3bs_01_0316 which does not address wander and buffering.

SuggestedRemedy

Add another exception for the SRS procedure, with a table like Table 121-12 but with the frequencies doubled.

Or, replacing second row after the header row: $80 \text{ kHz} < f \le 500 \text{ kHz}$ 4e5/f 500 kHz < f <= 1 MHz $2e11/f^2$ 1 MHz < f <= 4 MHz 2e5/f

Response Status U

REJECT.

Response

This issue was already discussed in response to comment i-153 to D3.0 which was: "The jitter corner frequency was extensively discussed within the Task Force with multiple presentations on the topic. The CRU corner frequency was chosen to be 4 MHz for all interfaces (including 400GBASE-DR4) in the March 2016 TF meeting as recorded in: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/16_03/anslow_3bs_04_0316.pdf."

The possible need for a buffer was discussed in presentations made leading up to this decision. For example, see:

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/16_01/ghiasi_3bs_01a_0116.pdf#page=15

There was no consensus to make a change to the draft.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

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