C/ 1 SC Grow, Robert	1.4	P 34 RMG	l Consultir	L 3 ng	# r02-15	<i>Cl</i> 45 Slavick, J		45.2.3.47	k.3	P 75 Broadcom Li	<i>L</i> 45 imited	# r02-2	4
revision, gett overlook this subclause nu comment car SuggestedRement	ting these d during the umbering is n be passed edy ugh 1.4.72i	lefinitions closer to the revision. Our public not substantive, so d to the editors for co belong after 1.4.64a	er. Though the correct ation edi if no add onsiderat	t sort order loc itors have recer litional recircula tion during publ	ntly stated that tions are required this	The c Suggeste Chan Wher the re Response ACCE	dReme ge 45.2 read a ceived PT IN	dy 2.3.47k.3 to as a one, b signal. Th PRINCIPL	t in Clause 45 o read: it 3.801.4 ind iis bit reflects <i>Response</i> E.	licates that the the state of FI <i>Status</i> C	h the definition in local PCS has de EC_degraded_SE	etected a degrad R (see 119.2.5.	.3).
and IEEE P8	302.3bs/D3.		ntive cha negative	comments fror	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 n the previous ballots.	This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previo Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would c need to be made in Maintenance.					n the previous b	allots.	
definitions in new 200G ar T would not r make the new during the ne in the revision	1.4 of IEEE nd 400G na make the ov w definition ext revision on. See pag	verall list comply with s any easier to find.	not cons ames. F n the new The sor request 1	istent. The cur Placing them in wly agreed sorti t order for 1.4 v 1297 has been	rent draft places the the list after 2.5GBASE- ng rules and would not vill not be overlooked agreed to be included	119.2 Chan Wher the re 119.2 SER	.5.3. ge 45.2 read a ceived .5.3). T activate	2.3.47k.3 to as a one, b signal. Th he value o e threshold	o read: it 3.801.4 ind nis bit reflects of bit 3.801.4 (registers 3.	licates that the the state of th is unspecified i	local PCS has de e variable FEC_c if the value of the b is less than the 8 and 3.809).	etected a degrad legraded_SER (PCS FEC degra	dation of (see aded

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 45 SC 45.2.3.47k.3 Page 1 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:37

Misleading editing instruction table has been modified by most amendments to 802.3-2015, and the inserted rows in IEEE Std 801.2bx are not at the bottom of the table (have no relevance to the specified insert point. The inter-sublayer service interface is applicable to both 200G and 400G uggestedRemedy Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Response Status C REJECT. Riseading editing it in the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. C While it is true that the insertion point in the table is not affected by the changes made by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016, footnote "a" to the table was modified by that amendment and that was the reason for including it in the editing instruction. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. Vinie it is true that the insertion point in the table was modified by that amendment and that was the reason for including it in the editing instruction. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. Vinie it is true that the insertion point in the table was modified by that amendment and that was the reason for including it in the editing instruction. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. Vinie are no specifications for EEE timing prameters Tx, Tq, and Tr. Use SC 78.2 P 103 L 38	P 103 L 16 # r02-16 irow, Robert RMG Consulting	C/ 116 SC 116.3.3 Slavick, Jeff	P 111 L 42 Broadcom Limited	# r02-9
gggested/kemedy Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ball. T/78 SC 78.2 P103 L38 # [02:17] row, Robert RMG Consulting modified by that amendment and that was the reason for including it in the editing instruction. TAge SC 78.2 P103 L38 # [02:17] row, Robert RMG Consulting modified by that amendment and that mages between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. There are no specifications for EEE timing prameters Tx, Tq, and Tr. gggested/Remedy If a SC 116.5 P119 L33 # [02:7] Stavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited Table 16-8 its NA K1 or SP2 and SP5 which are the PMD interface skew points. For 400G-DR4 that is a 53Gbd column, change the SP1 NA to 21 and the SP5 N/A to 191 radies F802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Table 16-8 its NA K1 or SP2 and SP5 which are the PMD interface skew points. For 400G-DR4 that is a 53Gbd column, change the SP1 NA to 21 and the SP5 N/A to 191	Misleading editing instruction table has been modified by most amendments to 802.3-2015, and the inserted rows in IEEE Std 801.2bv are not at the bottom of the table (have no relevance to the specified insert point.	The inter-sublayer service i SuggestedRemedy	nterface is applicable to both 200G a	Bucket ind 400G
178 SC 78.2 P103 L 38 # [02-17] row, Robert RMG Consulting omment Type TR Comment Status R Bucket There are no specifications for EEE timing prameters Tx, Tq, and Tr. uggestedRemedy Add rows to Table 78-2 for the various port types and interfaces of P802.3bs. Bucket Cl 116 SC 116.5 P119 L 33 # [r02-7] Seponse Response Status C TR Comment Status A Table 116-8 lists N/A for SP2 and SP5 which are the PMD interface skew points. For 400G-DR4 that is a 53Gbd outerface. SuggestedRemedy REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. In Table 116-8 lists SGBd column, change the SP2 N/A to 21 and the SP5 N/A to 191 Response Response of the recirculation ballot. In Table 78-2 does not contain a parameter Tx. The parameters Ts, Tq, and Tr in Table 78-2 are all related to the deep sleep mode of EEE which is not supported by any of the PHY types in the P802.3bs draft. C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. Table 78-2 does not contain a parameter Tx. The parameters Ts, Tq, and Tr	Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Delete the parenthetical "(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016)" from the instruction. Response Response Status C REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. While it is true that the insertion point in the table is not affected by the changes made by IEEE Std 802.3by-2016, footnote "a" to the table was modified by that amendment and that	Response Re ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not app and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 o Hence it is not within the so However, the changes sugg need to be made in Mainter Change: "the inter-sublayer service i	esponse Status C bly to the substantive changes betwe r the unsatisfied negative comments ope of the recirculation ballot. gested are an improvement to the dra nance.	from the previous ballots. aft that would otherwise E-R sublayers" to:
esponse Response Status C REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. In Table 116-8 53GBd column, change the SP2 N/A to 21 and the SP5 N/A to 191 Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Table 78-2 does not contain a parameter Tx. The parameters Ts, Tq, and Tr in Table 78-2 are all related to the deep sleep mode of EEE which is not supported by any of the PHY types in the P802.3bs draft. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. In Table 116-8, in the column for "Maximum Skew Variation for 53.125 GBd PMD lane (UI)", change the entry for SP2 from "N/A" to "= 21" and the entry for SP5 from "N/A" to "=	Brow, Robert RMG Consulting Comment Type TR Comment Status R Bucket There are no specifications for EEE timing prameters Tx, Tq, and Tr.	sublayers". C/ 116 SC 116.5 Slavick, Jeff Comment Type TR C	P 119 L 33 Broadcom Limited	# <u>r02-7</u>
	Response Response Status C REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. Table 78-2 does not contain a parameter Tx. The parameters Ts, Tq, and Tr in Table 78-2 are all related to the deep sleep mode of EEE which is not supported by any of the PHY	SuggestedRemedy In Table 116-8 53GBd colu Response Re ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not app and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 o Hence it is not within the so However, the changes sugg need to be made in Mainter In Table 116-8, in the colum (UI)", change the entry for S	mn, change the SP2 N/A to 21 and the esponse Status C by to the substantive changes betweer the unsatisfied negative comments ope of the recirculation ballot. gested are an improvement to the dramance. In for "Maximum Skew Variation for SP2 from "N/A" to "= 21" and the entry	en IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 from the previous ballots. aft that would otherwise 53.125 GBd PMD lane ry for SP5 from "N/A" to "=

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 116 SC 116.5 Page 2 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:41

<i>Cl</i> 119 <i>SC</i> 119.2 . Koehler, Daniel	5.3 <i>P</i> 164	L 10	# r02-4	<i>Cl</i> 119 Koehler, D	SC 119.2.6. aniel	2.2	P 167	L 25	# r02-5
	Comment Status A on time for hi_ser as a time 119.2.6.2.2 which defines			accord	ion and Deasse	3 once asserted	s defined as d		2 codewords. However ns to 75ms which is not
SuggestedRemedy				Suggested	IRemedy				
Update 119.2.6.2.2	variable definition to include	e the time.		Chang	e wording simil	ar tothis bit is	set to one if .	exceeds the th	reshold and once
Response	Response Status C			asserte	ed is set to zero	after 60ms to 7	75ms and no l	onger exceeding	the threshold.
ACCEPT IN PRINC	IPLE.			Response ACCE	PT IN PRINCIP	Response S LE.	Status C		
Update the definitio	n of hi_ser, from:			See th	e response to c	comment #r02-4	L		
RS-FEC symbol err 119.2.5.3) and is se zero, this bit is set t	s_indication_enable is set to ors in a window of 8192 coo t to zero otherwise. When F o zero. This to the bit defined in 45.2.3.4	dewords exceeds the FEC_bypass_indicat	e threshold (see	The re	's note added a sponse to comi e the definition		esolution comp	pleted.	
ms to 75 ms if the r exceeds the thresho FEC_bypass_indica	s_indication_enable is set to umber of RS-FEC symbol e old (see 119.2.5.3), and is s tion_enable is set to zero, 1	errors in a window of et to zero otherwise this bit is set to zero.	8192 codewords When	RS-FE 119.2. zero, t	C symbol error 5.3) and is set t his bit is set to 2	s in a window of o zero otherwise	f 8192 codewo e. When FEC_	ords exceeds the _bypass_indicati	o one if the number of threshold (see on_enable is set to
mapped to the bit d	efined in 45.2.3.47k (3.801.	∠).		ms to exceed FEC_b	75 ms if the nur ds the threshold oypass_indication	mber of RS-FEC I (see 119.2.5.3)	C symbol error), and is set to t to zero, this l		

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.2.2

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.3 Gustlin, Mark	P 170 Xilinx, Inc.	L 19	# r02-3	C/ 119 Koehler, D	SC 119.2.6.3	P 172	L 2	# r02-6
Comment Type T I = 139264 is incorrect for SuggestedRemedy Change "Each alignment r markers i x 10-bit Reed-So 264 for a 200GBASE-R PC marker lock process looks markers 278 528 x 10-bit F	narker lock process looks blomon symbols apart (on CS and i = 278 528 for a 4 for two valid alignment Reed-Solomon symbols ap Response Status C oply to the substantive cha or the unsatisfied negative cope of the recirculation b ggested are an improvement	for two valid alig a per PCS lane 00GBASE-R PC part on a per PC anges between I comments from allot.	gnment basis, where i = 139 CS)" to "Each alignment S lane basis" EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 in the previous ballots.	state (of a de restart statem likely r variab Which does r deske receivi by def as the link wi active means	hi_ser in the Fig LOA) which created add-lock the link _lock is forced fat achine of Fig. 1 to longer at expe- le should becom- one wins? (neith tot allow deskew w process canno ing data from una inition in 119.2.5 hi_ser will never Il never come up when align_statt a definition of hi_	Comment Status A g. 119-13 seems unintended ates ambiguities for the RSFR would never recover from. Re alse. If now during hi_ber the 19-12 will enter the 5_BAD st cted position. Now we have a e. Fig. 119-13 enforces false her is a solution) b) But the n as LOA state enforces pcs_r t align the lanes in such situa aligned lanes causing perman 3 create 16 symbol errors pe deassert as the threshold wi again. It may be argued that is is down but then also hi_s ser deassertion is incorrect in	EC decode proc easons of doubt link is reset by tate eventually a an ambiguity wh , where now Fig nain problem is enable_deskew ation causing the nent uncorrectal er codeword. Th ill be permanent t the RSFEC de er measuremen n 119.2.6.2. and	ess up to the possibility : a) When in LOA state the link partner the is markers are most hat state the restart_lock . 119-12 enforces true. now Fig. 119-13 which =false. Hence the e RSFEC decoder ble codewords which is is now a dead-lock, ty exceeded hence the code process is not t stops which then
Apply suggested remedy.				Suggested I think hi_ser all RS monito to Fig. CDMII	IRemedy the intention was occurs similar to FEC decode proporing. Proposed F 119-15 (Receive . In addition char	n time deasserting after 60 s to enforce CDMII local fault to the reaction to hi_ber done cess to continue operating no Remedy: remove the the or h e state diagram) to enforce R nge definition of PCS_Status status is true and hi_ser is fa	t signaling and li for 100G (Claus ormally while hi_ ni_ser from Fig. X_INIT state pro in 119.2.6.2.2 t	e 82) while maintaining ser is asserted to keep 119-13. Instead add it oducing local fault to o: A boolean variable
				Adding	PT IN PRINCIPL g hi_ser to the sta	Response Status C E. ate machine in Figure 119-13 o is observed and FEC_bypa		
				5_BAI		Figure 119-12 to remove the a direct transition from INVA		

C/ 119 SC 119.2.6.3 Page 4 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:41

C/ 120 SC 120.5.7 P 196 L 13 # r02-27	Cl 120 SC 120.5.7 P 196 L 15 # r02-8					
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited					
Comment Type T Comment Status A According to http://www.atis.org/glossary/definition.aspx?id=5055 and Wikipedia, a Gray code is a binary numeral system and/or cyclic. PAM4 isn't. This subclause defines Gray coding with PAM4 coding.	Comment Type T Comment Status A This section is defining how Gray mapping is done in the transmit and receive directions. The first two paragraphs are related to the transmission and the last to the reception. However, only the last paragraph qualifies the direction of data flow.					
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy					
Change heading from "Gray coding for PAM4 encoded lanes" to "Gray and PAM4 coding". For consistency with the next paragraph, change "Gray-coded symbol" to "Gray-coded PAM4 symbol". Change "four Gray-coded levels" to "four PAM4 levels". In 120.5.11.2.1, 120.5.11.2.2 and 120.5.11.2.3, change "Gray coding" to "Gray and PAM4	Combine the first two paragaphs to read as follows: For output lanes encoded as PAM4 (for 200GBASE-R, where the number of output lanes is 4, or for 400GBASE-R, where the number of output lanes is 4 or 8), the PMA transmit process shall map consecutive pairs of bits {A, B}, where A is the bit arriving first, to a Gray-coded symbol as follows:					
coding" (6 changes in all).	Response Response Status C					
Response Response Status C	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.						
This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.	This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.					
However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.	However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made during publication.					
For consistency with the title of 94.2.2.5, change the title of 120.5.7 to "Gray mapping for PAM4 encoded lanes"	Change the first two paragraphs of 120.5.7 to "For output lanes encoded as PAM4 (for 200GBASE-R, where the number of output lanes is 4, or for 400GBASE-R, where the number of output lanes is 4 or 8), the PMA transmit process shall map consecutive pairs of bits {A, B}, where A is the bit arriving first, to a Gray-coded symbol as follows:"					
Clause 94 uses the term "Gray-coded symbol", and hence the remainder of the proposed remedy is not appropriate as it would introduce inconsistency with Clause 94.	(note that while this is editorially better than the Draft 3.2 text, it introduces a difference as compared to the wording of 94.2.2.5)					

C/ 120 SC 120.5.7

r02-12

C/ 120B	SC 120B.3.2	P 337	L 23
Hidaka, Yas	suo	Fujitsu Labora	tories of

Comment Type T Comment Status A

The COM value for Rx ITT should be the max value, not the target value. For instance, even if the requirement for Rx ITT compliance is 3dB, a SerDes vendor may use 2dB to have an extra margin for some reason such as a customer request. If a device passes Rx ITT with a 2dB test channel, it is not required to test it again with a 3dB test channel to claim the compliance. However, if it is defined as the target value, it must be tested again with a 3dB test channel to claim the compliance. A numerical error in the computation of calibration is a minor issue. Although it was defined as the target value in Table 83D-5, it was wrong unfortunately. It was defined as the max value in Table 92-8, Table 93-6, Table 94-15, Table 110-6, Table 110-7, Table 110-8, Table 111-4, Table 111-5, and Table 111-6.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the third item in the list of exceptions from:

The target values for the parameter "COM including effects of broadband noise" in Table 83D-5 are 3dB.

to:

The parameter "COM including effects of broadband noise" in Table 83D-5 has the max values of 3dB. There is no target values for the parameter "COM including effects of broadband noise".

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.

Change the third item in the list of exceptions from:

"The target values for the parameter "COM including effects of broadband noise" in Table 83D-5 are 3 dB." to:

"The parameter "COM including effects of broadband noise" in Table 83D-5 has values of 3 dB max in place of 2 dB target."

A straw poll was taken: Do you support changing from Target to Max? Yes: 13 No: 5

C/ 120B SC 120B.3.2	P 337	L 34	# r02-13
Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Labora	tories of	

Comment Type T Comment Status R

Specifying "Applied pk-pk sinusoidal jitter" as the target value is wrong. For instance, a SerDes vendor may have additional sinusoidal jitter to have an extra margin for some reason. If a device passes Rx ITT with this additional sinusoidal jitter, it is not required to test it again with the sinusoidal jitter in this standard spec. Although it was defined as the target in Table 83D-5, it was wrong unfortunately.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the seventh item in the list of exceptions from:

The "Applied pk-pk sinusoidal jitter" for Test 1 and Test 2 in Table 83D-5 is according to Table 87-13.

to:

The "Applied pk-pk siunoidal jitter" for Test 1 and Test 2 in Table 83D-5 has max the max values according to Table 87-13. There is no target values for the parameter "Applied pk-pk sinusoidal jitter".

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

The commenter appears to have proposed max when it should have been min. The jitter tolerance requirements in Clause 92, Clause 93, Clause 94, Clause 110, and Clause 111 are all target values as per this test.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 120B SC 120B.3.2 Page 6 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:41

C/ 120C SC 120C.5.3	P 346	L1 # <u>r02</u>	-64	Cl 120D Dawe, Piers	SC 120D.2	2	P 352	L 31	# r02-41	
Maki, Jeffery	Juniper Networks	Inc.		Dawe, Pleis	3 J G		Mellanox Tec	nnoiogie		
Comment Type TR	Comment Status A		Bucket	Comment 7	ype TR	Comment	Status A			
No where in 120C.5.3 Major capabilities/options is it listed that FEC is mandatory. Furtermore, what FEC code is mandatory is not listed.					Now that the return loss spec has been tightened (Eq 120D-2), the allowed return loss of the test fixture (in 93.8.1.1) is too close to the limit and ruins the measurement.					
SuggestedRemedy					,			e insertion loss defined the series of the s	of an actual test fixture surements"	
	code to make a compliant chip BASE-R RS-FEC: Subclause: 1			Suggested	Remedy					
FEC200; Feature: 200GBASE-R RS-FEC; Subclause: 119; Value/Comment: Device implements Clause 119 RS-FEC for 200GBASE-R; Status: M; Support: Yes [] Item: FEC400; Feature: 400GBASE-R RS-FEC; Subclause: 119; Value/Comment: Device implements Clause 119 RS-FEC for 400GBASE-R; Status: M; Support: Yes []				Tell the user to de-embed the test fixture return loss, or tighten the TF RL spec? Making the IC implementer responsible for the test fixture seems appropriate, as the t fixture is custom designed for that IC and the IC is soldered onto it.						
Response	Response Status C			Response		Response	Status C			
and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1	apply to the substantive change or the unsatisfied negative co scope of the recirculation ballo	nments from the previous		This iss	PT IN PRINC sue was discu g remedy:		July electrical a	ad hoc and the c	onsensus was for the	
	uggested are an improvement t		erwise	the Tra		rential output ret		led from return lo ause (120D.3.1.	oss measurements." to 1).	
 The FEC and other sub are summarized in Table corresponding PMD Clau 	00GAUI-8 or 400GAUI-16 relat	se a 200GAUI-8 or 400G , and normatively specifie	ed in the							

C/ 120D SC 120D.2

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 353 L 14 # r02-26 Mellitz, Richard Samtec, Inc. Samtec, Inc. Samtec, Inc.	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 353 L 24 # 102-42 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie
Comment Type TR Comment Status R Package differences between COM computations and those which pass device electrical parameters may increase the risk of interoperability. An additional return loss metric more tightly tied to signaling will help reduce this risk.	Comment Type TR Comment Status R Signal-to-noise-and-distortion ratio (min) 31.5 dB is too high (increased by D3.1 comment 22, so even worse than before) - probably can't measure the IC through the test fixture and cables. I suspect there is double counting of jitter in SNDR and as jitter, in COM.
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy
Insert a row in table 120D-1 snff 120D-5 for maximum effective return loss. Specify this maximum effective return loss at -7.5 dB.	Remove the double counting. Reduce the SNDR limit to something that can reasonably be measured, or change the measurement method.
Specify a new Annex on how to compute the effective pulse return loss per presentation (name TBD)	Response Response Status U
Response Response Status C REJECT. See response to comment r02-56 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.	REJECT. The presentation: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/17_07/dawe_3bs_04_0717.pdf was reviewed. Changing the SNDR limit to 28.5 dB is considered to be placing too great a burden on the receiver and it has not been demonstrated that implementations cannot meet the current specification.
The response to comment r02-56 is:	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 353 L 26 # r02-43
This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie
Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.	Comment Type TR Comment Status R
A straw poll was taken: I support the following option (choose one): A) Change the required value of COM for the channel from 3 dB to 3.1 dB and change the	Following D3.1 comments 22 and 36: transmitter Output residual ISI SNR_ISI (min) 34.8 dB is still too high - probably can't measure the IC through the test fixture and cables, even test equipment fails this limit. The warning NOTE in 120D.3.1.7 shows the issue, but doesn't solve it.
calibration of the interference tolerance test COM from 3 dB to 2.9 dB. B) Change the required value of COM for the channel from 3 dB to 3.2 dB while leaving the	SuggestedRemedy
calibration of the interference tolerance test COM at 3 dB.	It may be necessary to move away from the SNR_ISI method.
C) No change (i.e., both COM for the channel and calibration of the RX ITT remain at 3 dB).	Response Response Status U
	REJECT.
A 2 B 0 C 24	No remedy provided

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 353 L 36 # r02-58 Dudek, Michael Cavium Cavium	C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.7 P 357 L 38 # [r02-59] Dudek, Michael Cavium
Comment Type TR Comment Status D The return loss specification is too tight at high frequencies for the package used in COM with the allowance for the test fixture return loss. (particularly for the short package) A presentation will be made either in an ad hoc or at the Berlin meeting (or both) SuggestedRemedy Change the second half of equation 120D-2 to "10.65 -0.4f Proposed Response Response Status Z REJECT. This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. C/ 120D SC 120D.3.1.1 P 354 L 36 # r02-44 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket There are a lot of "where" parameters which are split into two paragraphs which don't read well. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Combine the paragraphs and create a list of the where's. It would look like. ISIcursors are computed from the linear fit pulse response, p(k) in accordance with 120D.3.1.3, using Equation (120D-8), where: tp is the index of the linear fit pulse where p(tp) equals pmax. M is the oversampling ratio of the measured waveform and linear fit pulse as defined in 85.8.3.3.4 Np is the linear fit pulse length given in 120D.3.1.3. Nb is given in Table 120D-8. Response Response Status C
Comment TypeTRComment StatusRFollowing D3.1 comment 41: the low frequency RL at 14.25 dB is insignificant for signal integrity compared with the 8.7 dB at 6 GHz. This RL is much tighter than CEI-56G-MR at low (and high) frequency (although apparently looser between 4 and 9 GHz).	ACCEPT. <i>Cl</i> 120D <i>SC</i> 120D.3.2 <i>P</i> 359 <i>L</i> 33 # <u>r02-60</u> Dudek, Michael Cavium
SuggestedRemedy Change 14.25 - f to 12 -0.625f Response Response Status REJECT. Re-statement of comment r01-41 which was rejected with the response: No consensus to make a change at this time, but further investigation is encouraged. [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The consensus view was that further investigation of the effect of Return Loss at low frequencies should take place, but no change to the equation can be justified at this time.]	Comment Type TR Comment Status A The Differential input return loss for the receiver should have stayed the same as the differential return loss of the transmitter to reduce the variability between the system performance of a channel measured by COM with a single package and die impedance and the result with a real receiver which is measured with a test system with a different (better) return loss. SuggestedRemedy Change the Differential input return loss (min) in table 120D-5 to use equation 120D-2. and refering to 120D.3.1.1.
While additional work has been done on this topic, there is still no consensus to make a change.	Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Change the Differential input return loss (min) in Table 120D-5 to use Equation 120D-2. and refering to 120D.3.1.1. Note: Comment r02-41 has added "The test fixture return loss may be de-embedded from return loss measurements." to 120D.3.1.1. Also change the PICs reference in RC1. With editorial license.

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2	P 360	L 39	# r02-25	C/ 120D SC 120D.		L 26	# r02-53
Iellitz, Richard	Samtec, Inc.			Dudek, Michael	Cavium		
Comment Type TR	Comment Status D			Comment Type T	Comment Status A		
suggested as a method	e variability of the test 1 and t to control variability. Addition pulse refection from a unit int	nal precision ca		tolerance test just a	geous to allow the use of the P s it is allowed for the jitter tolera		for the interference
SuggestedRemedy				SuggestedRemedy			
Add a row to table 1200 pulse. Specify this max	D-6 which specifies the maxim mum effective return loss at - effective pulse return per pre	18 dB. Refer to	an added new annex	tolerance bullet.) "/ measuring FEC sym described in 120.5.1	Illet (new bullet h) and renumber As an alternative to using the subol error ratio it is permissible 1.2.2 and bit error ratio testing	crambled idle tes to use the PRBS . In this case the	t pattern and 31Q pattern as required bit error ratio
Proposed Response	Response Status Z				red FEC symbol error ratio divi ore stringent than using the sc		
REJECT.				FEC symbol error ra	tio, and therefore failing this te cessarily imply a failure of the in	st requirement wi	th the PRBS31Q
This comment was WIT	HDRAWN by the commenter			Response	Response Status C		
				ACCEPT IN PRINC	IPLE.		
Hence it is not within th C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.	1 or the unsatisfied negative e scope of the recirculation ba 1 P 360 Cavium		the previous ballots. # r02-57	and IEEE P802.3bs Hence it is not withir	not apply to the substantive ch (D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative in the scope of the recirculation ges suggested are an improver Maintenance	e comments fron ballot.	n the previous ballots.
Dudek, Michael	Cavium				Maintenance.		
of the DUT to create no reduced (as was done f equipment.	uipment output impedance wi n-reproducibility in the Interfer or Clause 93) by imposing a r	rence tolerance	test. This should be	Apply suggested rer			
SuggestedRemedy							
Add an extra bullet to the	oss specification for the test e le list. "The return loss of the e requirements of Equation (9	test setup in F					
Response	Response Status C						
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPL	Е.						
Add an extra bullet to th "The return loss of the t meets the requirements	est setup in Figure 93C-4 mea	asured at TP5	replica towards TPt				

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1

C/ 120D	SC 120D.3.2.1	P 360	L 27	# r02-10
Hidaka, Yas	SUO	Fujitsu Labora	tories of	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

For Rx ITT of 100GBASE-KR4 in 93.8.2.3, the return loss of the test setup in Figure 93C-4 measured at TP5 replica was specified to meet the requirements of Equation (93-2), but it is missing for 120D. As explained in hidaka_3cd_01a_0517.pdf and

hidaka_060717_3cd_adhoc-v2.pdf, missing return loss allows use of a bad test channel for Rx ITT, which will cause interoperability problems between compliant channel and compliant Rx. As explained in hidaka_3cd_02_adhoc-v2.pdf, the return loss of the test channel for Rx ITT is important, because it may improve margin for interoperability. Since we had defined return loss of test channel for Rx ITT of Clause 93 as well as 83D, we should do the same for Annex 120D.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following to the list of additional considerations:

i) The return loss of the test setup in Figure 93C-4 measured at TP5 replica meets the requirements of Equation (93-2).

Add a new row of "Return loss of test setup at TP5 replica" to Table 120D-6 with a value of "Equation (93-2)" in "Min" columns.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See resolution of comment #r02-57

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-57 is:

Add an extra bullet to the list: "The return loss of the test setup in Figure 93C-4 measured at TP5 replica towards TPt meets the requirements of Equation (93-2)."

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1	P 360	L 38	# r02-11
Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Labora	atories of	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The COM value for Rx ITT should be the max value, not the target value. For instance, even if the requirement for Rx ITT compliance is 3dB, a SerDes vendor may use 2dB to have an extra margin for some reason such as a customer request. If a device passes Rx ITT with a 2dB test channel, it is not required to test it again with a 3dB test channel to claim the compliance. However, if it is defined as the target value, it must be tested again with a 3dB test channel to claim the compliance. A numerical error in the computation of calibration is a minor issue. Although it was defined as the target value in Table 83D-5, it was wrong unfortunately. It was defined as the max value in Table 92-8, Table 93-6, Table 94-15, Table 110-6, Table 110-7, Table 110-8, Table 111-4, Table 111-5, and Table 111-6.

SuggestedRemedy

Specify "COM including effects of broadband noise" as the max value. Remove the "Target" columns from Table 120D-6.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.

Apply the suggested remedy

C/ 120D SC 120D.3.2.1 Page 11 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:41

1

C/ 120D	SC 120D.4	P 362	L 9	# r02-56
Dudek, Micl	hael	Cavium		

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Variations in package impedance and die impedance while still meeting the Tx and Rx specifications (including return loss) cause worse COM for some channels than is obtained with the values used in the COM test for the channel resulting in a "hole" in the budget. (See e.g. Hidaka_3cd_01a_0317, Dudek_3bs_02_0517). This hole is around 0.5dB.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the required value of COM for the channel from 3.0dB to 3.5dB while leaving the calibration of the interference tolerance test at 3.0dB COM. As an alternative the burden to close the budget could be shifted from the channel to the Rx by using 3.0dB as the channel COM and 2.5dB COM for the interference tolerance test calibration or could be shared as long as there is 0.5dB difference between them.. Change PICS CC1 to this revised value.

Response

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

Response Status U

A straw poll was taken:

I support the following option (choose one):

A) Change the required value of COM for the channel from 3 dB to 3.1 dB and change the calibration of the interference tolerance test COM from 3 dB to 2.9 dB.

B) Change the required value of COM for the channel from 3 dB to 3.2 dB while leaving the calibration of the interference tolerance test COM at 3 dB.

C) No change (i.e., both COM for the channel and calibration of the RX ITT remain at 3 dB). A 2 $\,$

Β0

C 24

C/ 120D SC 120D.4	P 362	L 28	# r02-55
Dudek, Michael	Cavium		

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Using a single set of supposed worst case values for the die impedance and package impedance has been shown to not result in worst case COM for various channels. (See e.g. Hidaka_3cd_01a_0317, Dudek_3bs_02_0517). Using these supposed worst case values tends to favor certain channels while penalizing other channels. Using nominal values for Rd and Zc reduces the amount of "favoring" and "penalizing" and therefore the nominal values should be used unless multiple sets of different values are used.

SuggestedRemedy

In table 120D-8 Change Zc to 95 Ohm, Zd to 50 Ohm and change Av to 0.416. (See dudek_3bs_01a_0517 for the change to Av).

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. In Table 120D-8 change: Z_c from 90 ohm to 95 ohm R_d from 55 ohm to 50 ohm A_v from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A_fe from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A_ne from 0.63 V to 0.604 V

C/ 120D	SC 120D.4	P 363	L 8	# r02-14
Hidaka, Yas	suo	Fujitsu Labora	tories of	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

As explained in hidaka_061417_3cd_01_adhoc.pdf, the limit of variation of compliant channels will grow, if we use a single reference value for the COM impedance parameters, and the single reference value is different from the nominal value. In order to minimize the variation of compliant channels, we should use the nominal value as the single reference value, or we should use multiple reference values. Reduction of variation helps to improve margin for interoperability, which is not guaranteed in the current specification. When we change the COM impedance parameters, we should also consistently change A v, A fe, A ne to get the same signal amplitude at TP0a from reference Tx in COM, and we should also change the COM value to avoid changing the pass / fail status of existing channels. The consistent changes required to A v, A fe, and A ne were reported in hidaka 060717 3cd adhoc-v2.pdf slide 9. The consistent change required to COM value was reported in hidaka 061417 3cd 01 adhoc.pdf slide 3-8.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the following COM parameter values in Table 120D-8:

Z c from 90 ohm to 95 ohm R d from 55 ohm to 50 ohm A v from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A fe from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A ne from 0.63 V to 0.604 V

For clarification of the intention of the value, in the parameter column of Table 120D-8, change

"Transmission line characteristic impedance"

R d from 55 ohm to 50 ohm A v from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A fe from 0.44 V to 0.418 V A ne from 0.63 V to 0.604 V

C/ 120D	SC 120D.4	P 363	L 28	# r02-45
Dawe, Piers	JG	Mellanox Tec	nnologie	

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Because COM accounts for channel return loss only erratically (depends on frequency and high Z / low Z), C2C needs a channel RL spec. (Clause 137, 200GBASE-KR4, has a normative channel RL spec already. 100GBASE-KR4 and C2C XLAUI/CAUI-10 have recommendations.)

SuggestedRemedy

Add a channel return loss spec, e.g. copy the one from Clause 137. This should be normative for channels with COM less than 4, recommended for other channels.

Response Status C Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance

Apply suggested remedy with editorial license.

"The manufaction lines also an estimate internal and an end						
"Transmission line characteristic impedance" to "Transmission line nominal characteristic impedance".	C/ 120D SC 120D.5.4 . Dudek, Michael	1 P30 Caviu		# r02-61		
In the first paragraph of 120D.4, P362, L9, change from:	Comment Type T Wrong equation	Comment Status	Α	Bucket		
"shall be greater than or equal to 3 dB" to	SuggestedRemedy Change equation 93-3 t	o equation 120D-2.				
"shall be greater than or equal to 3.1 dB". Response Response Status C	Response ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLI	Response Status E.	С			
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to #r02-55	and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.	1 or the unsatisfied	substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 atisfied negative comments from the previous ballots.			
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-55 is:	Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherw need to be made in Maintenance					
In Table 120D-8 change: Z_c from 90 ohm to 95 ohm	Apply suggested remed	ly.				
TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/g COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/wr SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line		/withdrawn	C/ 120D SC 120D.5.4.1	Page 13 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:4		

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.1 P 371 L 20 # r02-46 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2 P 376 L 7 # r02-47 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technox Technologie Me
Comment Type TR Comment Status R Building on D3.0 comment 119: The host is allowed to output a signal with 900 mV peak-to-peak amplitude but only 32 mV eye height - a very bad signal. If the module is exactly like the reference receiver, that would work, but with a good but slightly different receiver the eye will collapse. SuggestedRemedy We need some other spec to protect the module from such unexpected signals. A vertical eye closure spec will probably work. I'll try to bring a presenttaion. Response Response Status U REJECT. No presentation providing a suggested remedy for this comment was submitted. While a vertical eye closure specification was considered worth further investigation, no consensus was reached to make a change to the draft.	 Comment Type TR Comment Status A It turns out that meeting the five module output specs simultaneously with good tolerances is not feasible (near and far end eye height and width, far-end pre-cursor ratio). And, according to my understanding of healey_3bs_01a_0317, a far-end pre-cursor ratio of 1%, 2% or 9% provides a healthy COM for a C2C receiver but a C2M receiver after a COM package with a now obsolete Cd has a problem with 9%, so the 2.5% limit in the draft seems arbitrary. This is a follow-up to D3.1 comment 42. SuggestedRemedy Decrease the limit for far-end eye height from 70 mV to 45 mV. Widen the pre-cursor ratio limit from +/-2.5% to +/-3.5%. Consider increasing the loss in the software channel (moving the "far end" to after a reasonable package loss), and making a small adjustment to the far-end eye height and width to compensate.
Cl 120E SC 120E.3.1.6 P 372 L 41 # r02-1 Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation Bucket Comment Type T Comment Status A Bucket Comment r01-43 against D3.1 added: Bucket	If the loss is not increased, consider if an asymmetrical pre-cursor ratio limit would be more effective. Review the way this works for a reasonable variety of channels. Review what range of CTLE peaking is consistent with the insertion loss budget. Response Response Status U
"so that the symbols on each lane are not correlated within the PMD" in 120E.3.1.6, 120E.3.2.1, 120E.3.3.2.1 and 120E.3.4.1.1. But the pattern in question is being used for measurement of: Host output eye width and eye height Module output eye width and eye height Host stressed input test Module stressed input test which have nothing to do with the PMD sublayer	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This issue of changing the near end eye height and pre-cursor ratio was discussed at the 6th July electrical ad hoc, but no consenus was reached on how to address it. A Straw poll was taken: A) Change the near end eye height from 70 mV to 60 mV B) Make no change to the draft
SuggestedRemedy In 120E.3.1.6, 120E.3.2.1, 120E.3.3.2.1 and 120E.3.4.1.1 delete "within the PMD"	A 9 B 16
Response Response Status C ACCEPT.	Change " The setting of the reference CTLE is the same used to measure eye width and height." To " Any setting of the reference CTLE for which the eye width and height satisfy the limits in Table 120E-3, may be used."

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.2

C/ 120E	SC 120E.3.2.2	P 376	L 49	# r02-23
Healey, Ada	am	Broadcom Ltd.		

Comment Type т Comment Status A

The "Far-end pre-cursor ratio" is the ratio p_pre/p_max where p_pre is a residual intersymbol interference (ISI) term. There is also pre-cursor equalization that may be employed by the transmitter to reduce the measured "far-end pre-cursor ratio". There has been some confusion as to whether this specification refers to the transmitter equalization or the residual ISI. This is clear from the text of 120E.3.2.2 but it may be better to refer to the parameter defined in this subclause as the "far-end pre-cursor ISI ratio".

SuggestedRemedy

Change "far-end pre-cursor ratio" to "far-end pre-cursor ISI ratio" here (2 instances), in Table 120E-3 (1 instance), and in 120E.3.3.2.1 (1 instance, page 379, line 44). On page 377, line 26, change "The pre-cursor p_pre..." to the "Theu pre-cursor ISI p_pre...".

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance

Change "far-end pre-cursor ratio" to "far-end pre-cursor ISI ratio" here (2 instances), in Table 120E-3 (1 instance), and in 120E.3.3.2.1 (1 instance, page 379, line 44). On page 377, line 26, change "The pre-cursor p_pre..." to the "The pre-cursor ISI p_pre...". With editorial license.

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.3.2	P 378	L 41	# r02-21
Le Cheminant, Greg			

Comment Type T Comment Status R

Test equipment (BERT pattern generators) cannot achieve the specified EW(1E-5) through the specified compliance board channel when measured with the specified reference receiver. The resulting eye is somewhat narrower, which will overstress the DUT

SuggestedRemedy

Relax the specification for the EW in the both the Host and Module input tests to a value which can be obtained in the specified test setup (A presentation on this will be offered on the ad hoc call)

Response

Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2

and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

A presentation on this subject was made to the Joint Electrical ad hoc call on the 28th June. There was no consensus that there was a problem with the existing EW specification.

No additional information has been provided since the ad hoc call, so there is still no consensus for a change to the draft.

C/ 120E	SC 120E.3.3.2.1	P 379	L 28	# <u>r</u> 02-62
Dudek, Mic	hael	Cavium		

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The module output is tested with counter-propagating signals with a 19ps transition time 880mV amplitude (see 120E.3.2.1). The Host stressed input test should be calibrated with the same counter propaging signals. The amplitude is the same but the risetime is 12ps.

SuggestedRemedy

Align these risetimes. I recommend that both are set to 19ps, as it is likely that the stress test will be most difficult for high loss hosts which will have slower output risetimes.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance

In 120E.3.3.2.1, change 12 ps to 19 ps

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C/ 120E SC 120E.3.3.2.1 P 379 L 28 # r02-19 Le Cheminant, Greg	C/ 120E SC 120E.3.3.2.1 P 379 L 53 # r02-54 Dudek, Michael Cavium
Comment Type T Comment Status A Test equipment cannot achieve the required transition time for the aggressor patterns when measured through the compliance boards with the specified oscilloscope 33 GHz 4th order BT response. This does not represent realistic approximation of the transmitter transition time when measured through the same channel and oscilloscope without equalization. (A presentation will be submitted to the ad hoc call covering this) SuggestedRemedy Increase the aggressor transition time that a value that better approximates a real transmitter measured through the same channel and oscilloscope response. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance	Comment TypeTComment StatusABucketWrong reference. We shouldn't be referring to the PRBS31 test pattern section when using the PRBS31Q patternSuggestedRemedySuggestedRemedyChange the reference from 120.5.11.1.1 to 120.5.11.2.2. Also on page 382 line 23ResponseResponse StatusCACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.
See response to #r02-62 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-62 is: This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance In 120E.3.3.2.1, change 12 ps to 19 ps]	

C/ 120E SC 120E.3.3.2.1

	20E.3.4.1	P 380	L 44	# r02-22	C/ 120E	SC 120E	.3.4.1.1	P 381	L 53	# r02-20
Le Cheminant, Greo	9				Le Chemin	nant, Greg				
Comment Type	T Commer	nt Status R			Comment	Туре Т	Com	ment Status R		
when measured order BT respor transition time v	cannot achieve the d through the compl nse. This does not when measured thro A presentation will b	liance boards with represent realisti ough the same ch	n the specified os c approximation annel and oscillo	scilloscope 33 GHz 4th of the transmitter oscope without	when r order E transiti	measured the BT response ion time whe	rough the con e. This does n en measured	the required transiti mpliance boards wit not represent realist through the same cl vill be submitted to t	h the specified of c approximation nannel and oscill	of the transmitter oscope without
SuggestedRemedy					Suggested	Remedy				
which can be of	otained in the speci			nput tests to a value this will be offered on				on time that a value t ne same channel an		
the ad hoc call)					Response		Respo	onse Status C		
Response	Response	e Status C			REJEC	CT.				
REJECT.										
and IEEE P802		satisfied negative	e comments from	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 the previous ballots.	and IE	EE P802.3b	s/D3.1 or the		e comments from	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 n the previous ballots.
See response to						kisting value h the MCB.	of 12 ps is re	epresentative of the	risetime for a mo	dule output viewed
•	dded after commen		leted.							
This comment of		e substantive cha		EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 the previous ballots.						

Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

A presentation on this subject was made to the Joint Electrical ad hoc call on the 28th June. There was no consensus that there was a problem with the existing EW specification.

No additional information has been provided since the ad hoc call, so there is still no consensus for a change to the draft.

 C/
 120E

 //withdrawn
 SC
 120E.3.4.1.1

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C/ 120E SC 120E Dudek, Michael	.3.4.1.1	<i>P</i> 381 Cavium	L 53	# r02-63	C/ 120E Dudek, Mic	SC 120E.3.4	.1.1	<i>P</i> 382 Cavium	L 28	# r02-52
Comment Type T	Comment	t Status A			Comment		Comment	Status A		Bucket
The host output is	tested with count	er-propagating	signals with a 90	0mV amplitude and a					ed in 119.2.5.3.	200,00
slew time of 12ps to should be calibrate				amplitude is the same	Suggested	Remedy				
however a 20-80%	transition time of	f 12ps is used i	nstead of the slev	v time. 20 to 80%	Chang	e the reference	to 119.3.1 (as	s was done in se	ection 120E.3.3.2	21 in draft 3.1)
would be equivaler metric for both.	nt to the slew time	e from +/-0.27V	but it would be t	better to use the same	Response		Response	Status C		
SuggestedRemedy					ACCEI	PT IN PRINCIPL	.E.			
Change "target am	plitude of 900 m	/ peak-to-peak	differential and 2	0% to 80% target	This co	omment does no	t apply to the	substantive ch	anges between l	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2
transition time of 12	2 ps as measured get amplitude of 9	d		and slew time of 12	and IE Hence	EE P802.3bs/D3 it is not within th	3.1 or the uns ne scope of the scope of	atisfied negative	e comments from ballot.	hat would otherwise
Response	Response	Status C			need to	o be made in Ma	intenance			
ACCEPT IN PRINC					Apply s	suggested reme	dy.			
This comment doe	s not apply to the	substantive ch	anges between I	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2	C/ 120E	SC 120E.4.1		P 383	L 3	# r02-48
				n the previous ballots.	Dawe, Pier	rs J G		Mellanox Tec	hnologie	
Hence it is not with	in the scope of th	le recirculation	Dallot.		Comment	Түре Т	Comment	Status A		
However, the chan need to be made ir A straw poll was ta	Maintenance	re an improvem	ent to the draft th	at would otherwise	This re compli sensitiv	ofers to 92.11.3 v ance boards. O ve to reflections	vhere 92.11.3 IF CEI-56G-V (ILD), it would	3.1 has a FOM_ /SR-PAM4 has d be advisable t	a limit of 0.1 dB. to follow OIF CEI	dB for the mated As PAM4 is so -56G-VSR-PAM4 if consensus then).
I support: A) making the char	nae in the sugges	sted remedy			Suggested	Remedv				
B) make no change		loarenteay			••	ble, add FOM_II	_D spec, limit	t 0.1 dB.		
A 8					Response		Response	Status C		
B 4						PT IN PRINCIPL		Status C		
Change "target am	plitude of 900 m	√ peak-to-peak	differential and 2	0% to 80% target	ACCE		- L .			
transition time of 12						v poll was taken				
peak differential an	id target slew tim	e between +/- 2	270 mV of 12 ps a	as measured at TP4."	I suppo	ort: I an additional e:	cention that t	the FOM II D liv	mit is 0.1 dB	
						e the FOM_ILD				
					A 7					
					B 6					
					Add ar	additional exce	ption that the	FOM_ILD limit	is 0.1 dB	
					IL(f) =	e Equation 120E 0.471 sqrt(f) + 0		f^2		
					to IL(f) =	0.471 sqrt(f) + 0	.1194f + 0.00	2f^2 (dB)		
			·/					0		David 40 - (00
				T/technical E/editorial G/g		U/unsatisfied	Z/withdrawn	C/ 12 SC 12	20E 20E.4.1	Page 18 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:4

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line SC 120E.4.1

26/07/2017 16:54:42

C/ 120E SC 120E.5.3 P 387 L 1 # [r02-65] Maki, Jeffery Juniper Networks, Inc.	C/ 120E SC 120E.5.4.2 P 388 L 20 # r02-49 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellano
Comment Type TR Comment Status A Bucket No where in 120E.5.3 Major capabilities/options is it listed that FEC is mandatory. Furtermore, what FEC code is mandatory is not listed. Bucket SuggestedRemedy List the mandatory FEC code to make a compliant chip-to-module interface. Item: FEC200; Feature: 200GBASE-R RS-FEC; Subclause: 119; Value/Comment: Device implements Clause 119 RS-FEC for 200GBASE-R; Status: M; Support: Yes [] Item: FEC400; Feature: 400GBASE-R RS-FEC; Subclause: 119; Value/Comment: Device implements Clause 119 RS-FEC for 400GBASE-R; Status: M; Support: Yes [] Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket The PICS entries should be in the order the requirements appear, which is the order in Table 120E-3, then others. Bucket SuggestedRemedy Order the PICS entries as in Table 120E-3, then the items which aren't in the table. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance
 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot. However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance. With full editorial license, in 120E.1 add text that explains the following: The FEC and other sublayers for each PHY that may use a 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 are summarized in Tables 116-3 and 116-4, respectively, and normatively specified in the corresponding PMD Clause. The positioning of the 200GAUI-4 or 400GAUI-8 relative to other sublayers is specified in 120.1 with further examples in Annex 120A 	Apply suggested remedy.

C/ 120E SC 120E.5.4.2

C/ 120E SC 120E.5.4.2 P 388 L 24 # [102-50	C/ 121 SC 121.7 P 221 L 16 # r02-2				
Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie	King, Jonathan Finisar Corporation				
Comment Type E Comment Status A	Comment Type TR Comment Status A				
Missing PICS item	The changes in Draft 3.2 to the TDECQ reference equalizer and reference receiver				
SuggestedRemedy Add PICS item for far-end pre-cursor ratio	bandwidth mean that transmitters that just passed D3.1 TDECQ will have a D3.2 TDECQ value which is 0.9 dB higher.				
esponse Response Status C	Similarly for clauses 122 and 124				
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	SuggestedRemedy				
This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2	Subject to task force review, implement the changes in king_3bs_01_0617, with editorial license				
and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.	Response Response Status C				
Apply suggested remedy. Note: comment r02-23 has changed the name of this parameter.	ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Implement the changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_06_27/anslow_02_0617_smf.pdf with the following exceptions: In Tables 121-7, 122-11, 122-12, and 124-7:				
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-2 is:	leave the Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) unchanged In footnote c of each table change the addition to "and is defined for a transmitter with SECQ of 0.9 dB"				
This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2	C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 P 221 L 25 # r02-28				
and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.	Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie				
However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise	Comment Type TR Comment Status R				
need to be made in Maintenance Change "far-end pre-cursor ratio" to "far-end pre-cursor ISI ratio" here (2 instances), in Table 120E-3 (1 instance), and in 120E.3.3.2.1 (1 instance, page 379, line 44). On page 377, line 26, change "The pre-cursor p_pre" to the "The pre-cursor ISI p_pre".	PAM4 optics is still new and raw, we are still debugging the specification methodology, a we have seen far too little experimental information showing technical and economic feasibility. It looks like this PMD can be made to work but as measurements with the new TDECQ method and with new receiver designs become available, we expect the optical power levels can be reduced and the spec as in this draft will be uneconomic.				
With editorial license.	SuggestedRemedy				
1	Bring more evidence for what optical power levels and TDECQ limits are right; in particular TDECQ measurements with SSPRQ, and correlation to actual receiver performance. Based on evidence, reduce all the optical power levels for 200GBASE-DR4 by 0.5, 1 or 1.5 dB (with other adjustments for other reasons). Review the TDECQ limit.				
	Response Response Status U				
	REJECT.				

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

The suggested remedy does not propose any changes to the draft.

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C/ 121 SC 121.7.1 Dawe, Piers J G	P 221 Mellanox Tecl	L 32 hnologie	# r02-29	<i>Cl</i> 121 Dawe, Pie	SC 121.8.5 . rs J G	3	P 228 Mellanox Teo	L 9 chnologie	# r02-32
Comment Type T Con After the change in reference limits and make consequent of change the definition (zero ba buggestedRemedy	changes including to be			withou measu	scilloscope is se it averaging": th urements seem	is implies 65,53 to have around	e samples from 35, maybe time I a million sam	es a few: is that	Buck he complete pattern really enough? Actual /e don't need to give rractice.
Changing the zero point of TE in the long term. See another		do in the short te	erm and less confusing		ould either give			the number of s	amples should be large
Response Resp	ponse Status C			0	h that it does no	ot materially aff	ect the result.		
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.				Response		Response	Status C		
See response to comment r02-2 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-2 is:					REJECT. This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.				
Implement the changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_06_27/anslow_02_0617_smf.pdf with the following exceptions: In Tables 121-7, 122-11, 122-12, and 124-7: leave the Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) unchanged In footnote c of each table change the addition to "and is defined for a transmitter with				The comment is written in the form of a question. The suggested remedy does not propose any changes to the draft. The commenter is invited to prepare a consensus presentation with proposed changes to the draft.					
SECQ of 0.9 dB" 1				C/ 121	SC 121.8.5.	3	P 229	L 11	# r02-33
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5.000			Dawe, Pie	rs J G		Mellanox Teo	chnologie	
121 SC 121.8.5.1	P 226	L 49	# r02-31	Comment	Type TR	Comment	Status A		
awe, Piers J G <i>omment Type</i> TR <i>Cor</i> Using the same pattern on the Does what we gain in correct	Mellanox Tecl mment Status R e aggressor lanes (cor ly handling the spectru	related crosstall	<i>Bucket</i> () is very unusual. inistic part of the	The basignal penalt	andwidth for the is now 13.2812 y but not the un	noise enhance 5 GHz. This d	ement calculati	estimates the eq	GHz while that for the qualizable part of the
crosstalk outweigh what we lo	ose in inconsistency vs	. UI- and sub-U	phasing? As D3.1	Suggested	i <i>Remedy</i> je 19.34 GHz to	12 20125 04-			
comment 13 points out, using PMA. It should be possible to					•				
approaches.				Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.					
SuggestedRemedy Work out which is better; change the crosstalk patterns here and the related pattern generator options in Clause 120 as appropriate.					In 121.8.5.3 (page 229, line 11), change 19.34 GHz to 13.28125 GHz. Also, add another exception to 124.8.5: "- the normalized noise power density spectrum N(f) is equivalent to white noise filtered by				
esponse Res REJECT. The suggested remedy does	ponse Status U	ges to the draft.		a four	h-order Bessel	Thomson resp	onse filter with	a bandwidth of 2	26.5625 GHz."
The commenter is invited to p prepare a consensus presenta	perform the calculation	suggested in th							
		Ū	T/technical E/editorial G/o				C/ 1		Page 21 of 2

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 Page 21 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:42

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 229 L 34 # r02-34 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Tech	C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3 P 229 L 42 # r02-35 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie Mellanox Technologie Image: Compare the second se
Comment Type TR Comment Status A The change of the reference bandwidth from 19.34 GHz to 13.28125 means that an ideal signal (fast, no noise or jitter, no emphasis) has a TDECQ that is far from zero. We could live with this and change many other numbers including "results in at least half of the dB value of the stressed eye closure (SECQ)" but doing so makes the budget hard to understand. In the remedy I assume the offset is 0.5 dB; this should be checked. SuggestedRemedy In Eq. 121-12, change 1 to 0.891, which is 0.5 dB less. Add a NOTE to explain that this number represents the TDECQ of an ideal signal (fast edges, no noise or jitter, no emphasis). Or, change 1 to a new parameter, value 0.891, add to the "where" list. Or, modify equation to TDECQ = 10 log10() - TDECQ0 where TDECQ0 is 0.5 Response Response Status U ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment r02-2 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response to comment r02-2 is: Implement the changes shown in http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_06_27/anslow_02_0617_smf.pdf with the following exceptions: In Tables 121-7, 122-11, 122-12, and 124-7: leave the Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) unchanged In footnote c of each table change the addition to "and is defined for a transmitter with SECQ of 0.9 dB"]	Comment Type TR Comment Status R Updating D3.0 comment 140: It seems that it is possible to make a bad transmitter (e.g. with a noisy or distorted signal), use emphasis to get it to pass the TDECQ test, yet leave a realistic, compliant receiver with an unreasonable challenge (up to 2.5/2 dB worse than the SRS test?) With some of the changed low-bandwidth TDECQ being used to equalize the reference receiver's own bandwidth, this issue becomes more apparent. SuggestedRemedy Define TDECQrms = 10°log10(A_RMS/(s*3*Ct*R)) where A_RMS is the standard deviation of a fast clean signal with OMA=0.5 and without emphasis, observed through the 13.28125 GHz filter response. s is close to the standard deviation of a fast clean signal with OMA=0.5 and without emphasis, observed through the 13.28125 GHz filter response, according to what level of dirty-but-emphasised signal we decide is acceptable. Require that TDECQrms shall not exceed the limit for TDECQ. Response Response Status U REJECT. Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the problem. The commenter is invited to provide a contribution that demonstrates the problem (a waveform that passes TDECQ but cannot be decoded by a reasonable receiver implementation) and that the proposed additional requirement prevents this issue from occurring.

C/ 121 SC 121.8.5.3

C/ 121 SC 121.	8.7	P 302	. 20	# r02-39	C/ 122 SC 122.7	' .1	P 252	L 14	# r02-36
Dawe, Piers J G	r	Mellanox Technolog	ie		Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tech	nologie	
Comment Type TF	Comment St	atus R			Comment Type TR	Comm	ent Status R		
(twice as much) s independently adj can be obtained a	eiver bandwidth, me eems too much; 1/2 ust for good ISI and I s a by-product of the RIN, it would not ch	to 3/4 would be bett RIN filtering, so can TDECQ procedure	er. A T-space an adequate ? While a T/2	d equalizer cannot estimate of RIN -spaced equalizer	we have seen far t feasibility. As mea	oo little experi surements wit it may be that	mental information s h the new TDECQ m	howing technic tethod and with	ation methodology, an al and economic new receiver designs d and the spec as in
SuggestedRemedy					SuggestedRemedy				
	IN measurement to ove 120.5.11.2.4 Sq Response Sta	uare wave (quaterna			TDECQ measuren Based on evidence 30 dBm signal det	nents with SSF e, consider rec ect limit by 0.5	PRQ, and correlation	to actual recei power levels in	this clause except the
REJECT.					Review the TDEC				
					Response	Respor	nse Status U		
Changing the RIN	nedy suggests 2 diff measurement to a C safeguards that are e	Qsq measurement h	as not been d	emonstrated to	and IEEE P802.3b	s/D3.1 or the		comments fron	EEE P802.3bs/D3.2 n the previous ballots.
against D2.0 on th	N measurement was le basis that "The tra nsmitters even if the	nsmitter RINxOMA	spec is intend	ed to screen out	The suggested rer	nedy does not	propose any change	es to the draft.	
C/ 122 SC 122.	7.1	P 221	. 36	# r02-30					
Dawe, Piers J G	r	Mellanox Technolog	ie						
Comment Type E	Comment St	atus A		Bucket					
Table 121-6 and 1 say Extinction rati	24-6 say Extinction r o (min)	atio, each lane (mir) while tables	122-9 and 122-10					
SuggestedRemedy									
Can they be made	consistent?								
Response	Response Sta	atus C							
and IEEE P802.3	CIPLE. es not apply to the su os/D3.1 or the unsation nin the scope of the p	sfied negative comr							
However, the chan need to be made	nges suggested are a n Maintenance.	an improvement to t	he draft that w	ould otherwise					
In Tables 122-9 a (min)"	nd 122-10 change "E	xtinction ratio (min)	' to "Extinctior	ratio, each lane					
TYPE: TR/technical re	•			echnical E/editorial G	/general vritten C/closed U/unsatisf	ed Z/withdray	C/ 122 vn SC 122		Page 23 of 26/07/2017

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C/ 122	SC 122.8.4	P 258	L 6	# r02-51
Dudek, Mich	ael	Cavium		
Comment Ty	/pe E	Comment Status A		Bucket

This is a very long "run on" sentence.

SuggestedRemedy

Break the sentence into three. "The OMAouter is measured using a test pattern specified for OMAouter in Table 122-15. It is the difference between the average optical launch power level P3, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 7 threes, and the average optical launch power level P0, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 6 zeros, as shown in Figure 122-3. For the test the sum of the optical power from all of the lanes not under test is below -30 dBm, or if other lanes are operating, a suitable optical filter may be used to separate the lane under test.

Response

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

However, the changes suggested are an improvement to the draft that would otherwise need to be made in Maintenance.

Change to "The OMAouter is measured using a test pattern specified for OMAouter in Table 122-15. It is the difference between the average optical launch power level P3, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 7 threes, and the average optical launch power level P0, measured over the central 2 UI of a run of 6 zeros, as shown in Figure 122-3. For this measurement the sum of the optical power from all of the lanes not under test is below -30 dBm, or if other lanes are operating, a suitable optical filter may be used to separate the lane under test."

C/ 124 SC 124.7.1	P 298 L 4	# r02-37
Dawe, Piers J G	Mellanox Technologie	

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R**

PAM4 optics is still new and raw, we are still debugging the specification methodology, and we have seen too little experimental information showing technical and economic feasibility. As measurements with the new TDECQ method and with new receiver designs become available, it may be that optical power levels can be reduced and the spec as in this draft would be uneconomic.

SuggestedRemedy

Bring more evidence for what optical power levels and TDECQ limits are right; in particular, TDECQ measurements with SSPRQ, and correlation to actual receiver performance. Based on evidence, reduce all the optical power levels for 400GBASE-DR4 by 0.5 or 1 dB (with other adjustments for other reasons). Review the TDECQ limit.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

The suggested remedy does not propose any changes to the draft.

C/ 124 SC	2 124.8.5	P 302	L 4	# r02-38
Dawe, Piers J G		Mellanox Tech		
Comment Type	Е	Comment Status R		Bucket

Most of these definitions identify the pattern to use by reference to Table 124-10. 124.8.5 (TDECQ) and 124.8.9 (SRS) don't, leaving the associated rows in the table without effect.

SuggestedRemedy

For consistency, should 124.8.5 and 124.8.9 identify the pattern too?

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment does not apply to the substantive changes between IEEE P802.3bs/D3.2 and IEEE P802.3bs/D3.1 or the unsatisfied negative comments from the previous ballots. Hence it is not within the scope of the recirculation ballot.

As Table 124-10 contains specific reference to the subclause for the test the pattern is already clearly defined.

C/ 124 SC 124.8.5

C/ 124 SC 124.8.9	P 302 L 42	# r02-18	C/ 124 SC 12	4.8.9 P	2 302 L 46	# r02-40
Wertheim, Oded	Mellanox Technologie		Dawe, Piers J G	Mel	lanox Technologie	
Comment Type T Comment	Status R		Comment Type	TR Comment Statu	ıs R	
The jitter specification for the 100G frequency corner as the 50G per lar the jitter mask is defined in Uls. This requires the 400GBASE-DR4 t requires to add PLL to handle the lo unnecessary complexity, cost and p frequency jitter isn't bounded in host required in order to handle the low fi <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Double the peak to peak jitter value Add an exception to 124.8.9 Stresse with the following exceptions: - The sinusoidal jitter is used to test o f < 40KHz, Not specified o 40 kHz < f < 4 MHz, 4 * 10^5 / f o 4 MHz < f < 10 LB, 0.1 Consequently change the 400GBAS <i>Response Response</i> REJECT. The suggested remedy is proposing transmitters with a higher level of TI higher level of jitter tolerance. The commenter has not demonstrat buffer in the PMA.	A pe 400GAUI-8 but with half the peransceiver PMA to implements a with frequency jitter and a large jitt ower to the transceiver. Moreover to the transmitter, in theory an unlimiter and the transmitter, in theory an unlimiter and the 400GBASE-DR4 received a receiver sensitivity: The 400GBASE-DR4 received a receiver sensitivity: The address of the tolerance: SE-DR4 TDECQ . Status C to place an extra burden on the DECQ which may be due to ISI a	eak-to-peak jitter as a de-jitterizer, which ter buffer which adds ver, since the low ted jitter buffer is er:	Following up on 26.5625 GBd (N align or be in the signalling rate if muxes in a 4000 requirements on MHz for 10.3125 contain reasonir buffering. ghias workable spec. or 400GAUI-16 \cdot the second sent <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Add another exc second row afte 80 kHz < f <= 25 250 kHz < f <= 25 250 kHz < f <= 41 Or, with the UIs f < 40 kHz No 40 kHz < f <= 41 Or, with the UIs f < 40 kHz No 40 kHz < f <= 40 MHz < f <= 40 AHZ < f <= 10 Increase the TD receiver. This option mea ps/us) than that Or, increase jitte f < 40 kHz < f <= 6 5.333 MHz < f <= and add an exce the TDECQ limit To do the job pr the CRU with a 5	500 kHz 1e11/f^2 MHz 2e5/f doubled vs. Table 121-12 of specified MHz 4e5/f 0 LB 0.1 DECQ limit to share the built ans the 100G/lane received agreed for 50G/lanes. Er by 50% and corner frequent of specified MHz 4e5/f	the low frequency ends of in time vs. frequency, i.e. the required depth of the ibounded and the low fre easonable. Compare 87. 25 GBd. History: anslow 1_0316 which does not a e=15 shows FIFOs but d be avoided: this is what v ave no evidence that the ed or solved by the comr dure, with a table like Tal the appropriately between r has to tolerate no more uency by 33%: CRU corner frequency is veen transmitter and rece , in 124.8.5 we should ac z and a slope of 20 dB/dd	of the jitter masks must should scale with LF jitter buffer in the 2:1 quency jitter generation 8.11.4 and 88.8.10: 4 v_{-} 3bs_04_0316 does not address wander and loes not establish a we have for 400GAUI-8 problems described in nittee. ble 121-12 replacing en transmitter and timing slew rate (in 5.333 MHz. Increase siver. d another exception to ecade (in 121.8.5.1): add
				ything is possible).		
			Response	Response Status	s U	
			transmitters with higher level of jit	has not demonstrated that	which may be due to IS	I and also by requiring a
TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editori COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/a				isfied 7/withdrawn	C/ 124 SC 124.8.9	Page 25 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:

COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SC 124.8.9 26/07/2017 16:54:42 SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

For the second option in the suggested remedy the commenter is invited to build consensus for an increase of the corner frequency to be above 4 MHz.

C/ 124 SC 124.8.9 Page 26 of 26 26/07/2017 16:54:42