

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 111 SC 111.9 P 176 L 37 # i-1  
 Obara, Satoshi FUJITSU  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket  
 In the last paragraph, "92.9.3" seems to be typo.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change "92.9.3" into "93.9.3".  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 001 SC 1.4.134 P 23 L 35 # i-2  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket  
 Wrong position of ".".  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Is "Clause 11)." and should be "Clause 11.)"  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 030 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P 25 L 52 # i-3  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
 Please make sure all references to "IEEE Std 802.3bw-201x" are changed to "IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015" - it has been approved as of this date, pending publication  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 045 SC 45.2.1.1 P 30 L 20 # i-4  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
 SC and RO are not present in shown Table 45-4, no need to present them.  
 There are also other footnotes to tables in Clause 45 that list bit types not listed in this amendment.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Remove ", SC = Self-clearing, RO = Read only" from footnote to Table 45-4  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 045 SC 45 P 29 L 1 # i-5  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network  
 Comment Type ER Comment Status A  
 There are multiple instances of new "shall" statements and some instances of removed "shall" statements present in changes to Clause 45.  
 No PICS are present, though  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Please add missing PICS for Clause 45 (updates, i.e., new PICS needed + changes to existing PICS)  
 Response Response Status W  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 There is no existing PICS for 45.2.1.102.1 so removing the shall from 45.2.1.102.1 requires no PICS modification  
 The existing PICS item RM31 already adequately covers the new shall added in 45.2.3.9 so no change to the PICS is required for this shall.  
 For the shalls in 45.2.1.14, insert new PICS item MM149 at the end of table 45.5.3.3:  
 45.5.3.3 PMA/PMD management functions  
 Insert the following row at the end of table 45.5.3.3 PMA/PMD management functions:  
 MM149 - EEE deep sleep capability indicated for each port type - 45.2.1.14 - EEE:M

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

CI 073 SC 73.2 P 53 L 29 # i-6  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network

Comment Type T Comment Status R gb/s vs gigabit, CC

Inconsistent MII naming:  
 CGMII = 100 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE  
 XGMII = 10 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE  
 XLGMII = 40 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE  
 but  
 25 GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE

It is not clear why this one project among all new projects would choose to spell out GIGABIT rather than use "Gb/s" as done in newer projects.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change  
 25 GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE  
 to  
 25 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE

Move the definition in Figure 73-1 to under XLGMII

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

This comment applies equally to Figure 73-1 and Figure 74-1.

The use of "25 GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE" rather than "25 GB/S MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE" is used to align with 10G terminology.

The proposed change, if accepted, would be pervasive, affecting front matter, interface descriptions in 1.1.3.2, definitions in 1.4, abbreviations in 1.5, as well as text and figures in Clauses 69, 73, 74, 105-112, and Annexes 109A-C.

However, both Figure 73-1 and Figure 74-1 incorrectly use "10 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE" rather than "10 GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE". Since 10G is out of scope for the P802.3by task force, it is suggested that this be addressed through the 802.3 maintenance process.

CI 074 SC 74.7.4.1.2 P 64 L 45 # i-7  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network

Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket

Serial comma missing in "Reverse gearbox function for 25GBASE-R, 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R"

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change to "Reverse gearbox function for 25GBASE-R, 40GBASE-R, and 100GBASE-R"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 105 SC 105.1.3 P 77 L 39 # i-8  
 Hajduczenia, Marek Bright House Network

Comment Type E Comment Status R

In Table 105-1, it would be welcome to insert a forced line break in front of "(see ..." statement in Description column, to push all references into a separate line, to look like 25GBASE-KR-S entry

*SuggestedRemedy*

Per comment

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The parathesized text is part of the sentence and thus should have consistent spacing between letters and characters. It would look odd for a line of a sentence to end in the middle of a row.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

**Cl 105**    **SC 105.4.3.2.1**    **P 82**    **L 1**    # **i-9**  
Hajduczenia, Marek    Bright House Network

**Comment Type E**    **Comment Status A**    *bucket*

Is there any specific reason why arrows for FEC:IS\_UNITDATA.request and PMA:IS\_UNITDATA.indication have white spaces in them?

**SuggestedRemedy**  
It seems like a leftover from a drawing that had multiple entries for these primitive names. Remove empty white boxes, unless dashed arrows have special meaning here (which is not noted).

**Response**    **Response Status C**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

It is assumed that the commenter is referring to Figure 105-2.

The breaks in the lines are indeed white boxes that were previously used as background for text that has since been removed.

Fix the lines such that they are continuous rather than broken.

**Cl 106**    **SC 106.3**    **P 91**    **L 7**    # **i-10**  
Hajduczenia, Marek    Bright House Network

**Comment Type E**    **Comment Status A**    *Bucket*

Missing space between "100" and "ppm" in "390.625 MHz +/-100ppm"

**SuggestedRemedy**  
Change to "390.625 MHz +/-100 ppm"  
Also in PICS FS2 and FS4

**Response**    **Response Status C**  
ACCEPT.

**Cl 045**    **SC 45.2.1**    **P 29**    **L 13**    # **i-11**  
Marris, Arthur    Cadence Design Syste

**Comment Type E**    **Comment Status A**    *Bucket*

There is no need to reference IEEE Std 802.3bn-201x

**SuggestedRemedy**  
Change:  
(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bn-201x and IEEE Std 802.3bw-201x which inserted new registers at addresses 1.17 and 1.18)  
To:  
(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015)

**Response**    **Response Status C**  
ACCEPT.

**Cl 000**    **SC 0**    **P 12**    **L 3**    # **i-12**  
Marris, Arthur    Cadence Design Syste

**Comment Type ER**    **Comment Status A**    *bucket*

Five levels of numbering should be shown in the table of contents

**SuggestedRemedy**  
Show five levels of numbering in the table of contents

**Response**    **Response Status C**  
ACCEPT.

The IEEE-SA Standards Style Manual states:  
"A table of contents listing the main clauses (identified by one digit) and the first series of subclauses under each clause (identified by two digits) should be supplied. The next series of subclauses (identified by three digits) may be included when deemed appropriate by the IEEE-SA content publishing staff and the working group."

However, the IEEE 802.3 amendment template was recently updated to state:  
"Both revisions and amendments to IEEE Std 802.3 show all five heading levels in the table of contents."

P802.3bx D3.2 includes 5 heading levels in the TOC.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

CI 030 SC 30.3.2 P 25 L 6 # i-13  
Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste  
Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
Correct subclause heading  
SuggestedRemedy  
Change:  
PHY devicePHY device managed object class  
To:  
PHY device managed object class  
Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT.

CI 045 SC 45.2.1.4 P 31 L 3 # i-14  
Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste  
Comment Type G Comment Status A Bucket  
Remove mention of 802.3bn  
SuggestedRemedy  
Delete:  
(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bn-201x which inserted a row for bit 1.4.10)  
Add new row 1.4.10 to table named "Reserved for future speeds"  
Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response for comment i-33.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution complete.]  
The response to comment i-33 was:  
ACCEPT  
The suggested remedy for comment i-33 was:  
Change the editing instruction to: "Change the reserved row for 1.4.15:10 in Table 45-6 and insert two new rows immediately below as follows (unchanged rows not shown):"  
Show the reserved row as being changed from "1.4.15:10" and add another row for "1.4.10", "Reserved", "Value always 0", "RO"  
]

CI 045 SC 45.2.3.6 P 43 L 3 # i-15  
Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste  
Comment Type G Comment Status A Bucket  
Remove mention of 802.3bq  
SuggestedRemedy  
Delete:  
(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bq-201x)  
Change 110 entry to Reserved  
Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT.

CI 045 SC 45.2.3.7 P 43 L 30 # i-16  
Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste  
Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
Remove mention of 802.3bq  
SuggestedRemedy  
Delete:  
(as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bq-201x which inserted a row for bit 3.8.6)  
Add additional row for bit 3.8.6 and mark it as reserved  
Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT.

CI 078 SC 78.1.3.3.1 P 72 L 36 # i-17  
Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste  
Comment Type G Comment Status A  
Remove mention of 802.3bq  
SuggestedRemedy  
Delete "as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bq-201x"  
Revert included changes included by 802.3bq by deleting "Except for BASE-T," on line 37 and "Except for BASE-T PHYs," on line 46.  
Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl **045** SC **45.2.1.97** P **37** L **4** # **i-18**  
 Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Syste

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **A**

Register name needs improvement

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change register name from:  
 "CAUI-4 C2C and 25GAUI C2C transmitter equalization, receive direction, lane 0 register"  
 To:  
 "25GAUI C2C and CAUI-4 C2C lane 0 receive direction transmitter equalization register"

Also update following text as appropriate to accommodate this change. Make similar change for transmit direction in subclause 45.2.1.99.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Use response to comment i-34.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response to comment i-34 was:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested remedy and change subclause title and register name to "25GAUI C2C and lane 0 CAUI-4 C2C receive direction transmitter equalization register"

The suggested remedy to i-34 was:

Reinstate the strikethrough text and add 25GAUI throughout the subclauses of 45.2.1.97 and 45.2.1.99. For instance in 45.2.1.97.2, show the text as changing to:  
 The value of these bits indicates the value of the variable Requested\_eq\_c1 in the 25GAUI or lane 0 CAUI-4 receiver in the receive direction (see 83D.3.3.2). When Request\_flag is equal to 1, this value indicates the ratio of the post-cursor coefficient c(1), which is requested for the transmitter equalization in the 25GAUI or lane 0 CAUI-4 C2C transmitter in the receive direction.

]

Cl **000** SC **0** P **0** L **0** # **i-19**  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A**

Within this draft we are inconsistent in using "a FEC" and "an FEC". In 105.3.3, 74.4 and 109C we have "an FEC"; in 107.1.4, 109.1.4 we have "a FEC".  
 We should decide if FEC is an acronym (pronounced like "feck") or an initialism (F-E-C)...  
 My impression is that the former is de facto accepted.  
 This inconsistency also exists in the base document. I am considering a maintenance request to align everything that isn't in scope of 802.3by.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change "An FEC sublayer" to "A FEC sublayer" in 105.3.3, P79 L9.  
 Change "an FEC" to "a FEC" in 109C, P220 L14.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The "IEEE Editorial Style Manual" recommends: "Indefinite articles are assigned to abbreviations to fit the sound of the first letter: an FCC regulation; a BRI." This suggests that the the choice of "a" versus "an" before an acronym is based on the pronunciation of the first letter of the acronym, not on the potential pronunciation of the acronym as a word. The "IEEE-SA Standards Style Manual" does not give any recommendations in this regard.

The use of "a FEC" versus "an FEC" in 802.3bx D3.2 Sections 4, 5, and 6 is not consistent. The phrase "a FEC" is used 7 times while the phrase "an FEC" is used 21 time. The use of "an FEC" is 3x more prevalent than "a FEC" in the base document.

Replace "a FEC" with "an FEC" in the following locations:  
 107.1.4, page 94, line 43  
 109.1.4, page 126, line 2

See comment #97.

Cl **073** SC **73.6.4** P **55** L **5** # **i-20**  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** Bucket

Missing dash in 25GBASEKR-S

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change 25GBASEKR-S to 25GBASE-KR-S

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 109 SC 109.1 P 126 L 2 # i-21  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 "FEC device" is not well defined.  
 Annex 109C uses the wording "FEC (...) implemented in a separate device" which makes much more sense.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change "use of a FEC device that is separate from the PCS" to "implementing a FEC sublayer in a device that is separate from the PCS".

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 001 SC 1.1.3.2 P 22 L 17 # i-23  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status D withdrawn  
 New item j (25GAUI) includes "conformance (...) is recommended, since it allows maximum flexibility in intermixing PHYs and DTEs at 25 Gb/s speeds".

This argument seems to apply to the xMII interface description (and also to XAUI) but is irrelevant and incorrect for 25GAUI, which is internal to the PHY sublayers.

Note that this comment also applies to the CAUI and XLAUI list items in the base standard.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change "allows maximum flexibility in intermixing PHYs and DTEs" to "allows flexibility in intermixing PHY chips and modules".

Proposed Response Response Status Z  
 REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 10 # i-24  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Transition time  
 In item d), "T\_r is the 20% to 80% transition time (see 86A.5.3.3) of the signal as measured at TP0a".

86A.5.3.3 specifies 10 GBaud measurement and includes a 12 GHz LPF, which would result in a an excessively high T\_r. An exception should be made for to use 33 GHz filters.

Note that this comment also applies to similar text in 92.8.4.4.3 and 93A.2 in the base standard.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change the text in item d from  
 "T\_r is the 20% to 80% transition time (see 86A.5.3.3) of the signal as measured at TP0a" to  
 "T\_r is the 20% to 80% transition time of the signal as measured at TP0a. Transition time is measured as defined in 86A.5.3.3 with the exception that the filter bandwidth is 33 GHz instead of 12 GHz."

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement with editorial license item f, on slide 10 of  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf)

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

CI 110 SC 110.8.4 P 146 L 23 # i-25  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A RX specs, anchor

"Receiver electrical characteristics at TP3 for 25GBASE-CR and 25GBASE-CR-S PHYs shall be the same as those of a single lane of 100GBASE-CR4, as summarized in Table 92-7 and detailed in 92.8.4.2, 92.8.4.3 and 92.8.4.6"

92.8.4.6 is about "signaling rate range", which is covered in 110.8.4.4, so this reference is not required.

Of the parameters summarized in Table 92-7, Receiver input amplitude tolerance and Interference tolerance are defined explicitly in clause 110 so it is somewhat confusing to refer to another clause.

Also, the interference tolerance defined in 92.8.4.4 is not applicable for a single lane, and the interference tolerance test parameters in table 92-8 are modified for the no-FEC and BASE-R FEC modes. Therefore, the statement "... shall be the same as those of a single lane of 100GBASE-CR4, as summarized in Table 92-7..." is incorrect.

The only parts of Table 92-7 that are retained are return loss specifications. This can be said in a much simpler way.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change the quoted text (the first sentence of the first paragraph of 110.8.4) to read:

"Receiver electrical characteristics for 25GBASE-CR and 25GBASE-CR-S are specified at TP3. Receiver shall meet the return loss requirements specified in 92.8.4.2 and 92.8.4.3."

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

In 110.8.4, change:

"Receiver electrical characteristics at TP3 for 25GBASE-CR and 25GBASE-CR-S PHYs shall be the same as those of a single lane of 100GBASE-CR4, as summarized in Table 92-7 and detailed in 92.8.4.2, 92.8.4.3 and 92.8.4.6"

To:

"Receiver electrical characteristics are specified at TP3. The receiver shall meet the return loss requirements specified in 92.8.4.2 and 92.8.4.3."

In 111.8.3, change:

"Receiver electrical characteristics at TP5a for 25GBASE-KR shall be the same as those of a single lane of 100GBASE-KR4, as summarized in Table 93-5 and detailed in 93.8.2.1 through 93.8.2.4."

To:

"Receiver electrical characteristics are specified at TP5a. The receiver shall meet the return loss specified in 93.8.2.2 measured using the test fixture specified in 93.8.2.1."

CI 108 SC 108.5.3.1 P 108 L 41 # i-26  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A FEC

Following comment #65 against D2.1.

"The status of the codeword marker lock process shall be reflected by the state variable FEC\_align\_status."

The codeword marker lock status is one of many status variables defined in this clause. No other variable is part of a normative statement ("shall be reflected"). There is no special reason to make an exception for this variable.

If the requirement stays normative, then text should be added to address what happens if MDIO is not implemented... but that doesn't seem justifiable for this variable.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change "shall be reflected" to "is reflected".

Remove PICS item RF2.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 107 SC 107.2 P 96 L 7 # i-27  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

ber\_cnt is defined as "count up to a maximum of 97", but hi\_ber is defined as "... ber\_cnt exceeds 97". There is a contradiction here (which originates from a similar contradiction in Clause 49).

According to the state diagram in Figure 49-15, hi\_ber is asserted when the count \_reaches\_ 16, (not exceeds). Similar logic should be applied.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change "exceeds 97" to "reaches 97".

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 111 SC 111.8.3.1 P 174 L 32 # i-28  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters

The requirement in Table 111-4 is for "Insertion loss at 12.89 GHz". Insertion loss at a specific frequency is difficult to control and may have little effect on performance.

The corresponding RITT in clause 110 (table 110-5) includes "Approximate fitted loss at 12.89 GHz" instead. This makes much more sense.

There seems to be no reason to have misaligned requirements.

Comment also applies to Table 111-5 and Table 111-6.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change "Insertion loss" to "Approximate fitted insertion loss" in tables 111-4, 111-5 and 111-6.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement the changes in Tables 111-4, 111-5, 111-6 as shown in slides 15, 16, and 17 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, with the following exceptions:

- do not change "test channel insertion loss" with "test channel fitted insertion loss"
- and for Table 111-4 set test 1 min/max to 30/30.5, i.e., no change from D3.0 to the min value.

Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss coefficients.

Implement with editorial license.

Also, see the responses to comments i-36.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-36 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.

Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".

Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.

Implement with editorial license.

]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.3 P 150 L 41 # i-29  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **A** Jitter tolerance test

Jitter tolerance is measured "...with the channel and error requirement of test 2 as specified in..." referring to the corresponding receiver interference tolerance test.

The "channel" defined in the RITT tables has a required maximum COM (to be achieved by adding noise).

This requirement should not apply for the jitter test, since we assume the same physical channel is used without adding noise. But it is not stated clearly for the channel - the text only says that noise is not injected at the pattern generator.

Similar issues exists in 111.8.3.2.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Preferably, change "with the channel and error requirement of test 2" to "with a channel meeting the fitted insertion loss of test 2 and the error requirement", three times in this paragraph. The result in the first case would be:

"Jitter tolerance in RS-FEC mode is measured with a channel meeting the fitted insertion loss of test 2 and the error requirement as specified in Table 110-5."

Alternative possible remedies:

1. Insert at the end of the first paragraph of 110.8.4.3: "The channels used for jitter tolerance measurement are not required to meet the maximum COM specified."
2. Remove the COM-related rows from the tables and instead add text in 110.8.4.2.3 (Test channel calibration) specifying the target COM for each case.

The chosen remedy should also be applied similarly in 111.8.3.2.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change:

"Jitter tolerance in RS-FEC mode is measured with the channel and error requirement of test 2 as specified in Table 110-5. Jitter tolerance in BASE-R FEC mode is measured with the channel and error requirement of test 2 as specified in Table 110-6. Jitter tolerance in no-FEC mode is measured with the channel and error requirement of test 2 as specified in Table 110-7."

To:

"Jitter tolerance in RS-FEC mode is measured with a channel meeting the insertion loss of test 2 and the error requirements as specified in Table 110-5. Jitter tolerance in BASE-R FEC mode is measured with a channel meeting the insertion loss of test 2 and the error requirements as specified in Table 110-6. Jitter tolerance in no-FEC mode is measured



IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

with a channel meeting the insertion loss of test 2 and the error requirements as specified in Table 110-7."

Cl 112 SC 112.9 P 196 L 3 # i-30  
King, Jonathan Finisar Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status A  
Make the wording which links 'fiber optic channel model' to link segment' in this section match previous optical clauses (eg 38,52,87,88).

SuggestedRemedy

Delete first sentence of 112.9.  
Insert new sentence 'The fiber optic link model (channel) defined here is the same as a simplex fiber optic link segment.' immediately before the last sentence of 112.9 (which begins 'The term channel is used here...').

Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT.

Cl 110 SC 110 P 138 L 2 # i-31  
Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Laboratories of

Comment Type T Comment Status A Merge PHYs, BTI

The only difference between 25GBASE-CR and 25GBASE-CR-S is whether RS-FEC is supported or not supported. Defining two PMDs obscure this difference, because we cannot conclude this is the only difference until we completely understand the specifications of two PMDs.  
If we define RS-FEC as option, it is much clear and we don't need two PMDs.  
The same comment on 25GBASE-KR and 25GBASE-KR-S.

SuggestedRemedy

Merge 25GBASE-CR and 25GBASE-CR-S to a single PMD of 25GBASE-CR with an optional RS-FEC.  
Merge 25GBASE-KR and 25GBASE-KR-S to a single PMD of 25GBASE-KR with an optional RS-FEC.  
Change Auto-Negotiation regarding to the optional RS-FEC.  
More detail change will be provided in a presentation at January 2016 interim meeting.

Response Response Status C  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

There is not sufficient support to implement the suggested changes.

Straw Poll #1:  
I support the proposal in hidaka\_3by\_01\_0116.pdf or hidaka\_3by\_02\_0116.pdf to address comment i-31  
Yes: 1  
No: 28  
Abstain: 7

However, it was noted that further clarification with respect to the relationship between the PHY types and cable types would be helpful.

Resolve using response to comment i-69.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-69 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete ", but not CA-25G-L".  
Add table after the paragraph on page 138 line 42 based on the top table on slide 6 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/stone\\_3by\\_01\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/stone_3by_01_0116.pdf)  
Add appropriate reference to the new table in the paragraph on page 138 line 42.  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.10.2 P 152 L 41 # i-32  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A CA

In 110.10.2, the IL upper limits refer to the measured value at 12.8906 GHz. In addition, there is a definition of fitted insertion loss in the first paragraph, but it is not used.

Insertion loss at a specific frequency is difficult to control and may have little effect on performance. Fitted IL is more important for performance.

The current RITT is also specified with fitted IL. It is preferable to align CA specs with RITT channel requirements and use the fitted value in both places.

Note that COM is a normative specification for cable assemblies, and seems to practically limit the insertion loss.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change "The measured insertion loss" to "The fitted insertion loss", in the second paragraph and the third paragraph of 110.10.2 (4 times in total).

If this is not accepted, the fitted IL description is not required at all, so delete the first paragraph instead.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

IL is a critical parameter. IL is used as a proxy for length and as a means to partition elements of the channel. Our objectives are tied to lengths both of cable assemblies and expected host trace lengths.

Delete:  
 "The fitted cable assembly insertion loss Ifitted(f) as a function of frequency f is defined in Equation (92-23)."

Cl 045 SC 45.2.1.4 P 31 L 3 # i-33  
 Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket

Since it is unlikely that the P802.3bn amendment will be approved before P802.3by completes, it is not appropriate to refer to 802.3bn in the editing instruction.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change the editing instruction to: "Change the reserved row for 1.4.15:10 in Table 45-6 and insert two new rows immediately below as follows (unchanged rows not shown):"  
 Show the reserved row as being changed from "1.4.15:10" and add another row for "1.4.10", "Reserved", "Value always 0", "RO"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 045 SC 45.2.1.97 P 37 L 15 # i-34  
 Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation

Comment Type ER Comment Status A

The response to comment #21 against D2.1 changed all seven subclauses of 45.2.1.97 and 45.2.1.99 to remove all references to CAUI-4, chip-to-chip, and that this applies to lane 0. These subclauses were already difficult to understand because of the fact that there are transmitters in the receive direction and receivers in the transmit direction. The changes being made by P802.3by make the subclauses much harder to understand than they were previously.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Reinstate the strikethrough text and add 25GAUI throughout the subclauses of 45.2.1.97 and 45.2.1.99. For instance in 45.2.1.97.2, show the text as changing to:  
 The value of these bits indicates the value of the variable Requested\_eq\_c1 in the 25GAUI or lane 0 CAUI-4 receiver in the receive direction (see 83D.3.3.2). When Request\_flag is equal to 1, this value indicates the ratio of the post-cursor coefficient c(1), which is requested for the transmitter equalization in the 25GAUI or lane 0 CAUI-4 C2C transmitter in the receive direction.

Response Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested remedy and change subclause title and register name to "25GAUI C2C and lane 0 CAUI-4 C2C receive direction transmitter equalization register"

Cl FM SC FM P 10 L 17 # i-35  
 Anslow, Peter Ciena Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket

The Introduction has been modified in the 802.3 template.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add "A full duplex MAC protocol was added in 1997." to the end of the second paragraph.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 147 L 19 # i-36  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters, anchor  
Regarding Table 110-5  
Adjusting Fitted insertion loss coefficients are not practical when performing an RITT test.  
SuggestedRemedy  
Remove Fitted insertion loss coefficients row.  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 147 L 23 # i-37  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters, anchor  
Regarding Table 110-5  
Approximate loss for stressing the receiver is not sufficient.  
SuggestedRemedy  
change row to "Minimum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is NA Test 2 case is 29.44"  
add row to "Maximum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is 14.8 Test 2 case is NA"  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to comment i-36.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-36 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 147 L 47 # i-38  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters  
Regarding Table 110-6  
Adjusting Fitted insertion loss coefficients are not practical when performing an RITT test.  
SuggestedRemedy  
Remove Fitted insertion loss coefficients row.  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to i-36.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-36 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.  
]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 147 L 50 # i-39  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters  
Regarding Table 110-6  
Approximate loss for stressing the receiver is not sufficient.  
SuggestedRemedy  
change row to "Minimum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is NA Test 2 case is 23.44"  
add row to "Maximum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is 14.8 Test 2 case is NA"  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to i-36.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-36 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 148 L 28 # i-40  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type TR Comment Status A RITT parameters  
Regarding Table 110-7  
Adjusting Fitted insertion loss coefficients are not practical when performing an RITT test.  
SuggestedRemedy  
Remove Fitted insertion loss coefficients row.  
Response Response Status W  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to i-36.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-36 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.  
]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 148 L 32 # i-41  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type TR Comment Status A RITT parameters  
Regarding Table 110-7  
Approximate loss for stressing the receiver is not sufficient.  
SuggestedRemedy  
change row to "Minimum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is NA Test 2 case is 22.48"  
add row to "Maximum fitted loss at 12.89 GHz^b" Test 1 case is 14.8 Test 2 case is NA"  
Response Response Status W  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to i-36.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-36 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.  
Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".  
Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.  
Implement with editorial license.  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.2 P 149 L 22 # i-42  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A RITT setup

Meeting COM is not sufficient wording and use for test case 1 in not clear

SuggestedRemedy

Change a) to: A cable assembly (see 110.10) that meets the cable assembly COM specified for the test being performed and is within 1 dB of IL\_camax in table 110A-1 for test case 2 and IL\_camin in table 110A-1 for test case 1.

Response Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Specify IL to be within a range based on IL\_camin and IL\_camax values in Table 110A-1.

In tables 110-5, 110-6, and 110-7:

Add a new row to each table with parameter: "Cable assembly insertion loss at 12.89 GHz"

Test 1 value:

- in all 3 tables: min: 8 dB, max: 10 dB

Test 2 value:

- in table 110-5: min: 20.48, max: 22.48

- in table 110-6: min: 14.48, max: 16.48

- in table 110-7: min: 13.50, max: 15.50

Change 110.8.4.2.2 item "a"...

from

"A cable assembly (see 110.10) that meets the cable assembly COM specified for the test being performed."

to

"A cable assembly meeting the requirements of 110.10 and the insertion loss specified for the test being performed."

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.2 P 149 L 25 # i-43  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status D withdrawn

The transmitter test fixture may include some of the required additional loss.

SuggestedRemedy

Change b) to: A cable assembly test fixture (see 110B.1.2 and 92.11.2) or equivalent

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.2 P 149 L 26 # i-44  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A RITT setup

"connecting path" seems unclear.

SuggestedRemedy

Change c) to: A frequency dependant connection path from the pattern generator to the CA test fixture.

Response Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-74.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-74 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:

[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.

In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:

c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a new paragraph after the list:

"NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."

Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".

]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 149 L 8 # i-45  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT setup  
"Additive host board loss" is not decriptive enough  
SuggestedRemedy  
Change to "Additional frequency dependant loss"  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to comment i-74.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-74 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)  
With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.  
In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:  
c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.  
Add a new paragraph after the list:  
"NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."  
Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".  
]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 149 L 35 # i-46  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation  
Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT setup  
"Additive host board loss" is not decriptive enough  
SuggestedRemedy  
Change to "Additional frequency dependant loss"  
Response Response Status **W**  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Resolve using the response to comment i-74.  
[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-74 is:  
ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)  
With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.  
In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:  
c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.  
Add a new paragraph after the list:  
"NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."  
Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 149 L 44 # i-47  
 Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT parameters

Adjusting Fitted insertion loss coefficients is not practical when setting up an RITT test.  
 Use fitted loss instead.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Replace paragraph with:  
 The fitted insertion loss s of the signal path between the reference points in 110-4, derived using the fitting procedure in 92.10.2, shall be at least the values in Table 110-5, Table 110-6, or Table 110-7, as appropriate for the test being performed."

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-36.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-36 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.

Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf)

for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".

Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.

Implement with editorial license.

]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 6 # i-48  
 Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT setup

The fact that a noise combiner/spitter is required at the test point PGC suggest that there will always an intrumented or the like drive. Hence the d) is not reflective of practice.

*SuggestedRemedy*

d) The transmitter device package model S (tp) is omitted from the calculation of S\_p

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using response to comment i-57.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-57 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of presentation [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

There was no consensus to limit the pattern to PRBS9 for measuring rise time.

]



IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 8 # i-49  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** Transition time

The filter Ht (f) defined by Equation (92-22) is non-casual and not represntiative of transtion times slower that 15 ps.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Instead, the voltage transfer function is multiplied by the filter Ht(f) defined by Equation (110-xx)where Tr is the 20% to 80% transition time (see 86A.5.3.3) of the signal as measuredat the PGC reference point.

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

[Comment text is a copy of i-50.]

Resolve using the response to comment i-57.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-57 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of presentation [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

There was no consensus to limit the pattern to PRBS9 for measuring rise time.  
]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 8 # i-50  
Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** Transition time

The filter Ht (f) defined by Equation (92-22) is non-casual and not represntiative of transtion times slower that 15 ps.

*SuggestedRemedy*

add equation for h\_t(f)  
 $H_t = 105 / (f.^4 * (k * tr)^4 - f.^3 * (k * tr)^3 * 10i - 45 * f.^2 * (k * tr)^2 + f * (k * tr) * 105i + 105)$   
where  
 $k = 8.937 \cdot 8E-09 * (tr * 1000)^4$ , f in GHz and tr in ns

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolved using response to comment i-57.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
The response for comment i-57 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of presentation [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

There was no consensus to limit the pattern to PRBS9 for measuring rise time.  
]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.4 P 150 L 13 # i-51  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A RITT parameters, anchor

The receiver interference tolerance test method in clause 110 is quite different from the corresponding method in clause 111 (which is based on clause 93) in the specification of jitter in the transmitter.

It is desirable to be able to use a compliant 25GBASE-KR device as a transmitter in this test, which is possible in the clause 111 test. This will enable using the required test patterns and equalizer training and resemble a real-life scenario. However, the jitter requirements in clause 110 may be impossible to meet in compliant 25GBASE-KR devices.

It is suggested to align the test methods in the two clauses.

*SuggestedRemedy*

A detailed presentation will be supplied.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement item d in slide 10 of presentation:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf)

In addition, do the following...

Implement the changes in slides 6 to 14 of  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)  
 where other comment responses take precedence.

Implement the changes in slides 10 to 21 of  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf)  
 where other comment responses and  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf) take precedence.

Implement all with editorial license.

Cl 105 SC 105.5 P 86 L 21 # i-52  
 Remein, Duane Futurewei Technologie

Comment Type TR Comment Status D withdrawn

Throughout this draft there are restrictions on maximum delay (ex 105.5, 106.1.4, 107.4, 108.4). No where are there placed any bounds on minimum delay or delay variation. Without some restriction (or at the very least a declaration of max delay variation) most time of day protocols cannot meet their stated objectives.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Place restrictions on maximum delay variation <OR> add the ability to add a mechanism to declare the max delay variation.

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 109 SC 109.1.1 P 124 L 8 # i-53  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket

Poor English

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add "of" between "family" and "25Gb/s"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 109 SC 109.4.2 P 129 L 21 # i-54  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status A

There is only one input lane.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change to "looping back the input lane to the output lane"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Since there is only one lane it is sufficient to refer to the output and/or input.

Change:  
 "looping back each input lane to the corresponding output lane"  
 To:  
 "looping back the input to the output"

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.3 P 146 L 19 # i-55  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R** TX parameters

The specification for the peak pulse to steady stage voltage ratio is more relaxed than the value created in COM for cable testing resulting in the possibility of compliant Tx,'s RX's and cables not meeting the BER requirements. See presentation Dudek\_3by\_01\_0116

*SuggestedRemedy*

after 92.8.3.9 add "except that the Linear fit pulse peak (min) shall be 0.49\*Vf" Also change the PICS TC17 to match.

Response Response Status **U**

REJECT.

There is not sufficient consensus to resolve at this meeting.

See comment i-60.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.2 P 149 L 26 # i-56  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **A** RITT setup

It would be good to explicitly call out the "additive host board loss"

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add " which includes the additive host board loss of approximately 7dB at Nyquist" to the end of bullet c).

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-74.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-74 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.

In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:  
 c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a new paragraph after the list:  
 "NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."

Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".

]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 7 # i-57  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Transition time

The equation 92-22 does not produce an equivalent Tx input risetime to the channel to that measured at PGC (and used as input to equation 92-22). (See dudek\_3by\_02\_0116) (an earlier version presented to the ad-hoc is dudek\_3by\_12-2-15). For slower risetimes measured at PGC a faster risetime is input to the channel resulting in more noise being added in this test than should be.

If the Tx is not assumed to have a good termination and therefore the risetime is not compensated the test transmitter could input a significantly faster risetime to the channel in the Interference tolerance test than is used to calibrate the TxSNDR using COM resulting in an under-stressed Interference tolerance test.

When measuring the risetime at PGC the value obtained is slightly different depending whether the square wave test pattern or PRBS9 pattern is used. It would be good to remove this inconsistency and as the PRBS9 pattern is already required for measuring TxSNDR on this waveform the PRBS9 pattern is the best one to choose.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Remove the option of not compensating for the risetime of the test transmitter. Create a new local equation provided by Dudek\_3by\_02\_0116 and refer to it instead of equation 92-22. Final paragraph to be "The transmitter device package model S(tp) is omitted from the calculation of Sp. Instead, the voltage transfer function is multiplied by the filter Ht(f) defined by Equation (New) where Tr is the 20% to 80% transition time (see 86A.5.3.3) of the signal as measured at the PGC reference point using the PRBS9 pattern."

Response Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of presentation [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

There was no consensus to limit the pattern to PRBS9 for measuring rise time.

Cl 110 SC 110.10.1 P 152 L 17 # i-58  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status R CA

The critical parameter for the cables should be COM. The Interference Tolerance Test is also using an attenuation that is approximately 0.7dB larger than the max cable attenuation plus host board loss used in COM

*SuggestedRemedy*

Increase the attenuation for the CA-S cable to 17.18dB and the CA-N to 16.22dB in table 110-9 and in the text at lines 43 and 44 and the PICS CA3 and CA4. Also in table 110A-1 change the ILCamax to these values and change IChmax to 29.70dB for CA-25G-S and to 28.74dB for CA-25G-N

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

In Clause 92, the 0.7 dB additional loss was introduced to reduce the required injected crosstalk for the same COM and to provide more consistency in spectral shape given the cable assembly to cable assembly crosstalk (noise) variations. It is used to test receiver "interference tolerance"; not intended to be used in extending channel loss budget.

There is no consensus to make the requested changes at this meeting.

See comment i-86.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.10.7 P 153 L 49 # i-59  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R** COM parameters

All CR-S and CR ports are required to meet the no-fec interference tolerance conditions and therefore will be capable of working over CA-S cables with equivalent required receiver performance.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change the CTLE and Tx SNR COM parameters for CA-S in table 110-10 to match those for CA-N ie change max CTLE to -16dB and Tx SNR to 28.4dB

Response Response Status **C**

REJECT.

There is insufficient support for making the requested change.

Straw Poll #2:

I would support:

- A. Leave CA-25G-S specification as is.
  - B. modify CA-25G-S specifications per comment i-59 suggested remedy.
  - C. Change CA-25G-S cable type to informative specification per comment i-84 suggested remedy.
  - D. Eliminate CA-25G-S cable type completely.
- Chicago rules.  
 A: 28 B: 14 C: 2 D: 1

Cl 111 SC 111.8.2 P 174 L 5 # i-60  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **R** TX parameters

The specification for the peak pulse to steady stage voltage ratio is more relaxed than the value created in COM for channel testing resulting in the possibility of compliant Tx's Rx's and channels not meeting the BER requirements. See presentation Dudek\_3by\_01\_0116

*SuggestedRemedy*

after 93.8.1.7 add "except that the Linear fit pulse peak (min) shall be  $0.78 \cdot V_f$ " Also change the PICS TC19 to match.

Response Response Status **U**

REJECT.

There is not sufficient consensus to resolve at this meeting.

See comment i-55.

Cl 111 SC 111.8.3.1 P 174 L 18 # i-61  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** Transition time

The equation 93A-46 does not produce an equivalent Tx input risetime to the channel to that measured at TP0a and used as input to equation 92-22. (See dudek\_3by\_02\_0116) (earlier version presented to the ad-hoc dudek\_3by\_12-2-15). For slower risetimes measured at TP0a a faster risetime is input to the channel resulting in more noise being added in this test than should be.

If the Tx is not assumed to have a good termination and therefore the risetime is not compensated the test transmitter could input a significantly faster risetime to the channel in the Interference tolerance test than is used to test COM for the channel while calibrating the noise to be added resulting in an under-stressed Interference tolerance test.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Remove the option of not compensating for the risetime of the test transmitter and replace equation 93A-46 with a new local equation provided by Dudek\_3by\_02\_0116. Add after "table 93-6" "and the transmitter device package model S(tp) is omitted from the calculation of Sp. Instead, the voltage transfer function is always multiplied by the filter Ht(f) defined by Equation (New B) where Tr is the 20% to 80% transition time (see 86A.5.3.3) of the signal as measured at the TP0a. (note this is a different filter from that used in Clause 93.

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 111 SC 111.8.3 P 174 L 9 # i-62  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RX specs

The KR-S phy also has to meet the return loss specs

*SuggestedRemedy*

Add a paragraph "Receiver return loss characteristics at TP5a for 25GBASE-KR-S shall be the same as those of a single lane of 100GBASE-KR4, as summarized in Table 93-5 and detailed in 93.8.2.1 and 93.8.2.2. The requirements in 111.8.3.1 and 111.8.3.2 also apply.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-25.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-25 is:

REJECT.

The change of insertion loss to 15.5 dB was done in D2.1, based on Comment #118 against D2.0 and motion #5 of 802.3by in the September 2015 interim meeting. The previous value was 12.98 dB. The comment does not state any justification for changing the value to 16 dB.

The change of 2.75 m to 3 m was done with a clarification that these values indicate achievable lengths, and that "Length of a cable assembly does not imply compliance to specifications". This change does not preclude constructing a 2.75 cable as the comment suggests.

There is no consensus to make the requested changes at this meeting.

See comment i-58.

]

Cl 112 SC 112.11.4.2 P 200 L 28 # i-63  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A**

There is only one optical transmitter.

*SuggestedRemedy*

change "all of the optical transmitters" to "the optical transmitter" Also on line 36 and line 40 change "any" to "the"

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

[The editor changed the subclause from 112.4.2 to 112.11.4.2 since the commenter is referring to CM2, CM4, and CM5 management functions in the PICS tables.]

In 112.11.4.2:

In the row for item CM2, replace the sentence:

"Disables all of the optical transmitters with the PMD\_global\_transmit\_disable variable" with:

"Disables the optical transmitter with the PMD\_global\_transmit\_disable variable"

In the row for item CM4, replace the sentence:

"Sets PMD\_transmit\_fault to one if a local fault is detected on any transmit lane" with:

"Sets PMD\_transmit\_fault to one if a local transmitter fault is detected"

In the row for item CM5, replace the sentence:

"Sets PMD\_receive\_fault to one if a local fault is detected on any receive lane" with:

"Sets PMD\_receive\_fault to one if a local receiver fault is detected".

[updated]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.10.7 P 154 L 19 # i-64  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation  
 Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn  
 Previous analysis of DFE error propagation did not take into account its deterministic nature described in Dudek\_3by\_03\_0116 (earlier draft presented to the ad-hoc).  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 consider whether the limits on the maximum DFE tap weights should be changed in COM. (also for the Rx interference tolerance test)  
 Proposed Response Response Status Z  
 REJECT.  
 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 111 SC 111.9 P 176 L 34 # i-65  
 Dudek, Michael QLogic Corporation  
 Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn  
 Previous analysis of DFE error propagation did not take into account its deterministic nature described in Dudek\_3by\_03\_0116 (earlier draft presented to the ad-hoc).  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 consider whether the limits on the maximum DFE tap weights should be changed in COM. (also for the Rx interference tolerance test)  
 Proposed Response Response Status Z  
 REJECT.  
 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 149 L 53 # i-66  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A RITT parameters  
 We have two sets of parameters for package model, and it is not specified which one should be used when calculating COM of the test channel;  
 This should not depend on the DUT construction, which is a "black box". Similarly, the channel signal path is defined to include S(HOSP), which is the reference board model, regardless of the actual board in the DUT.  
 I think using the larger package option should be used for the high loss case (test 2); if the DUT has a long package it will be adequate, and if it has a short package then it should not be penalized (by possibly adding more noise to compensate for lower loss).

For similar reasoning, the shorter package should be used for the low loss case (test 1),  
 Comment also applies to clause 111.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Specify, either in "test channel calibration" text or in the tables, using "test 1" value from table 110-10 for test 1 (low loss channel) and "test 2" value from table 110-10 for test 2 (high loss channel).  
 Apply equivalent changes in clause 111.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To make it clear that the intent is the same as for measuring a cable, implement item c on slide 13 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf).

The channel used in this test is representative of a worst case cable assembly, so it should meet COM requirements in the same way as for a cable assembly. For a cable assembly, the COM value for the cable for both test cases must be larger than the specified value. In other words, the minimum of the two is compared to the COM specification. Similarly, the test channel COM for the purposes of noise calibration should use the smaller of values from the two test cases.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 109 SC 109.7.4.1 P 136 L 34 # i-67  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket  
 PMA Functions  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 PMA functions  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 110 SC 110.1 P 138 L 42 # i-68  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket-pulled  
 D2.1 comment 92 would apply here also:  
 What do you mean, "supports operation"?  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Change "supports operation" to "operates", twice.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 110 SC 110.1 P 138 L 42 # i-69  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A CA  
 This is written as if a CA-25G-L cable is not a CA-25G-N cable: "A 25GBASE-CR-S PHY supports operation over cable assemblies of types CA-25G-N and CA-25G-S, but not CA-25G-L." However, 110.10, Cable assembly characteristics, provides non-exclusive criteria for each cable type, so a CA-25G-L cable can be a CA-25G-N cable too. This should be made consistent.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 As it would be expensive and pointless to certify that a particular cable fails CA-S or CA-N specs, the non-exclusive way seems better.  
 Delete ", but not CA-25G-L".  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Delete ", but not CA-25G-L".  
 Add table after the paragraph on page 138 line 42 based on the top table on slide 6 in: [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/stone\\_3by\\_01\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/stone_3by_01_0116.pdf)  
 Add appropriate reference to the new table in the paragraph on page 138 line 42.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 148 L 14 # i-70  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A RITT error requirements  
 Should not have a whole paragraph in a table footnote. Should not define the same thing twice.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Move the text to 110.8.4.2.5 e.g. before the last sentence. Here, have a short footnote such as "See 110.8.4.2.5".  
 Similarly for Table 111- 5, this could refer to 110.8.4.2.5 also.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Move the footnote text to body text for both Clause 110 and 111.  
 Note that the content of the footnote will be modified by the response to comment i-105.



IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 148 L 51 # i-71  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A *setup, nomenclature, anchor*

PGC is not a helpful name because it doesn't make much sense when the pattern generator/noise injector is disconnected when the test channel is being measured.

*SuggestedRemedy*

It's port 1 of the test channel, so we could call it CP1 (calibration point 1) or port 1, or just "Tx test reference point" or "Tx calibration point"

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

PGC is the term that was used in previous clauses and suggests a direct connection to a test instrument. This test is different from previous clauses in that it requires noise injection before this reference point. Using the same name for a different point might cause confusion.

Apply the following changes:

In 110.8.4.2.1, change "at the pattern generator connection (PGC) or test references" to "at the test references".

In Figure 110-3...

Delete "PGC", the arrow, and the circle.  
 Change "Test reference" to "Tx test reference".  
 Delete the label "Tx" above the "PGC" label.

In 110.8.4.2.3... list items c and d...

Change: both "at the PGC" and "at the PGC reference point"  
 To: "at the Tx test reference point"

In Figure 110-4...

Change "Test reference" to "Tx test reference".  
 Delete the label "Tx" in upper left.

Also, implement any related changes in

[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf) slides 5 to 11.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 148 L 51 # i-72  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type T Comment Status R *RITT setup*

Measuring a waveform at the output of a pattern generator isn't practical unless you have a scope with a small remote head.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Show a line or arrow (for a low loss instrument-grade cable) between the box called "Pattern Generator with noise injection" and PGC/Tx test reference, in figs 110-3 and 110-4.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

There should be one point of reference for both the TX parameter measurements and the test channel measurement.

When performing the test, measurements can be made the end of the cable that connects to the "additive host board loss" as the commenter suggests. But TX specifications must be met at this point.

Alternatively, measurements can be made at the connector output of the "pattern generator with noise injection", which would make the aforementioned cable part of the test channel. This enables measuring the transmitter output with a separate instrument-grade cable while using a longer cable for connection to the "additive host board loss".

The current drawing does not enforce or preclude any of these choices.

Either way, measurements made at the reference point may need to be calibrated, e.g. to account for any required instrumentation cables.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 149 L 6 # i-73  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A *RITT setup*

In Figure 110-3, the Test Channel includes both sides of the connector on the left, while the text in 110.8.4.2.2 does not mention the connector on the left.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Move the left dashed line called "MDI" to align with the join inside the connector.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 149 L 8 # i-74  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type T Comment Status A RITT setup, anchor

Figures 110-3 and 110-4 show "Additive host board loss" while 110.8.4.2.2 item c says "connecting path" - we should use the same name for something, every time. Do not recognise "additive host board", do not see loss as additive - the signal power is divided, the number of dBm is subtracted. Figure 83E-15, Example module stressed input test, calls it "Frequency-dependent attenuator" and "frequency-dependent attenuation". A pair of wideband SMA 3 dB attenuators could be seen as "Additive loss" - but they would not have the desired effect.

The meaning of "host board" is unclear - is it a kind of board I must use? What kind?

SuggestedRemedy

Rename to "Frequency-dependent attenuator" or "Frequency-dependent attenuation", both figures and text. Explain that this is intended to emulate the difference between the MCB loss and the loss in a host.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.

In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:  
 c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a new paragraph after the list:  
 "NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."

Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
 The response for comment i-73 is:

ACCEPT.

The suggested remedy for i-73 is:

Move the left dashed line called "MDI" to align with the join inside the connector.

]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.1 P 149 L 9 # i-75  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket

Pattern Generator

SuggestedRemedy

Pattern generator

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.2 P 149 L 26 # i-76  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A RITT setup

from the pattern generator to the cable assembly test fixture.

SuggestedRemedy

from PGC to the cable assembly test fixture.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-74.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-74 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.

In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:  
 c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a new paragraph after the list:  
 "NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."

Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".

]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 149 L 33 # i-77  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A RITT setup, nomenclature

In Figure 110-3, the same point is labelled Tx, PGC and Test reference. In Figure 110-4, there is a point called Tx and Test reference, but PGC is absent.

SuggestedRemedy

Make the figures consistent, e.g. add the missing label in Figure 110-4. "Tx reference point" and "Rx reference point" would be better than "Test reference".

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Resolve using the response to comment i-71.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed. The response for comment i-71 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

PGC is the term that was used in previous clauses and suggests a direct connection to a test instrument. This test is different from previous clauses in that it requires noise injection before this reference point. Using the same name for a different point might cause confusion.

Apply the following changes:

In 110.8.4.2.1, change "at the pattern generator connection (PGC) or test references" to "at the test references".

In Figure 110-3...  
 Delete "PGC", the arrow, and the circle.  
 Change "Test reference" to "Tx test reference".  
 Delete the label "Tx" above the "PGC" label.

In 110.8.4.2.3... list items c and d...  
 Change: both "at the PGC" and "at the PGC reference point"  
 To: "at the Tx test reference point"

In Figure 110-4...  
 Change "Test reference" to "Tx test reference".  
 Delete the label "Tx" in upper left.

Also, implement any related changes in  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf) slides 5 to 11.

]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 149 L 34 # i-78  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A RITT setup, nomenclature

In Figure 110-4, there is a point called Rx test reference, but it doesn't seem to be associated with a receiver, except the one in the network analyser.

SuggestedRemedy

Call it TP4, as in Figure 110-2. Or CP2 or port 2

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The Rx reference point label format is intended to match the one for the Tx side and is unique.

Implement the reference labeling in Slide 8 of  
[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 3 # i-79  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type T Comment Status A RITT setup

This recipe is disorganised: one would not inject noise, measure SNDR, calculate COM then iterate the noise injected, measurement and calculation; one would calculate COM, iterate the noise TO BE injected, then inject it.

SuggestedRemedy

Re-order:  
 c) SNDR of the pattern generator after noise injection (see 110.8.4.2.4) is measured at the PGC using the procedure in 92.8.3.7. The resulting value is used as SNRTX in calculation of COM. The level of noise injected is adjusted until the required COM is achieved for the test.  
 to:  
 c) The value of SNRTX that brings COM to the required value for the test is found by calculation. Noise is injected (see 110.8.4.2.4) until the value of SNDR, measured at PGC using the procedure in 92.8.3.7, equals that value of SNRTX.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement slide 9 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf).

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.3 P 150 L 5 # i-80  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** RITT setup

This recipe needs to be brought back to reality, so the implementer has an idea if he has done it right or not, and to guard against mathematically valid but unrepresentative test setups.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Give a max/min range of SNDRs and/or RMS injected noises at PGC for each of the 6 tests. Are some of them the same?

Response Response Status **W**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This issue is resolved by enforcing a minimum channel loss.

Resolve using the response to comment i-36.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-36 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Delete "Fitted insertion loss coefficients" rows from table 110-5, table 110-6, and table 110-7.

Implement the changes in Tables 110-5, 110-6, 110-7 as shown in slides 19, 20, 21 of [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_02a\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_02a_0116.pdf) for the rows relating to insertion loss, but change "test channel fitted insertion loss" with "test channel insertion loss".

Also, remove text relating to the fitted insertion loss and coefficients.

Implement with editorial license.

]

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2.4 P 150 L 12 # i-81  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **A** RITT setup

In my mind, a pattern generator and a noise source are two separate things; even they can be bought in the same box, they need not be.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Change subclause title to "Pattern generator and noise injection".

Change the last sentence from:

The pattern generator shall inject broadband noise on the data signal, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3.

to

Broadband noise is added to the data signal before PGC, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change subclause 110.8.4.2.4 title to "Pattern generator and noise injection".

Change the last sentence of 110.8.4.2.4 from:

"The pattern generator shall inject broadband noise on the data signal, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3."

To:

"Broadband noise is added to the signal before the TX test reference point, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3."

For the changes to the figure, use the reponse to comment i-74.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-74 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Modify Figures 110-3 and 110-4, according to Slide 8 in:

[http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

With the additional change in the response to comment i-73.

In 110.8.4.2.2, change list item c to:

c) A frequency-dependent attenuator.

Add a new paragraph after the list:

"NOTE-The frequency-dependent attenuator represents a Tx host channel and may be implemented with PCB traces and test cables."

Note that use of "Frequency-dependent attenuator" is consistent with 83A.5.2, see "Figure 83A-15—Stressed-eye and jitter tolerance test setup".

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

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**Cl 110**    **SC 110.8.4.2.4**    **P 150**    **L 20**    # **i-82**  
 Dawe, Piers J G    Mellanox Technologie  
**Comment Type T**    **Comment Status A**  
 This signal isn't data (see Clause 4), it's some form of scrambled idle or PRBS. In line 10 above we don't call it "data signal".  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 Delete "data".  
**Response**    **Response Status C**  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Resolve using the response to comment i-81.  
 [Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.  
 The response for comment i-81 is:  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 Change subclause 110.8.4.2.4 title to "Pattern generator and noise injection".  
 Change the last sentence of 110.8.4.2.4 from:  
 "The pattern generator shall inject broadband noise on the data signal, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3."  
 To:  
 "Broadband noise is added to the signal before the TX test reference point, with noise level set according to step c) in 110.8.4.2.3."  
 For the changes to the figure, use the reponse to comment i-74.  
 ]

**Cl 110**    **SC 110.10**    **P 151**    **L 48**    # **i-83**  
 Dawe, Piers J G    Mellanox Technologie  
**Comment Type T**    **Comment Status R**    **CA**  
 "achievable cable length of at least 5 m" excludes shorter cables. Table 110C-1 footnote a defines achievable length by "It may be possible to construct compliant cable assemblies longer than indicated".  
**SuggestedRemedy**  
 Delete "at least" three times here.  
 In Table 110C-1 footnote a, insert before "It may be possible",  
 Shorter cable assemblies may be constructed, subject to 110.10 (in particular, the minimum insertion loss requirement).  
**Response**    **Response Status C**  
 REJECT.  
 The use of the word "achievable" here does not preclude the use of shorter lengths of cable nor indicate they are not achievable.  
 There is not sufficient support to make any changes.  
 Straw poll #3  
 I support changing "assemblies longer than indicated" to "assemblies shorter or longer than indicated".  
 Y: 5  
 N: 4  
 A: 15

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.10 P 151 L 50 # i-84  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type T Comment Status R CA

CA-25G-S isn't interesting enough: CA-25G-L gives a thinner cable, CA-25G-N gives lower latency, the extra length that CA-25G-S offers over CA-25G-N doesn't have enough Broad Market Potential because it doesn't get you anywhere in particular with respect to the size of equipment racks.

SuggestedRemedy

Consider moving the CA-25G-S specs to an informative annex.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

There is not sufficient support to make the suggested change.

Straw Poll #2:

I would support:

- A. Leave CA-25G-S specification as is.
  - B. modify CA-25G-S specifications per comment i-59 suggested remedy.
  - C. Change CA-25G-S cable type to informative specification per comment i-84 suggested remedy.
  - D. Eliminate CA-25G-S cable type completely.
- Chicago rules.  
 A: 28 B: 14 C: 2 D: 1

Cl 110 SC 110.10 P 151 L 52 # i-85  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn

If we keep three cable grades, the identifiers N S L will cause confusion for the foreseeable future. S has to be the short one, right? N is what, normal? So it's the middle one? We should not insist on naming cable types according to FEC: that's not a cable function or property.

SuggestedRemedy

If we keep three cable grades, change CA-25G-N to CA-25G-X or CA-25G-XS (X or XS for extra short, like OIF CEI).  
 An alternative would be CA-25G-S CA-25G-M CA-25G-L, in that order (small medium large or short medium long).

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 110 SC 110.10 P 151 L 53 # i-86  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type TR Comment Status R CA

I don't see a good reason for breaking the consensus of the September meeting (the last regular comment resolution), which was 15 dB for a 2.75 m cable. The numbers in the draft now (15.5 dB, 3 m cable) require a thicker cable than desirable, and the evidence I have seen about lengths tells me that 2.75 m is enough to cable up a normal rack.

SuggestedRemedy

Change 15.5 dB to 16 dB and 3 m back to 2.75 m for CA-25G-N.

Response Response Status U

REJECT.

The change of insertion loss to 15.5 dB was done in D2.1, based on Comment #118 against D2.0 and motion #5 of 802.3by in the September 2015 interim meeting. The previous value was 12.98 dB. The comment does not state any justification for changing the value to 16 dB.

The change of 2.75 m to 3 m was done with a clarification that these values indicate achievable lengths, and that "Length of a cable assembly does not imply compliance to specifications". This change does not preclude constructing a 2.75 cable as the comment suggests.

There is no consensus to make the requested changes at this meeting.

See comment i-58.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.10 P 152 L 17 # i-87  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type E Comment Status A CA

Table 110-9, cable assembly characteristics summary, is misleading because it omits COM, one of the most important specs.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Insert a row for COM, refer to 110.10.7

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add a new row in Table 110-9 with the following columns:

"Channel operating margin"

"110.10.7"

"See Table 110-10."

"\_"

Delete redundant sentence on Page 152 line 4: "The COM requirements for the cable assembly types are specified in 110.10.7"

Cl 092 SC 92.8.4.4.3 P 425 L 45 # i-88  
 Dawe, Piers J G Mellanox Technologie

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Transition time, anchor

There is an error in Eq. 92-22 and Eq. 93A-46: the Gaussian filter is sqrt(2) too fast. 110.8.4.2.4 refers to Eq. 92-22.

111.8.3.1 refers to 93.8.2.3 which refers to Annex 93C, 93C.2 item 7 says "Using the procedure defined in 93A.2" and 93A.2 contains Eq. 93A-46.

But 93C.2 item 7 also says "If a transmitter with high quality termination is used, in the COM calculation, the termination is modeled as ideal and a Gaussian low pass filter is added to Equation (93A-19), which has the same 20% to 80% transition time as the transmitter measured at TP0a", so the intent is clear.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Insert factor of 2 in both equations:

$\exp(-2*(\pi*f*Tr/1.6832)^2)$

Response Response Status W

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Any changes done in P802.3by should be limited to the scope of this project and should not affect 100G PHYs. We cannot make any changes to Clause 92 that affect 100GBASE-CR4. The commenter may submit a maintenance request based on resolution of this comment to address 100G PHYs.

Resolve using response to comment i-57.

[Editor's note added after comment resolution completed.

The response for comment i-57 is:

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

To address the rise time filter equation and removing the option for not compensating for rise time, implement the changes on slide 13 of presentation [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran\\_3by\\_01b\\_0116.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/Jan16/ran_3by_01b_0116.pdf)

There was no consensus to limit the pattern to PRBS9 for measuring rise time.

]

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

CI **001** SC **1.4** P **23** L **10** # **i-89**  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** bucket  
 Based on definitions being in alphanumeric order shouldn't the definition for '25GBASE-SR' come after '25GBASE-R'?  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest that:  
 [1] '1.4.64g 25GBASE-R' should read '1.4.64f 25GBASE-R' and be place after 1.4.64e 25GBASE-KR-S.  
 [2] '1.4.64f 25GBASE-SR' should read '1.4.64g 25GBASE-SR' and be place after 1.4.64f 25GBASE-R.  
 Response Response Status **C**  
 ACCEPT.

CI **FM** SC **FM** P **1** L **1** # **i-90**  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** bucket  
 As it seems likely that IEEE P802.3by will be the second amendment to IEEE Std 802.3-2015 please change '(Amendment of IEEE Std 802.3(TM)-2015)' to read 'Amendment of IEEE Std 802.3(TM)-2015 as amended by IEEE Std 802.3bw(TM)-2015'.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 See comment.  
 Response Response Status **C**  
 ACCEPT.

CI **FM** SC **FM** P **10** L **16** # **i-91**  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** bucket  
 To match the latest IEEE 802.3 frontmatter document template <[http://ieee802.org/3/WG\\_tools/templates/index.html](http://ieee802.org/3/WG_tools/templates/index.html)> please add the additional sentence 'A full duplex MAC protocol was added in 1997' after the text 'Since 1985, new media options, new speeds of operation, and new capabilities have been added to IEEE Std 802.3.' at the end of the second paragraph of the introduction text.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 See comment.  
 Response Response Status **C**  
 ACCEPT.

CI **FM** SC **FM** P **11** L **12** # **i-92**  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** bucket  
 Text needs updated based on the approval of IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015, the likelihood that IEEE P802.3by will be the second amendment to IEEE Std 802.3-2015, and the use of the (TM) symbol only on the first instance.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest that:  
 [1] 'IEEE Std 802.3bw(TM)-201x' be to read 'IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015'.  
 [2] 'This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2015 and adds Clause 96.' be changed to read 'Amendment 1--This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2015 and adds Clause 96.'.  
 [3] 'IEEE Std 802.3by(TM)-201x' be changed to read 'IEEE Std 802.3by-201x'.  
 [4] 'This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2015 and adds Clause 105 ...' be changed to read 'Amendment 2--This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2015 and adds Clause 105 ...'.

Response Response Status **C**  
 ACCEPT.  
 CI **FM** SC **FM** P **21** L **44** # **i-93**  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type **E** Comment Status **A** bucket  
 As IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015 has been approved, and it seems likely that IEEE P802.3by will be the second amendment to IEEE Std 802.3-2015, suggest that this text now be removed.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest the text and the box be deleted.  
 Response Response Status **C**  
 ACCEPT.



IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 001 SC 1.3 P 22 L 28 # i-94  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket  
 The title for SFF-8402 Rev 1.1 available at <ftp://ftp.seagate.com/sff/SFF-8402.PDF> doesn't include '1x'.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest that '... SFP+ 28 Gb/s 1x Pluggable ...' be changed to read '... SFP+ 28 Gb/s Pluggable ...'.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 The title of SFF-8402 Rev 1.1 includes "1x" but in a different position.  
 Change:  
 "SFP+ 28 Gb/s 1x Pluggable Transceiver Solution (SFP28)"  
 To:  
 "SFP+ 1X 28 Gb/s Pluggable Transceiver Solution (SFP28)"

Cl 001 SC 1.3 P 22 L 40 # i-95  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 The revision of the SFF-8665 specification available at <ftp://ftp.seagate.com/sff> is Rev 1.9 dated June 29, 2015.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Update the reference 'SFF-8665, Rev 1.8, May 10, 2013, QSFP+ 28 Gb/s 4X Pluggable Transceiver Solution (QSFP28),' to read 'SFF-8665, Rev 1.9, June 29, 2015, QSFP+ 28 Gb/s 4X Pluggable Transceiver Solution (QSFP28)'.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 030 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 25 L 11 # i-96  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
 Change 'IEEE Std 802.3bw-201x' to read 'IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015' here and throughout draft.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 See comment.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 030 SC 30.5.1.1.15 P 27 L 1 # i-97  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type E Comment Status A  
 Typo.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest '... supports an FEC sublayer ...' should read '... supports a FEC sublayer ...' (strikeout text not shown).  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.  
 The "IEEE Editorial Style Manual" recommends: "Indefinite articles are assigned to abbreviations to fit the sound of the first letter: an FCC regulation; a BRI." This suggests that the the choice of "a" versus "an" before an acronym is based on the pronunciation of the first letter of the acronym, not on the potential pronunciation of the acronym as a word. The "IEEE-SA Standards Style Manual" does not give any recommendations in this regard.  
 The use of "a FEC" versus "an FEC" in 802.3bx D3.2 Sections 4, 5, and 6 is not consistent. The phrase "a FEC" is used 7 times while the phrase "an FEC" is used 21 time. The use of "an FEC" is 3x more prevalent than "a FEC" in the base document.  
 Use of "an FEC" is okay.  
 See comment #19.  
 Beyond the comment and suggested remedy, in 30.5.1.1.16 page 27 line 21 the the word "optional" in strikethrough text is missing.  
 Change: "of the FEC sublayer"  
 To: "of the optional FEC sublayer"  
 And use strikethrough text for "optional ".

Cl 074 SC 74.1 P 59 L 11 # i-98  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter  
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Bucket  
 The current IEEE Std 802.3-2015 subclause 74.1 text reads '... as shown in Figure 74-2, Figure 74-3, and Figure 74-4.' where Figure 74-2 is the 'Functional block diagram for 10GBASE-R PHYs', Figure 74-3 is the 'Functional block diagram for 40GBASE-R PHY' and Figure 74-4 is the 'Functional block diagram for 100GBASE-R PHY'.  
 SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest the text '... as shown in Figure 74-2, Table 74-2a, and Figure 74-4.' be changed to read '... as shown in Figure 74-2, Figure 74-2a, Figure 74-3, and Figure 74-4.'.  
 Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 074 SC 74.5.1a P 62 L 34 # i-99  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

Subclause 74.5.1a '25GBASE-R service primitives' states that 'The FEC service interface for 25GBASE-R is an instance of the inter-sublayer service interface defined in 105.4' however the EEE related FEC service interface primitives list in this subclause do not follow the naming convention defined in subclause 105.4 (see page 60, line 25) and illustrated in Figure 105-3 'Optional inter-sublayer service interfaces for EEE deep sleep support'.

Subclause 74.5.1a

FEC\_TX\_MODE.request  
 FEC\_RX\_MODE.request  
 FEC\_RX\_TX\_MODE.indication  
 FEC\_LPI\_ACTIVE.request  
 FEC\_ENERGY.indication

Figure 105-3

FEC:IS\_TX\_MODE.request  
 FEC:IS\_RX\_MODE.request  
 FEC:IS\_RX\_TX\_MODE.indication  
 FEC:IS\_RX\_LPI\_ACTIVE.request  
 FEC:IS\_ENERGY\_DETECT.indication

SuggestedRemedy

Update the EEE related FEC service interface primitives described in subclause 74.5.1a to use the primitive names defined in subclause 105.4. I don't believe any other update is required as the remainder of Clause 74 as it uses the parameters communicated by the primitives, such as tx\_mode by FEC:IS\_TX\_MODE.request.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 074 SC 74.4.1a P 61 L 21 # i-100  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Add the optional primitives for EEE operation (see Figure 105-3) to this figure.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest that:

[1] An arrow be added from the PCS sublayer to the FEC sublayer labelled with:

FEC:IS\_RX\_MODE.request  
 FEC:IS\_TX\_MODE.request  
 FEC:IS\_RX\_LPI\_ACTIVE.request  
 (EEE deep sleep only)

[2] An arrow be added from the FEC sublayer to the PCS sublayer labelled with:

FEC:IS\_ENERGY\_DETECT.indication  
 (EEE deep sleep only)

[3] An arrow be added from the FEC sublayer to the PMA sublayer labelled with:

PMA:IS\_RX\_MODE.request  
 PMA:IS\_TX\_MODE.request  
 (EEE deep sleep only)

[4] An arrow be added from the PMA sublayer to the FEC sublayer labelled with:

PMA:IS\_ENERGY\_DETECT.indication  
 PMA:IS\_RX\_TX\_MODE.indication  
 (EEE deep sleep only)

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 074 SC 74.5.1a P 62 L 40 # i-101  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter

Comment Type T Comment Status A  
 Aren't these primitives only required if the optional Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) capability with the deep sleep mode option is supported (see subclause 105.4.1, page 80, line 21).

SuggestedRemedy  
 Suggest the text ' Items d), e), f), g), and h) are only required for the optional EEE capability.' be changed to read ' Items d), e), f), g), and h) are only required for the optional Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) capability with the deep sleep mode.'

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 030 SC 30.5.1.1.16 P 27 L 25 # i-102  
 Law, David Hewlett Packard Enter

Comment Type E Comment Status A Bucket  
 Enumerations should be within double inverted commas.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Change '... enumerations 'BASE-R enabled' and ...' to read '... enumerations "BASE-R enabled" and ...'. Make similar changes for all referenced enumerations in Clause 30.

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT.

Cl 030 SC 30.5.1.1.4 P 26 L 40 # i-103  
 RAN, ADEE Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn  
 There is a possible discrepancy between 802.3by and 802.3bq in the way 25 Gb/s is addressed by this subclause: 802.3by adds it to the eighth paragraph (with 10 Gb/s) while 802.3bq assumed it is in the sixth paragraph (along with 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s, as "25 Gb/s and higher").

It may make more sense for 802.3 in general to move 25 Gb/s to the sixth paragraph. A comment is submitted to both 802.3by and 802.3bq. This should be coordinated by the two task forces.

SuggestedRemedy  
 Move the addition of "and 25 Gb/s" from the eighth paragraph to the sixth paragraph (Starting with "For 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s").

In the sixth paragraph, delete the first parentheses "(see 81.3.4)", since link\_fault is defined in multiple clauses.

Proposed Response Response Status Z  
 REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Cl 000 SC 0 P L # i-104  
 Stanton, Penny

Comment Type E Comment Status A bucket  
 Normative reference SFF 8665 is not cited in the draft. If it is needed for the implementation of the draft, please cite in text or please verify if it has been cited in the base already (therefore not needing to be cited in this amendment).

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C  
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Subclause 110.11 refers to subclause 92.12.1.1 in the base document for a definition of the MDI. Subclause 92.12.1.1 makes a reference to SFF-8665. It was noted that the base document did not have a reference to SFF-8665 in 1.3, so it was included in P802.3by.

No changes are required to P802.3by.

IEEE 802.3by D3.0 25 Gb/s Ethernet Initial Sponsor ballot comments

Cl 110 SC 110.8.4.2 P 147 L 44 # i-105  
Healey, Adam Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status A T error requirements, anchor

Table 110-6 requires the block error ratio (defined as the number of corrected and uncorrected blocks divided by the total number of blocks) to be less than  $2.1E-5$ . However, to meet the frame loss ratio objective, the number of uncorrected blocks divided by the total number of blocks is required to be  $4.7E-10$  (as calculated in [http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/adhoc/architecture/ran\\_020415\\_25GE\\_adhoc.pdf](http://www.ieee802.org/3/by/public/adhoc/architecture/ran_020415_25GE_adhoc.pdf)). The requirement in Table 110-6 does not seem to be stringent enough since 1 uncorrected block for every  $2.1E5$  blocks is sufficient to pass the test but does not necessarily demonstrate that the frame loss ratio objective is met.

*SuggestedRemedy*

Require number of uncorrected blocks to be zero unless the test duration is such that ratio of uncorrected blocks to the total number of blocks received can be verified to be no greater than  $4.7E-10$ .

Similar changes are required to 111.8.3.1.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.