

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.1.1 P 69 L 35 # 237
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A
 Late comment on behalf of Brett McClellan, Marvell
 There is no PMD in clause 126. References to PMD should be changed to PMA
 SuggestedRemedy
 P69 L35 change PMD to PMA
 126.7.2.4.2 P163 L17 change PMD to PMA
 126.7.2.4.5 P165 L30 change PMD to PMA
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.2.5 P 25 L # 169
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Architecture
 802.3-2012_SECTION2.pdf page 368 table 30-1e or
 P8023_D3p2_SECTION2.pdf page 361 line 20
 has 10GBASE-T listed as one of the MAU. Does this need to be changed?
 SuggestedRemedy
 Not sure what to do here. Just pointing this out to the group.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Include Table 30-1e showing "10GBASE-T Operating Margin Package" changed to
 "MultiGBASE-T Operating Margin Package"

Cl 125 SC 125.2.4 P 68 L # 163
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A Architecture
 Need a few additional subclauses to round out the section
 SuggestedRemedy
 125.2.4 Auto-Negotiation, type BASE-T
 Auto-Negotiation (Clause 28) is used by 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T devices to detect the
 abilities (modes of operation) supported by the device at the other end of a link segment,
 determine common abilities, and configure for joint operation. Auto-Negotiation is performed
 upon link startup through the use of a special sequence of fast link pulses.
 125.2.5 Management interface (MDIO/MDC)
 The MDIO/MDC management interface (Clause 45) provides an interconnection between MDIO
 Manageable Devices (MMD) and Station Management (STA) entities
 125.2.6 Management
 Managed objects, attributes, and actions are defined for all 2.5 Gigabit and 5 Gigabit Ethernet
 components. These items are defined in Clause 30.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Implement proposed response with one change to show MDI/MDC is optional:
 125.2.4 Auto-Negotiation, type BASE-T
 Auto-Negotiation (Clause 28) is used by 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T devices to detect the
 abilities (modes of operation) supported by the device at the other end of a link segment,
 determine common abilities, and configure for joint operation. Auto-Negotiation is performed
 upon link startup through the use of a special sequence of fast link pulses.
 125.2.5 Management interface (MDIO/MDC)
 The >>optional<< MDIO/MDC management interface (Clause 45) provides an interconnection
 between MDIO Manageable Devices (MMD) and Station Management (STA) entities
 125.2.6 Management
 Managed objects, attributes, and actions are defined for all 2.5 Gigabit and 5 Gigabit Ethernet
 components. These items are defined in Clause 30.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 125 SC 125.4 P 68 L 20 # 164
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status R Architecture
 Delay constraint is not needed here as it is described elsewhere.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Delete section 125.4
 Response Response Status C
 REJECT.
 802.3 style has delay constraint summarized in the architecture clause for the speed as well.
 See clauses 44 & 80.

CI 1 SC 1.1.3.2 P L # 215
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Architecture
 Need to edit description item (f) XGMII to allow 2.5G and 5G PHYs:
 existing text is 10G-specific:
 f) 10 Gigabit Media Independent Interface (XGMII). The XGMII is designed to connect a 10 Gb/s capable MAC to a 10 Gb/s PHY. While conformance with implementation of this interface is not necessary to ensure communication, it allows maximum flexibility in intermixing PHYs and DTEs at 10 Gb/s speeds. The XGMII is intended for use as a chip-to-chip interface. No mechanical connector is specified for use with the XGMII. The XGMII is optional.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change text to:
 f) 10 Gigabit Media Independent Interface (XGMII). The XGMII is designed to connect a 2.5 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s or 10 Gb/s capable MAC to a PHY of the same rate. While conformance with implementation of this interface is not necessary to ensure communication, it allows maximum flexibility in intermixing PHYs and DTEs at 2.5 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s and 10 Gb/s speeds. The XGMII is intended for use as a chip-to-chip interface. No mechanical connector is specified for use with the XGMII. The XGMII is optional.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 46 SC 1 P 59 L # 160
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Architecture
 P8023_D3p2_SECTION4.pdf page 305 line 46 needs to include 2.5G and 5G.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change lines 46 to 49 to the following:
 The RS adapts the bit serial protocols of the MAC to the parallel encodings of 2.5 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s, and 10 Gb/s PHYs. Though the XGMII is an optional interface, it is used extensively in this standard as a basis for specification. The 2.5 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s, and 10 Gb/s Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) is specified to the XGMII, so if not implemented, a conforming implementation shall behave functionally as if the RS and XGMII were implemented.

Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.7.4 P 169 L 4 # 221
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Cabling
 doubled over the description (802.3bq d2p2 comment 211 from bryan moffitt)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change "and the noise coupled between the link segments referred to as alien crosstalk noise. The remaining noise sources, which are secondary sources, are discussed in the following" to "but other sources can also be significant."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Correct or delete 126.7.4, as per other comments (see comment 120)

CI 126 SC 126.7.4 P 169 L 42 # 192
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Cabling
 this line should be item 'g' in the itemized list.
 SuggestedRemedy
 include this line as item 'g' in the itemized list.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 120

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.7 P 160 L 8 # 213
 Maguire, Valerie Siemon

Comment Type T Comment Status R Cabling

It is unclear what "compatible" means in the sentence, "All implementations of the balanced cabling link segment specification shall be compatible at the MDI." When would an implementation not be compatible? Is this a physical or electrical requirement? Or, both?

SuggestedRemedy

Delete, "All implementations of the balanced cabling link segment specification shall be compatible at the MDI."

Response Response Status C

REJECT.
 (DEFER)

Understanding of this statement has been clear in other 802.3 clauses, meaning is physical and electrical sufficient to meet the link segment criterion.

Change "All implementations of the balanced cabling link segment specification shall be compatible at the MDI."

to "All implementations of the balanced cabling link segment specification shall be mechanically and electrically compatible at the MDI."

Add, "Note - electrical compatibility is defined by meeting the link segment transmission characteristics in 126.7".

Alternative Suggestion:

"All implementations of the balanced cabling link segment shall be intermatable with the connector at the MDI."

Motion #4:

Reject comment, leave the text as is in the specification.

M: Chris Diminico

S: Jon Lewis

MOTION WITHDRAWN

Straw Poll:

I support rejecting the comment and leaving the text as is in the specification

Y: 17

N: 3

A: 3

Motion #5: (4 Redux)

Reject comment, leave the text as is in the specification.

M: Chris Diminico

S: Jon Lewis

Y: 20

N: 2

A: 5

MOTION PASSES

Cl 126 SC 126.7,2 P 161 L 18 # 214
 Maguire, Valerie Siemon

Comment Type T Comment Status A Cabling

The sentence on lines 18 - 20 appears to be a run-on sentence and is not clear to read. The TIA reference is missing. Missing "Class" before the second occurrence of Class D.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the sentence on lines 18 - 20 with,

"The link segment transmission parameters for 2.5GBASE-T are equivalent to ISO/IEC 11801 Class D and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 Category 5e. The link segment transmission parameters for 5GBASE-T are equivalent to ISO/IEC 11801 Class D and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 Category 5e specifications with the upper frequency extended to 250 MHz and appropriate adjustments for length when applicable as specified in ISO/IEC TR x (TBD) and TIA TSB-5021.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replace the sentence on lines 18 - 20 with,

"The link segment transmission parameters for 2.5GBASE-T are equivalent to ISO/IEC 11801 Class D and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 Category 5e. The link segment transmission parameters for 5GBASE-T are equivalent to ISO/IEC 11801 Class D and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 Category 5e specifications with the upper frequency extended to 250 MHz and appropriate adjustments for length when applicable as specified in ISO/IEC TR 11801-9904 and TIA TSB-5021."

Cl 126 SC 126.7.3.1 P 166 L 46 # 132
 DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Cabling

126.7.3.1 Signal-to-alien crosstalk noise criteria is incomplete.

SuggestedRemedy

Complete Signal-to-alien crosstalk noise criteria.

See diminico_3bz_01_0915.pdf

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Accept text in diminico_3bz_01_0915.pdf with editorial license to clean up nomenclature and formatting as necessary.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.7.2.4.5 P 165 L 54 # 220
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Cabling
 Measurement floor specification is missing. (802.3bq d2p2 comment 196 Bryan Moffitt)
 SuggestedRemedy
 add: Calculations that result in MDACRF loss values greater than 62 dB shall revert to a requirement of 62 dB minimum. (not necessary to align with 802.3bq resolution)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.7.3.1 P 167 L 36 # 123
 Brillhart, Theodore Fluke Networks
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A Cabling
 Annex 55B does not deliver on the promised information. (See editor's note, same page, line 32.)
 External standards reference has been provided under seperate comment to fulfill this need.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Delete entire sentence referencing Annex 55B.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.7.3 P 166 L 44 # 121
 Brillhart, Theodore Fluke Networks
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Cabling
 802.3 users need guidance on how to select 'disturbing' link segments.
 (Supported by SalzAxT_zimmerman_3bzah_01a_0815.pdf.) All subsequent references to Annex 55B fail in this regard. See editors note to this affect on p.167.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Insert the following parragraph:
 TIA standard 568-C.2:2014, annex C, section 2.6, provides additional information on identifying the number and kind of adjacent link segments to utilize in the PSANEXT and PSAFEXT calculations, under laboratory conditions.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Insert:
 See TIA TSB 5021 for guidance on identifying link segments and use cases for 2.5/5GBASE-T.

Cl 126 SC 126.7.4 P 169 L 8 # 120
 Brillhart, Theodore Fluke Networks
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Cabling
 This subclause lacks a clear and logical narrative. Suggest to reorganize the existing information to achieve readability.

SuggestedRemedy
 Replace lines 8 through 40 with the following:
 The 2.5/5GBASE-T noise environment consists of noise from many sources. The primary noise sources that impact the objective BER are the crosstalk and echo interference of a link segment, which are reduced to a small residual noise.
 a) Echo from the local transmitter on the same duplex channel (cable pair). Echo is caused by the hybrid function used to achieve simultaneous bi-directional transmission of data and by impedance mismatches in the link segment. It is impractical to achieve the objective BER without using echo cancellation. Since the symbols transmitted by the local disturbing transmitter are available to the cancellation processor, echo interference can be reduced to a small residual noise using echo cancellation methods.
 b) Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) interference from the local transmitters on the duplex channels (cable pairs) of the link segment. Each receiver experiences NEXT interference from three adjacent transmitters. NEXT cancellers are used to reduce the interference from each of the three disturbing transmitters to a small residual noise. NEXT cancellation is possible since the symbols transmitted by the three disturbing local transmitters are available to the cancellation processor.
 c) Far-end crosstalk (FEXT) noise at a receiver is from three disturbing transmitters at the far end of the duplex channel (cable pairs) of the link segment. FEXT noise can be reduced through cross coupled equalizers although the symbols from the remote transmitters are not immediately available.

Noise coupled between the link segments is another primary noise source that impacts the objective BER, but is not effectively reduced in the 2.5/5GBASE-T system. It is referred to as alien crosstalk noise.
 d) Noise coupled between the disturbed duplex channel in a link segment and the disturbing duplex channels in other link segments is referred to as alien crosstalk noise. Since the transmitted symbols from the alien crosstalk noise sources are not available to the cancellation processor (they are in another cable), it is very difficult to cancel the alien crosstalk noise. To ensure robust operation the alien crosstalk noise limit is specified in 126.7.3.

The remaining secondary noise sources, are discussed in the following.
 e) Intersymbol interference (ISI). ISI is the extraneous energy from one signaling symbol that interferes with the reception of another symbol on the same balanced twisted pair. 2.5/5GBASE-T supports the use of Tomlinson-Harashima Precoding as a mechanism to reduce the effects of ISI.
 f) Noise from non-idealities in the duplex channel, transmitters, and receivers; for example, DAC/ADC non-linearity, electrical noise (shot and thermal), and non-linear channel characteristics. 2.5/5GBASE-T limits the effects of some of these non-idealities by a variety of PMA electrical specifications.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Delete the subclause. It is informative, and attempts to rewrite it simply introduce errors. The intent is, in fact, design-specific, as tradeoffs may make one or another source of noise or distortion more important in the final error budget.

CI 126 SC 126.7.3.1.2 P 168 L 15 # 122

Brillhart, Theodore Fluke Networks

Comment Type **TR** Comment Status **A** Cabling

Given the recently accepted use of Salz SNR as the basis of link segment requirements for alien crosstalk, it is more appropriate to utilize a simpler PSAFEXT calculation, and remove the PSAACRF description. Insertion loss compensation for AFEXT is accounted for in the disturber PSD portion the Salz calculations. (Double check this?)

SuggestedRemedy

Replace all of 126.7.3.1.2 with the following:

Multiple disturber alien FEXT loss is specified as the power sum of the individual alien FEXT disturbers.

PS AFEXT loss is determined by summing the power of the individual pair-to-pair differential alien FEXT loss values over the frequency range 1 MHz to 250 MHz as follows in Equation (126-28):

<insert equation 126-27 renumbered and modified to express PSAFEXT as a function of frequency just as in PSANEXT>

where

AF(f)_{i,j,N} is the magnitude in dB of the alien FEXT loss at frequency f of the individual pair combination i(1 to 4) of the disturbing link j(1 to m) for each disturbed pair N.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.7.2.1 P 161 L 48 # 229

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **A** Cabling

Calculating insertion loss vs. length by equation is no longer needed, and TBD equation is not defined.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete sentence "For the purpose of calculating the link segment insertion loss for cabling less than 100 m the cable insertion loss is assumed to scale linearly with length as defined in Equation (TBD)."

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Delete sentence as proposed and associated Editor's note below it.

CI 126 SC 126.7.4 P 169 L 42 # 230

Zimmerman, George CME Consulting

Comment Type **ER** Comment Status **A** Cabling

the required signal to noise ratio isn't calculated with a background noise level, leading to an unnecessary and erroneous TBD value to be filled in.

"A background noise limit of TBD dBm/Hz was assumed for determining the minimum signal-to-noise ratio."

The preceding sentence ("The background noise for 2.5/5GBASE-T is expected not to exceed -TBD dBm/Hz.") is intended to be informative, but really has no place in this standard and creates another TBD.

In fact, the entire section, intended to simplify the complex, often makes the complex wrong, and contains no information needed for specifications - consider deleting 126.7.4 in its entirety.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the sentence beginning "A background noise limit..." indicated.

Consider deleting the preceding one as well, and possibly this entire mis-informative and not quite accurate section.

Response Response Status **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment 120

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.7.4 P 169 L 42 # 140
 Jones, Peter Cisco
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Cabling
 126.7.4 Noise environment
 in clause 55, the following text was g), any reason to move it out of the list.
 The background noise for 2.5/5GBASE-T is expected not to exceed –TBD dBm/Hz. A background noise
 SuggestedRemedy
 Add back into list if appropriate.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 120

Cl 126 SC 126.7.3.1.1 P 168 L 8 # 124
 Brillhart, Theodore Fluke Networks
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A Cabling
 Annex 55B does not deliver on the promised information. (See editor's note, page 167, line 32.)
 External standards reference has been provided under separate comment to fulfill this need.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Delete entire sentence.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 113A SC 133A.3 P 194 L 41 # 200
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Based on Cable_RF_ingress_measurement_in_an_anechoic_chamber.pdf and earlier adhoc submissions, other devices besides baluns can be used for similar results.
 SuggestedRemedy
 add note:
 Other devices for detecting differential and common mode signals may be used, provided the performance is demonstrated to be equivalent or better.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 54 # 199
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Based on cohen_CMNR_Test_for_2.5G-5GBase-T_20150812.pdf and other adhoc submissions, generator specifications should be more detailed. This is a compact and direct addition that indicates the proper methodology but avoids complex specifications that may be difficult to agree on.
 SuggestedRemedy
 change:
 Signal generator capable of providing a sine wave signal of 1 MHz to 2000 MHz
 to:
 Signal generator capable of providing a sine wave signal of 1 MHz to 2000 MHz, with adequate test power for adjustments, low harmonic distortion and including control and monitoring of power and frequency transitions.

Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 39 # 198
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Balun spec should stay over 40 in the entire upper frequency range, like the other range.
 SuggestedRemedy
 change:
 Common-Mode Rejection: > 50dB (1 MHz-1000 MHz), > 40dB at 2000 MHz
 to:
 Common-Mode Rejection: > 50dB (1 MHz-1000 MHz), > 40dB up to 2000 MHz
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 32 # 197
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope

Comment Type T Comment Status D Clamp Test

The clamp injects an electromagnetic (EM) interference wave on the cable. For the validation to be relevant or consistent to the test, the EM fields should encounter a similar termination/grounding structure for both the validation and the test.

SuggestedRemedy

change:
 Breakout Fixture - A passive fixture with an MDI connector jack input and individual outputs for each of the 8 signal wires.
 to:
 Breakout Fixture - A passive fixture with an MDI connector jack input, a shield and grounding surface that is similar to the transmitter/reciever being tested and individual outputs for each of the 8 signal wires.

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

(commenter may resubmit this comment on the next bq & bz ballot cycle)
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.2 P 193 L 47 # 196
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope

Comment Type E Comment Status A Clamp Test

Electrical information should be placed where it is called out instead of a mechanical descriptive section.

SuggestedRemedy

move this sentence and table 113A-1 to page 194 line 22

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.

Follow BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.5 P 153 L # 133
 farjad, ramin Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test

we should consider specifying the test procedure with further details here to avoid confusion of what the realistic way to test is. Some test procedures ramp the freq from 80M-2000MHz fairly fast and expect to see a robust link (with preferably no error), while in a real life scenario we do not have such freq ramp. I think we need to specify the test such that they assert one EM freq at a time with some minimal time in between, in order of a second or so

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.

Consider with CMRR ad hoc output

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 205 L 35 # 128
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test

Specify the frequency point sweep set in the validation phase instead of during the test phase. The same set should be used during the test phase.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed new text inserted after line 35:

The signal generator output frequency is swept incrementally over the specified test frequency range with a step size that should not exceed 1% of the preceding frequency. At each frequency point, the common-mode and differential-mode component power levels are measured at the balun interface and recorded for each of the four pairs.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 MASTER ANNEX COMMENT.
 Accept edits made in cibula_3bq_03_0915.pdf to Annex 113A
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.5.4.3 P 153 L 32 # 126
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Change test parameters to values specific for 2.5G/5G.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change "2000 MHz" to "1000 MHz".
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 113A SC 113A.4 P 206 L 28 # 131
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Add text defining the set of frequency test points, the dwell time at each frequency, and the carrier envelope rise/fall transition at each frequency point in the equipment test procedure. Revised new text from an earlier comment.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Add the following text starting at line 28 after the last paragraph:

 The signal generator output frequency is swept incrementally over the specified test frequency range with the same frequency point set used in the validation procedure. During the transition to the next frequency point, the signal generator output should be off or attenuated by at least 30 dB from its prescribed level. When the transition is complete, the carrier envelope shall rise to its prescribed output level in no less than 100 usec. Before the next frequency transition, the carrier envelope should fall to at least 30 dB below its prescribed level in no less than 100 usec. The dwell time at each frequency should not be less than the time necessary for the EUT to be exercised and to respond, but should in no case be less than 0.5 seconds.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 43 # 201
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status D Clamp Test
 Item e) is overly specified in the wrong direction. If this is to be a PHY test and not a cabling test, then it will work best without connectors in the link. Most plugs will only terminate on cordage which has a derating factor and cannot support link performance at the full link length. 4 pair 100 Ohms is also redundant since it is already specified.

SuggestedRemedy
 replace:
 Test cable: A 30m, 4-pair 100 ^ plug-terminated cable that meets PHY link segment specifications.
 With a description like page 196 line 10:
 Plug terminated cabling up to the maximum length that meets the specification for the PHY under test.

 Another point to resolve (but spread through the text) is that the test cabling should be the exact same cabling used in the validation.

Proposed Response Response Status Z
 REJECT.

 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

 Commenter may resubmit this on the next bq/bz ballot cycle
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.5.4.3 P 153 L 33 # 127

Cohen, Larry Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status R Clamp Test

Measuring power applied to the clamp opposite clamp port may result in significant measurement error.

SuggestedRemedy

Modify text to clarify that the power applied to the input of the clamp must be controlled. The means of measurement are up to the manufacturer or test operator.

Existing text:
signal power measured at the output of the clamp does not exceed 6dBm

Proposed new text:
signal power applied to the input of the clamp does not exceed 6dBm

Response Response Status C

REJECT.
Consider with CMRR ad hoc output

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 31 # 207

Moffitt, Bryan CommScope

Comment Type T Comment Status D Clamp Test

proper endpoint for each part of the cable span a(nd some clarity improvement):

The cable between the clamp and the breakout fixture should be positioned straight from the clamp to the breakout port and not contact the ground plane. Any plug shield contacts should mate with the breakout jack shield. The cable between the transmitter and the cable clamp should be installed...

SuggestedRemedy

Change to:
The cable between the chokes and the breakout fixture should be positioned straight from the chokes to the breakout port and not contact the ground plane. Any plug shield contacts should mate with the breakout jack shield. The cable between the link partner and the chokes should be installed...

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

(commenter may resubmit on subsequent ballot cycle)
Endpoints in text are further positioned than suggested remedy, and suggested change would leave cable from clamp to chokes without definition.
Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 206 L 6 # 129
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test

Add optional additional validation steps that allow generation of reproducible target common-mode ingress levels in the test setup. Note these steps are optional and performed at the discretion of manufacturer.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert the following text after line 6 (Note 1):

To improve test reproducibility, the manufacturer may optionally perform the following additional steps to the above validation procedure. First, the manufacturer must define specific target common-mode test level values and differential mode limit values at each frequency point. Upon completion of the four measurement sweeps, select the data from a single pair and compute the difference between the measured common-mode power level and the common-mode target test level at each frequency point. The computed difference values are stored as the signal generator output level correction factors that will be applied at each frequency point during the test procedure. At each frequency point, apply the correction factor to the signal generator output level used during the validation procedure. If the corrected level exceeds the maximum output level of the signal generator (e.g. +20 dBm), the correction factor should be limited such that the signal generator output remains at the maximum output level. Apply the correction factor to the measured differential components of all four pairs. The resulting corrected differential mode levels should meet the manufacturer's defined limits over the full test frequency sweep range for each cable pair.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Alternate methods of performing tests are not prohibited in the existing annex.
 See cibula_3bq_03_0915.pdf

Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.4 P 206 L 26 # 130
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test

Add a provision in the test procedure to allow for optional target common-mode ingress test levels.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following text directly after the existing text on line 26:

Alternatively, the output power of the signal generator may be adjusted from the fixed calibration level with the optional frequency-dependent correction factor computed in 113A.3 and applied to the clamp input to reproduce the manufacturer's specified target common-mode ingress

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Alternate methods of performing tests are not prohibited in the existing annex.
 See cibula_3bq_03_0915.pdf

Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.5.4.3 P 153 L 29 # 125
 Cohen, Larry Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test

Change test parameters to values specific for 2.5G/5G.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "2000 MHz" to "1000 MHz". Change "30 meter" to "100 meter".

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Change "2000 MHz" to "1000 MHz" (leave length at 30 meters)
 make space between "30" and "meter" be nonbreaking.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 196 L 1 # 210
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 This note and procedure may be useful in the lower frequency range, but becomes unworkable at the higher frequencies where trasnmission reflections and the clamp loss are much more significant. New calibration procedures are proposed that should suplememnt it.
 BQ
 SuggestedRemedy
 Presentation will be submitted
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Review with presentation
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 13 # 217
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Various typos in 113A.3 see 802.3bq d2p2 comments 222-224 by Alon Regev
 SuggestedRemedy
 Editor to review final editing of 113A.3 with 802.3bq d2p2 comments 222-224 to ensure typos mentioned are cleaned out.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 191 L 2 # 216
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Clamp Test
 The use of 'shall' in an informative annex is not allowed. Should would be more appropriate (see 802.3bq d2p2 comment 176 from Curtis Donahue)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Editor to review clause 113A after edit and replace all shalls with 'should' or other language if appropriate. Align with BQ resolutions
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 27 # 205
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Several confusing words of this should be changed:
 The remainder of the test is conducted without changing the signal generator power. The cable pairs not connected to the balun are terminated in a resistor network.
 SuggestedRemedy
 change to:
 The remainder of the validation is conducted without changing the signal generator power. The breakout wires of pairs not connected to the balun are terminated in the resistors.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR Ad hoc output
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 29 # 206
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 there is no table identified:
 The chokes are placed on the table, located next to each other and approximately 2.0 cm from the clamp.
 (note this couples with the next comment)
 SuggestedRemedy
 The chokes are positioned over the ground plane from the clamp, located next to each other and approximately 2.0 cm from the clamp.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 35 # 208
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 based on Pete Cibula submissions centering the cable in the clamp along with minor clarity fix.
 SuggestedRemedy
 (Note this relates to the previous comment) Change to:
 The cable from the chokes to the breakout should be centered, straight and not in contact with the ground plane.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 Proposed remedy does not center the cable relative to anything in particular.
 BQ

CI 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 38 # 209
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 This is not generic enough:
 The differential-mode and common-mode voltage outputs of the balun and breakout fixture should meet the limits shown in Table 113A-2 over the frequency range 1 MHz to 2000 MHz for each cable pair.
 BQ
 SuggestedRemedy
 change to:
 The differential-mode and common-mode voltage outputs of the balun and breakout fixture should meet the limits shown in Table 113A-2 over the frequency range being tested for each cable pair.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 BQ

CI 113A SC 113A.3 P 194 L 45 # 202
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Clamp Test
 Choke impedance cannot be specified exactly like this. All specifications should be changed to be as minimums.
 SuggestedRemedy
 change:
 Chokes (5)
 to:
 Chokes (minimum 5)
 Also change:
 "Impedance: 175 fÇfn@ 100 MHz, 275 fÇfn@ 250 MHz, 375 fÇ @ 500 MHz, 400 fÇ @ 1000 MHz"
 to:
 "Minimum Impedance: 175 fÇfn@ 100 MHz, 275 fÇfn@ 250 MHz, 375 fÇ @ 500 MHz, 400 fÇ @ 1000 MHz"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 128.
 Discuss with CMRR ad hoc output
 BQ

CI 00 SC 0 P 1 L 28 # 211
 Maguire, Valerie Siemon
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Definitions
 Both "twisted-pair" and "twisted pair" appear to be used interchangeably throughout the document. See page 1, line 28 and page 10, line 27 for an example.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Consider standardizing on one hyphenation format ("twisted-pair" is recommended).
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Standardize on usage in clause 1.4:
 Twisted pair (no hyphen) when used as a noun by itself
 twisted-pair (hyphenated) when used as an adjective, for example "twisted-pair cable".
 See 1.4.409 (twisted pair) vs. 1.4.410-1.4.413 in IEEE P802.3bx D3.2
 (this is consistent with usage in clause 55)

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 1 SC 1.4 P 20 L 29 # 212
 Maguire, Valerie Siemon

Comment Type T Comment Status A Definitions

While category 5e is referenced in 33.1.4.1 and 33.8.3.1 of the pending 802.3-2015 Standard, it is missing from the Definitions in clause 1.4 of the draft. In addition, the definition for category 6 in draft 802.3-2015 is problematic in that it is missing 1000BASE-T and PoE applications references and written in a way that seems to inappropriately include "additional requirements". (Note: a Maintenance Request harmonized with this comment has been submitted, which attempts to correct this problem across all categories.)

SuggestedRemedy

Add:

Category 5e balanced cabling: Balanced 100 [ohms symbol] cables and associated connecting hardware whose transmission characteristics are specified up to 100 MHz per ISO/IEC 11801:1995 and ANSI/TIA-568-B.2-2001. (See IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 14, Clause 25, Clause 40, and Clause 33.)

Add using editorial marks to show changes to existing draft 802.3-2015 text):

Category 6 balanced cabling: Balanced 100 [ohms symbol] cables and associated connecting hardware whose transmission characteristics are specified up to 250 MHz per ISO/IEC 11801:2002 and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2-2009. (See IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 14, Clause 25, Clause 40, Clause 55, and Clause 33.)

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Add:

Category 5e balanced cabling: Balanced 100 [ohms symbol] cables and associated connecting hardware whose transmission characteristics are specified up to 100 MHz per ISO/IEC 11801:2002 and ANSI/TIA-568-B.2-2001. (See IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 14, Clause 25, Clause 40, Clause 33, and Clause 126.)

Add using editorial marks to show changes to existing draft 802.3-2015 text):

Category 6 balanced cabling: Balanced 100 [ohms symbol] cables and associated connecting hardware whose transmission characteristics are specified up to 250 MHz per ISO/IEC 11801:2002 and ANSI/TIA-568-C.2-2009. (See IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 14, Clause 25, Clause 40, Clause 55, Clause 33, and Clause 126.)

Cl 126 SC 126.11 P 173 L 34 # 167
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Delay

Change 2.5GBASE-T delay to 5.0us and 5GBASE-T delay to 2.85us

SuggestedRemedy

Change following sentence:

The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 2.5GBASE-T or 5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 25600 BT.

To:

The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 2.5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 12500 BT. The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 14250 BT.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

(rounded up to nearest pause quanta)

Change following sentence:

The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 2.5GBASE-T or 5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 25600 BT.

To:

The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 2.5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 12800 BT. The sum of the transmit and receive data delays for an implementation of a 5GBASE-T PHY shall not exceed 14336 BT.

Also make the change to the specification in clause 125.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 45 SC 45.2.7.14a.1 P 53 L 33 # 156
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type T Comment Status R EEE

Wording is awkward and we should say something about bit being exchanged during training instead of next pages

SuggestedRemedy

Delete current paragraph and replace with:

Bit 7.62.1 is used to select whether or not the 5GBASE-T PHY advertises the ability to support EEE. EEE ability is exchanged during link training, see 126.4.2.5.10. If bit 7.62.1 is set to one, the PHY shall advertise EEE ability. If bit 7.62.1 is set to zero, the PHY shall not advertise EEE ability.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The admittedly awkward, but compact text is parallel to other BASE-T PHYs for EEE advertisement. Suggested text suggests advertisement of the optional EEE capability regardless of PHY support. Additionally, there is no need to explain here when EEE ability is exchanged, only the use of the bit is needed.

CI 45 SC 45.2.1.10 P 36 L 13 # 150
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ

Need to add text to the new 1.11.14 bit

SuggestedRemedy

45.2.1.10.1a 2.5G/5G extended abilities (1.11.14)
 When read as a one, bit 1.11.14 indicates that the PMA/PMD has 2.5G/5G extended abilities listed in register 1.21. When read as a zero, bit 1.11.14 indicates that the PMA/PMD does not have 2.5G/5G extended abilities.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 45 SC 45.2.1.4 P 33 L 28 # 142
 Jones, Peter Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ

Looking at 45.2.1.4 PMA/PMD speed ability (Register 1.4) Table 45-6—PMA/PMD speed ability register bit definitions as amended by 802.3bz, it looks like each new speed needs a subclause, e.g.

45.2.1.4.1 100G capable (1.4.9)

When read as a one, bit 1.4.9 indicates that the PMA/PMD is able to operate at a data rate of 100 Gb/s.

When read as a zero, bit 1.4.9 indicates that the PMA/PMD is not able to operate at a data rate of 100 Gb/s.

SuggestedRemedy

Add 45.2.1.4.x clauses that read like

45.2.1.4.n 2.5G capable (1.4.13)

When read as a one, bit 1.4.13 indicates that the PMA/PMD is able to operate at a data rate of 2.5 Gb/s.

When read as a zero, bit 1.4.13 indicates that the PMA/PMD is not able to operate at a data rate of 2.5 Gb/s.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 (see 174)

CI 125 SC 125.2.1 P 67 L 48 # 162
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type ER Comment Status A EZ

Reference to clause 44 is incorrect

SuggestedRemedy

Change Clause 44 to Clause 46

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.3.2.2.16 P 95 L 33 # 165
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ
 Cut and paste error from 802.bq. Does not apply to 802.3bz
 There is no transcoding step aggregating 3208 bits.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change:
 frame tx_aggregated<3207:0> is scrambled to tx_scrambled<3207:0> with
 to
 frame is scrambled to with
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See comment 179

Cl 126 SC 126.1.3 P 73 L 17 # 175
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 the boxes indicating EEE are supposed to be dashed lines, this also applies to Figure 126-4 on
 page 79
 SuggestedRemedy
 change boxes to dashed lines
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 (beat on frame)

Cl 126 SC 126.1.3.2 P 75 L 8 # 176
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 "The latter occurs when either one or both of the PHYs that share a
 link segment are not operating reliably."
 This sentence is not entirely accurate and was incorrectly carried forward from Clause 40 into
 Clause 55.
 SuggestedRemedy
 delete the sentence
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 Recommend commenter file maintenance request on clause 55 as well
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.3.2.2.15 P 95 L 28 # 178
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 there is no transcoder
 SuggestedRemedy
 delete "transcoder/"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.3.4.1 P 102 L 9 # 180
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 Figure 126-11 is missing these symbols: n, Sa_n, Sb_n, Sc_n, Sd_n, TA_n, TB_n, TC_n,
 TD_n
 refer to Figure 55-13 for comparison
 SuggestedRemedy
 add these symbols back in the figure
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 Also missing in 802.3bq (both clause 55 and 113)
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.3.5.3 P 105 L 33 # 166
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 Need to zero out info field
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change:
 as is shown in Figure 126-11
 to:
 as is shown in Figure 126-11 with the exception that the InfoField consists of
 a sequence of 128 zeros.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 (track resolution of same comment in 802.3bq)

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.3.6.4 P 118 L 33 # 183
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 Figure 126-18 has several line breaks with hyphens in the middle of variables and may confuse the reader. The line breaks do not occur in Figure 55-20.
 SuggestedRemedy
 eliminate the line breaks.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.3.6.2.2 P 108 L 31 # 181
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 fr_sigtype and definition has extra indentation
 SuggestedRemedy
 change to match indendation of the other variables.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.7.10.4d P 49 L 41 # 153
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ
 The link to 113.4.2.5.10 is incorrect
 The same problem also occurs in line 48
 SuggestedRemedy
 The link should be change to to 126.4.2.5.10 in both instances
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.4.2.5.10 P 128 L 34 # 184
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 missing space
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "PMA_Coeff_Exchstate" to "PMA_Coeff_Exch state"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.4.2.5.11 P 128 L 46 # 185
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 text uses ~= to indicate 'not equal to'. Is this defined in 802.3?
 SuggestedRemedy
 change '~=' to 'not equal to'
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 Change to '~=' to ' is not equal to '
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.3.2.2.16 P 95 L 33 # 179
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 There is no transcoder, so this text was incorrectly carried over from 802.3bq.
 SuggestedRemedy
 replace "The payload of the PCS PHY frame tx_aggregated<3207:0> is scrambled to tx_scrambled<3207:0> with a self-synchronizing scrambler."
 with "The payload of the PCS PHY frame is scrambled with a self-synchronizing scrambler."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 24 # 204
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 redundant with page 194 line 54
 SuggestedRemedy
 delete:
 The signal generator shall be capable of providing a sine wave signal of 1 MHz to 2000 MHz.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1 P 32 L 2 # 236
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 in editorial instructions, "through" is misspelled as "though" (802.3bq d2p2 comment 219 by Alon Regev)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change "1.145 though 1.146" to "1.145 through 1.146" (align with bq)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.6 P 33 L 54 # 235
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 note for Table 45-7 needs to stay with table.
 SuggestedRemedy
 change frame properties to keep table and note together on same page.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.2.1 P 25 L 10 # 234
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 Rather than just listing a cross-reference to the subclause where the register can be found to support this attribute, suggest that the behaviour be updated to follow the more usual format (see subclause 30.5.1.1.22 'aSNROpMarginChnID' for an example). (802.3bq d2p2 comment 169 by David Law)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Editor to review clause 30 editing instructions for format and change as appropriate. (align with BQ)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 25 L 9 # 233
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 The editing instruction should appear under the subclause heading of the subclause they apply to, not above (see pdf page 57 and 58 of 2014 IEEE-SA Standards Style Manual). This seems to have been followed throughout the draft, except in the case of the Clause 30 changes and some Clause 45 chnages.
 (802.3bq D2p2 comment 168 by David Law)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Ensure editing instruction are under the subclause heading of the subclause they apply to.

Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 25 L 12 # 231
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 Remove unchanged legacy text and reformat clause 30 edits per 802.3bq ballot comment 164 from David Law
 SuggestedRemedy
 See 802.3bq D2p2 response to comment 164
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 126 SC 126.4.6.3 P 144 L 20 # 227
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 maxwait_time_done should be maxwait_timer_done (802.3bq d2p2 comment 228 by Alon Regev)
 start_link_fail_sig_timer should be start link_fail_sig_timer (126.4.6.5) (bq comment 229)
 PMA_CONFIG.indicate should be PMA_CONFIG.indication (2 instances) (bq comment 230)
 SuggestedRemedy
 see comment, align with bq resolutions
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 126 SC 126.3.6.2.2 P 108 L 16 # 226
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 "!tx_refresh_active" should be "!tx_refresh_active" (802.3bq d2p2 comment 226)
 SuggestedRemedy
 change to !tx_refresh_active (remove space between tx and underscore)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.7 P 160 L 5 # 190
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 effective data rate per lane is 625 Mb/s for 2.5GBASE-T and 1250 for 5GBASE-T
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "626" to "625" and "1626" to "1250"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.2.4.5.15 P 131 L 40 # 225
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 rem_rcvr status (line break) should be rem_rcvr_status (802.3bq d2p2 comment 227 from Alon Regev)
 SuggestedRemedy
 change rem_rcvr status to rem_rcvr_status (align with BQ)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.3 P 87 L 18 # 218
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 Minor clean up on figures brought from 10GBASE-T. See 802.3bq D2p2 ballot comments 157-163 by Stephen Trowbridge. (BQ)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Clean up figures aligned with BQ resolution of comments
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC P 108 L 45 # 224
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 it's should be its (802.3bq d2p2 comment 221 from Alon Regev)
 SuggestedRemedy
 see comment, align with bq
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 45 SC 45.2.7.11.7d P 51 L 24 # 154
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 Add a clarifying sentence since fast retrain ability is not advertised during auto-neg. Also applies to 45.2.7.11.7e
 SuggestedRemedy
 Add following to both places at end of both paragraphs.
 This bit is valid only after link is established.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

CI 126 SC 126.3.2.2.21 P 98 L 28 # 223
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 "a analogous manner" should be "an analogous manner" (802.3bq d2p2 comment 220 from Alon Regev)
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "a analogous manner" to "an analogous manner" (align with bq)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.6.2 P 159 L 36 # 189

McClellan, Brett

Marvell

Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ

Register 7.33 is not called the "2.5GBASE-T status register or the 5GBASE-T status register"

SuggestedRemedy

change "2.5GBASE-T status register or the 5GBASE-T status register" to "MultiGBASE-T AN status register"
also applies to line 43

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.7.14a P 53 L 5 # 155

Lo, William

Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ

The paragraph in line 5 to 7 should be deleted for 2 reasons

1) It should not be 2.5G and 5G specific since bits 2 to 15 can be used for EEE abilities for other PHYs in the future.

2) EEE ability in 2.5G and 5GBASE-T are exchanged during training and not with next pages.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete paragraph in line 5 to 7 and replace with the following:

EEE advertisement 2 register is a continuation of EEE advertisement 1 register.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.1 P 31 L # 172

Lo, William

Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ

802.3-2012_SECTION4.pdf page 43 or
P8023_D3p2_SECTION4.pdf page 44 line 16
Need to change
Implementations that operate at speeds of 10 Gb/s and above.
to
Implementations that operate at speeds of 2.5 Gb/s and above.

SuggestedRemedy

See above

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.4.1a P 33 L 39 # 174

Lo, William

Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ

Need to add text to the new 1.4.14 and 1.4.13 bits

SuggestedRemedy

45.2.1.4.1a 5G capable (1.4.14)
When read as a one, bit 1.4.14 indicates that the PMA/PMD is able to operate at a data rate of 5 Gb/s. When read as a zero, bit 1.4.14 indicates that the PMA/PMD is not able to operate at a data rate of 5 Gb/s.

45.2.1.4.1b 2.5G capable (1.4.13)
When read as a one, bit 1.4.13 indicates that the PMA/PMD is able to operate at a data rate of 2.5 Gb/s. When read as a zero, bit 1.4.13 indicates that the PMA/PMD is not able to operate at a data rate of 2.5 Gb/s.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

Cl 78 SC 78.3 P 63 L # 161

Lo, William

Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A EZ

P8023_D3p2_SECTION6.pdf page 40 line starting in line 26 makes a blanket statement about EEE capabilities being exchanged during Auto-Negotiation.
This is not true for 2.5/5/40GBASE-T

The suggested remedy does not include the 40GBASE-T text.

SuggestedRemedy

Change line 26 from
The EEE capability shall be advertised....
to
With the exception of 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T the EEE capability shall be advertised....

Add to the end of the first paragraph:
The EEE capability for 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T shall be advertised during link training according to clause 126.4.2.5.10.

Add to the end of the second paragraph:
The same applies to 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T except the EEE capabilities are exchanged and resolved during link training instead of during Auto-Negotiation.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Include 40GBASE-T text as well
BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 46 SC 46.1.3 P 59 L 30 # 187
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 inconsisten use of comma with 'and'
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "10 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s and 2.5 Gb/s"
 to "10 Gb/s, 5 Gb/s, and 2.5 Gb/s"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Editor to check and align with IEEE style guide (use comma)

Cl 113A SC 113A.3 P 195 L 3 # 203
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 Item j) refers to nothing and appears to be an editing mistake
 SuggestedRemedy
 delete j)
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.7.2 P 160 L 1 # 191
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 missing 5GBASE-T
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "Table 126-19 lists the supported cabling types and distances."
 to "Table 126-19 lists the 5GBASE-T supported cabling types and distances."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 28D SC 28D.9 P 189 L 20 # 193
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A EZ
 parameters are also exchanged during link training in the Infocfield.
 SuggestedRemedy
 add "and information provided by theexchange of Infocfields during link training."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 113A SC 113A.2 P 191 L 27 # 194
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 Clarity that the Annex 40B clamp can be used with Annex 113 instructions
 SuggestedRemedy
 change
 "(Note – The larger inner diameter clamp is described here; see Annex 40B for the description
 of an alternate clamp for use with smaller diameter cable types)."
 to
 "(Note – A larger inner diameter clamp is described here; see Annex 40B for the description of
 an alternate clamp to be used with this methodology on smaller diameter cable types)."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

Cl 113A SC 113A.2 P 193 L 43 # 195
 Moffitt, Bryan CommScope
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 This is not shown in the figure
 SuggestedRemedy
 replace:
 "As shown in Figure 113A–2 the inner conductor on the bottom half of the clamp extends
 slightly (~0.1mm)above the dielectric to ensure there is good electrical connection"
 With:
 "The inner conductor on the bottom half of the clamp extends slightly (~0.1mm) above the
 dielectric to ensure there is good electrical connection"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 46 SC 46.1 P 59 L 11 # 186
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type E Comment Status A EZ
 missing space
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "to10 Gb/s" to "to 10 Gb/s"
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.14e P 36 L 16 # 139
 Jones, Peter Cisco
 Comment Type E Comment Status A Format
 45.2.1.14e 2.5/5G PMA/PMD extended ability register (Register 1.21)
 Please check subclause numbering. I don;t understand why "45.2.1.14e" comes right after "45.2.1.12.15 ", what about 45.2.1.13?
 SuggestedRemedy
 reveiw numbering, fix if required,
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Editor to review numbering, being careful to check alignment with 802.3by D1p1, 802.3bs , and other drafts in process.

Cl 30 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 25 L 39 # 143
 Jones, Peter Cisco
 Comment Type TR Comment Status R Management
 in the definition for aPhyType it lists
 2.5GBASE-T Clause 126 2.5 Gb/s PAM16
 5GBASE-T Clause 126 5 Gb/s PAM16
 I don't understand why we don't have a problem here because according to the "BEHAVIOUR DEFINED " text, it says "The enumeration of the type is such that the value matches the clause number of this International Standard that specifies the particular PHY". In the case of 3bz, clause 126 defines both PHY types and so they would have teh same value enum. How was this resolved for other multi PHY clauses (like 49, 76, 82).

SuggestedRemedy
 Something needs to get fixed. The current behaviour described in the "BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS:" seems to not support any clause that defines multiple PYHs.
 Response Response Status C
 REJECT.
 the GDMO MIB has been deprecated. Recommend commenter submit a maintenance request to delete the conflicting text.

Cl 45 SC 2.3.1.2 P 40 L 42 # 138
 Feyh, German Broadcom Corporation
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Management
 It is unclear, which register to use to determine the speed of the loop back.
 SuggestedRemedy
 On page 40 line 42 after "receive path." add the sentence:
 The speed of the loopback is selected by the 45.2.3.1 PCS control 1 (Register 3.0).
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 45 SC 2.1.65 P 38 L 10 # 137
 Feyh, German Broadcom Corporation
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Management
 It is unclear, which register to use to determine the speed of the test mode.
 SuggestedRemedy
 The following sentence should be added after page 38 line 10 "management intervention":
 The speed of the test mode is selected by the 45.2.1.1 PMA/PMD control 1 register (Register 1.0).
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1 P 32 L 15 # 141
 Jones, Peter Cisco
 Comment Type ER Comment Status R Management
 in 45.2.1 PMA/PMD registers - Table 45-3—PMA/PMD registers, For registers 1.133 to 1.144, why did we just remove the "10GBASE-T" instead of changing to "MultiGBASE-T". What does this say about the relevance to other PHY types and speeds.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Fix the text for this (and similar attributes) to address the correct set of PMAs/PMDs.
 Response Response Status C
 REJECT.
 See comment 173

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P 26 L # 170
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A Management
 802.3-2012_SECTION2.pdf page 439 or
 P8023_D3p2_SECTION2.pdf page 431 line 14
 Need to list 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T
 SuggestedRemedy
 Add 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T to the list to clause 30.5.1.1.2 aMAUType
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P 26 L 43 # 232
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status A Management
 An entry in "APPROPRIATE SYNTAX" list for subclause 30.5.1.1.2 'aMAUType' should be added for 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T. (see BQ d2p2 comment 166 by David Law)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Insert the following change for subclause 30.5.1.1.2:
 30.5.1.1.2 aMAUType
 Insert the following new entry in "APPROPRIATE SYNTAX" (as modified by IEEE Std 802.3bw-201X, IEEE Std 802.3by-201X and TBD) after last entry.
 Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): The editing instruction need to be updated once the publication order of the various amendments becomes settled.
 2.5GBASE-T Four-pair twisted-pair balanced copper cabling PHY as specified in Clause 126
 5GBASE-T Four-pair twisted-pair balanced copper cabling PHY as specified in Clause 126
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 45 SC 45.2.1 P 32 L 15 # 173
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type E Comment Status D Management

Table 45-3
 Propose that we don't delete 10GBASE-T label but rename to MultiGBASE-T label

SuggestedRemedy

- See above
- Also impacts titles of
- 45.2.1.66
- 45.2.1.67
- 45.2.1.68
- 45.2.1.69
- 45.2.1.70
- 45.2.1.71
- 45.2.1.72
- 45.2.1.73
- 45.2.1.74
- 45.2.1.75
- 45.2.1.76
- 45.2.1.77

Proposed Response Response Status Z

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

(commenter may propose change on next round of 802.3bq balloting)

This change to Table 45-3 was done to align with the existing titles of 45.2.1.66 - 45.2.1.77 which do not have the '10GBASE-T' label at all, and allow for potential use by future PHYs, with minimal changes. (this has already made it through BQ working group ballot)

CI 45 SC 45.2.7.x P 47 L # 159
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Management

The THP Bypass Request in PMA_Coeff_Exchstate bit is defined in 126.4.2.5.10 but there are no registers defined to exchange this.

Some of the suggested remedy but not all is also commented in 802.3bq as it applies to 40GBASE-T as well.

SuggestedRemedy

- Page 47 lines 38, 39, Table 45-200
- Change "MultiGBASE-T AN control" to "MultiGBASE-T AN control 1"
- Change "MultiGBASE-T AN status" to "MultiGBASE-T AN status 1"
- Add 7.64, MultiGBASE-T AN control 2, subclause 45.2.7.14c
- Add 7.65, MultiGBASE-T AN status 2, subclause 45.2.7.14d

Also apply the heading changes above to 45.2.7.10 and 45.2.7.11 and the table headings in the section

Add section

45.2.7.14c MultiGBASE-T AN control 2 (Register 7.64)
 Register 7.64 is a continuation of register 7.32.

Add a table

7.64.3 2.5GBASE-T THP Bypass Request
 0 = Local device requests link partner not to reset THP during fast retrain
 1 = Local device requests link partner to initially reset THP during fast retrain
 R/W

7.64.2 5GBASE-T THP Bypass Request

0 = Local device requests link partner not to reset THP during fast retrain
 1 = Local device requests link partner to initially reset THP during fast retrain
 R/W

Add a section

45.2.7.14c.1 2.5GBASE-T THP Bypass Request
 Bit 7.64.3 is valid only if 7.32.7 is set to one advertising fast retrain ability, and is used to request the link partner whether to initially reset the THP during fast retrain. THP Bypass Request is exchanged during link training, see 126.4.2.5.10. If bit 7.64.3 is set to zero the local device requests link partner not to reset THP during fast retrain. If bit 7.64.3 is set to one the local device requests link partner to initially reset THP during fast retrain.

Add a section

45.2.7.14c.2 5GBASE-T THP Bypass Request
 Bit 7.64.2 is valid only if 7.32.8 is set to one advertising fast retrain ability, and is used to request the link partner whether to initially reset the THP during fast retrain. THP Bypass Request is exchanged during link training, see 126.4.2.5.10. If bit 7.64.2 is set to zero the local

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

device requests link partner not to reset THP during fast retrain. If bit 7.64.2 is set to one the local device requests link partner to initially reset THP during fast retrain.

Add section
45.2.7.14d MultiGBASE-T AN control 2 (Register 7.65)
Register 7.65 is a continuation of register 7.33.

Add a table
7.65.3 2.5GBASE-T Link Partner THP Bypass Request
0 = Link partner requests local device not to reset THP during fast retrain
1 = Link Partner requests local device to initially reset THP during fast retrain
RO
7.65.2 5GBASE-T Link Partner THP Bypass Request
0 = Link partner requests local device not to reset THP during fast retrain
1 = Link Partner requests local device to initially reset THP during fast retrain
RO

Add a section
45.2.7.14d.1 2.5GBASE-T Link Partner THP Bypass Request
Bit 7.65.3 is valid only if 7.33.5 is set to one indicating that the link partner has fast retrain ability.
When read as a zero, the link partner requests local device not to reset THP during fast retrain.
When read as a one, the link Partner requests local device to initially reset THP during fast retrain.

Add a section
45.2.7.14d.2 5GBASE-T Link Partner THP Bypass Request
Bit 7.65.2 is valid only if 7.33.6 is set to one indicating that the link partner has fast retrain ability.
When read as a zero, the link partner requests local device not to reset THP during fast retrain.
When read as a one, the link Partner requests local device to initially reset THP during fast retrain.

Response *Response Status* **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Editor to implement changes to allocate registers and bits in zimmerman_3bq_03_0915.pdf as basis, in alignment with 802.3bq draft

Cl **45** *SC* **45.2.7.14b** *P* **53** *L* **46** # **158**
Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type **TR** *Comment Status* **A** *Management*

The paragraph needs to change since EEE ability in 2.5G and 5GBASE=T are exchanged during training and not with next pages.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the following:
When the AN process has been completed, this register shall reflect the contents of the link partner's EEE advertisement 2 register. The assignment of bits in the EEE link partner ability 2 register and the correspondence with the bits in the Next Page messages are shown in Table 45-211b.

Response *Response Status* **C**

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
Change "When the AN process has been completed" to "When the AN and training processes have been completed".

Editor to check clause 45 registers for other instances where bits now exchanged during training are still referred to as exchanged via AN or next pages, and correct as necessary.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.78 P 39 L 4 # 152
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Management

P8023_D3p2_SECTION4.pdf page 114 line 22 mentions 1.25ns resolution and 2.5 ns accuracy. This presumes 1.25ns symbol time in 10GBASE-T. Need to adjust this for 2.5ns and 5ns for 5GBASE-T and 2.5GBASE-T respectively

SuggestedRemedy

Add text to differentiate
 1.25 ns resolution 2.5ns accuracy for 10GBASE-T
 2.5 ns resolution 5.0ns accuracy for 5GBASE-T
 5.0 ns resolution 10 ns accuracy for 2.5GBASE-T

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 See resolution of comment 125 in 802.3bq D2p2 (adding clause 126 reference)
 Make change scalable with symbol period:
 Add edit to change text of 45.2.1.78 as follows:
 From: It is reported with 1.25 ns resolution to an accuracy of 2.5 ns.
 To: It is reported with resolution equal to one symbol period (see 55.1.3, 113.1.2, or 126.1.3) of the PHY (e.g. 1.25ns for 10GBASE-T) to an accuracy of two symbol periods (e.g., 2.5ns for 10GBASE-T).
 From: If the delay exceed the maximum amount that can be represented by the range (-80 ns to +78.75 ns), the field displays the maximum respective value.
 To: If the delay exceeds the maximum amount that can be represented by the range (-64 symbols to +63 symbols), the field displays the maximum respective value
 BQ

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.74 P 38 L # 151
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type T Comment Status A Management

45.2.1.74
 45.2.1.75
 45.2.1.76
 45.2.1.77
 These sections refers to section 55.4.3.1 and 55.4.6.1.
 However the numbers in these sections do no exactly match those in 126.4.6.1

SuggestedRemedy

Do we need to add text to differentiate between 2.5/5G vs 10G?

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Add text of 45.2.1.74 - 45.2.1.77 into amendment and cross references to clause 126.
 Editor to submit as a comment to 802.3bq
 BQ

Cl 45 SC 45.2.7.14a.1 P 53 L 38 # 157
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type T Comment Status R Management

Wording is awkward and we should say something about bit being exchanged during training instead of next pages

SuggestedRemedy

Delete current paragraph and replace with:

Bit 7.62.0 is used to select whether or not the 2.5GBASE-T PHY advertises the ability to support EEE. EEE ability is exchanged during link training, see 126.4.2.5.10. If bit 7.62.0 is set to one, the PHY shall advertise EEE ability. If bit 7.62.0 is set to zero, the PHY shall not advertise EEE ability.

Response Response Status C

REJECT.
 The admittedly awkward, but compact text is parallel to other BASE-T PHYs for EEE advertisement. Suggested text suggests advertisement of the optional EEE capability regardless of PHY support. Additionally, there is no need to explain here when EEE ability is exchanged, only the use of the bit is needed.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.19 P 26 L 46 # 171
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor

Comment Type ER Comment Status A Management

Is there a reason why 10G/40G is deleted?
 Should we make it MultiGBASE-T?

SuggestedRemedy

Use MultiGBASE-T
 Applies to sections
 30.5.1.1.19
 30.5.1.1.20
 30.5.1.1.21
 30.5.1.1.22
 30.5.1.1.24
 30.5.1.1.25

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

We chose to make the description of these registers generic, per their name at the last meeting, as they are optional and only applied to specific PHYs.

However, Table 30-1e, changing the package to the "MultiGBASE-T Operating Margin Package (conditional)" is omitted from the bz draft. Copy it from 802.3bq D2p2.

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.19 P 26 L 53 # 144
 Jones, Peter Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Management

in 30.5.1.1.19 aSNROpMarginChnIA. The current text says
 "BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS: The current SNR operating margin measured at the slicer input for channel A for the 10G or 40GBASE-T PMA."

Should this now say for the MultiGBASE-T PMAs? Is it safe to just remove "10G or 40G" or would that affect 10M/100M/1000M?

Same Q for (at least)
 aSNROpMarginChnIB,
 aSNROpMarginChnC, aSNROpMarginChnID,
 aLDFastRetrainCount,
 aLPFastRetrainCount

SuggestedRemedy

Fix the text for this (and similar attributes) to address the correct set of PMAs.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment 171

Cl 126 SC 126.8.2.2 P 171 L 22 # 134
 farjad, ramin Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A MDI

Equation 126-34. The equation has a typo, which leads to a discontinuity at 40MHz. A version of equation I see from literature has the following form:

48dB 1MHz<freq<30MHz
 44dB-15log(freq/50) 30M<freq<400MHz

In any case, for a low cost magnetic solution, the magnetic vendors have requested at NBASE-T to relax this spec for 2.5G magnetics to

35dB 1MHz<freq<30MHz
 35dB-15log(freq/30) 30M<freq<125MHz

Which is 13dB more relaxed compared to what we currently have (which I believe came from 10G). This is also worse than such spec in 1000BASE-T

We have not been able to quantify the effect/degradation as a result of this 13dB, as we have not had samples with such bad impedance imbalance.

Need to find out how the original spec was driven that asked for 48dB, and the extent of effect on link performance if relaxed.

I assume at the minimum we may want to have different spec for 2.5G and 5G. Probably using sth like the following for 5G:

42dB 1MHz<freq<30MHz
 42dB-15log(freq/30) 30M<freq<250MHz

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Replace with form in Clause 55, frequency adjusted for 2.5GBASE-T & 5GBASE-T:

48dB 1MHz<freq<30MHz
 44dB-15log(freq/50) 30M<freq< 200xS MHz

Insert Editor's Note - Contributions are solicited if relaxations from the level shown here, derived from Clause 55, are desired (see cobb_1_0505.pdf (Impedance Balance) from IEEE P802.3an Task Force).

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

CI 126 SC 126.8.2.2 P 171 L 37 # 222
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type T Comment Status R MDI
 Cabling standards are specifying 50 ohm common mode (802.3bq d2p2 comment 213 from Bryan Moffitt)
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change to 50. (align with 802.3bq resolution)
 Response Response Status C
 REJECT.
 The balance is specified with PHY connected to the MDI as in normal operation which can be different than connecting hardware specified in cabling standards. Alignment with cabling standards is not sufficient information to make suggested change. For committee discussion (ALIGN WITH BQ RESOLUTION)

CI 28 SC 28.3.2 P 23 L # 168
 Lo, William Marvell Semiconductor
 Comment Type TR Comment Status A MultiG
 link_fail_inhibit_timer test needs to reflect 2.5G and 5G speeds
 SuggestedRemedy
 Look at 802.3-2012_SECTION2.pdf page 315 or P8023_D3p2_SECTION2.pdf page 309 line 17
 The link_fail_inhibit_timer paragraph change:
 "for devices operating at 10 Gb/s." to
 "for devices operating above 1 Gb/s."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Replace "for devices operating at 10 Gb/s." to "for devices in the MultiGBASE-T PHY set."
 Editor to check implementation in 802.3bq and either align this bz with that, or submit a comment in 802.3bq ballot to align with bz resolution.

CI 126 SC 126.3.6.2.5 P 110 L 54 # 182
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A PCS
 timer should be longer for 2.5G
 SuggestedRemedy
 change "nominally 125xS" to "nominally 125/S"
 also on page 112 line 34
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Delete "(nominally 125xS for 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T)"
 (this was supposed to have been deleted in d0p1)

CI 126 SC 126.3.2.2.6 P 94 L 33 # 177
 McClellan, Brett Marvell
 Comment Type T Comment Status A PCS
 "aUse of idle and LPI ordered sets per 48.2.4.2."
 this note is incorrect. Ordered sets are not used for control codes and Clause 48 does not apply.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Delete this note
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

CI 126 SC 126.12.5 P 188 L 1 # 149
 Klempa, Michael UNH IOL
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 Management interface comes before PMA Electrical Specifications, however the PMA Electrical Specifications subclause is 5 and the Management interface subclause is 6.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Swap the order of the tables of features to reflect the order of the subclasses.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.12.4 P L # 148
 Klempa, Michael UNH IOL
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 lpi_refresh_rx_timer, link_fail_sig_timer, fr_maxwait_timer features (from section 126.4.5.2) are all missing from PICS.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Include these features with the corresponding values.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.12.4 P L # 147
 Klempa, Michael UNH IOL
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 mtc and stc in section 126.4.5.1 include shalls but are not in the required table.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Include the features mtc and stc with the corresponding values below (EEE:M):
 mtc
 mtc is the transition count for a MASTER PHY during normal training and fast retraining. mtc shall be equal to Sx2^8 for normal training and Sx2^5 for fast retrain.
 stc
 stc is the transition count for a SLAVE PHY during normal training and fast retraining. stc shall be equal to Sx2^5 for normal training and Sx2^4 for fast retrain.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT.
 BQ

Cl 126 SC 126.12.3 P 184 L 13 # 146
 Klempa, Michael UNH IOL
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 126.12.3 is titled PCS Sublayer, however it only includes transmitter functions. 126.12.3.1 is specifically PCS Receiver functions, the sections should be defined to differentiate between the two.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change section 126.12.3's title to PCS Transmit functions, or change the numbering structure to show the difference.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment 145

Cl 126 SC 126.12 P 173 L 44 # 219
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 Several PICS are either missing or need updating - see 802.3bq comments 177, 178, 182, 183, and 185 by Curtis Donahue, for PICS issues:
 INS (needs definition for ENV2, ENV4)
 PME22 (LT is now mandatory, not an option)
 add PICS for lpi_refresh_rx_timer, link_fail_sig_timer, and fr_maxwait_timer
 text to match PICS PME15 for test mode 7 doesn't have a shall (P148 L39)
 add PICS for mtc and stc
 SuggestedRemedy

Align with BQ resolution of comments
 Change text on page 148 L39 from "This mode reuses the 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T scrambler and is defined in detail in 126.3.3."
 to "This mode shall reuse the 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T scrambler and is defined in detail in 126.3.3."
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 (note mtc and stc and other PICS are handled in other bz comments, accepted as well, editor to check that all bq changes referenced in the comment are also accommodated)

Cl 126 SC 126.12.3 P 183 L 13 # 145
 Klempa, Michael UNH IOL
 Comment Type E Comment Status A PICS
 126.12.3 is titled Physical Coding Sublayer, but it only includes the Transmitter portion of the tests. Section 126.12.3.1 includes the PCS Receive functions, so they should be differentiated.
 SuggestedRemedy
 Change the title of 126.12.3 to PCS Transmit functions, or change the structure of the numbering to accommodate the difference.
 Response Response Status C
 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Retain 126.12.3 Physical Coding Sublayer, but it only contains the subheaders
 Make insert new header
 126.12.3.1 PCS Transmit functions
 renumber other 126.12.3.x subclauses

IEEE P802.3bz D1.0 2.5/5GBASE-T 1st Task Force review comments

Cl 126 SC 126.5 P 146 L # 135
 farjad, ramin Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status D PMA

These are fairly tough ESD spec to meet, much tougher than the cable discharge/CDE requirement that OEMs test for Enterprise environmet. From the literature, the IEC 60950 was only required for outside installation, and thus they require especial type of surge protection added to MDI ports on the board, but such requirement must not be a general requirement for all BASE-T, especially if targeted for enterprise.

We want to consider defining the isolation requirement differently for outside versus inside installations

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Commenter may come back with suggested text to implement this.
 This specification has been constant for BASE-T PHYs since at least 1000BASE-T.

Cl 126 SC 126.5 P 151 L # 136
 farjad, ramin Aquantia

Comment Type T Comment Status A PMA

The spec for Master Tx jitter is the same as 10GE, i.e. 5.5ps at output of the Tx. we should consider scaling the TX jitter with symbol rate, so the spec (5.5psec at 10G) will be 11 psec jitter for 5G and 22psec jitter for 2.5G."

SuggestedRemedy

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
 Add editor's note (to be removed prior to WG ballot) - PHY designers to consider impact of relaxing Master TX jitter spec to 11 ps for 2.5GBASE-T, and 8 ps for 5GBASE-T, and bring contributions to support the change.

Cl 126 SC 126.5.2 P 149 L 36 # 228
 Zimmerman, George CME Consulting

Comment Type T Comment Status A PMA

For transmit distortion test mode 4, figure 126-33, the test does not have the remote signal present which pushes the signal into non-linearity. In order to test non linearity, an external tone needs to be injected into local transmitter, representing maximum level of remote PHY signal. See clause 40 for similar test set up. (802.3bq d2p2 comment 234 from Ahmad Chini)

SuggestedRemedy

See comment, align with bq

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This was considered during 10GBASE-T. Stressing the transmitter with a remote signal to simulate a short line is unnecessary because of the use of power back off. Use of minimal power back off on 2.5GBASE-T may change this - discuss - does not need alignment with BQ resolution, or even between 2.5G and 5GBASE-T.

Add editor's note:

"Editor's Note (to be removed prior to WG ballot) - PHY designers to consider whether a simulated far-end signal from a short line is needed to stress the transmitter on the linearity test for 2.5GBASE-T. Options include leaving the test as is, specifying an injected stressing signal (and possibly relaxing the 2.5GBASE-T linearity requirement), or reexamining the PBO for 2.5GBASE-T and leaving the test as is.

Cl 126 SC 126.6.1.2.2 P 156 L 32 # 188
 McClellan, Brett Marvell

Comment Type T Comment Status A Training

missing reference to subclause for 40GBASE-T LD PMA training reset request

SuggestedRemedy

change "Defined in" to "45.2.7.10.4f"
 copy subclause 45.2.7.10.4b from 802.3bq D2.2 to new subclause 45.2.7.10.4f in 802.3bz.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Delete all references to 40GBASE-T LD and LP PMA training reset, as it has been deleted from 802.3bq draft.