# **Multidrop PHY Simulation**

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# Purpose

- The purpose of this presentation is to:
  - Investigate multidrop with large node count to address industrial in-cabinet component applications

# Link Topology

- Christoph Wechsler, Audi AG
  - http://www.ieee802.org/3/cg/public/May2017/wec hsler\_3cg\_01a\_0517.pdf
- Adopt conclusion that "passive linear topology with end-of-line terminators and limited stubs" was the best option

– Feasible for at least 25 m and 8 nodes

• Results were based on parameters from:

– TJA 1081 FlexRay node transceiver

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Pins BP and BM						
R <sub>i(dif)(BP-BM)</sub>	differential input resistance between pin BP and pin BM	idle level; $R_{bus} = \infty \Omega$	20	37	80	kΩ

# Could we achieve more nodes?

- FlexRay achieves:
  - 22 nodes @ 22 m (passive linear bus)
- RS485 increased node count by:
  - Making the termination external
  - High impedance transceivers
    - 3-state transmitters

Unit Loads	Nodes	Value
1	32	12k ohm
1/2	64	24k ohm
1/4	128	48k ohm
1/8	256	96k ohm

# Source Impedance

- Assume 100 Ω line
- Center of long line:
  - Drive 2 parallel 100  $\Omega$  lines, one in each direction (50  $\Omega$ )
- Short line:
  - Drive 2 parallel 100  $\Omega$  terminators (50  $\Omega$ )
- Near one end of long line:
  - Drive 1 100  $\Omega$  terminator in parallel with a 100  $\Omega$  line (50  $\Omega$ )

# **Power Distribution**

- Nodes are coupled by two 200 nF capacitors
- Termination is capacitive coupled with 200 nF each
- Power supply is decoupled by two 500 uH inductors

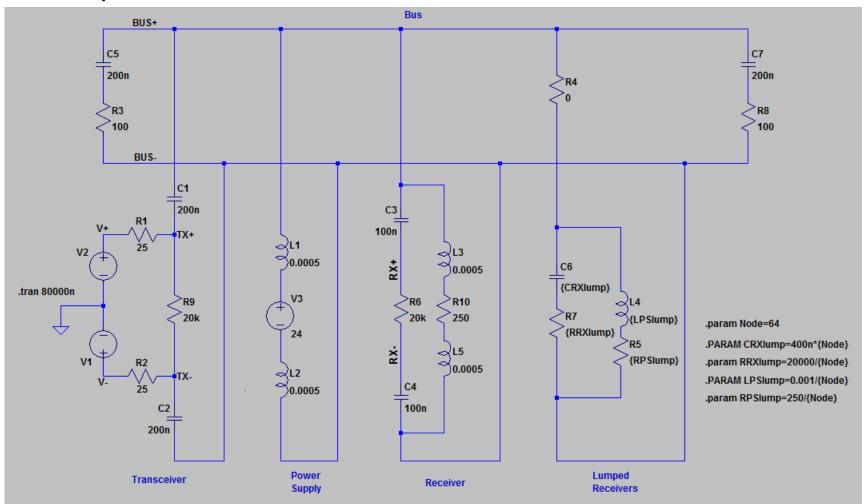
24 VDC, 4A, 64 nodes
– 687 mW @ 11 VDC

# Concepts

- FlexRay has 3 driven states, try PAM-3 @ 7.5 MS/s
  - Not successful with @ 10 of the same symbol with more than one node
    - Too much sag
  - Separate power was better
- DME @ 10 MS/s worked much better
  - Shorter periods, less sag
  - Twice the margin

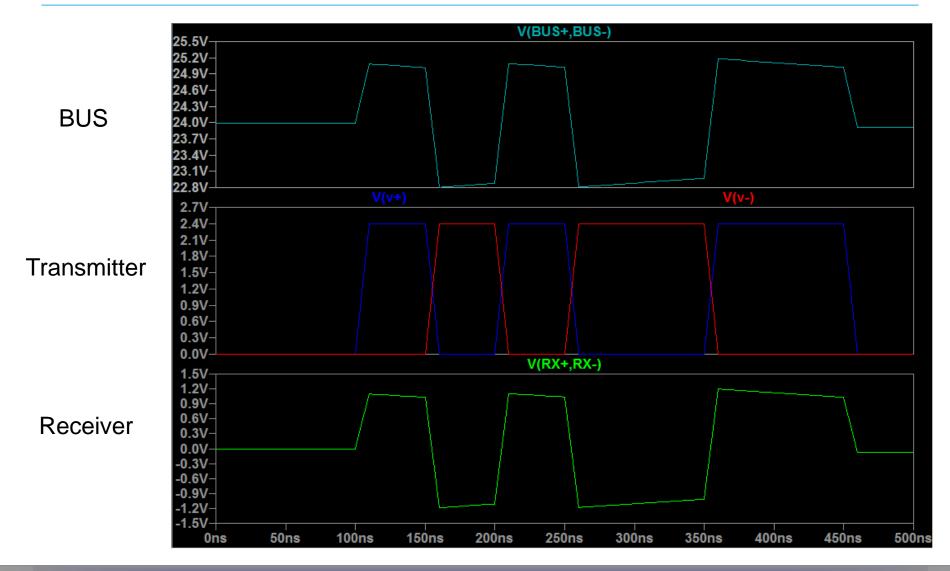
#### **Simulation Model**

• Lumped load, 64 nodes



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# **Simulation Waveforms**



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# Conclusions

- It appears feasible to achieve a larger node count
  - Single pair
  - Powered nodes
  - -DME @ 10 MS/s