

Link segment requirements for 2.5Gbps operation

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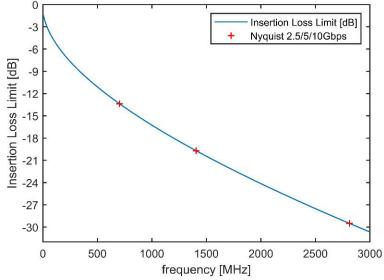
Contents

- Propose <u>separate</u> link segment specifications for 2.5Gbps
- Baseline proposal limits for
 - Insertion loss
 - Return loss
- Define way forward on
 - Mode-conversion
 - Shielding attenuation
 - Coupling attenuation



Rationale

- A link operating at 2.5Gbps uses 4x less bandwidth
 - Nyquist frequency around 700MHz
- Nyquist insertion loss with current IL formula 13.4dB
- Note: this formula was set for 10Gbps capable high-quality shielded twisted-pair with braid

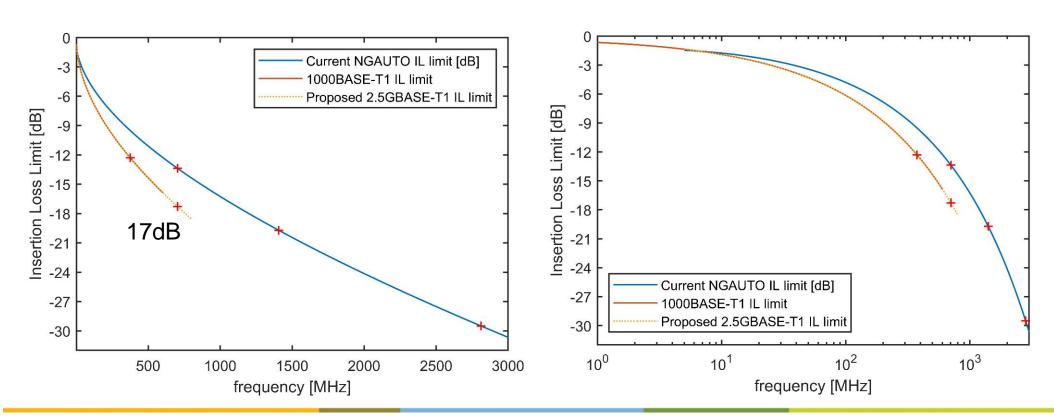


- At 2.5Gbps losses may be higher and shielding could be less 'perfect' = lower relative cost
- What if cables for 2.5Gbps could be an 'enhanced 1Gbps cable' instead of a downscaled 10Gbps cable?
- There will be 2.5Gbps transceivers that cannot do 10Gbps



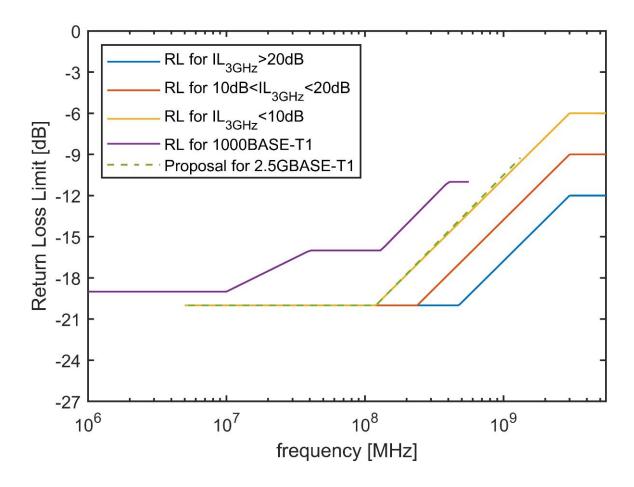
Insertion loss

- ▶ 1000BASE-T1 IL limit: $IL < 0.0023 \cdot f + 0.5907 \cdot \sqrt{f} + \frac{0.0039}{\sqrt{f}}$
- Baseline proposal: extended curve for 2.5Gbps
- Freq=1-1000MHz





Return Loss



- ▶ 10dB/dec roll-up for 2.5Gbps ~2x higher than for 1Gbps
- Freq=1-1000MHz
- Results in limit line close to the 10Gbps RL limit for IL<10dB</p>



UTP or STP?

- Leave both options open
- Define mode-conversion for UTP
- or
- Define coupling and shielding attenuation for lower cost STP types
- Provide two options in spec to enable cable innovation



