

Interleaving Options

William Lo, Axonne Inc.

October 31, 2018

RS-Interleaving

- Cover ISO 7637-3 transients of 50ns
- 2 opinions: 60ns is sufficient, or 110ns sufficient
- RS (360, 326) with 1x, 2x, 4x, 8x interleaving

| | Interleaving | | | |
|------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| 10G | 15 | 30 | 60 | 121 |
| 5G | 30 | 60 | 121 | 242 |
| 2.5G | 60 | 121 | 242 | 484 |

Protection (ns)

| | Interleaving | | | |
|------|--------------|------|------|-------|
| | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| 10G | 350 | 700 | 1401 | 2802 |
| 5G | 700 | 1401 | 2802 | 5604 |
| 2.5G | 1401 | 2802 | 5604 | 11207 |

Latency (ns)

Combinations

- Do we want all 4 interleaving options for every speed?
- Do we allow mix/match between 2 PHYs?

Theory vs Practice

- In theory once we build 8x interleaving, getting 4x, 2x, and 1x is no big deal.
- In practice the validation and interoperability testing gets complex

| | | Vendor A PHY | | | |
|--------------|----|--------------|------|------|------|
| | | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| Vendor B PHY | 1X | test | test | test | test |
| | 2X | test | test | test | test |
| | 4X | test | test | test | test |
| | 8X | test | test | test | test |

16 permutations each speed

Theory vs Practice

- It's actually worse
- Which permutations do you NOT test and still certify interoperability?

| | | Vendor A PHY | | | |
|--------------|----|--------------|------|------|------|
| | | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| Vendor B PHY | 1X | test | test | test | test |
| | 2X | test | test | test | test |
| | 4X | test | test | test | test |
| | 8X | test | test | test | test |

16 permutations interleave

X

Master/Slave

X

Precoding

2 permutations

1 to 16 permutations
depending on what's
supported

Let's Eliminate Unnecessary Options

- Delete options that cannot protect against ISO 7637-3 transients of 50ns
- Delete options that introduces excess latency that most likely will never be used

| | Interleaving | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----|
| | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| 10G | 15 | 30 | 60 | 121 |
| 5G | 30 | 60 | 121 | 242 |
| 2.5G | 60 | 121 | 242 | 484 |

Protection (ns)

| | Interleaving | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------|-----------------|------------------|
| | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| 10G | 350 | 700 | 1401 | 2802 |
| 5G | 700 | 1401 | 2802 | 5604 |
| 2.5G | 1401 | 2802 | 5604 | 11207 |

Latency (ns)

Two Options at Each Speed

- Low Latency or High Protection

| | Interleaving | | | |
|------|--------------|------|------|------|
| | 1X | 2X | 4X | 8X |
| 10G | | | Low | High |
| 5G | | Low | High | |
| 2.5G | Low | High | | |

- No mix and match
 - If one PHY advertises high protection then both PHYs must operate in high protection mode

If 60ns protection is sufficient then

- Eliminate 8x option
- One option per speed
 - 10G – 4x interleave
 - 5G – 2x interleave
 - 2.5G – 1x interleave

THANK YOU