## Baseline for CGMII Extender, CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS)

Gary Nicholl, Cisco Shawn Nicholl, Xilinx

IEEE P802.3cn and P802.3ck Task Force Interim Meetings Long Beach, CA January 2019

1

### **Supporters**

- Mark Gustlin Cisco
- Ilya Lyubomirsky Inphi
- Jeff Slavick Broadcom

### **Relevant P802.3cn Objectives**

#### Proposed Objectives

- Support full-duplex operation only
- Preserve the Ethernet frame format utilizing the Ethernet MAC
- Preserve minimum and maximum FrameSizeof current Ethernet standard
- Provide appropriate support for OTN

#### 100 Gb/s Ethernet

- Support a MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s
- Support a BER of better than or equal to 10<sup>-12</sup> at the MAC/PLS service interface (or the frame loss ratio equivalent) for 100 Gb/s
- Provide a physical layer specification supporting 100 Gb/s operation on a single wavelength capable of at least 80 km over a DWDM system.

#### • 400 Gb/s Ethernet

- Support a MAC data rate of 400 Gb/s
- Support a BER of better than or equal to 10<sup>-13</sup> at the MAC/PLS service interface (or the frame loss ratio equivalent) for 400 Gb/s
- Provide a physical layer specification supporting 400 Gb/s operation on a single wavelength capable of at least 80 km over a DWDM system.

### **Relevant P802.3ck Objectives**

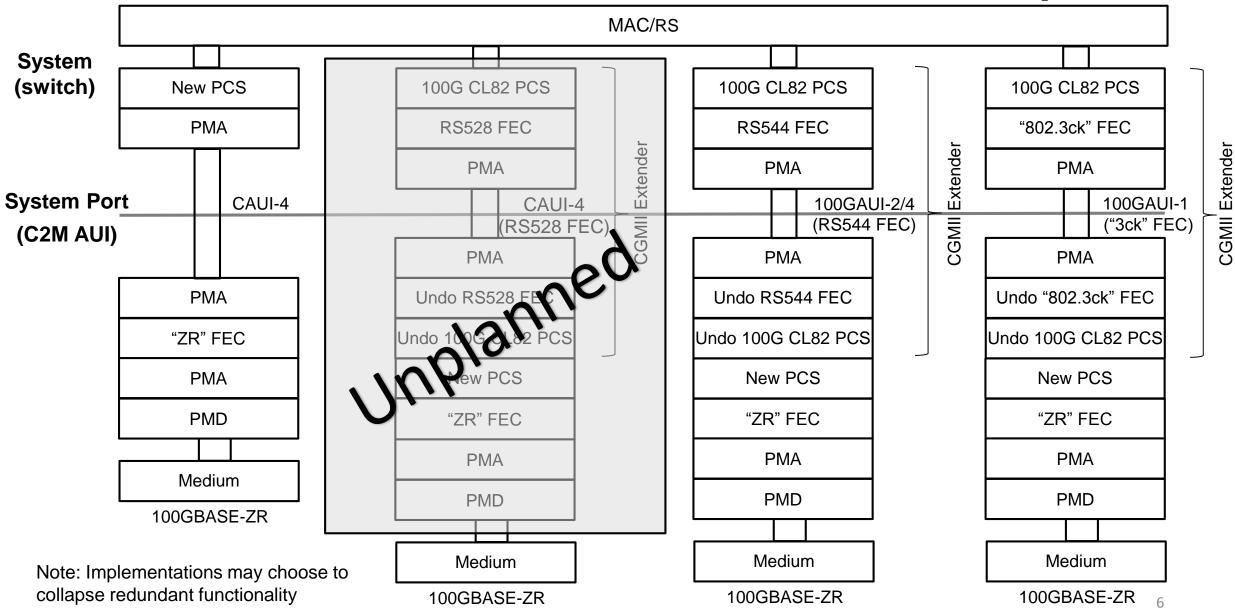
- Support a MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s, 200 Gb/s and 400 Gb/s
- Support full-duplex operation only
- Preserve the Ethernet frame format utilizing the Ethernet MAC
- Preserve minimum and maximum FrameSizeof current IEEE 802.3 standard
- Support the existing bit error ratios (BERs) at the MAC/PLS service interface (or the frame loss ratio equivalent) for 100 Gb/s, 200 Gb/s and 400 Gb/s Ethernet
- Define a single-lane 100 Gb/s Attachment Unit interface (AUI) for chip-to-module applications, compatible with PMDs based on 100 Gb/s per lane optical signaling
- Define a single-lane 100 Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) for chip-to-chip applications
- Define a single-lane 100 Gb/s PHY for operation over electrical backplanes supporting an insertion loss =28 dB at 26.56 GHz.
- Define a single-lane 100 Gb/s PHY for operation over twin-axial copper cables with lengths up to at least 2 m.
- Define a two-lane 200 Gb/s Attachment Unit interface (AUI) for chip-to-module applications, compatible with PMDs based on 100 Gb/s per lane optical signaling.
- Define a two-lane 200 Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) for chip-to-chip applications.
- Define a two-lane 200 Gb/s PHY for operation over electrical backplanes supporting an insertion loss = 28 dB at 26.56 GHz.
- Define a two-lane 200 Gb/s PHY for operation over twin-axial copper cables with lengths up to at least 2 m.
- Define a four-lane 400 Gb/s Attachment Unit interface (AUI) for chip-to-module applications, compatible with PMDs based on 100 Gb/s per lane optical signaling.
- Define a four-lane 400 Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) for chip-to-chip applications.
- Define a four-lane 400 Gb/s PHY for operation over electrical backplanes supporting an insertion loss =28 dB at 26.56 GHz.
- Define a four-lane 400 Gb/s PHY for operation over twin-axial copper cables with lengths up to at least 2 m.

### Background

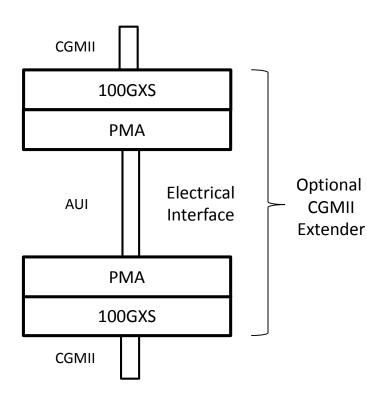
#### • Previous work on this topic includes the following:

- <u>nicholl b10k 01a 0518</u> proposed using the Clause 118 existing 400GMII Extender and 400GMII Extender Sublayer (400GXS) to enable a new 400GBASE-ZR PHY to interface to a 400GAUI-n and address the 400G 80km DWDM PHY objective.
- <u>nicholl b10k 01a 0518</u> also highlighted that there is no existing 100 Gb/s Extender Sublayer
- nicholl 3cn 01 1118 described the motivation for a CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS) to enable a new 100GBASE-ZR PHY to interface to one of several possible 100 Gigabit Ethernet AUIs and address the 100G 80km DWDM PHY objective:
  - CAUI-4/10 without FEC
  - CAUI-4 with RS(528,514) FEC
  - 100GAUI-2/4 with RS(544,514) FEC
  - 100GAUI-1 which is under development in P802.3ck
- The new CGMII Extender and CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS) will take an approach that is similar to the existing 400GMII Extender and 400GMII Extender Sublayer (400GXS)
  - While other approaches have been considered (for example, "upside side down FEC"), the CGMII Extender provides a means to capture the required functionality in a manner like previously used
- This presentation proposes a baseline for the CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS) and CGMII Extender, to support extension of the CGMII across a physically instantiated 100GAUI-4 or 100GAUI-2 interface
  - The 100GXS is likely to be used in all 100GBASE-ZR PHYs

#### **100GBASE-ZR Use Cases – Functional Stack up**

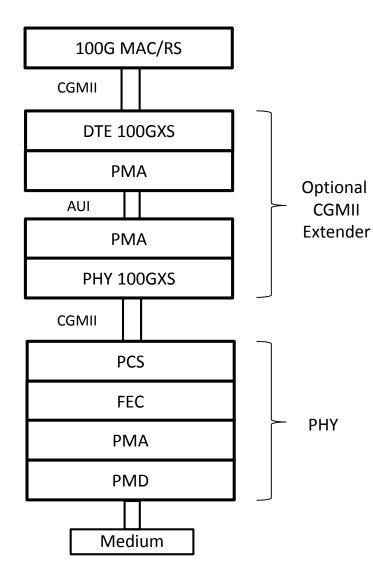


### **CGMII Extender Concept**



- The CGMII Extender is used to extend the CGMII across a physically instantiated AUI
- The CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS) is the proposed extender sublayer to extend the CGMII
  - A pair of 100GXS instances along with AUI is used to extend the CGMII
  - A typical instantiation is a high speed parallel SerDes interface
- The 100GXS is optional for 100 Gb/s Ethernet, only used if the PCS/FEC does not cover both the electrical and optical interface needs
- The 100GXS contains PCS and FEC functionality related to the extender sublayer

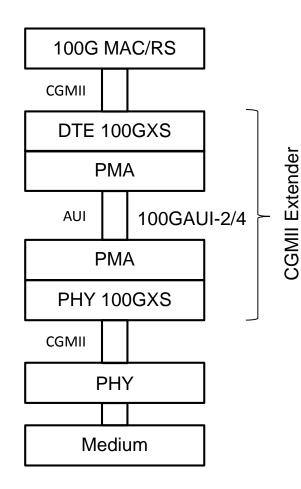
### **CGMII Extender Details**



#### • The CGMII Extender is composed of the following:

- DTE 100GXS at the RS end
- PHY 100GXS at the PHY end
- Physical instantiation of 100 Gb/s AUI between the adjacent PMA sublayers
- This allows support for new PCS/FEC/PMA functionality (different implementations, alternate FEC coding, or future PHYs) below the extended CGMII, if needed.
  - The 100GXS is a combination of the functionality of the 100G PCS sublayer and the FEC sublayer associated with a specific AUI interface
  - The 100GXS provides the coding / FEC of the electrical interface, not the coding / FEC of the PHY

#### CGMII Extender and CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS) Baseline Proposal



- DTE 100GXS based on:
  - CL82 100G PCS
  - CL91 RS(544,514)

#### PHY 100GXS based on:

- CL82 100G PCS
- CL91 RS(544,514)
- Supports extension of the CGMII across a physically instantiated 100GAUI-2/4 interface
  - CL135 100G PMA
  - Annex 135D, 135E, 135F, 135G
- Note: Support for extension of the CGMII across a single-lane 100 Gb/s (AUI) is anticipated future work of P802.3ck task force

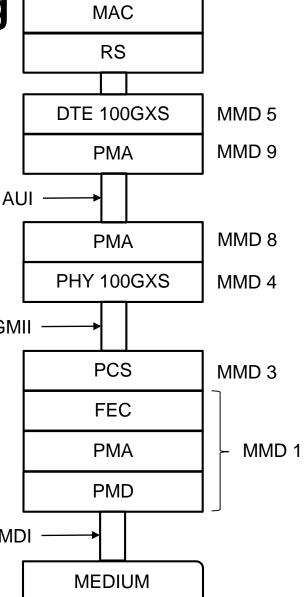
### **Editorial Guidance – Table of Contents**

- Add new Clause TBD CGMII Extender, CGMII Extender Sublayer (100GXS)
  - The new clause can take an approach similar to 802.3-2018 Clause 118
- 118. 200GMII Extender, 400GMII Extender, 200GMII Extender Sublayer (200GXS), and 400GMII Extender Sublayer (400GXS)  $\sim$ 118.1 Overview  $\sim$ 118.1.1 Summary of major concepts 118.1.2 200GXS/400GXS Sublayer 118.1.3 200GAUI-n/400GAUI-n 118.2 FEC Degrade 118.2.1 DTE XS FEC Degrade signaling 118.2.2 PHV XS FEC Degrade signaling 118.3 200GXS and 400GXS partitioning example 118.4 200GXS and 400GXS MDIO function mapping 118.5 Protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma for Clause 118, 200GMII Extender, 400GMII Extender, 200GMII Extender Sublayer (200GXS), and 400GMII Extender Sublayer (400GXS)
- Note that FEC Degrade capability is not present at 100 Gb/s

### **Editorial Guidance – Supported AUI instantiations**

- Like Clause 118, the new Clause TBD should indicate that a CGMII Extender may use the following 100G AUI instantiation:
  - 100GAUI-2/4 (Annex 135D, 135E, 135F, 135G)
    - With RS(544,514) FEC
- The following AUI instantiation is anticipated to be added as part of P802.3ck:
  - 100GAUI-1 (Annex TBD)
- Intentionally omitted from the above list are:
  - CAUI-10 (Annex 83A)
    - Without RS-FEC
  - CAUI-4 (Annex 83E)
    - Without RS-FEC
    - With RS(528,514) FEC

<b>Editorial G</b>	uidanc	e – MMD	Numbering	MAC
<ul> <li>Like Clause 118, the new Clause TBD should contain the 100GXS MDIO function mapping for MDIO PHY XS and DTE XS registers</li> </ul>				RS DTE 1000
<ul> <li>MMD addresses as per Clause 45</li> </ul>				PMA
Note: FEC registers are included under PMA/PMD MMD     Au				JI
Tab	le 45–1—MDIO M	lanageable Device add	dresses	PMA
	Device address	MMD name		PHY 100
	0 1 2	Reserved PMA/PMD WIS	CGM	
	3	PCS		PCS FEC
	4 5	PHY XS DTE XS		PMA
	6 7	TC Auto-Negotiation		PMD
	8	Separated PMA (1) Separated PMA (2)	MI	
	10	Separated PMA (3)		MEDIU



#### **Thank You!**

### **Backups**

#### **P802.3cn – Proposed Motion**

# Move to adopt the CGMII Extender baseline as proposed in nicholl\_3cn\_01\_0119.pdf, page 9