
802.3da Mixing Segment Model Correlation

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Purpose

- Resolve differences to reference simulation in:
 - https://www.ieee802.org/3/da/public/050323/schreiner_3da_May_23.pdf
- Method
 - For model correlation use parameter's and one topology in:
https://www.ieee802.org/3/da/public/0323/diminico_SPMD_01b_0323.pdf
 - With typical TX slide 4
>>https://www.ieee802.org/3/da/public/011723/diminico_SPMD_01_0123.pdf

Mixing Segment Insertion Loss vs AWG

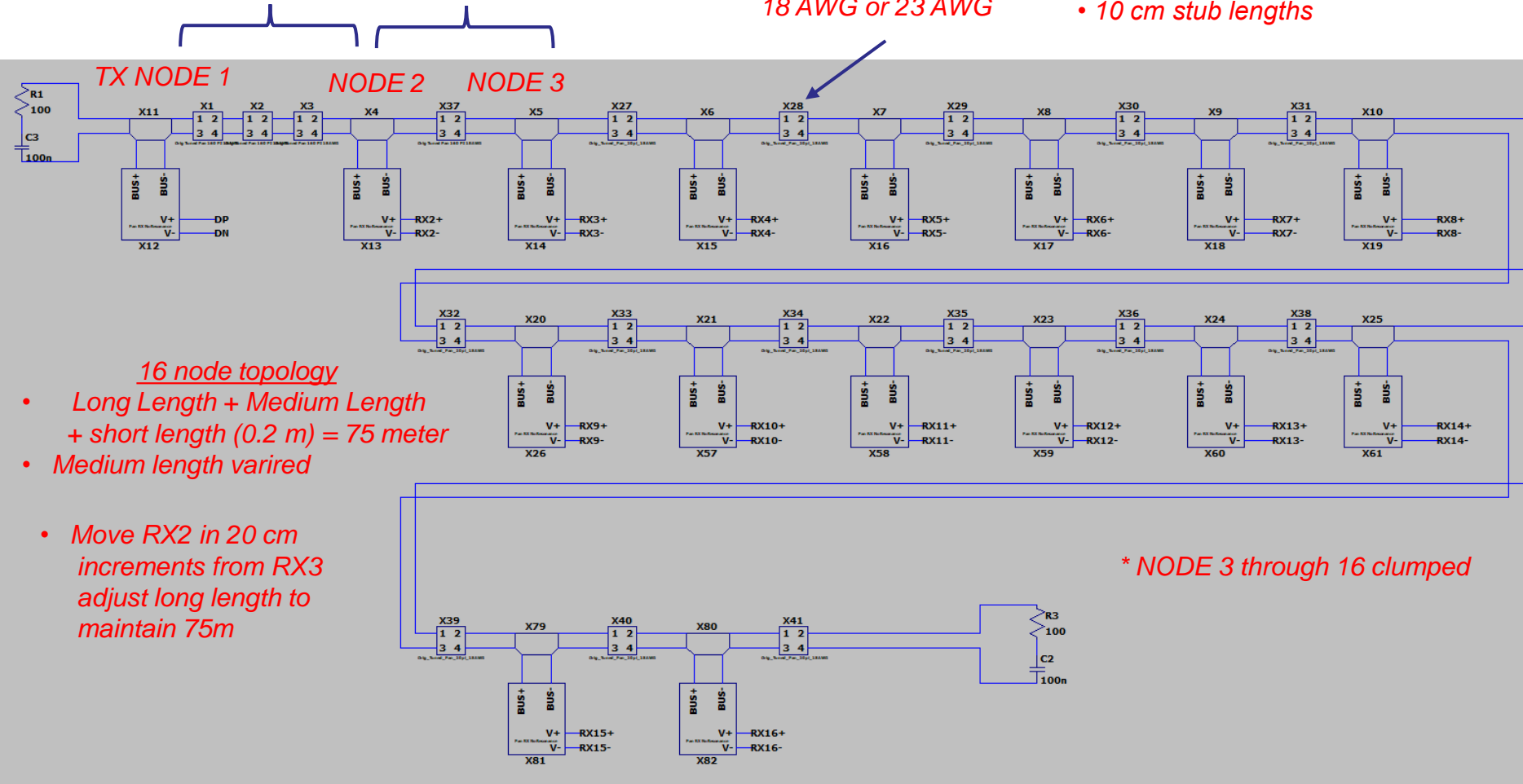
https://www.ieee802.org/3/da/public/0323/diminico_SPMD_01b_0323.pdf

Long Length
18 AWG or 23 AWG

Medium Length
18 AWG or 23 AWG

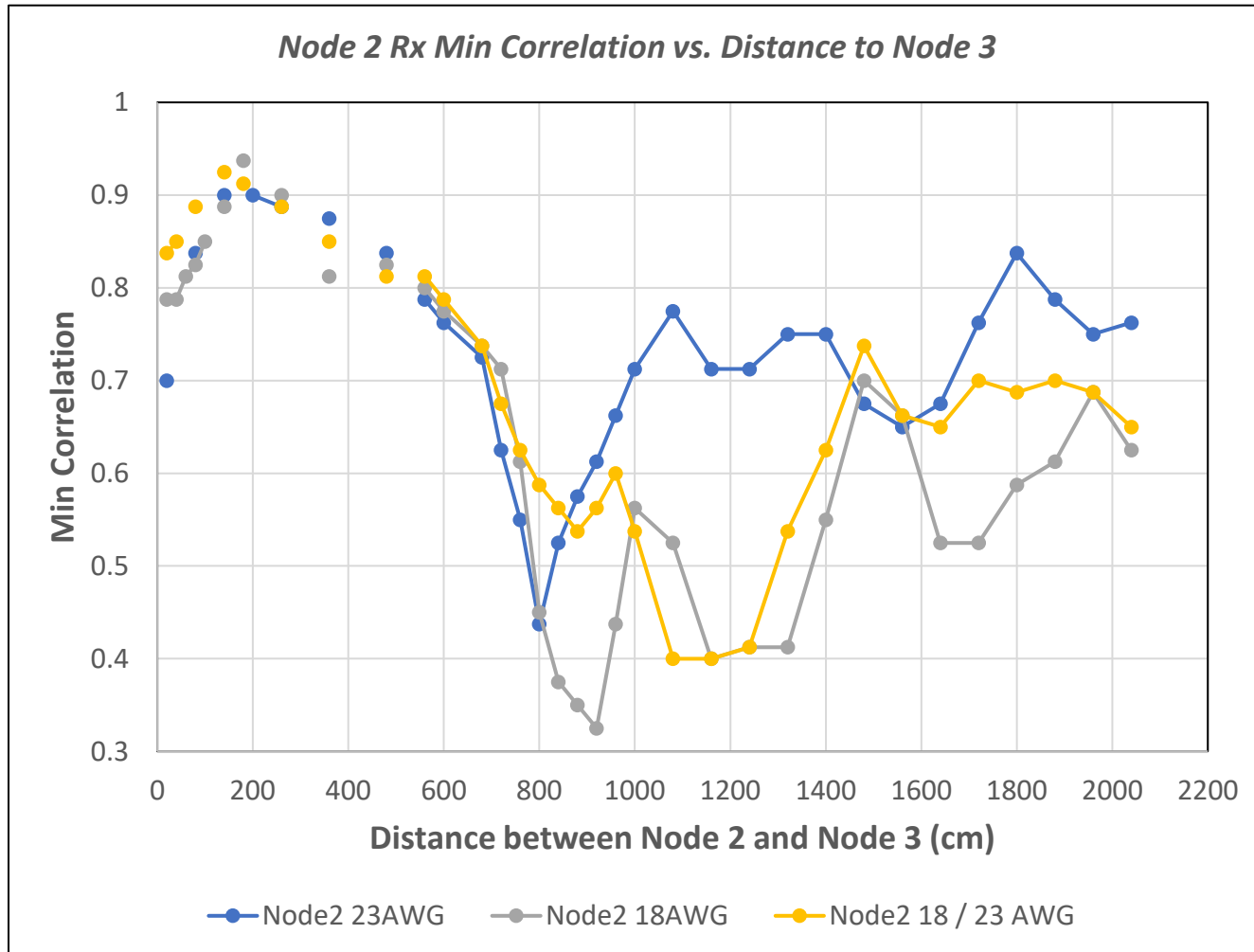
Short Length
18 AWG or 23 AWG

- 75 m, 16 node, clumped topology
- 80 uH, 30 pF node parasitics
- 10 cm stub lengths



Mixing Segment Insertion Loss vs AWG

https://www.ieee802.org/3/da/public/0323/diminico_SPMD_01b_0323.pdf



- **Mixing Segment Insertion Loss vs AWG topology slide 4**

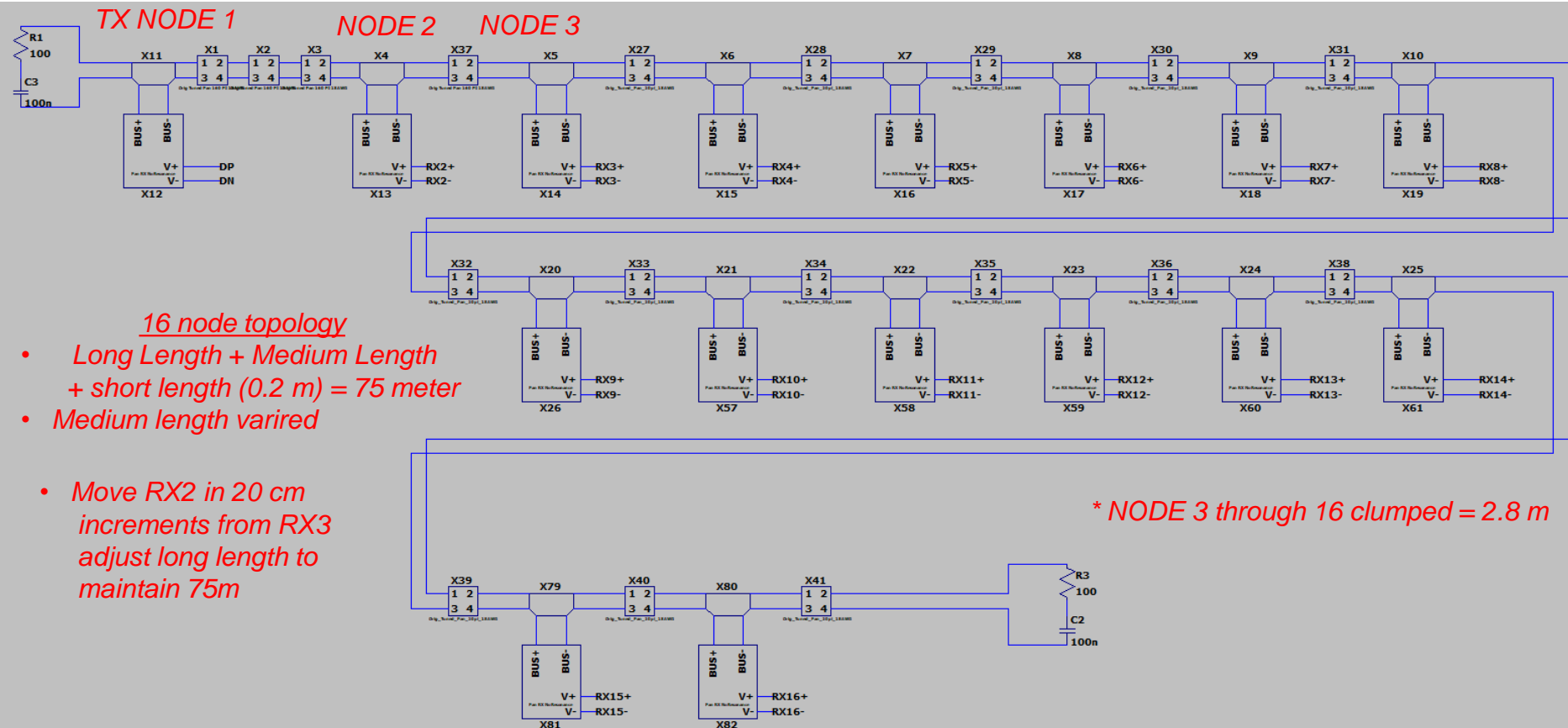
Mixing Segment Correlation Topology

Long Length =
63 m
18 AWG

Medium Length =
9.2 m
18 AWG

Short Length =
0.2 m
18 AWG

- 75 m, 16 node, clumped topology
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- 10 cm stub lengths

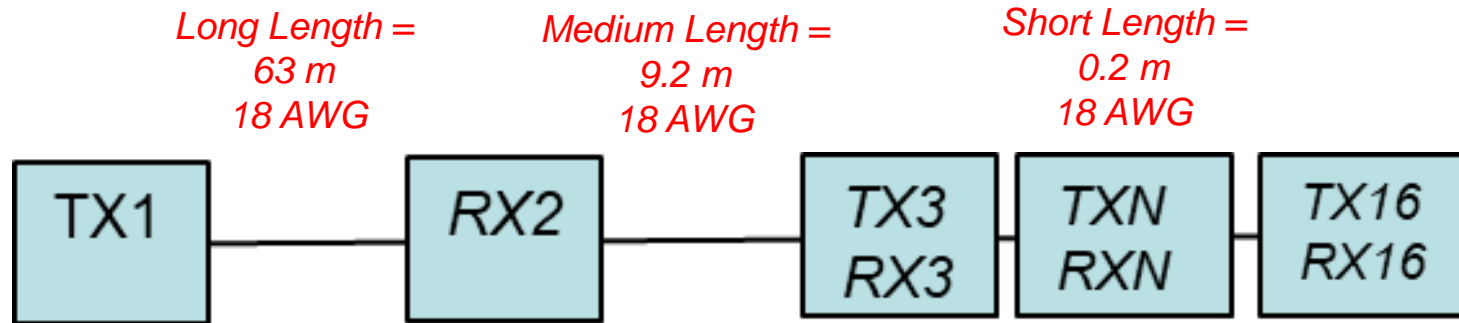


16 node topology

- Long Length + Medium Length + short length (0.2 m) = 75 meter
- Medium length varied
- Move RX2 in 20 cm increments from RX3 adjust long length to maintain 75m

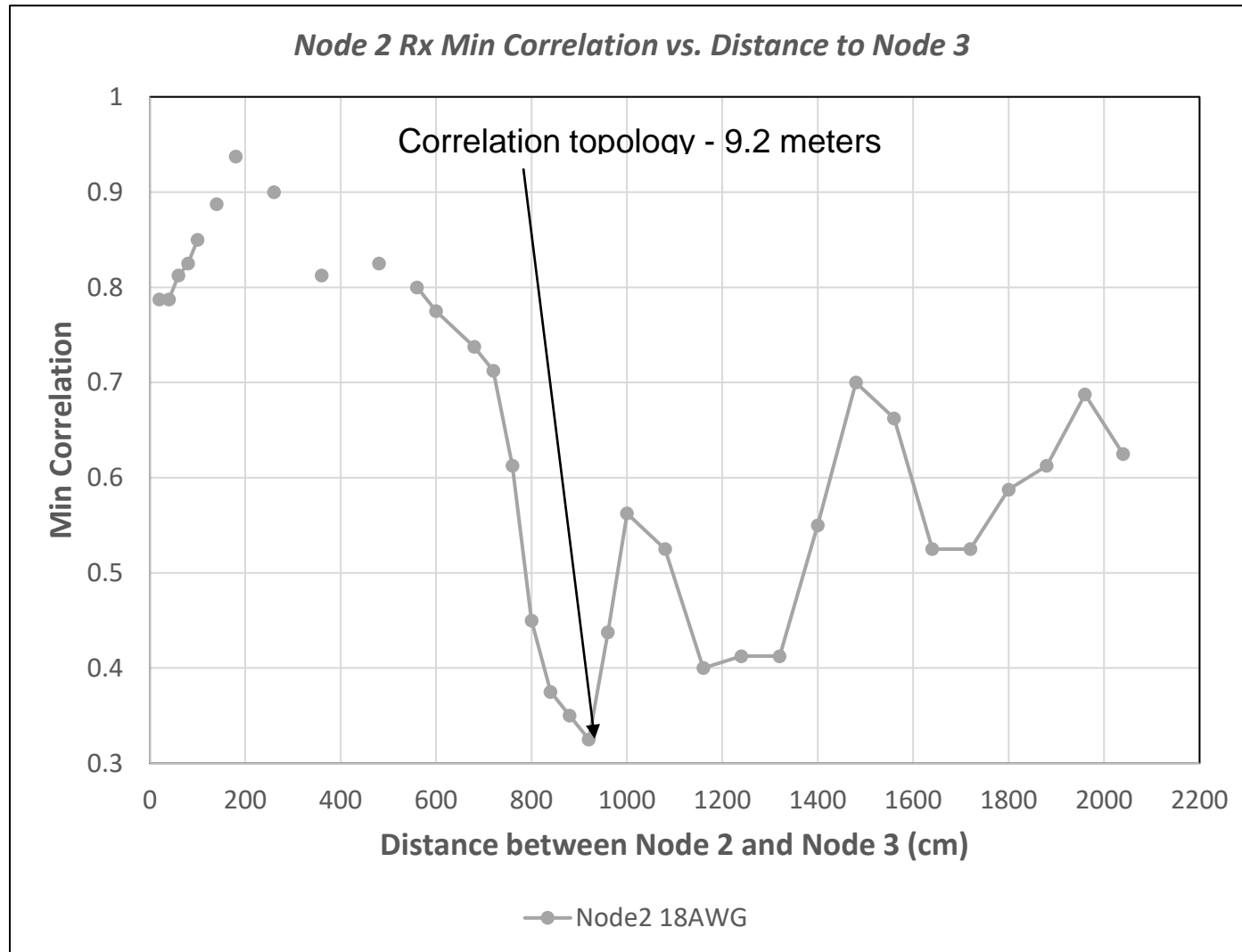
* NODE 3 through 16 clumped = 2.8 m

Mixing Segment Correlation Topology



- 75 m, 16 node, clumped topology
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Mixing Segment Insertion Loss vs AWG



- **Mixing Segment Insertion Loss vs AWG topology slide 8**