

IEEE P802.3ah EFM OAM Draft Development

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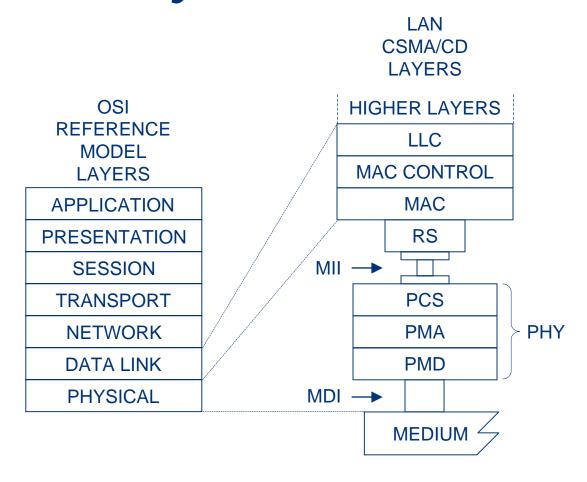


Introduction

Initial attempt at developing the first MAC OAM draft



OSI Layer Model





EFM OAM Objective

- Support far-end OAM for subscriber access networks:
 - Remote Failure Indication
 - Remote Loopback
 - Link Monitoring



High-level points

- Key Points (based on gentry_1_0302.pdf)
 - Uses 128 byte Frames
 - Provides:
 - Asynchronous Autonomous Reporting of Events
 - Failure Indications
 - MAC Layer Ping and Loopback Control
 - Extensible Management Control Channel
 - Link Monitoring
 - Performance Monitoring
 - Clause 30 Attributes
 - Vendor Extension Mechanism
 - Both fixed interval reporting and query response supported
 - Provides hook(s) for authentication



Approach

- The following slides cover several elements of developing the OAM draft.
- The <u>title</u> lists the topic. The <u>text</u> then provides details and in many cases raises issues needing resolution.
- In general, orange text represents questions or relatively new ideas being introduced.



OAM Frame Format

Suggested additions

MAC DA	MAC SA	Length/type	Sub type	Ver	Flags	Code	Data	FCS
6	6	2	1	1	1	1	106	4

Field	Description	Value		
MAC DA	Slow_Protocols_Multicast Address	01-80-c2-00-00-02		
MAC SA	Station's MAC Address	48-bit individual address of the station (egress port) sending the frame		
Length/type	Slow_Protocols_Type	88-09		
Subtype	Protocol Subtype	EFM OAM value (03 is next available)		
Version	OAM Protocol Version	01		
Flags	OAM Flags: RF, LF, etc	Remote/Local Fault, loopback, alarms, etc		
Code	OAM Code	00=Null, 01=Ping Req, 02=Response,		
Data	Up to 106 octets	Data/Pad		
FCS	Frame Check Sequence	32-bit CRC		



OAM Frame Format

- Version: signifies initial work by IEEE P802.3ah
- Flags: provides indication of remote/local fault, alarms
- Code: provides 256 opcodes
 - 128 allocated for OAM
 - 128 allocated for vendor extensions
- Data: provides payload for up to fifteen 32-bit counters or nine 64-bit counters



OAM Frame Generation

- OAM Frames are generated by MAC Clients
 - There is no restriction on how they are generated (hardware vs. software)
- OAM Frames are sent across a single link
 - P2P link (fiber or copper) or P2MP link
- OAM Frames are BPDUs and are not forwarded or switched by 802.1D bridges
- Slow Protocols recommends 5 fps maximum transmission rate
 - Unanswered question: Would .x Flow Control block MAC OAM Frames?



OAM Negotiation

- Determines if remote device has OAM enabled or not
 - If far-end does not support OAM or is disabled, what happens?
- Ability to negotiation upon link bring-up and any other time
- Authentication attribute included
- Peer/Peer mode
 - OAM provides ability to send stats/ping in both directions
 - Upper layers provide capability to control certain OAM features/directions
- Vendor extension capability discovered
 - Identified with OUI
- Unidirectional capability discovered
 - Work Item
 - Follow-up on unidirectional limitations with current PHYs
 - Clause 37 zeroed /C/ ordered sets set when sync=false
 - Need state between sync=true and link_ok=true
- Requires state machine
- Enables optional PHY OAM capability



OAM Unidirectional Operation

- EFM PHYs should support unidirectional link operation
 - When unidirectional, only OAM information is sent no user traffic is sent
 - EFM PHYs need an attribute defined whereby MAC client can determine unidirectional support



OAM & SNMP

- OAM supplements SNMP
- OAM provides means to retrieve/store remote stats
- New object class in Clause 30
 - oRemoteEntity
 - Must include provisions for 16+ ONUs
- SNMP can query remote stats after link/farend device failure
 - Failure determined outside context of reading stats



OAM & Authentication

- OAM provides hooks for authentication
- OAM defines authenticationState attribute
- Prior to authentication, minimal stats provided to remote node
- After authentication, complete stats provided to remote node
- Authentication mechanism not defined by EFM
 - Could use 802.1x, etc



OAM & MAC Layer Ping

- OAM Code defined for Ping Request
- OAM Code defined for Ping Response
- Non-modal: normal traffic/other OAM Frames may be interspersed
- Connectivity test only
 - Not BERT
 - Not throughput test



OAM & Attributes

- Clause 30 attributes sent as:
 - Type, Length (in octets), Value
 - Type from Annex 30A, start with tuple after csmacdmgmt.
- Full attribute of Tx Frames:
- {iso(1) member-body(2) us(840) 802dot3(10006) csmacdmgt(30) attribute(7) framesTransmittedOK(2)};
- Encoded as:

attribute	Tx Frames	64b	
0000 0111	0000 0010	0100 0000	value
8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	8-64 bits

Other attribute examples:

•	aFramesTransmittedOK	attribute(7), framesTransmittedOK(2)
•	aFramesReceivedOK	attribute(7), framesReceivedOK(5)
•	aFrameCheckSequenceErrors	attribute(7), frameCheckSequenceErrors(6)
•	aOctetsTransmittedOK	attribute(7), octetsTransmittedOK(8)
•	aOctetsReceivedOK	attribute(7), octetsReceivedOK(14)



OAM & Attributes

- Is 8-bits sufficient for first, second fields?
- Should an escape mechanism be included for attributes beyond 127?
 - 0xxx xxxx = Attribute (0..127)
 - 1000 0000 = Escape, go to next octet (add 128)
 - 0xxx xxxx = Attribute (128...255)
 - 1000 0001 = Escape, go to next octet (add 256)
 - 0xxx xxxx = Attribute (256...383)
 - . . .



OAM & Code Map

00	Local Capability
01	Remote Capability
02	Keep Alive
03	Event Notification
04	Loopback Control
05	reserved
06	Generate Ping
07	Echo Ping
08	Link Monitor Query
09	Link Monitor Response
0A	Attribute Query
0B	Attribute Response
0C-7F	Reserved
80-FF	Vendor Specific



- Local Capability
 - Sent during Negotiation
 - Negotiation protocol not yet determined
 - Data field not yet determined
 - Send state information



Remote Capability

- Sent during Negotiation
- Negotiation protocol not yet determined
- Data field not yet determined
 - Send state information



Keep Alive

- Sent once per second
- Flags sent
- Data field not yet determined
 - Could be left zeroed?
- Non-receipt of Link Monitor frames means either:
 - Far-end OAM disabled
 - Far-end OAM fault
 - 3. Link down in at least ingress direction

4.



Event Notification

- Includes event details
 - Should stats also be sent to troubleshoot
 - Maybe we define some subset that are included (frames lost, etc)
- Specify response time?
- Events included:
 - Remote Fault
 - Local Fault
 - Power failure?
 - Temperature alarms?
 - Dying gasp?
 - Signal degrade?
 - Local/remote reset detected?
- How many are standard OAM events and how many are out of scope (vendor specific extensions)?
 - Link specific events (such as specific to copper)



Loopback Control

- Enables/disables far-end frame-based loopback
- Implied failsafe timeout included in OAM?
 - Is timeout agreed or learned upon initialization?
 - When loopback enabled, start timer.
 - Exit loopback when either timer expires or when loopback disable command is received.

Review past discussion about path of loopedback frames



Generate Ping

- 106 octet data field not specified
- Data field intended to be copied verbatim in Echo Ping
- Sent any time
- Frequency up to 5 per second.
- Could be initiated by higher layer protocols.



- Echo Ping
 - 106 octet data field copied from Generate Ping



Link Monitor Query

- Request set of link/performance monitor attributes
 - Define subscriber access set from Clause 30?
 - Link/Performance monitor set #1:
 - aFramesTransmittedOK
 - 2. aFramesReceivedOK
 - a Frame Check Sequence Errors
 - aOctetsTransmittedOK
 - 5. aOctetsReceivedOK



- Link Monitor Response
 - Return set of link/performance monitor attributes



Attribute Query

- Request set of attributes, in form of:
 - Type, Type, Type, ... Null
- No limit to number of attributes queried
- Multiple attribute response frames can result from single query
- Far-end could ignore queries if too many queries received



- Attribute Response
 - Return set of attributes, in form of
 - Type, Length, Value; Type, Length, Value; ... Null



OAM & Code=0C-7F

Reserved for future use



OAM & Code=80-FF

- Vendor Specific
 - Reserved for vendor extensions