

Covering CSA with multipair G.shdsl

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Agenda

- Long Reach Application
- G.SHDSL technology and roadmap
- How to cover CSA technology comparison
- TCP/IP throughput dependence on BER and Delay
- Resiliency
- G.SHDSL Aggregation requirements
- Case Study
- Summary and Conclusions



Long Reach Application

- Customer Service Area (CSA):
 - 9Kft (2.7km) 26 AWG
 - 12Kft (3.7km) 24 AWG
- Bandwidth: >=10 Mbps
- Pair availability: 4-8 on average (max. 32)
- T1.417 (US)/Domestic (EU) spectral compatibility



Loop characteristics

- Variance in
 - Attenuation
 - X-talk
 - Bridge taps
- Impulse noise
- Micro-interruptions
- Line failures



Goals

- 10Mbps over CSA or more
- Efficient line utilization (non-uniform rates)
- Maximize throughput
 - Low Latency
 - Low BER
- Resiliency to micro-interruptions and impulse noise
- Recovery from line failures



TCP/IP throughput

 TCP/IP throughput is sensitive to BER and Delay characteristics of underlying transport.

Put a picture here!



Technology comparison

Max. Loop length @10 Mbps, 24 AWG, 25 pair binder, 25-N disturbers, 6dB Noise Margin.

Technology	Max. loop length
VDSL	~4-5 Kft
G.shdsl, single pair	N/A
MP G.shdsl, 5 pairs	~9 Kft or more
MP G.shdsl, 8 pairs	~12 Kft or more



Multi-pair G.SHDSL

- 10Mbps over CSA or more
 - Multi-pair bonding & graceful degradation
- Efficient line utilization (non-uniform rates)
 - Graceful degradation
 - Optimized Aggregation Algorithm (AA)
- Maximize throughput
 - Low Latency provided by AA
 - Low BER calls for FEC
- Resiliency to micro-interruptions and impulse noise
 - Supported by G.SHDSL, can be improved by FEC
- Recovery from line failures
 - Calls for Dynamic AA



Conclusion

- G.SHDSL is an existing standard technology with commercially available chipsets.
- Multi-pair G.SHDSL answer the Long Reach requirements.
- Further study shall be done to enhance baseline Aggregation proposal.

