EFM OAM Coding Violation Counters

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Coding Violation Counters

• 1000BASE-X

Define a new 8B/10B coding violation counter that increments for all INVALID code-groups based on the running disparity rules and Tables 36-1 & 36-2

16-bit counter supports a BER of $5x10^{-4}$ without reaching a max value in 1 sec – 65535 / (125x10⁶) = 5.24x10⁻⁴ – granularity is 10 bits

100BASE-X

Define a new 4B/5B coding violation counter that increments for all INVALID code-groups, other than /H/, as defined in Table 24-1

16-bit counter supports a BER of 2.6×10^{-3} without reaching a max value in 1 sec – 65535 / (25×10^{6}) = 2.62×10^{-3} – granularity is 5 bits

Applications

Access counters directly

Used by upper layer applications and directed tests X BER for Y time requires Z counter bits (see previous slide)

Provide thresholds & alarms

Eliminates polling by upper layer applications

Ideal to detect

Errored Seconds (ES – a second with >= 1 violation)

Severely Errored Seconds (SES – a second with >= X violations)

Even better to track these over many seconds

Alarm after Y Errored Seconds or Z Severely Errored Seconds

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What gets spec'ed?

- The dilemma is how much to standardize
- Need to add the 2 counters but how wide?
- Add a threshold to look for SES?
- Add an ES & SES alarms?
- Add counters to count ES & SES?
- Add ES & SES counter thresholds to generate alarms?

Recommendation

- In D1.1, only add Coding Violation Counters
- Request comments and associated presentations to add supporting logic