Change 1-07/15

- The purpose, objective, or problem
 - The IEEE 802.3 Rules are based on a list of outdated references (for example, it does not include the IEEE 802 LMSC WG P&P)
 - Note that the IEEE 802 LMSC WG P&P and OM are currently being revised
 - The references need to be updated and text modified to become consistent with the references
 - Grammatical and spelling errors should also be corrected
- Specific text changes are shown in the following slides

Operating Rules of IEEE Project 802 Working Group 802.3, CSMA/CD LANs

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group Operations Manual (OM)

Version 6.x approved xxth Month yyyy

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Version 5.2 approved March 11,1999 Version 5.2.1 editorial update October 11, 1999 Version 5.2.2 editorial update March 07, 2000

Version 5.1 approved November 12, 1998

Version 5.0 Approved November 13, 1997

IEEE Project 802 CSMA/CD Working Group 802.3

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group

These Operating Rules This operations manual can be found at the following URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/rules/index.html

Contents

1.	Overview	. 3				
2.	Working Group					
	2.1 Function					
	2.2 Precedence of Operating Rules					
	2.3 Chairman and Vice-Chairman					
	2.4 Working Group Advisory Core					
	2.4.1 Function					
	2.4.2 Membership					
	2.5 Treasury					
	2.6 Membership					
	2.7 Working Group Plenary					
	2.8 WG Balloting					
	2.8.1 Draft Standard Balloting Group					
	2.8.2 Draft Standard Balloting Requirments					
	2.8.3 Draft Standard Formatting Requirments					
	2.8.4 Ballot Process Requirements					
	2.9 Maintenance of Operating Rules					
3.	Task Forces.	. 9				
	3.1 Function	. 9				
	3.2 Chair	. 9				
	3.3 Membership	. 9				
	3.3.1 Rights					
	3.3.2 Meetings and Participation					
	3.4 Operation of the Task Force					
	3.4.1 Chair's Function	10				
	3.4.2 Voting	10				
	3.4.3 Task Force Chair's Responsibilities					
	3.4.4 Task Force Chair's Authority					
	3.4.5 Precedence of Operating Rules	11				
	3.5 Deactivation of a Task Force					
4.	IEEE 802.3 Study Groups	12				
	4.1 Function	12				
	4.2 Formation	12				
	4.3 Continuation	12				
	4.4 Study Group Operation	12				
	4.4.1 Study Group Meetings	12				
	4.4.2 Voting at Study Group Meetings	12				
5.	Maintenance	12				
_						
6.	5. Inquiries/Interpretations					
7	Ducandama Continu	12				
7.	Procedure Section					

7.1	Overv	riew of the Project Process	-13
		Call for interest	
	7.1.2	Study Group	13
		Task Force	
	7.1.4	Working Group Ballot	14
		Sponsor ballot	
		Standards Board Approval	
	7.1.7	Publication	15
7.2	Five (Criteria	16

References

- [1] IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures http://standards.ieee.org/board/aud/LMSC.pdf
- [2] IEEE Standards Companion
 http://standards.ieee.org/guides/companion/
- [3] IEEE SA Standards Board Operations Manual http://standards.ieee.org/guides/opman/
- [4] IEEE SA Standards Board Bylaws http://standards.ieee.org/guides/bylaws/
- [5] Overview and guide to the IEEE 802 LMSC http://www.ieee802.org/802 overview.pdf
- [6] IEEE 802 LMSC Chair's guidelines http://www.ieee802.org/chairguides.html
- [7] IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) Working Group (WG) Policies and Procedures (P&P)

 <Add hyperlink>
- [8] <u>IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) Operations Manual (OM)</u>

1. Overview

The IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group (WG) is responsible for developing Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detect (CSMA/CD) based Local Area Network (LAN) standards the Standard for Ethernet under the auspices of the IEEE Project-802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC). The WG is one of several working groups reporting to the LMSC Executive Committee (EC). The WG operates under the IEEE project-802 LAN MAN Standards Committee LMSC WG Policies and Procedures (LMSCP&P) policies and procedures (ref-[1]) and the hierarchy of rules under which LMSC operates.

The LMSC is directed by the LMSC EC. The LMSC EC serves as the EC for both the sponsor ballot groups as well as the Standards Development Groups. LMSC has been divided into Working Groups, Technical Advisory Groups and, on a temporary basis, Executive Committee Study Groups to standardize technologies applicable to local and metropolitan area networks. See Figure 1

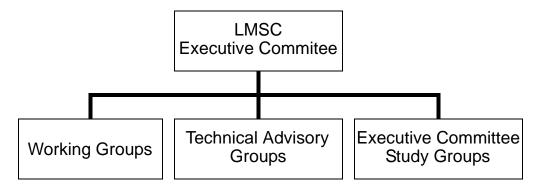


Figure 1 — LMSC Organizational Structure

A brief overview of the standards development process is provided in clause 7.1 of this document.

2. Working Group

2.1 Function

The WG is chartered to maintain and revise the Ethernet standard, develop new Ethernet standards in a reasonable time frame, forward these standards to ISO/IEC JTC1 SC6, and maintain liaisons with other groups within the LMSC and other relevant standards development organizations.

The WG's charter is to develop Physical layer and MAC sub-layer specifications based on the Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detect (CSMA/CD) protocol. Standards efforts are carried out under Project Authorization Requests (PARPARs) approved by the IEEE-SA Standards Board and assigned to the WG. Since the scope of standards work which comprises WG activity is widely dispersed in time, technology and structure, individual standards activities within the WG are, at the discretion of the WG, carried out by Task Forces (TF) operating under, and reporting to, the WG. A TF may in turn create Sub-Task Forces as necessary to accomplish the work of the TF. The WG activities are administered by the WG Chair who is assisted in this task by the Working Group Advisory Core (see 2.4).

The WG is chartered to maintain and revise the IEEE 802.3 standard, develop new standards in a reasonable time frame within the scope of the LMSC, forward these standards to ISO/IEC JTC1, and maintain liaisons with other groups within LMSC and other relevant standards setting bodies. The WG activities are administered by the WG Chair who is assisted in this task by the Working Group Advisor Core (see 2.4).

The structure of the WG is illustrated in Figure 2-.

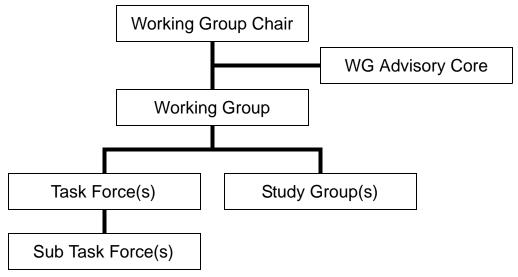


Figure 2 — Working Group Organizational Structure

2.2 Precedence of Operating Rules

The rules governing Working Group FunctionsWG functions, responsibilities of WG officers, Chair and Vice ChairWG membership, MembershipWG meetings, meetings and the operation of a Working Group etc. are provided by the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies LMSC WG P&P [1] and procedures and the hierarchy of rules under which the LMSC operates contained therein. These rules are all-included in this document by reference and are not reproduced here, however. However the reader is encouraged to become familiar with these rules in addition to the rules provided in this document. If the WG Operating Rules this operations manual conflicts with the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures LMSC WG P&P or the hierarchy of rules contained therein, then the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures supervisory rules shall take precedence.

2.3 Chairman and Vice-Chairman

The rules and procedures for the election of, and the terms served by, the WG Chair and Vice-Chair are contained in the Operating rules of IEEE Project 802 (See ref [1], 7.2.2). Removal of the WG Chair or Vice-Chair is also covered by this document (See ref [1], 7.2.4.4).

2.4 Working Group Advisory Core

The WG Advisory Core (AC) functions as the coordinating body supporting the Chair in formulations of policy and the performance of his duties. The WG AC has no formal meetings, voting procedures nor policies. The intent is to have the WG AC operate in a consultative manner. There is adequate policy and procedural rigor imposed on the WG by the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures and its hierarchy of rules.

2.4.1 Function

The function of the WG AC is to assist the WG Chair in performing the following tasks:

- a) Providing procedural and, if necessary, technical guidance to the Task Forces and Study Groups (SG) as it relates to their charters.
- b) Overseeing WG, TF and SG operation to see that it is within the scope of WG.
- c) Examining TF draft standards proposed for submission to WG ballot.
- d) Considering complaints of TF and SG members and their resolution at the Plenary, TF and SG.
- e) Managing WG logistics, e.g. concurrent TF and SG meetings, etc.
- f) Act as the WG EC for treasury matters (see [1], 14.1).

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.4, "WG financial operation with treasury" has been removed. It is expected to be relocated to the LMSC OM 15.1 (version 17.1).

2.4.2 Membership

Membership of the WG AC is composed of of, at least, the following WG officers:

- a) WG Vice-Chair.
- b) Executors (e.g., Recording Secretary).
- c) Task Force Chairs.
- d) Study Group Chairs.

2.5 Treasury

The WG AC shall act as the WG EC for treasury matters. The WG AC shall use LMSC EC procedures (including electronic voting) for required approvals related to the operation of the WG Treasury.

2.6 Membership

The rules and procedures governing WG membership including establishment, retention, loss and rights are contained in the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee LMSC WG P&P (LMSC) policies and procedures (See see ref [1], 7.2.3).

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.4, "Working Group Membership Status" is addressed in 4.2.

The following additional requirements are imposed within the WG:

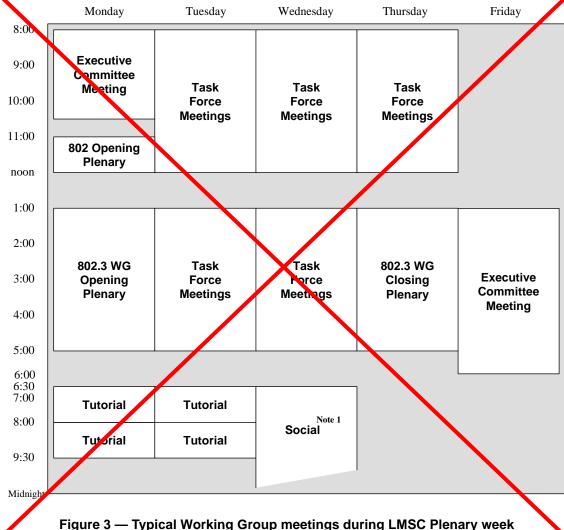
- a) TF and SG meetings that are less than two days in duration or that take place adjunct to and colocated with the plenary meeting cannot be used to count towards establishing nor retaining voting rights.
- b) A SG meeting may only count toward establishing or retaining voting rights if it is co-located with another IEEE 802.3 Task Force meeting.
- c) To establish voting rights participants must request to become a voter during a WG Opening or Closing plenary meeting when additions to the voter list are solicited by the Chair from the "Potential-Potential Voter" list.
- d) To establish and retain voting rights participants must record and maintain valid contact information in the WG database. All acknowledgements and information required by the IEEE Standards Association (e.g., Employer and Affiliation) shall also be provided and current.

2.7 Meetings

The WG meets during a WG plenary and may also meet during a WG interim meeting series.

2.7.1 Working Group Plenary

The WG plenary is a meeting of individuals interested in developing and maintaining CSMA/CD-Ethernet standards. The WG plenary is conducted three times a year as part of the LMSC plenary meetings (see ref [5]1997-2015) meetings. Typically the WG Opening/Closing plenary. A typical schedule for meetings are nested between the LMSC opening during a plenary and closing LMSC EC meetings (see week is shown in Figure 3).. Occasionally there are TF meetings during the Executive committee meeting on Monday morn-

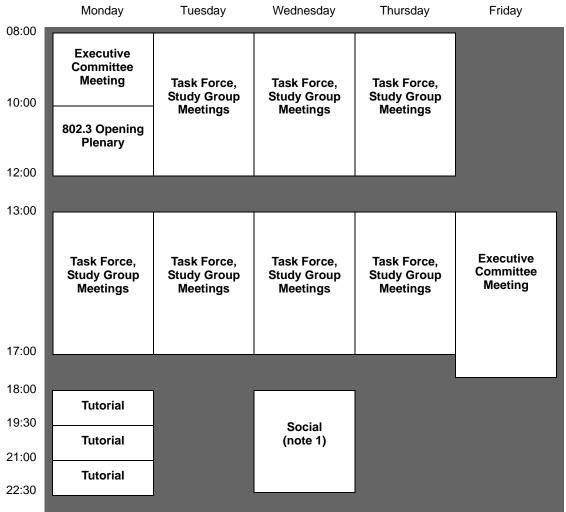


ing and/or the weekend proceeding preceding the plenary.

The WG plenary is open to all registered LMSC attendees. To be registered, the attendee must pay the registration fee for that LMSC Plenary week. As is the case with all LMSC Working Group meetings only voting members have the right to participate in the discussions (see ref [1], 7.2.3.5). The privilege of observers to participate in discussions may be granted by a LMSC Working Group Chair. Within the WG the privilege of observers to participate in discussions is granted by default.

The Plenary is conducted by the WG Chair or the Chair's designated delegate. The WG Opening plenary meeting will include the presentation of the following information:

The WG membership hierarchy of rules.



NOTE 1 - The social is a time place holder and not requirement of the plenary week.

Figure 3 — Typical Working Group meetings during LMSC Plenary week

- b) The existence of these operating rules and the URL where they can be obtained.
- c) The existence of the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures and the URL where they can be obtained.
- d) The agenda (which was distributed earlier) including any items requiring a vote.
- e) The roll of current voters.

The function of the plenary meetings is to gather and disseminate information and take action as follows including the following:

- a) Status reports from the Task Forces and Study Groups.
- b) Liaison reports from other standards organizations, other LMSC WGs and TAGs.
- c) Reports on schedules for future Plenary meetings.
- d) Announcements and general news.
- e) Vote on such matters that may be brought before it such as recommendations of its Task Forces and the election of WG officers.
- f) Make recommendations for EC action with respect to standards projects, LMSC and liaison matters.
- g) Calls for interest in new work items.
- h) Call for relevant patents

Note 1: The social is a time place holder and not a requirement of the plenary week.

2.7.2 Working Group interim Interim meeting series

A Working Group interim meeting series is a meeting series at which all Task Forces and Study Groups meet, with the exception of projects with drafts submitted for approval by RevCom, and at which the Working Group may meet to consider actions.

An IEEE 802.3 Working Group interim meeting shall only occur at an IEEE 802.3 interim meeting series.

Task Forces and Study Groups may arrange additional interim meetings outside of a Working Group Plenary or interim meeting series.

2.8 WG Balloting

A draft must successfully pass a WG letter ballot (conditional approval excepted) before it can be can be forwarded to the Executive Committee for approval for Sponsor Group voting. The rules and procedures governing WG letter ballots, comment resolution resolution, and confirmation letter ballots recirculations are contained in the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee LSMC WG P&P (LMSC) policies and procedures (See ref see [1], 79.2.4.2.26). An overview of the process is also provided in subclause 7.1 of this document.

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.1, "Actions requiring an electronic ballot" is addressed in 11.0.

The following additional requirements are imposed within the WG.

2.8.1 Draft Standard Balloting Group

The WG balloting group consists of all voting members of the WG as of the close of day the ballot package distribution was completed as determined by the WG Chair.

2.8.2 Draft Standard Balloting Requirments Requirements

Before a draft is submitted to WG letter ballot it shall in addition have met the following requirements:

- a) It must be complete with no open technical issues.
- b) It must be made available for pre-view by the membership at least 10 days prior to the Working Group meeting where the draft will be considered. If any changes are made to the draft after the draft it was made available for pre-view view, the textual-changes shall be presented for review immediately-prior to the vote for approval to go to WG ballot.
- c) It must be formatted according to the IEEE style selected by the WG Chair. This style will be selected to minimize the editorial work required for publication of the draft.
- d) During a plenary week, it must be approved for submittal to WG ballot at the WG closing plenary.

The following additional condition shall be met for a WG letter ballot to be considered valid:

Of For the returned ballots the WG letter ballot to be considered valid, abstention rate must shall be less than 30%.

2.8.3 Draft Standard Formatting Requirements

The draft must be provided <u>in to</u> the <u>current IEEE electronic formatin Adobe® Framemaker®</u>. At a minimum this shall be completed prior to the Sponsor ballot however it is preferable that the draft be maintained in this format for its entire life.

Areas affecting existing clauses of IEEE Std 802.3 shall be shown in the draft in underscore and strikeout against the current standard. Note that the current standard may not be the same as the published standard due to approved but unpublished supplements.

2.8.4 Ballot Process Requirements

All WG ballots are conducted through electronic means. Initial WG ballots on project drafts shall be a minimum of 30 days in duration (including e-mail time). WG Recirculation letter ballots shall be a minimum of 15 days in duration (including e-mail time). The ballot period may be extended if the volume of balloted material justifies. It is strongly recommended that the period for anticipated ballots be announced at the Working Group meeting where ballot submission is approved.

WG ballots of amendments and corrigenda shall also include access to the approved base standard and any approved amendments and corrigenda in order to provide sufficient information to the ballot group.

2.9 Maintenance of Operating Rules the Operations Manual

Workin Group operating rules are a requirement of the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures, which state that the WG chair shall:

"Establish Working Group rules beyond the Working Group rules set down by the Executive Committee. These rules must be written and all Working Group members must be aware of them."

The WG operating rules are to be Operations Manual is documented by the Vice-Chair and are to be made available in paper form in the meetings and posted in the IEEE 802.3 Ethernet WG area of the IEEE web site. Suggestions for improvements should be submitted to the Vice-Chair who will bring them up for discussion discussion at the following plenary.

Proposed changes must be received no latter later than the night before the WG opening plenary. If there are any proposed changes a meeting will be held to discuss the changes. The changes will then be pre-circulated prior to the next plenary and an announcement will be made at that WG opening plenary that a vote will be taken on the changes at the WG closing plenary (see below).

Proposed improvements shall be in written form and should include:

a) The purpose, objective, or problem the proposed change is intended to address.

<u>Proposed improvements shall be in written form and should include:</u> The <u>purpose, objective, or problem the proposed change is intended to address and the specific text of the rule change and the rationale for the chosen-chosen text.</u>

Those proposing rule changes are encouraged to seek the advice of any member of the WG AC or other experienced members to help form the wording in a manner appropriate for and consistent with the WG 802.3 Operating Rules-Operations Manual

These rules of operation of the The WG OM can be changed by either:

- a) A minimum 75% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the WG closing plenary.
- b) An affirmative WG letter ballot. This ballot shall follow the normal letter ballot requirements (see 2.8.2).

Proposed changes shall be made available for pre-view by the membership by the Monday prior to the plenary week. If a request is made for a letter ballot this request will be discussed and voted on at the closing plenary. A greater than 50% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the closing plenary is required for a change to be sent out for a WG letter ballot. This letter ballot, as with all letter ballots, will count against voting rights. If no such request for a letter ballot is made, or the request fails, the change itself will be voted on at the closing plenary. A motion requesting a letter ballot will take precedence over a motion to approve the changes.

All changes must be approved by the EC.

3. Task Forces

3.1 Function

The function of the Task Force is to produce a draft standard, recommended practice or guideline. These shall be within the scope of the LMSC, the charter of the WG and under an approved PAR as established by the LMSC EC and approved by the IEEE Standards Board. After the publication by the IEEE of the standard, recommended practice or guideline, the function of the TF is complete and its charter expires (see 3.5). It is a function of the WG to maintain published IEEE 802.3 standards (see Clause 8).

3.2 Chair

The TF is led by a TF Chair. TF Chairs shall be appointed by the WG chair and confirmed by a TF motion that is approved by a minimum 75% majority.

3.3 Membership

The TF Chair may choose to establish TF membership rules if the TF Chair believes it is necessary to ensure that the business of the TF moves forward in an orderly basis. In this case the TF shall follow the same membership requirements and the same voting rules as the WG.

Within the WG a A TF operates by default without membership rules for voting.

3.3.1 Rights

The rights of the TF participants include the following:

- a) To receive a notice of the next meeting and agenda.
- b) To receive a copy of the meeting minutes.
- c) To vote at meetings if present and, if the TF is operating with membership rules for voting, qualified under the voting rules.
- d) To examine all working draft documents.
- e) To lodge complaints about TF operation with any member of the WG AC.

3.3.2 Meetings and Participation

All TF meetings are open. Attention is however drawn to the registration requirements for all WG members and observers attending the LMSC Plenary where TF meetings also occur. If the TF Chair has decided to institute membership rules only TF members have the right to participate in the discussions. In this case, the TF chair may grant observers the privilege of participating in discussions.

A TF will normally meet during the week of the LMSC plenary. The WG Chair determines, taking into account TF status, if this plenary week TF meeting is not required. Depending on the work load, interim TF meetings can be held between the LMSC plenarys plenary meetings as often as required and agreed to by the TF membership. A meeting notice and outline agenda shall be made available 30 days prior to any meeting. In addition this notice and agenda shall be sent to the email_e-mail_list of all active participants (voters, observers, liaisons and LMSC Executive Committee). This notice will include as a minimum the date, time, location, host, hotel details, meeting fees and cut-off dates, travel details if necessary and a stated purpose. TF meetings that are less than two days in duration or that take place adjunct to and co-located with the Plenary meeting do not count towards WG voting rights.

3.4 Operation of the Task Force

The operation of the TF has to be balanced between democratic procedures that reflect the desires of the TF members and the TF Chair's responsibility to produce a draft standard, recommended practice, or guideline in a reasonable amount of time for review and approval by the WG. Robert's Rules of Order shall be used in combination with these operating rules to achieve this balance. At no time will the IEEE's operating rules, which are base upon ANSI's procedures for openness and fairness, be compromised.

3.4.1 Chair's Function

The Chair of a TF may decide procedural issues or may put them to a vote of the TF. The TF participants and the Chair decide technical issues by vote. The TF Chair decides what is procedural and what is technical.

3.4.2 Voting

There are two type of votes in the TF; votes on motions and votes in straw polls.

Where a TF is operating with membership rules for voting (see 3.3) only the TF members can make and vote on motions. Where these membership rules are not in force any TF participant is entitled to make motions and all TF participants who are present at the time the vote is taken have the right to vote on the motion, subject only to the provision that they believe that they are qualified to vote on the matter before the TF.

In all cases, regardless of any membership rules that may or may not be in force, all participants who feel qualified may participate in a straw poll.

Motions are defined as either technical or procedural by the TF Chair. On a technical motion, a vote is carried by a minimum 75% approval of the sum of those voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve". On a procedural motion, a vote is carried by a greater than 50% approval of the sum of those voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve". Any vote can be subjected to ratification at the WG level under WG voting rules (See ref [1], 7.2.4.2).

The decision to define a motion as technical or procedural rests with the TF Chair. Generally a technical motion is defined as a motion that will materially effect the content of a draft. This is because a draft itself will ultimately be subject to a 75% majority vote at both WG and LMSC ballot.

The decision by the TF to request the WG to submit a draft standard or a revised standard to the WG ballot group must be ratified by the TF as a technical vote.

3.4.3 Task Force Chair's Responsibilities

The main responsibility of the TF Chair is to ensure the production, and to guide through the approval and publication process, a draft standard, recommended practice or guideline, or revision to an existing document as defined by the relevant PAR. The responsibilities include:

- a) Call meetings and issue a notice and agenda for each meeting at least 30 days prior to the meeting.
- b) Appoint a Recording Secretary for each meeting.
- c) Issue meeting minutes and important requested documents to members of the TF, the WG AC, and liaison groups. The meetings minutes are to include:
 - 1) list of participants
 - 2) next meeting schedule
 - 3) agenda as revised at the start of the meeting
 - 4) voting record:
 - i) resolution
 - ii) mover and seconder
 - iii) numeric results
- d) Hold officer elections when necessary.
- e) Maintain liaison with other organizations at the direction of the WG AC or at the discretion of the TF Chair with the approval of the WG AC. All liaison and liaison statements shall be approved by the LMSC EC.
- f) Work with the IEEE staff to complete the publication process for the draft standard, recommended practice or guideline.

Sufficient detail shall be presented in the meeting minutes to allow a person knowledgeable of the activity, but not present at the discussion, to understand what was agreed to and why. Minutes shall be distributed within 45 days of the meeting to the attendees of the meeting, all TF participants and all liaison groups.

Any TF which wishes to reference a standard developed or under development by another organization within LMSC, by another IEEE group or by an external organization, should refer to the requirements of subclause 3.5.3.2 of the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures (ref [1]).

3.4.4 Task Force Chair's Authority

To carry out the responsibilities cited in Section 3.4.3, the TF Chair has authority to:

- a) Call meetings and issue meeting minutes.
- b) Decide which issues are technical and which are procedural.
- c) Establish TF rules beyond the WG rules. These rules must be written and all TF members must be aware of them.
- d) Assign/unassign subtasks and task leaders or executors, e.g. secretary, subgroup Chair, etc.
- e) Speak for the TF to the WG.
- f) Determine if the TF is being dominated by an organization or consortium, and, if so, raise the issue to the WG AC.
- g) Make final determination if and how negative letter ballots are to be resolved when a draft standard, recommended practice, or guideline, is to be sent to the WG for approval for LMSC letter ballot or Standards Board approval under the guidance of the WG Chair.
- h) Be representative of the TF during coordination and interaction with IEEE staff.
- i) Collect fees to meet TF expenses as required.

3.4.5 Precedence of Operating Rules

If TF operating rules conflicts with the WG operating rules, then the WG operating rules shall take precedence.

3.5 Deactivation of a Task Force

After the objective of the TF is complete, its charter expires and it is deactivated. The TF or the WG may deactivate a TF. If the TF has not completed its work within its allotted period of time, the TF can be disbanded by a vote of the TF or the WG. A deactivated TF is completely abolished.

4. IEEE 802.3 Study Groups

4.1 Function

The function of a Study Group is to complete a defined task with specific output and in a specific time frame established within which they are allowed to study the subject. Once this task is complete the function of the SG is complete and its charter expires.

The normal function of a_an_IEEE 802.3 Study Group (SG) is to draft a complete PAR and five criteria responses to the Critera for Standards Development (CSD) (see 7.27.3) and to gain approval for them at the WG, LMSC EC, IEEE-SA New Standards Committee (NesCom) and the IEEE Standards Board. The decision of whether to utilize the WG, or to establish a new Working Group or Technical Advisory Group (TAG) to carry out work items recommended by a SG is be-made by the EC with due consideration of advice from the WG.

4.2 Formation

A SG is formed when enough interest has been identified for a particular area of study within the scope of the WG. The first step in the process is a call for interest. This can be made at the WG opening plenary by any member. Any request to make a call for interest shall be made to the WG Chair. This request shall be made at least 35 days in advance of the start of the WG plenary. A SG can then be initiated by vote of the WG and must be approved by the LMSC EC. During this approval process the LMSC EC decides whether a SG is within the scope of the WG, should be moved to another Working Group or should be set up as an Executive Committee Study Group (ECSG).

4.3 Continuation

A SG exists for up to 6 months. If it has not completed its work within that time, a request must be made to the WG for an extension for up to 6 months. Any request for SG extension will be voted upon at the WG closing plenary plenary and is also subject to approval by the LMSC EC.

4.4 Study Group Operation

Study groups follow the operating procedures for Task Forces specified above with the following exceptions detailed below exceptions.

4.4.1 Study Group Meetings

Participation at a duly constituted Study Group meeting will count towards the 75% presence at a Working Group meeting.

4.4.2 Voting at Study Group Meetings

Any person attending a Study Group meeting may participate in SG discussions, make motions and vote on all motions (including recommending approval of a PAR and five criteria) if the person feels qualified to do so.

5. Maintenance

Maintenance of the IEEE 802.3 standard is performed by the maintenance TF. The maintenance TF is a standing TF. It takes out a PAR when sufficient maintenance requests have been received for a ballot, a study group is not normally required to write the PAR for the maintenance TF.

The maintenance TF follows all the rules of a normal task force described above with the exception that there are no TF meetings when there are no outstanding maintenance requests requiring action.

6. Inquiries/Interpretations

Inquiries and interpretations of standards, recommended practices or guideline that were generated by a WG TF shall be directed to the WG Chair. The Chair or his designate shall attempt to resolve the inquiry or interpretation if possible, and the Chair, or his designate, may petition the WG to reactivate the TF if necessary. An interpretation request may also be forwarded to the maintenance TF.

All interpretations require approval by the WG before they can be published. This approval can be given by either:

- a) A minimum 75% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the WG closing plenary.
- b) An affirmative WG letter ballot. This ballot shall follow the normal letter ballot requirements (see 2.8.2).

If a request is made for a letter ballot this request will be discussed and voted on at the closing plenary. A greater than 50% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the WG closing plenary is required for a interpretation to be sent out for a WG letter ballot. If no such request for a letter ballot is made, or the request fails, the interpretation itself will be voted on at the closing plenary. A motion requesting a letter ballot will take precedence over a motion to approve the interpretation.

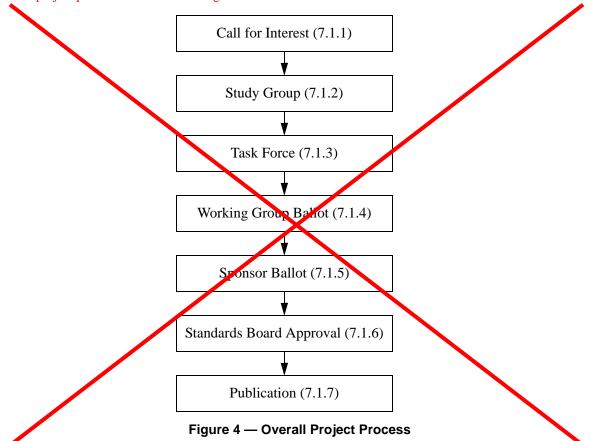
7. Procedure Section

This section contains procedures that are specific to certain activities within the WG. Note that some procedures, such as obtaining PARs and coordination with other standards bodies are covered by the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures and are not reproduced here.

7.1 Overview of the Project Process

The following subclauses give a brief overview of the entire project process. For a detail explanation of the processes and procedures involved the reader is encouraged to consult the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures (ref [1]), The IEEE SA Standards Companion (ref [2]), the IEEE SA Standards Operations Manual (ref [3]) and the IEEE SA Standards Board Bylaws (ref [4]).

This project process is illustrated in Figure 4.



7.1.1 Call for interest

A call for interest in a subject is made in the WG plenary (see 4.2,).

7.1.2 Study Group

Study Groups are covered in Clause 4 and the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures (see ref [1], 7.4). Steps in this stage include:

- Develop PAR and Five Criteria (see 7.2).
- Provide a plenary week tutorial to the LMSC.
- Obtain approval at the WG, LMSC EC, NesCom and IEEE SA Standards Board.

7.1.3 Task Force

Task Forces are covered in Clause 3 of this documents. Steps in this stage include:

- Develop goals.
- Develop agreed upon complete draft.

7.1.4 Working Group Ballot

Working Group ballots are covered in subclause 2.8 and the IEEE project 802 LAN MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) policies and procedures (see ref [1], 7.2.4.2.2). Steps in this stage include:-

- WG pre-view of document.
- Conduct WG ballot.
- Resolve comments from WG ballot.
- Re-circulate for approval including any unresolved negatives and revised areas in ballot package.
- Iterate to closure.

This process is illustrated in Figure 5.

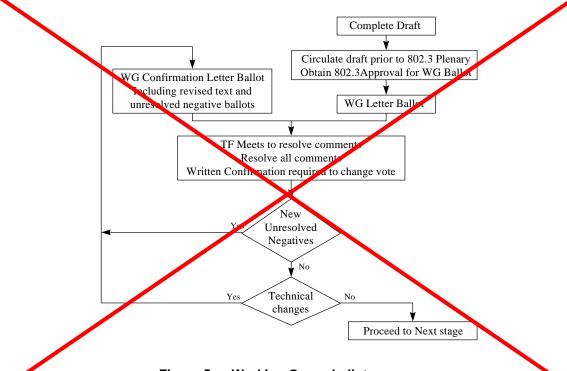


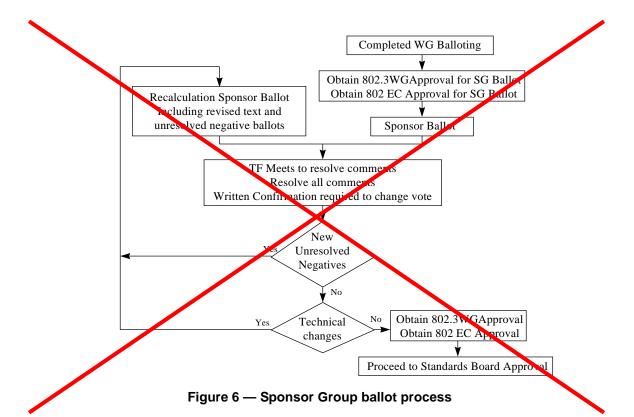
Figure 5 — Working Group ballot process

7.1.5 Sponsor ballot

Sponsor ballots are covered in detail in the IEEE Standards Companion (see ref [2]). Steps in this stage include:-

- Obtain approval for Sponsor ballot from the WG and LMSC EC.
- Form ballot pool using the IEEE staff.
- Submit draft to IEEE for Sponsor ballot.
- Resolve comments from Sponsor ballot.
- Re-circulate for approval including any unresolved negatives and revised areas in ballot package.
- Iterate to closure.

This process is illustrated in Figure 6.



7.1.6 Standards Board Approval

- Obtain approval for submission from the WG and LMSC EC.
- Check for Intellectual Property Rights requirments.
- Submit to RevCom and IEEE Standards Board for approval.

7.1.7 Publication

- Support IEEE editor in preparation for publication.
- Maintenance Phase.

7.2 Five Criteria

7.3 Criteria for Standards Development

When a study group presents a request to the WG for the WG to forward a draft PAR to the LMSC EC for approval, the SG shall in addition present a completed set of responses to the 'five criteria' Criteria for Standards Development (CSD) (see LMSC P&P 17.5[2]). An IEEE 802.3 project shall also address the following:

7.3.1 Five Criteria (5C) requirements

An IEEE 802.3 project shall also address the following:

Compatibility

- Compatibility with IEEE Std 802.3

- Conformance with the IEEE Std 802.3 MAC
- Managed object definitions compatible with SNMP

Distinct Identity

- Substantially different from other IEEE 802.3 specifications/solutions.

Technical Feasibility

- Confidence in reliability

8. Maintenance

Maintenance of the IEEE 802.3 standard is performed by the Maintenance TF. The Maintenance TF is a standing TF. It takes out a PAR when sufficient maintenance requests have been received for a ballot and a study group is not normally required to write the PAR for the Maintenance TF.

The maintenance TF follows all the rules of a normal task force described above with the exception that there are no TF meetings when there are no outstanding maintenance requests requiring action.

"Clean" version

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IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group

This operations manual can be found at the following URL:http://www.ieee802.org/3/rules/index.html

1.Overview					
2.Working Group	2				
2.1 Function					
2.2 Precedence of Operating Rules					
2.3 Working Group Advisory Core					
2.3.1 Function					
2.3.1 Function					
2.4 Membership					
•					
2.5 Meetings					
2.5.1 Working Group Plenary	4				
2.5.2 Working Group Interim meeting series					
2.6 WG Balloting					
2.6.1 Draft Standard Balloting Group					
2.6.2 Draft Standard Balloting Requirements					
2.6.3 Draft Standard Formatting Requirements					
2.6.4 Ballot Process Requirements	6				
2.7 Maintenance of the Operations Manual	7				
3.Task Forces					
3.1 Function					
3.2 Chair	7				
3.3 Membership	8				
3.3.1 Rights	8				
3.3.2 Meetings and Participation	8				
3.4 Operation of the Task Force					
3.4.1 Chair's Function					
3.4.2 Voting					
3.4.3 Task Force Chair's Responsibilities					
3.4.4 Task Force Chair's Authority					
3.4.5 Precedence of Operating Rules	10				
3.5 Deactivation of a Task Force					
Sign Deach value of a rapk reference	10				
4.IEEE 802.3 Study Groups	10				
4.1 Function					
4.2 Formation					
4.3 Continuation					
4.4 Study Group Operation					
4.4.1 Voting at Study Group Meetings					
4.5 Criteria for Standards Development					
4.5.1 Five Criteria (5C) requirements	11				
5.Maintenance	11				
.7.IVIAIIIIQIIAIIQ	11				

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- [1] IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) Working Group (WG) Policies and Procedures (P&P)
 - <Add hyperlink>
- [2] IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) Operations Manual (OM) <Add hyperlink>

1. Overview

The IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group (WG) is responsible for developing the Standard for Ethernet under the auspices of the IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC). The WG is one of several working groups reporting to the LMSC Executive Committee (EC). The WG operates under the IEEE 802 LMSC WG Policies and Procedures (P&P) [1].

The LMSC is directed by the LMSC EC. The LMSC EC serves as the EC for both the sponsor ballot groups as well as the Standards Development Groups. LMSC has been divided into Working Groups, Technical Advisory Groups and, on a temporary basis, Executive Committee Study Groups to standardize technologies applicable to local and metropolitan area networks. See Figure 1

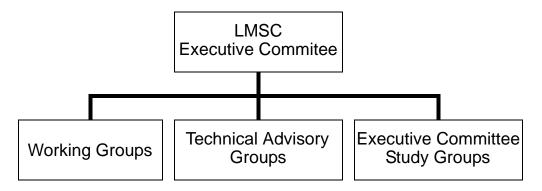


Figure 1 — LMSC Organizational Structure

2. Working Group

2.1 Function

The WG is chartered to maintain and revise the Ethernet standard, develop new Ethernet standards in a reasonable time frame, forward these standards to ISO/IEC JTC1 SC6, and maintain liaisons with other groups within the LMSC and other relevant standards development organizations.

Standards efforts are carried out under Project Authorization Requests (PARs) approved by the IEEE-SA Standards Board and assigned to the WG. Since the scope of standards work which comprises WG activity is widely dispersed in time, technology and structure, individual standards activities within the WG are, at the discretion of the WG, carried out by Task Forces (TF) operating under, and reporting to, the WG. A TF may in turn create Sub-Task Forces as necessary to accomplish the work of the TF. The WG activities are administered by the WG Chair who is assisted in this task by the Working Group Advisory Core (see 2.3).

The structure of the WG is illustrated in Figure 2.

2.2 Precedence of Operating Rules

The rules governing WG functions, responsibilities of WG officers, WG membership, WG meetings, etc. are provided by the IEEE LMSC WG P&P [1] and the hierarchy of rules contained therein. These rules are included in this document by reference and are not reproduced here. However the reader is encouraged to become familiar with these rules in addition to the rules provided in this document. If this operations manual

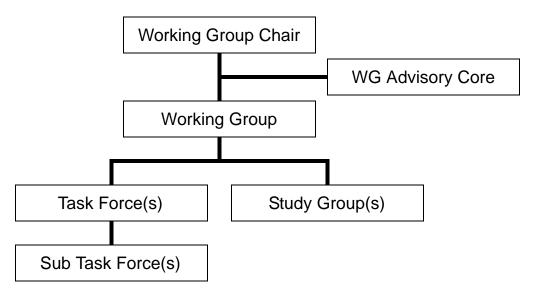


Figure 2 — Working Group Organizational Structure

conflicts with the IEEE LMSC WG P&P or the hierarchy of rules contained therein, then the supervisory rules shall take precedence.

2.3 Working Group Advisory Core

The WG Advisory Core (AC) functions as the coordinating body supporting the Chair in formulations of policy and the performance of his duties.

2.3.1 Function

The function of the WG AC is to assist the WG Chair in performing the following tasks:

- a) Providing procedural and, if necessary, technical guidance to the Task Forces and Study Groups (SG) as it relates to their charters.
- b) Overseeing WG, TF and SG operation to see that it is within the scope of WG.
- c) Examining TF draft standards proposed for submission to WG ballot.
- d) Considering complaints of TF and SG members and their resolution at the Plenary, TF and SG.
- e) Managing WG logistics, e.g. concurrent TF and SG meetings, etc.
- f) Act as the WG EC for treasury matters (see [1], 14.1).

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.4, "WG financial operation with treasury" has been removed. It is expected to be relocated to the LMSC OM 15.1 (version 17.1).

2.3.2 Membership

Membership of the WG AC is composed of, at least, the following WG officers:

- a) WG Vice-Chair.
- b) Executors (e.g., Recording Secretary).
- c) Task Force Chairs.
- d) Study Group Chairs.

2.4 Membership

The rules and procedures governing WG membership including establishment, retention, loss and rights are contained in the IEEE LMSC WG P&P (see ref [1], 7.2).

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.4, "Working Group Membership Status" is addressed in 4.2.

The following additional requirements are imposed within the WG:

- a) TF and SG meetings that are less than two days in duration or that take place adjunct to and colocated with the plenary meeting cannot be used to count towards establishing nor retaining voting rights.
- b) A SG meeting may only count toward establishing or retaining voting rights if it is co-located with another IEEE 802.3 Task Force meeting.
- c) To establish voting rights participants must request to become a voter during a WG Opening or Closing plenary meeting when additions to the voter list are solicited by the Chair from the "Potential Voter" list.
- d) To establish and retain voting rights participants must record and maintain valid contact information in the WG database. All acknowledgements and information required by the IEEE Standards Association (e.g., Employer and Affiliation) shall also be provided and current.

2.5 Meetings

The WG meets during a WG plenary and may also meet during a WG interim meeting series.

2.5.1 Working Group Plenary

The WG plenary is a meeting of individuals interested in developing and maintaining Ethernet standards. The WG plenary is conducted three times a year as part of the LMSC plenary meetings. A typical schedule for meetings during a plenary week is shown in Figure 3. Occasionally there are TF meetings during the Executive committee meeting on Monday morning and/or the weekend preceding the plenary.

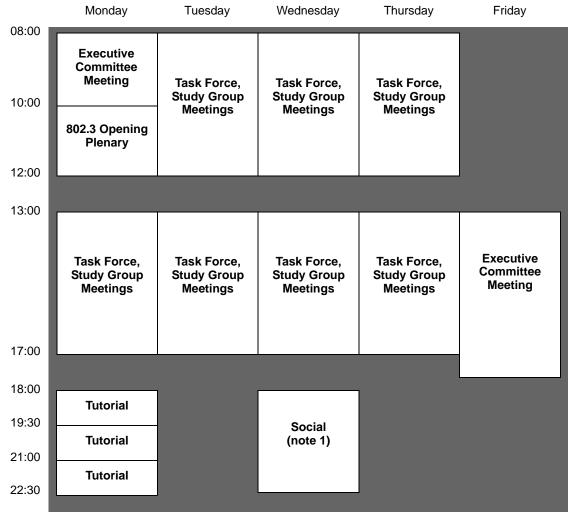
The WG plenary is open to all registered LMSC attendees. To be registered, the attendee must pay the registration fee for that LMSC Plenary week.

The Plenary is conducted by the WG Chair or the Chair's designated delegate. The WG Opening plenary meeting will include the presentation of the following information:

- a) The hierarchy of rules.
- b) The agenda (which was distributed earlier) including any items requiring a vote.
- c) The roll of current voters.

The function of the plenary meetings is to gather and disseminate information and take action including the following:

- a) Status reports from the Task Forces and Study Groups.
- b) Liaison reports from other standards organizations, other LMSC WGs and TAGs.
- c) Reports on schedules for future Plenary meetings.
- d) Announcements and general news.
- e) Vote on such matters that may be brought before it such as recommendations of its Task Forces and the election of WG officers.
- f) Make recommendations for EC action with respect to standards projects, LMSC and liaison matters.



NOTE 1 - The social is a time place holder and not requirement of the plenary week.

Figure 3 — Typical Working Group meetings during LMSC Plenary week

- g) Calls for interest in new work items.
- h) Call for patents

2.5.2 Working Group Interim meeting series

A Working Group interim meeting series is a meeting series at which all Task Forces and Study Groups meet, with the exception of projects with drafts submitted for approval by RevCom, and at which the Working Group may meet to consider actions.

An IEEE 802.3 Working Group interim meeting shall only occur at an IEEE 802.3 interim meeting series.

Task Forces and Study Groups may arrange additional interim meetings outside of a Working Group Plenary or interim meeting series.

for- 3

2.6 WG Balloting

A draft must successfully pass a WG letter ballot (conditional approval excepted) before it can be can be forwarded to the Executive Committee for approval for Sponsor Group voting. The rules and procedures governing WG letter ballots, comment resolution, and recirculations are contained in the IEEE LSMC WG P&P (see[1], 9.6).

NOTE-The IEEE LMSC WG P&P is in the process of revision. In revision 17.1, "Actions requiring an electronic ballot" is addressed in 11.0.

The following additional requirements are imposed within the WG.

2.6.1 Draft Standard Balloting Group

The WG balloting group consists of all voting members of the WG as of the close of day the ballot package distribution was completed as determined by the WG Chair.

2.6.2 Draft Standard Balloting Requirements

Before a draft is submitted to WG letter ballot it shall in addition have met the following requirements:

- a) It must be complete with no open technical issues.
- b) It must be made available for pre-view by the membership at least 10 days prior to the Working Group meeting where the draft will be considered. If any changes are made to the draft after it was made available for pre-view, the changes shall be presented for review prior to the vote for approval to go to WG ballot.
- c) It must be formatted according to the IEEE style selected by the WG Chair. This style will be selected to minimize the editorial work required for publication of the draft.
- d) During a plenary week, it must be approved for submittal to WG ballot at the WG closing plenary.

For the WG letter ballot to be considered valid, abstention rate shall be less than 30%.

2.6.3 Draft Standard Formatting Requirements

The draft must be provided to the IEEE in Adobe® Framemaker®. At a minimum this shall be completed prior to the Sponsor ballot however it is preferable that the draft be maintained in this format for its entire life.

2.6.4 Ballot Process Requirements

All WG ballots are conducted through electronic means. Initial WG ballots on project drafts shall be a minimum of 30 days in duration (including e-mail time). WG Recirculation letter ballots shall be a minimum of 15 days in duration (including e-mail time). The ballot period may be extended if the volume of balloted material justifies. It is strongly recommended that the period for anticipated ballots be announced at the Working Group meeting where ballot submission is approved.

WG ballots of amendments and corrigenda shall also include access to the approved base standard and any approved amendments and corrigenda in order to provide sufficient information to the ballot group.

2.7 Maintenance of the Operations Manual

The Operations Manual is documented by the Vice-Chair and posted in the IEEE 802.3 Ethernet WG web site. Suggestions for improvements should be submitted to the Vice-Chair who will bring them up for discussion at the following plenary.

Proposed changes must be received no later than the night before the WG opening plenary. If there are any proposed changes a meeting will be held to discuss the changes. The changes will then be pre-circulated prior to the next plenary and an announcement will be made at that WG opening plenary that a vote will be taken on the changes at the WG closing plenary (see below).

Proposed improvements shall be in written form and should include: The purpose, objective, or problem the proposed change is intended to address and the specific text of the rule change and the rationale for the chosen text.

Those proposing rule changes are encouraged to seek the advice of any member of the WG AC or other experienced members to help form the wording in a manner appropriate for and consistent with the Operations Manual

The WG OM can be changed by either:

- a) A minimum 75% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the WG closing plenary.
- b) An affirmative WG letter ballot. This ballot shall follow the normal letter ballot requirements (see 2.6.2).

Proposed changes shall be made available for pre-view by the membership by the Monday prior to the plenary week. If a request is made for a letter ballot this request will be discussed and voted on at the closing plenary. A greater than 50% approval of the sum of attending WG voting members voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve" taken at the closing plenary is required for a change to be sent out for a WG letter ballot. This letter ballot, as with all letter ballots, will count against voting rights. If no such request for a letter ballot is made, or the request fails, the change itself will be voted on at the closing plenary. A motion requesting a letter ballot will take precedence over a motion to approve the changes.

3. Task Forces

3.1 Function

The function of the Task Force is to produce a draft standard, recommended practice or guideline. These shall be within the scope of the LMSC, the charter of the WG and under an approved PAR as established by the LMSC EC and approved by the IEEE Standards Board. After the publication by the IEEE of the standard, recommended practice or guideline, the function of the TF is complete and its charter expires (see 3.5). It is a function of the WG to maintain published IEEE 802.3 standards (see Clause 5).

3.2 Chair

The TF is led by a TF Chair. TF Chairs shall be appointed by the WG chair and confirmed by a TF motion that is approved by a minimum 75% majority.

3.3 Membership

The TF Chair may choose to establish TF membership rules if the TF Chair believes it is necessary to ensure that the business of the TF moves forward in an orderly basis. In this case the TF shall follow the same membership requirements and the same voting rules as the WG.

A TF operates by default without membership rules for voting.

3.3.1 Rights

The rights of the TF participants include the following:

- a) To receive a notice of the next meeting and agenda.
- b) To receive a copy of the meeting minutes.
- c) To vote at meetings if present and, if the TF is operating with membership rules for voting, qualified under the voting rules.
- d) To examine all working draft documents.
- e) To lodge complaints about TF operation with any member of the WG AC.

3.3.2 Meetings and Participation

All TF meetings are open. Attention is however drawn to the registration requirements for all WG members and observers attending the LMSC Plenary where TF meetings also occur. If the TF Chair has decided to institute membership rules only TF members have the right to participate in the discussions. In this case, the TF chair may grant observers the privilege of participating in discussions.

A TF will normally meet during the week of the LMSC plenary. The WG Chair determines, taking into account TF status, if this plenary week TF meeting is not required. Depending on the work load, interim TF meetings can be held between the LMSC plenary meetings as often as required and agreed to by the TF membership. A meeting notice and outline agenda shall be made available 30 days prior to any meeting. In addition this notice and agenda shall be sent to the e-mail list of all active participants (voters, observers, liaisons and LMSC Executive Committee). This notice will include as a minimum the date, time, location, host, hotel details, meeting fees and cut-off dates, travel details if necessary and a stated purpose. TF meetings that are less than two days in duration or that take place adjunct to and co-located with the Plenary meeting do not count towards WG voting rights.

3.4 Operation of the Task Force

The operation of the TF has to be balanced between democratic procedures that reflect the desires of the TF members and the TF Chair's responsibility to produce a draft standard, recommended practice, or guideline in a reasonable amount of time for review and approval by the WG. Robert's Rules of Order shall be used in combination with these operating rules to achieve this balance.

3.4.1 Chair's Function

The Chair of a TF may decide procedural issues or may put them to a vote of the TF. The TF participants and the Chair decide technical issues by vote. The TF Chair decides what is procedural and what is technical.

3.4.2 Voting

There are two type of votes in the TF; votes on motions and votes in straw polls.

Where a TF is operating with membership rules for voting (see 3.3) only the TF members can make and vote on motions. Where these membership rules are not in force any TF participant is entitled to make motions and all TF participants who are present at the time the vote is taken have the right to vote on the motion, subject only to the provision that they believe that they are qualified to vote on the matter before the TF.

In all cases, regardless of any membership rules that may or may not be in force, all participants who feel qualified may participate in a straw poll.

Motions are defined as either technical or procedural by the TF Chair. On a technical motion, a vote is carried by a minimum 75% approval of the sum of those voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve". On a procedural motion, a vote is carried by a greater than 50% approval of the sum of those voting "Approve" or "Do Not Approve". Any vote can be subjected to ratification at the WG level under WG voting rules (See ref [1], 7.2.4.2).

The decision to define a motion as technical or procedural rests with the TF Chair. Generally a technical motion is defined as a motion that will materially effect the content of a draft. This is because a draft itself will ultimately be subject to a 75% majority vote at both WG and LMSC ballot.

The decision by the TF to request the WG to submit a draft standard or a revised standard to the WG ballot group must be ratified by the TF as a technical vote.

3.4.3 Task Force Chair's Responsibilities

The main responsibility of the TF Chair is to ensure the production, and to guide through the approval and publication process, a draft standard, recommended practice or guideline, or revision to an existing document as defined by the relevant PAR. The responsibilities include:

- a) Call meetings and issue a notice and agenda for each meeting at least 30 days prior to the meeting.
- b) Appoint a Recording Secretary for each meeting.
- c) Issue meeting minutes and important requested documents to members of the TF, the WG AC, and liaison groups. The meetings minutes are to include:
 - 1) list of participants
 - 2) next meeting schedule
 - 3) agenda as revised at the start of the meeting
 - 4) voting record:
 - i) resolution
 - ii) mover and seconder
 - iii) numeric results
- d) Hold officer elections when necessary.
- e) Maintain liaison with other organizations at the direction of the WG AC or at the discretion of the TF Chair with the approval of the WG AC. All liaison and liaison statements shall be approved by the LMSC FC
- f) Work with the IEEE staff to complete the publication process for the draft standard, recommended practice or guideline.

Sufficient detail shall be presented in the meeting minutes to allow a person knowledgeable of the activity, but not present at the discussion, to understand what was agreed to and why. Minutes shall be distributed within 45 days of the meeting to the attendees of the meeting, all TF participants and all liaison groups.

3.4.4 Task Force Chair's Authority

To carry out the responsibilities cited in Section 3.4.3, the TF Chair has authority to:

a) Call meetings and issue meeting minutes.

- b) Decide which issues are technical and which are procedural.
- c) Establish TF rules beyond the WG rules. These rules must be written and all TF members must be aware of them.
- d) Assign/unassign subtasks and task leaders or executors, e.g. secretary, subgroup Chair, etc.
- e) Speak for the TF to the WG.
- f) Determine if the TF is being dominated by an organization or consortium, and, if so, raise the issue to the WG AC.
- g) Be representative of the TF during coordination and interaction with IEEE staff.

3.4.5 Precedence of Operating Rules

If TF operating rules conflicts with the WG operating rules, then the WG operating rules shall take precedence.

3.5 Deactivation of a Task Force

After the objective of the TF is complete, its charter expires and it is deactivated. The TF or the WG may deactivate a TF. If the TF has not completed its work within its allotted period of time, the TF can be disbanded by a vote of the TF or the WG. A deactivated TF is completely abolished.

4. IEEE 802.3 Study Groups

4.1 Function

The function of a Study Group is to complete a defined task with specific output and in a specific time frame established within which they are allowed to study the subject. Once this task is complete the function of the SG is complete and its charter expires.

The normal function of an IEEE 802.3 Study Group (SG) is to draft a complete PAR and responses to the Critera for Standards Development (CSD) (see 4.5) and to gain approval for them at the WG, LMSC EC, IEEE-SA New Standards Committee (NesCom) and the IEEE Standards Board. The decision of whether to utilize the WG, or to establish a new Working Group or Technical Advisory Group (TAG) to carry out work items recommended by a SG is made by the EC with due consideration of advice from the WG.

4.2 Formation

A SG is formed when enough interest has been identified for a particular area of study within the scope of the WG. The first step in the process is a call for interest. This can be made at the WG opening plenary by any member. Any request to make a call for interest shall be made to the WG Chair. This request shall be made at least 35 days in advance of the start of the WG plenary. A SG can then be initiated by vote of the WG and must be approved by the LMSC EC. During this approval process the LMSC EC decides whether a SG is within the scope of the WG, should be moved to another Working Group or should be set up as an Executive Committee Study Group (ECSG).

4.3 Continuation

A SG exists for up to 6 months. If it has not completed its work within that time, a request must be made to the WG for an extension for up to 6 months. Any request for SG extension will be voted upon at the WG closing plenary and is also subject to approval by the LMSC EC.

4.4 Study Group Operation

Study groups follow the operating procedures for Task Forces specified above with the following exceptions.

4.4.1 Voting at Study Group Meetings

Any person attending a Study Group meeting may participate in SG discussions, make motions and vote on all motions (including recommending approval of a PAR and five criteria) if the person feels qualified to do so.

4.5 Criteria for Standards Development

When a study group presents a request to the WG for the WG to forward a draft PAR to the LMSC EC for approval, the SG shall in addition present a completed set of responses to the Criteria for Standards Development (CSD) (see [2]).

4.5.1 Five Criteria (5C) requirements

An IEEE 802.3 project shall also address the following:

Compatibility

- Compatibility with IEEE Std 802.3
- Conformance with the IEEE Std 802.3 MAC
- Managed object definitions compatible with SNMP

Distinct Identity

- Substantially different from other IEEE 802.3 specifications/solutions.

Technical Feasibility

- Confidence in reliability

5. Maintenance

Maintenance of the IEEE 802.3 standard is performed by the Maintenance TF. The Maintenance TF is a standing TF. It takes out a PAR when sufficient maintenance requests have been received for a ballot and a study group is not normally required to write the PAR for the Maintenance TF.

The maintenance TF follows all the rules of a normal task force described above with the exception that there are no TF meetings when there are no outstanding maintenance requests requiring action.