# Consideration of a Topology Discovery Protocol within 802.1

## Objective

- To determine if sufficient interest exists with 802.1 to initiate work on a physical topology discovery protocol
- To update working group members on the current state of such protocols

### Problem Statement

- A number of vendor specific / proprietary physical topology discovery protocols exist today
  - None of them interoperate
  - More are likely on their way
- A standard Topology MIB (RFC 2922) has been defined, but NO standard protocols exist to populate it
- Determining physical topology can be a difficult task for management systems (Repeaters, Hubs, Link Aggregation)
- The mapping and management of physical 802 topology falls with the realm of 802 architecture

## Background / History

- An IETF working group (ptopo) addressed this problem in 1996. They had the following goals:
  - to agree on and document the common framework/model for discussing physical topology
  - to standardize a set of managed objects that provide physical topology information
  - to document media specific mechanisms to communicate topology information.
- They completed an informational MIB (RFC 2922), but didn't progress the discovery protocol
  - Could never get closure on MAC address assignment
  - Patent claims by IBM concerned developers (US Patent 5,276,440)
  - No committed developers to meet interoperability requirement
  - Some unresolved disagreement on the protocol design (e.g. ASN encoding)

### Possible Courses of Action

- 1. Nothing This really isn't all the interesting
- 2. Pick-up where the IETF left off with PDP
- 3. Define a new 'more attractive' protocol
- 4. Define a new protocol and possibly new MIB
- Tackle additional or different topology problems (VLANs, Link Aggregation)
- 6. Other things not considered yet (your ideas)
- 7. Any combination of the above (except 1)

### Discussion

- Does the IEEE policy on and method of working with vendor Intellectual Property change anything regarding this issue?
- What topology to discover (Physical Shared Media, Physical Point-to-Point, Virtual, Active, Layer-3, other)?
- How to handle communication and representation of higher-layer (above 802) information?
- Is RFC 2922 sufficient or do we need a new/augmented MIB?
- Is there interest in doing this...

## Some Possible Requirements

- Protocol should populate a management topology database.
- Protocol should be able to run on all devices with 802 media ports and on all 802 media
- Protocol should allow for multiple connections between devices (link aggregation, redundant links, multiple independent links)
- Protocol should identify peers, their port of attachment and any device identities or management access points that are important to management systems
- Lightweight enough as to not concern users and developers about network bandwidth or device resource needs
- Information learned from the protocol should be considered dynamic and subject to ageing.