# Drop Precedence in wireless, wired-wireless networks Date: 2009-03-04

#### **Authors:**

Name	<b>Affiliations</b>   <b>Address</b>		Phone	email
Alex Ashley	NDS Ltd	One London Road, Staines, Middlesex, TW18 4EX, UK	+44 1784 848770	aashley@nds.com

#### **Abstract**

and has received two proposals relating to the addition of packet drop precedence in to 802.11. without any requirement for deep packet inspection" in its PAR there is insufficient channel capacity, by enabling packet discarding TGaa has "Graceful degradation of audio video streams when

of 802.11 packet drop precedence that have interactions outside TGaa would like guidance from 802.1 on the aspects of

# **Drop Precedence Proposals**

addition of packet drop precedence in to 802.11 TGaa has received two proposals endorsing the

		Levels
1 (1 bit)	3 (2 bits)	<b>Drop Precedence</b>
16 (4 bits)	8 (3 bits)	<b>Priority Levels</b>
DSCP		
802.1ad C-TAG /	802.11 header	Signalling
Service"	Service"	
"Stream Classification	"Intra-AC Differentiated	
802.11-08/0764r1	802.11-09/0022r0	Proposal

### **Precedence Levels**

- and priority levels it should support TGaa would like guidance on how many precedence
- How many priority levels does 802.1 provide?
- How many precedence levels does 802.1 provide?
- What sort of drop rules does 802.1 define?

Table 7-6a—Drop Precedence subfield

B11 B12	Description
00	No special action
01	Drop randomly if necessary
10	Drop all if necessary
11	Reserved

### References

- Implementation for Intra-AC Differentiated Services
- IEEE 802.11-09/0022r0
- Using packet drop precedence for graceful degradation
- IEEE 802.11-08/0764r1