

802.1Qbp – ECMP Bridge Model 2/9/2012

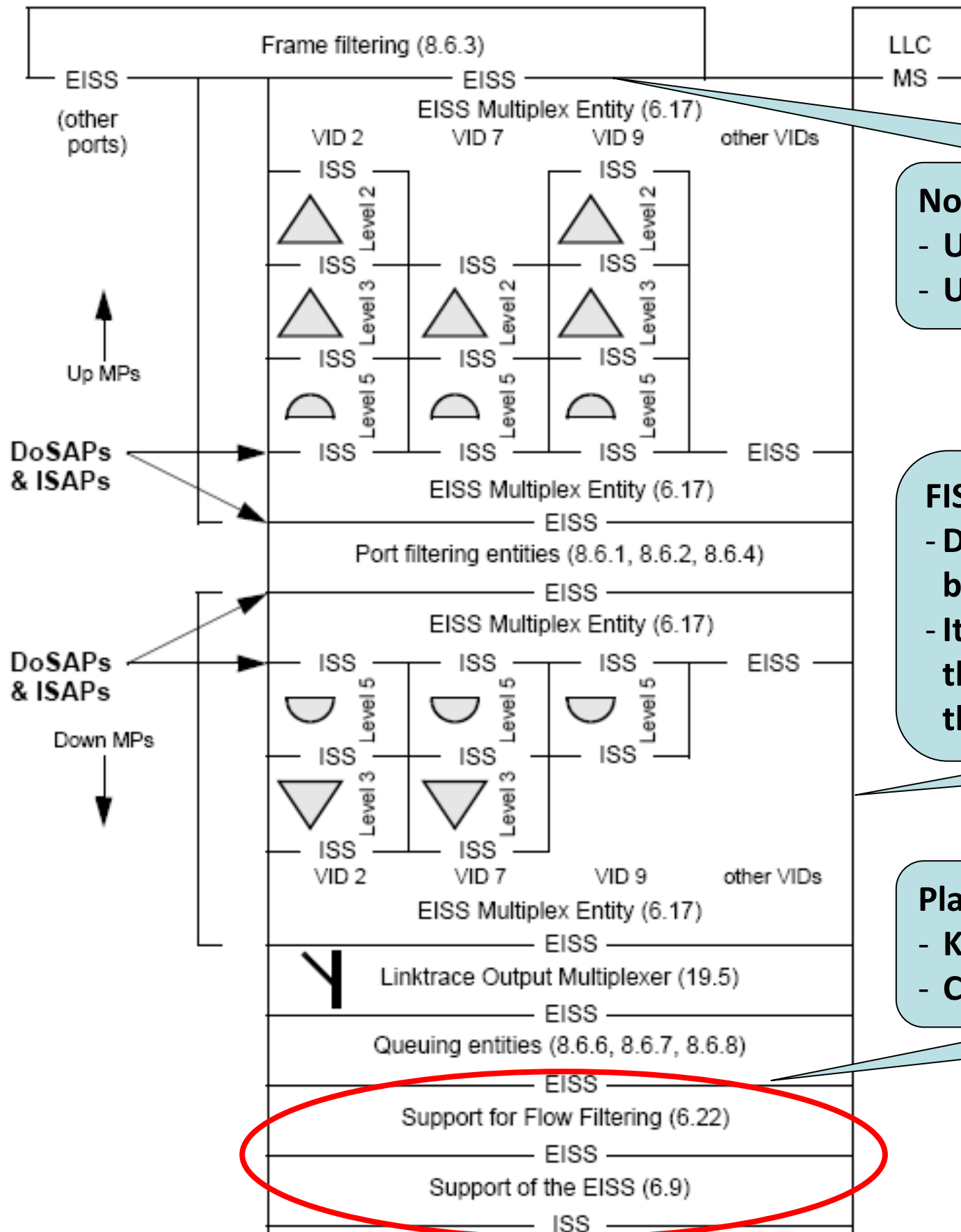
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ECMP Model Discussion Points

- Service access point type: EISS or new FISS
- CFM/DDCFM extensions needed for ECMP
- Placement of Flow Filtering shim in “baggy pants leg”
 - Impact on first two points...

Do we need a new SAP type?

- Comment #47 on D0.1 suggests that the ECMP parameters be associated with a new service interface, e.g., an “F-ISS”
- Motivation:
 - The introduction, interpretation and usage of new parameters can be done by the introduction of a new service and the associated supporting function.
- Implications:
 - Each tag is associated with a service that builds (depends) on the service below and provides an enhanced service to clients above
 - May require new MP types or ISS/EISS/FISS MPs
 - May require new MEP placement – second pair of VID mux/demuxes



Not all VLANs use the enhanced service:

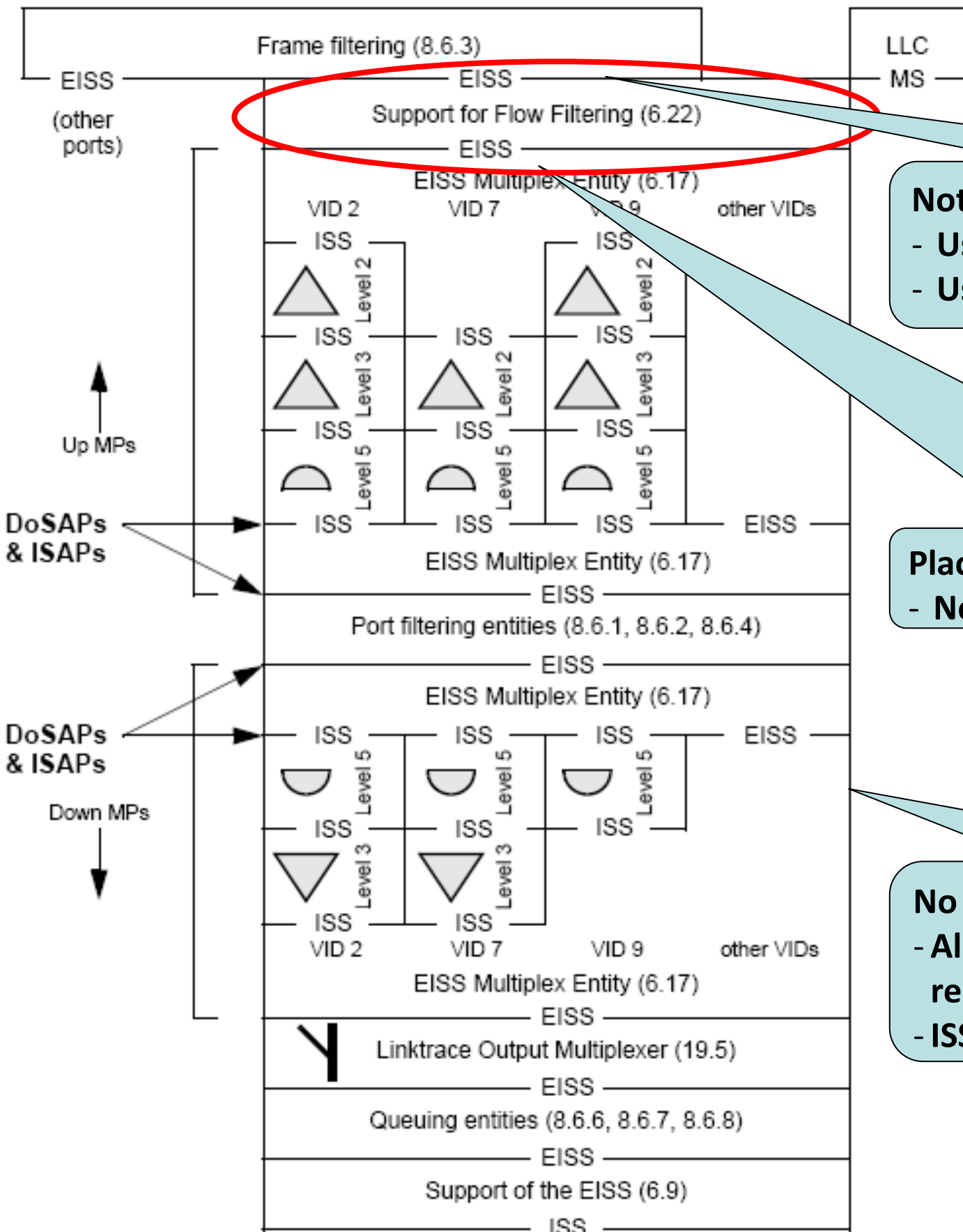
- Use one SAP at the top or two?
- Use one Frame filtering function or two?

FISS impact on shims and ISS:

- Do all the shims above the tag processing need to be extended to support a new SAP type?
- It was agreed that this ISS did not have to include the new parameters; however, if MPs use ISS then there is no other way to pass new info up/down.

Placing Flow Filtering shim with VLAN tag shim:

- Keeps all tag processing together
- Could have used one tag to carry all info



Not all VLANs use the enhanced service:

- Use one SAP at the top or two?
- Use one Frame filtering function or two?

Placing Flow Filtering shim at top:

- New F-TAG info only affects Frame filtering

No FISS impact on shims and ISS:

- All the shims below the F-TAG processing can remain the same.
- ISS does not have to include the new parameters.

Observations Regarding SAP type

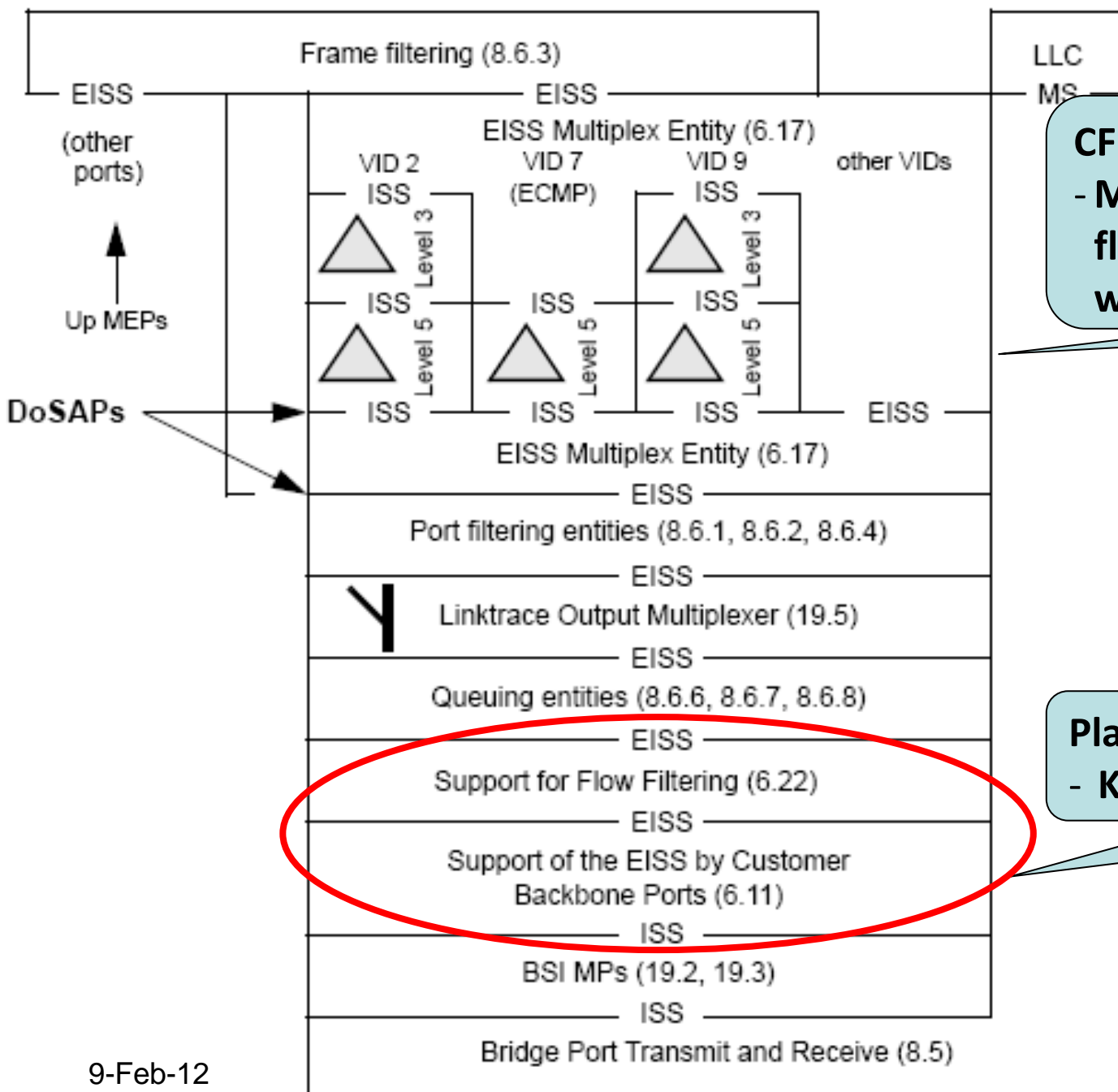
- New SAP type may impact many shim definitions and figures
- New behavior is optional and is selectable per VLAN
- Not all ports may support the new behavior/information
- Other new behaviors have been added without creating new SAP type, e.g. Credit-based Shaper (but these did not add new parameters)
- Additional behaviors/information have existed in the past supported by the EISS, i.e. Routing Information (these did include additional information)
 - Similar to flow filtering information as it only affected frame filtering
- Conclusion: A new SAP type may be defined but is not required.

What CFM/DDCFM extensions are needed?

- Comment #70 on D0.1:
 - Prior discussions and presentations on CFM for ECMP have covered flow-based, service-based, and network-based CFM, with the last two being covered using MEPs on I-SID. The text in this sub-clause is not consistent with prior discussions and there has not been any discussion in our meetings regarding this new model. How do we address service-based monitoring using this new model?
- Motivation:
 - In drafting D0.1 the editor did not have enough information about proposed CFM extensions. Discussion is required to clarify the needs and specific functional extensions.

Previous Discussion on CFM

- bp-sajassi-cfm-0711-v01.pdf
- Flow-Level CFM:
 - CFM functions performed on the user flows.
- Network-Level CFM:
 - CFM functions performed on a test “VLAN” that covers the network. Test flows are chosen to exercise all ECMPs for the Test VLAN.
- Service-Level CFM:
 - CFM functions performed on a service VLAN. Test flows are chosen to exercise all ECMPs for that VLAN. It can be considered as a special case of Network-Level CFM.

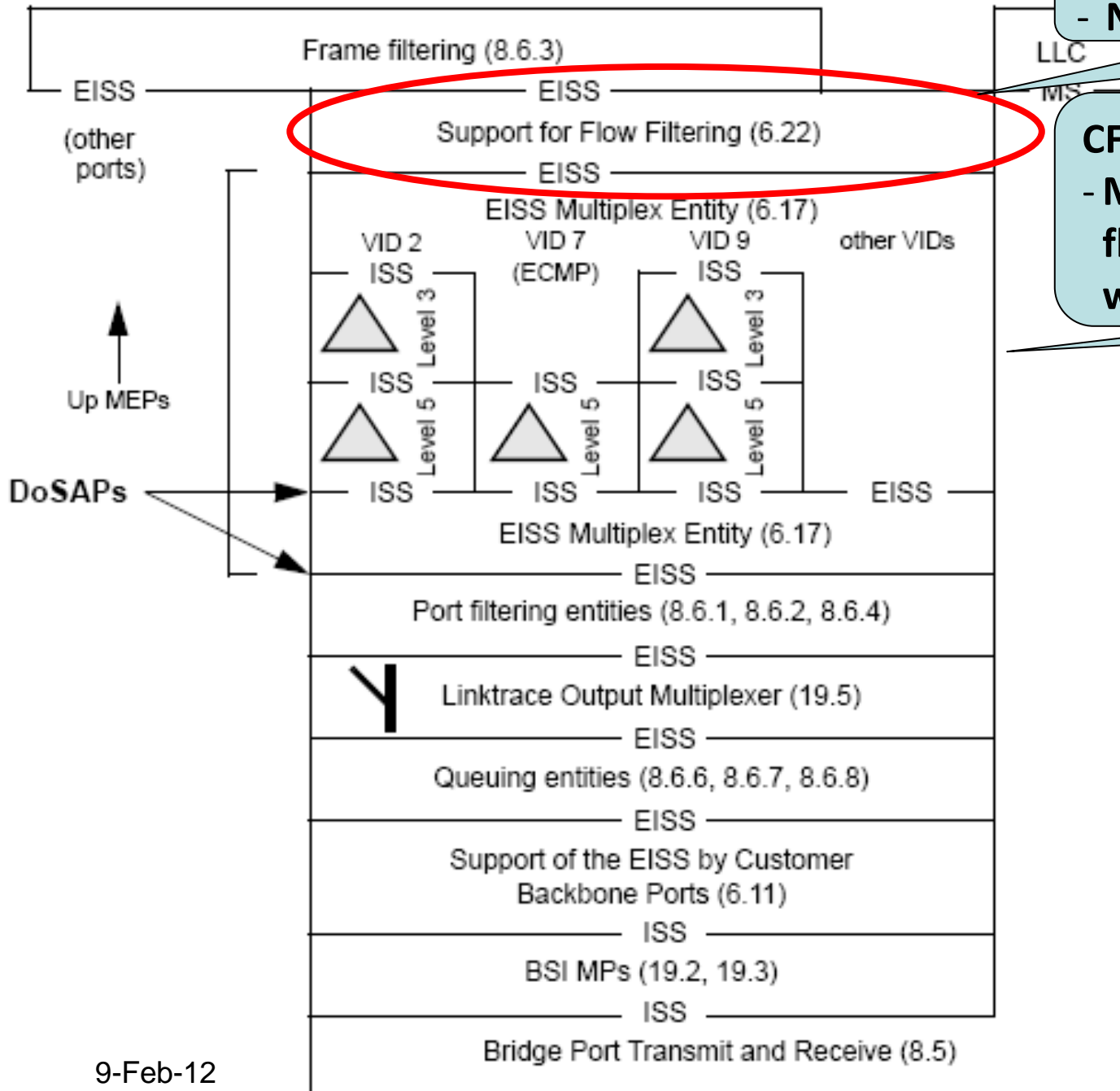


CFM impact:

- MEPs generate CFM frames with or without flow_hash and time_to_live (depending on whether the VLAN is using ECMP).

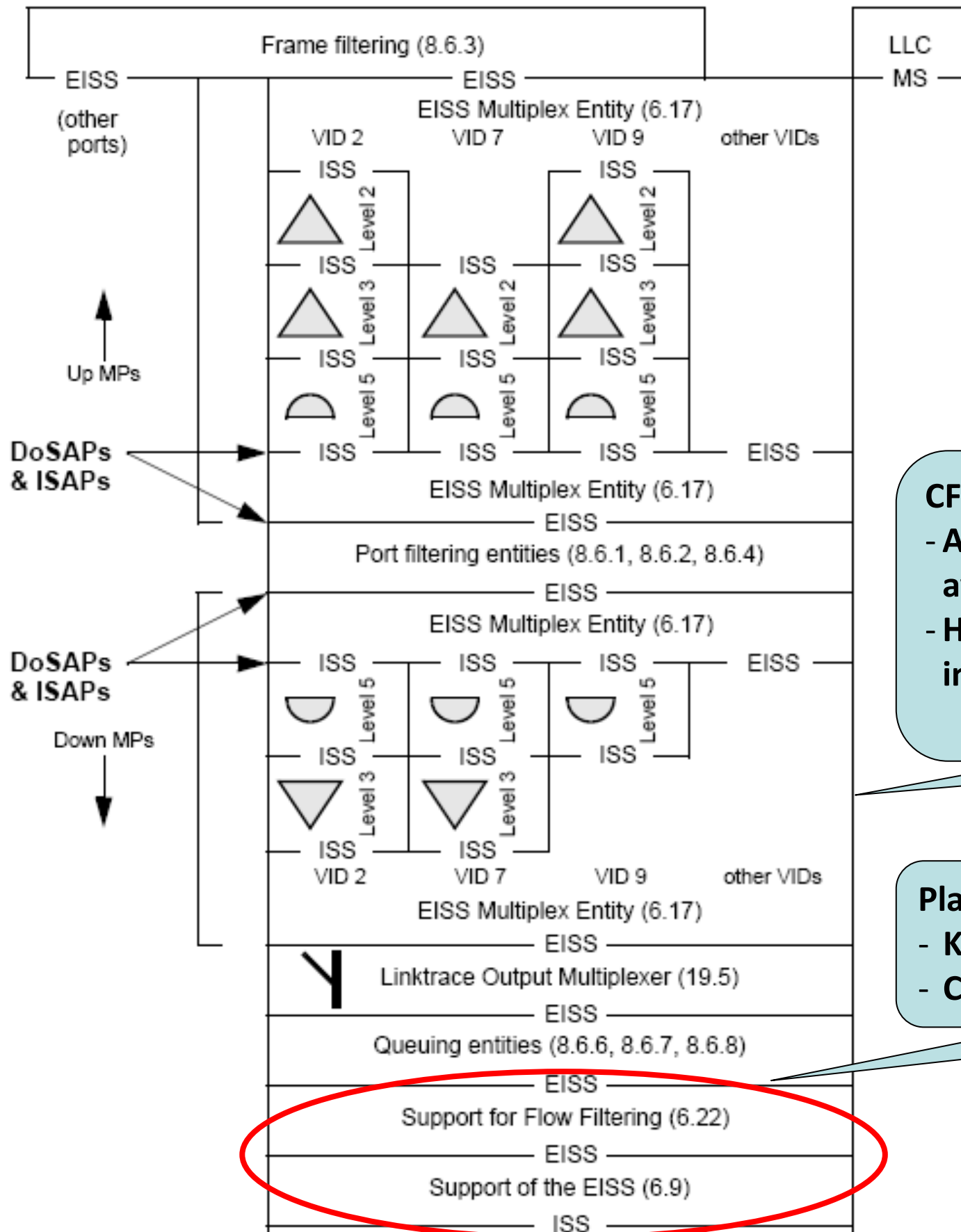
Placing Flow Filtering shim with CBP shim:

- Keeps all tag processing together



Placing Flow Filtering shim at top:
 - New F-TAG info only affects Frame filtering

CFM impact:
 - MEPs generate CFM frames with or without flow_hash and time_to_live (depending on whether the VLAN is using ECMP).

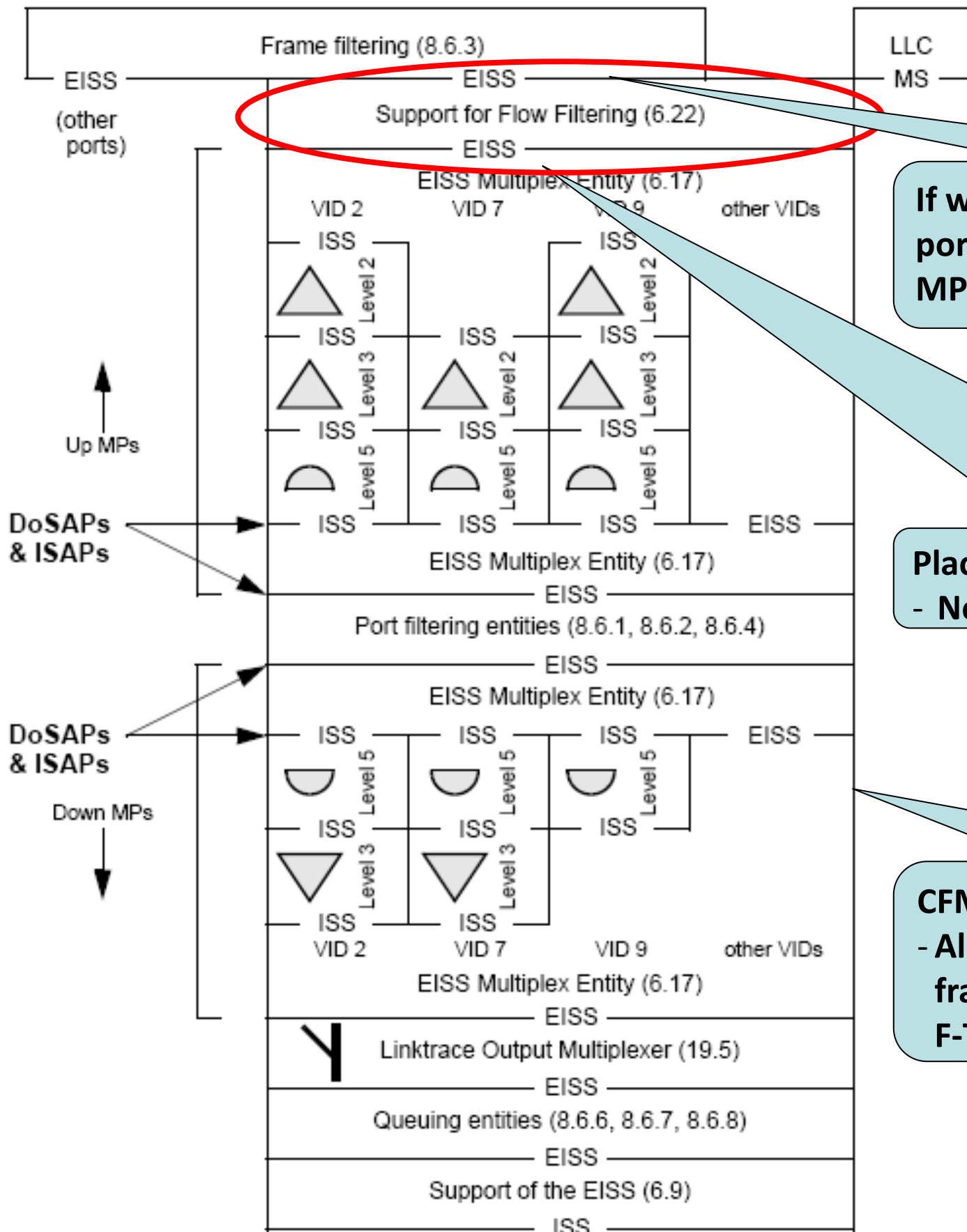


CFM impact:

- All the MPs above the tag processing are available, i.e. the OAM EtherType is exposed;
- However, it is not clear what MEPs can do on intermediate ports in an ECMP VLAN.

Placing Flow Filtering shim with VLAN tag shim:

- Keeps all tag processing together
- Could have used one tag to carry all info

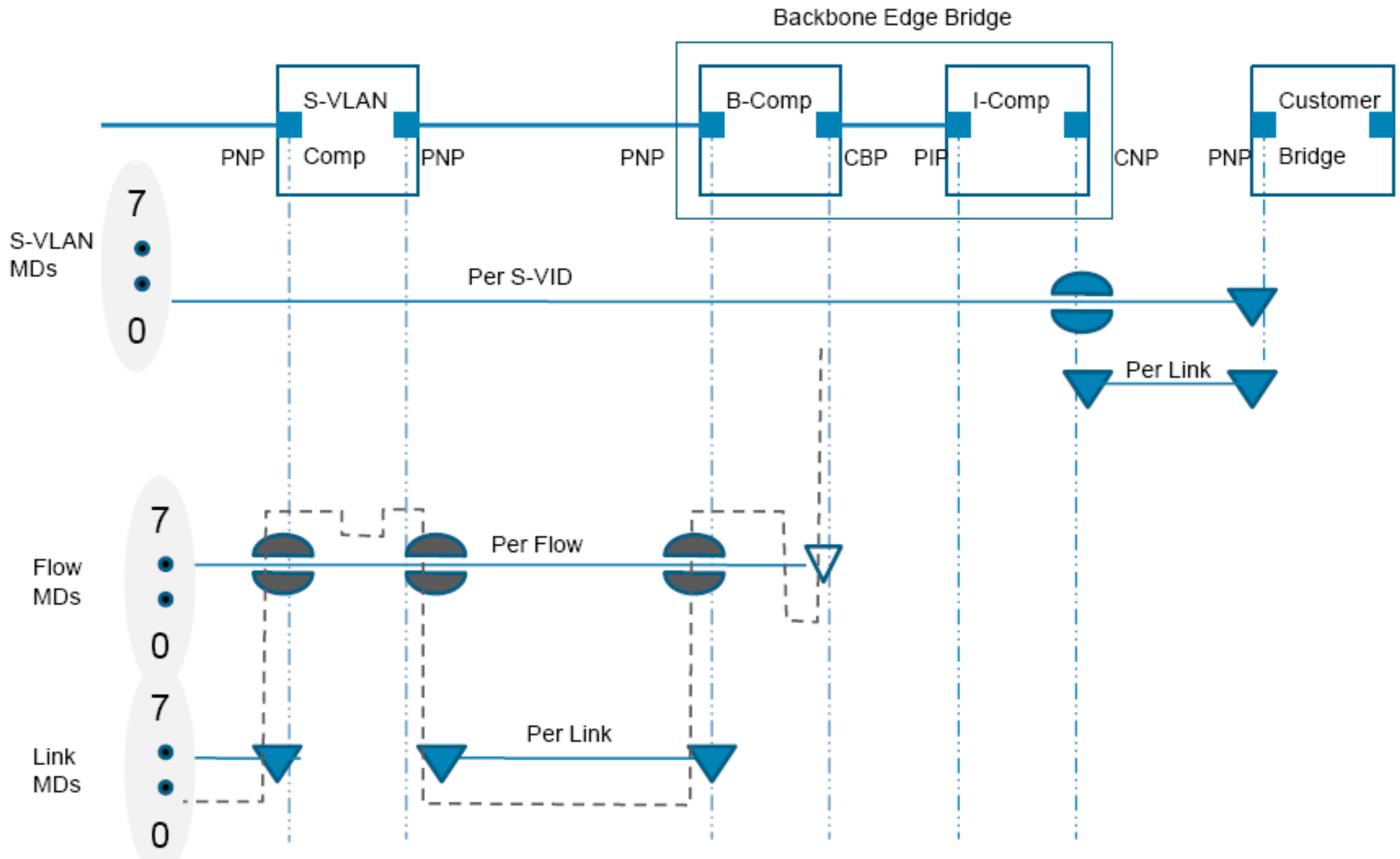


If we need new CFM functions on intermediate ports, do we need a new set of VID mux/demux and MPs? Flow Hash mux/demux?

**Placing Flow Filtering shim at top:
- New F-TAG info only affects Frame filtering**

**CFM impact:
- All the MPs on intermediate ports do not see CFM frames since the OAM EtherType is hidden by the F-TAG.**

Flow-Level CFM (from bp-sajassi-cfm-0711-v01.pdf)



- This looks like Network CFM, but
 - in the B-VLAN carrying the service
 - using DA and Flow Hash selected to cover service paths

Observations Regarding CFM

- ECMP VLANs only extend between CBPs
 - CFM coverage that would be equivalent to existing CFM is “Network CFM” in the B-VLAN, but covering ECMPs
 - Per flow CFM has not been defined for Bridging (and may not be in scope)
- Service level and Flow level CFM generated at BSI MEPs is problematic
 - Big extension to CFM function to generate frames that would hash to the same Flow Hash value as service frames
- Good news?
 - “Network CFM” may be sufficient – simply include necessary DA/Flow Hash pairs in Network CFM
 - DDCFM may be sufficient for intermediate points (this is what it was designed for!)