

## Comment Type T Comment Status X

At the meeting of the IEEE Registration Authority Committee (RAC) on 2015-11-12, during discussion of P802c/D0.1, I suggested that, upon approval of the eventual standard, it would be appropriate for the RAC to amend Reference [B8] ["Guidelines for Use Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI) and Company ID (CID)"]. Subsequent discussion by the RAC suggested that the IEEE 802.1 Working Group should propose the amendment. Note: It appears that the two related RAC tutorials: ["Guidelines for 48-Bit Global Identifier (EUI-48)" and "Guidelines for 64-bit Global Identifier (EUI-64)"] are not affected by P802c, since they consider only global addresses.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Include draft amendments of Reference [B8] with packages circulated in Working Group ballot and Sponsor Ballot of P802c. The amendments should target the sections entitled "Structure of OUI and CID" and "Company ID" (under "Use of Terms"). It should define the Y and Z bits and and the four [Y,Z] quadrants of the local space, indicating that RA CID assignments are expected to be limited to [Y,Z]=[0,1], forming the basis of ELIs. It should also summarize the usage of the SAI and AAI quadrants, and it should specify that the SAI space is administered by the RA, with part of the space allocated for assignments and insteaded by 802. Also, it should specify that the quadrant that remains unspecifed in the 802c draft ([Y,Z]=[1,0]) is reserved by the RA (not by 802).

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

CI	8	SC	8.4

Brian Weis None entered

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

IEEE 802-2014 has a note that states "MA-L, MA-M, and MA-S assignments do not apply to local MAC addresses.". Clause 8.4.3 does seem to change this statement in that an ELI uses an MA-L/OUI to be used as part of a local address. But isn't the statement still true for MA-M and MA-S? (The latter part of the Note referring the reader to the IEEE RA web site is obviously superceded by 802c and should not be carried forward.)

P 3

## SuggestedRemedy

Add a note or couple of sentences describing the relationship of MA-L, MA-M, and MA-S to local addresses.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 8	SC 8.4	P <b>3</b>	L 18	# 17
Mick Seama	n	None entered		

## Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This amendment concentrates on address assignment protocols and ignores the fact that a local administrator may wish to assign local addresses, and indeed that there can be multiple administrators (certainly if you count IEEE standards and the RAC). MAC Address assignment is (most regrettably) being moved inexorably in the direction of greater complexity and confusion. Since the AAI space will inevitably be completely consumed by randomized allocation procedures in support of privacy, and the design (and in some cases the use) of these procedures will be under vendor control and/or equipment user control and not the control of any local network administrator, this amendment effectively proposes removal of local administrative control over address assignment - unless each local administrator applies for a CID (which would be a very bad idea if it took hold, since having each end user organization - or even end user site location - have a CID could rapidly exhaust the whole CID space).

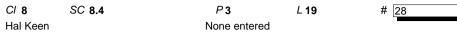
# SuggestedRemedy

Ensure that there is a space available for address assignment by local administrator that is separate from the proposed AAI space, preferably by removing the CID provisions and returning that space to local network administrator control (with some guidelines in space partitioning where the local network has multiple administrators).

Proposed Response Response Status **0** 

L 3

# 40



## Comment Type T Comment Status X

I write to pick up on the following comment from Mick Seaman: This amendment concentrates on address assignment protocols and ignores the fact that a local administrator may wish to assign local addresses, and indeed that there can be multiple administrators (certainly if you count IEEE standards and the RAC). MAC Address assignment is (most regrettably) being moved inexorably in the direction of greater complexity and confusion. Since the AAI space will inevitably be completely consumed by randomized allocation procedures in support of privacy, and the design (and in some cases the use) of these procedures will be under vendor control and/or equipment user control and not the control of any local network administrator, this amendment effectively proposes removal of local administrative control over address assignment - unless each local administrator applies for a CID (which would be a very bad idea if it took hold, since having each end user organization - or even end user site location - have a CID could rapidly exhaust the whole CID space)." I considered expressing similar misgivings in my own response, but refrained because I understood the present draft to properly maintain the concept of local administration. That is, it did not excise a large chunk from the threedecades-established locally administered space and commit it to exclusively standardized use. Rather, it provided for a way in which, entirely under the authority of local administration, that space could be employed in an environment intended to support certain uses. The distinction lies in whether local administrators may choose an alternative to the structure provided. I took this to be the reason the focus was on address assignment protocols, that being the case for which new provisions are needed. Since I submitted my ballot, some of the material in the one from Roger Marks has raised new misgivings. How does the RAC view this matter? Does it see this as permanently devoting the locally administered MAC address space to a new use, in effect universally administered although providing addresses which are not globally unique? I would be opposed to that course, and hope that any registration authority would see it as perilous. Perhaps we need to clarify the scope of locally administered address domains--even if it means revising the scope of this amendment."

#### SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Response Status 0

C/ 8	SC 8.4	P 5	L <b>5</b>	# 30
Mick Seama	an	None entered		

## Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This clause contains a number of apparent conformance recommendations without clarifying who or what needs to be in conformance or might claim conformance.

# SuggestedRemedy

Clarify the following: (a) the standard makes recommendations to be followed by a local administrator where the responsibility for address administration is to be divided (b) allows for a claims of conformance in respect of various address administration protocols and procedures, specifically: (1) a claim that an address administration protocol (or its implementation) uses only the space identified by CIDs within the ELI space [requirement on this claim is to provide a way that the local administrator can select which CIDs to use/permit]; (2) a claim that the address administration protocol allocates only addresses within the SAI space (3) a claim that the address administration protocol uses only addresses within the AAI space.

Proposed Response		Response Status 0	Response Status O		
CI 8	SC 8.4	P 5	L <b>8</b>	# 31	_
Mick Sea	aman	None entered	d		

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

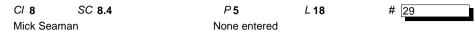
IEEE Std 802 lacks a conformance clause and a PICS and even a description of conformance terminology. Yet it would seem that the interpretation and force of some of the statements in this amendments depends on understanding that terminology. It is not a reasonable assumption that the reader will be familiar with the IEEE standards manual and its default terminology, as that differs from use in other standards bodies.

## SuggestedRemedy

Add a requirements terminology clause. Suitable boiler plate text can be found in IEEE 802.1Q-2014 (start first sentence with "Requirements placed ..", leave out the NOTE, the PCS discussion unless a PICS is to be included, and the very last sentence about "allow")amongst other places.

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

CI 8 SC 8.4



## Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The discussion of the use of multiple address assignment protocols needs to be generalized and moved to 8.4.1. Otherwise it is hard to escape the conclusion that this amendment is deprecating or indeed prohibiting all methods of local address assignment other than by "address assignment protocol". It is not until 8.4.7 that anything is said that is not within the context of address assignment protocol (first para of 8.4.7) and even that statement is open to interpretation.

## SuggestedRemedy

In 8.4.1 clarify that a local administrator may assign local addresses using his or her choice of protocols and procedures, including (for example) prior to a system being used in the network, or by local (to the system) or remote (over the network) management, and may choose to delegate address assignment responsibility to other managers and/or a combination of address management protocols. Where responsibility is to be divided this standard makes that task easier by identifying various address spaces within the local address space.

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

CI 8	SC 8.4	P 5	L <b>45</b>	# 16
Mick Sea	man	None entered	ł	
Commen	t Type TR	Comment Status X		
This	statement direct	ly contradicts pg 5 line 10.		
Suggeste	edRemedy			
Char	nge "SAI" to "AA	Ι".		
Proposed	d Response	Response Status 0		
CI 8	SC 8.4	P 6	L <b>27</b>	# 33
Mick Sea	man	None entered	ł	
Commen	t Type TR	Comment Status X		
	would seem to b ction is imposed	oan local address assignment l I.	by YANG/NETC	ONF unless an arbitrary
Suggeste	edRemedy			
addre	ess pools. This o	on that a protocols assignment can be a recommendation for c constraint on local administrate	certain types of p	protocol, but a blanket

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 8	SC 8.4	P 6	L <b>29</b>	# 34
Mick Seamar	า	None entered		
Comment Ty	pe TR	Comment Status X		

What does this "local administrator may" mean. Does it mean "without the benefit of an address protocol". What does it add to the conformance requirements in the Std 802. A local administrator is already permitted to do this.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Use "can" instead of may if this statement is only reiterating an existing provision of the standard. Clarify what it actually means if this means "without using any protocol".

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

8	8.4	P 6	L 35	# 18	1
ck Seaman		None entered			
-	8.4	-	L 35	# 18	_

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The statement that address assignment protocols shall avoid duplicate assignments is a pious wish, not a practical conformance statement. Proposed and feasible protocols in the AAI space will (with non-zero probability) assign duplicates when using random procedures. So the statement is just motherhood and apple pie.

## SuggestedRemedy

Remove the statement, it is only one of obvious intent/desire and is not practical beyond launching an argument about the meaning of "avoid".

Proposed Response	Response Status	ο	
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CI 8	SC 8.4	P 6	L 37	# 19
Mick Seama	in	None entered		

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The summary statements with "shall" in 8.4.7 only repeat conformance requirements already stated elsewhere. This duplication is not useful.

### SuggestedRemedy

Use the definite statement "is" or "are" where requirements are simply repeated (either here or above) and insert a cross-reference to the one place where the normative requirement is made (i.e. where "shall" is used).

Proposed Response Response Status **O** 

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 8		Page 3 of 7			
SC	8.4	1/19/2016 1:56:44 AM			

P802c/D0.1

C/ 8 SC 8.4	P6	L 37	# 32	C/ 8 S	C 8.4.2	P 3	L 24	# 10
Mick Seaman	None entered	L 31	π [52	Hiroki Nakano	0.4.2	None entered		<del>#</del> 10
that is any on of these read to mean that a p	Comment Status X Als" is ambiguous in this conte e then it can assign any local ac rotocol can assign addresses f issary for an administrator want different protocols. Response Status O	ddresses. Unfor	rtunately this might be f these pools, in which	fundament network. U framework equipment addresses IMHO, it is prevent du manually. In this case 'assignmen same as m totally rand first part as part and re Let me men have IEEE idea to ena to share a servers su I am not su be constru	ument mer al premise ntil today, i adeministri , though sc . The new r the time to plication of e, the proce th' and the nentioned in lom address ssigns. Wh peats then ntion the te 802.1X wh able this pro- dMAC addres ch as auther ure that this cted with s	Comment Status X ations in Section 8.4.1, Uniqer s of IEE802 network operation n order to keep the uniqueness ated by human network opera- me of switch boxes have func- nechanism proposed by this so incorporate an appropriate fr MAC addresses within a network edure to obtain a MAC address other part is 'validation of uniquent n Section 8.4.2, however, less ses. The second part checks en it fails, that is, detects duplen. checks something before a botocol to check MAC addresses sess list by flooding data among antication servers. i dea is sutable for this task g pome concrete means in mind. assure uniqueness of MAC addresse	on and its breaka ss, we depend of ators and manufa- tionalities to avo- section has the s amework and pr vork, MECHANIC s is divied to two ueness.' The first strict rules are a uniqueness of th ication, system g col for 'valudatio a host is connec es. Another idea g switches if you roup because th I, however, requ	age is fatal to the n address assignment acturers of network oid duplication of MAC same assumption. otocol that detect and CALLY rather than o parts. The first part is st part is almost the allowed, for example, ne MAC address the goes back to the first n of uniqueness.' We ted to a network. It is an is to define a protocol don't like centralized e current PAR looks to
				SuggestedRen Add the fo Instead of	owing sent	ences: Iress pools, administrators ca	n use a standard	lized protocol checking
				uniquenes	s of MAC a	ddresses.This protocol avoid al premises of IEEE802 netw	duplication of M	

C/ 8 SC 8.4.2

C/ 8 SC 8.4.2 Brian Weis	P 3 None entered	L <b>27</b>	# 41	C/ <b>8</b> Rodney C	SC 8.4.3	P 4 None entered	L 1	# 4
Comment Type E	Comment Status X			Comment	Туре Т	Comment Status X		
The sentence describir	ng assignmment by multiple p	rotocols could b	e clearer.	ls it po	ossible to take th	ne OUI bits from an MA-L, and u	use them as th	e CID of an ELI?
assign local MAC addr	beginning on line 27 with "For esses to devices on a LAN, e MAC address space available	ach should be re		Suggested Add a Proposed	NOTE to answe	er this question. Response Status <b>O</b>		
Proposed Response	Response Status <b>0</b>	on the LAN.		·	·			
				CI 8	SC 8.4.4	P <b>4</b>	L <b>7</b>	# 44
C/8 SC 8.4.2	P3	L 44	# 42	Brian Weis	6	None entered		
Brian Weis	None entered	L 44	# 42	Comment	Туре Е	Comment Status X		
Comment Type E	Comment Status X				wrong word)			
Typo (plural should be	singular)			Suggester		" with "may an acify"		
SuggestedRemedy				Repia Proposed		" with "may specify" Response Status <b>0</b>		
•	addresses" with "A local MAC	address".		TTOPOSCU	Response	Response Status 0		
Proposed Response	Response Status O			CI 8	SC 8.4.4	P 5	L <b>7</b>	# 5
		1.40	" [	Rodney C		None entered	L 1	π 5
C/ 8 SC 8.4.3 Rodney Cummings	P 3 None entered	L <b>43</b>	# 3	Comment	Туре Е	Comment Status X		
Comment Type E	Comment Status X			Туро				
Typo SuggestedRemedy				Suggested Repla	<i>IRemedy</i> ce "specific" with	n "specify".		
Replace "addresses" w	rith "address".			Proposed	Response	Response Status O		
Proposed Response	Response Status 0							
				C/ <b>8</b> Craig Gun	SC <b>8.4.4</b> ther	P 5 None entered	L 35	# 2
				<i>Comment</i> Missir	<i>Type</i> <b>E</b> g word in senter	Comment Status X		
				Suggested Insert standa	"by" or "in" in th	e following sentence: "but ma	y be specified	_by_ other IEEE 802
				Proposed		Response Status O		
YPE: TR/technical require	d ER/editorial required GR/g	eneral required	T/technical E/editorial G/	general		CI 8		Page 5 of 7

Cl 8 SC 8.4.5 Hal Keen	P <b>5</b> None entered	L <b>44</b>	# 7	<i>Cl</i> <b>9</b> Norm Finn	SC 9	P <b>7</b> None entered	L <b>3</b>	# 24
Comment Type ER	Comment Status X			Comment Ty	,	Comment Status X		
typo SuggestedRemedy Change "SAI" to "AAI". Proposed Response Response Status <b>O</b>				To answer implied question in Editor's note, I think that the suggested text should be added. The two NOTEs on page 23 of the base standard 802-2014 illustrate why this is important. Many standards inside and outside 802.1 use an "OUI" to create various code points and protocol identifiers. The G/L usage introduced by P802c amplifies the ambigui of such usage, making the additional text relevant, needful, and within the scope of the amendmen				
	P 6	L 12	# 43	SuggestedR Replace	<i>emedy</i> Editor's note	with text.		
Brian Weis Comment Type E	None entered Comment Status X			Proposed R		Response Status O		
Typo (only usage of Y SuggestedRemedy Replace "Y-bit" with "Y Proposed Response				C/ <b>9</b> Mick Seama Comment Ty Agree fi SuggestedR	<i>upe</i> <b>TR</b> ddling with pro	P 7 None entered <i>Comment Status</i> X otocol identifiers is out of the sc	L 3	# 20
C/ 8 SC 8.4.6 Rodney Cummings	P6 None entered	L <b>30</b>	# 6		editors note	and clause 9 changes from this Response Status <b>O</b>	amendment.	
Comment Type E Typo SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status X			C/ <b>1&amp;2</b> Roger Marks	SC 182	P 1 None entered	L <b>44</b>	# 8
Replace "administrate Proposed Response	" with "administrator". Response Status <b>O</b>			Comment Ty Since S Howeve	vpe E ubclauses 1 a r, since they a	Comment Status X and 2 are included in the amend are currently without content, so lete the content of those subcla	me readers m	ight mistakenly believe
C/ 9 SC 9 Norm Finn	P <b>7</b> None entered	L <b>3</b>	# 25	SuggestedR	emedy	subclauses 1 and 2 indicating th		
	Comment Status X Inclause to 9 for the use of "OUI" g., in IEEE Std 802.1AB LLDP T		e point, as opposed to	Proposed R		Response Status <b>O</b>		
SuggestedRemedy See Comment.	· · · · ·							
Proposed Response	Response Status <b>O</b>							

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

 C/
 1&2
 Page 6 of 7

 SC
 1&2
 1/19/2016 1:56:44 AM

P802c/D0.1

# P802c/D0.1 Local MAC Address Usage 1st Task Force review comments

		07	1.04	# [22
C/ E	SC E.3	P <b>7</b>	L 34	# 26
Norm Fin	n	None	entered	
Commen	t Type TR	Comment Status	Х	
Eithe	r supply text or re	emove editor's note.		
Suggeste	edRemedy			
See	Comment			
Proposed	d Response	Response Status	0	

C/ E SC **E.3**