

```

module ieee802-dot1ae {
  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.1AE:yang:ieee802-dot1ae";
  prefix "dot1ae";

  import ieee802-dot1ae-types { prefix "dot1aetypes"; }
  import ietf-yang-types { prefix "yang"; }
  import ietf-interfaces { prefix "if"; }
  // import ietf-system { prefix "sys"; }
  import iana-if-type { prefix "ianaift"; }
  import ieee802-dot1x-types { prefix "dot1x-types"; }

  organization
    "Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers";
  contact
    "WG-URL: http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/1/
    WG-E-Mail: stds-802-1@ieee.org
    Contact: IEEE 802.1 Working Group Chair
    Postal: C/O IEEE 802.1 Working Group
    IEEE Standards Association
    445 Hoes Lane
    P.O. Box 1331
    Piscataway
    NJ 08855-1331
    USA

```

```

E-mail: STDS-802-1-L@LISTSERV.IEEE.ORG";

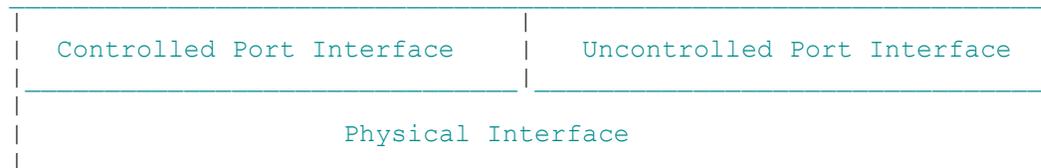
```

#### description

"The MAC security entity (SecY) MIB **module**. A SecY is a protocol shim providing MAC Security (MACsec) in an interface stack.

Each SecY transmits MACsec protected frames on one or more Secure Channels (SCs) to each of the other SecYs attached to the same LAN and participating in the same Secure Connectivity Association (CA). The CA is a security relationship, that is established and maintained by **key** agreement protocols and supported by MACsec to provide full connectivity between its participants. Each SC provides unidirectional point to multipoint connectivity from one participant to all the others and is supported by a succession of similarly point to multipoint Secure Associations (SAs). The Secure Association Key (SAK) used to protect frames is changed as an SA is replaced by its (overlapping) successor so fresh keys can be used without disrupting a long lived SC and CA.

Two different upper interfaces, a Controlled Port (for frames protected by MACsec, providing an instance of the secure MAC service) and an Uncontrolled Port (for frames not requiring protection, like the **key** agreement frames used to establish the CA and distribute keys) are associated with a SecY shim.



Example MACsec Interface Stack.

```

";

```

```

revision 2019-03-26 {

```

#### description

```

"Updates based upon comment resolution on draft TBD ";

```

#### reference

```

"IEEE 802.1AE-2018, Media Access Control (MAC) Security.";

```

```
}

/* -----
 * List of features that may be optionally
 * implemented/supported
 * -----
 */

/* -----
 * Group objects used by 802.1ae YANG module
 * -----
 */

grouping provided-interface-grouping {
  description
    "This holds statistics for the Provided interface ports both the
    controlled port and the uncontrolled port.";
  leaf provided-interface {
    type dot1x-types:pae-if-index;
    //type if:interface-ref;
    config false;
    description
      "The controlled or uncontrolled Port for this
      Secy.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.4";
  }
  leaf mac-enabled {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "The mac-enabled parameter is TRUE if use of the service is
      permitted and is otherwise FALSE. The value of this parameter is
      determined by administrative controls specific to the entity
      providing the service.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.4";
  }
  leaf mac-operational {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "The mac-operational parameter is TRUE if, and only if, service
      requests can be made and service indications can occur.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.4";
  }
  leaf oper-point-to-point-mac {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "If the operPointToPointMAC parameter is TRUE, the service is used
      as if it provides connectivity to at most one other system; if
      FALSE, the service is used as if it can provide connectivity to a
      number of systems.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.5";
  }
  leaf admin-point-to-point-mac {
    type enumeration {
      enum force-true {
        value 1;
        description
          "If admin-point-to-point-mac is set to force-true
          oper-point-to-point-mac shall be TRUE, regardless of any
```

```

        indications to the contrary generated by the service providing
        entity.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.5";
}
enum force-false {
    value 2;
    description
        "If admin-point-to-point-mac is set to force-false
        oper-point-to-point-mac shall be FALSE.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.5";
}
enum auto {
    value 3;
    description
        "If admin-point-to-point-mac is set to auto
        oper-point-to-point-mac is as currently determined by the
        service providing entity.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.5";
}
}
default "auto";
description
    "Each service access point can make available status parameters that
    reflect the point-to-point status for the service instance provided,
    and that allow administrative control over the use of that
    information.The adminPointToPointMAC parameter can take one of three
    values.";
reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.5";
}
}

/* common SC items */
grouping secy-secure-channel-grouping {
    description
        "The secy-secure-channel grouping contains configuration and
        state common to both transmit and receive SCs.";
    leaf sci {
        type dot1aetypes:sec-sci-type;
        description
            "Each SecY transmits frames conveying secure MAC Service requests of
            any given priority on a single SC. Each SC provides unidirectional
            point-to-multipoint communication, and it can be long lived, persisting
            through SAK changes. Each SC is identified by a Secure Channel
            Identifier (SCI) comprising a 48-bit MAC address concatenated with a
            16-bit Port Identifier.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE Clause 7.1.2 and figure 7.7";
    }
    leaf created-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when the SC was created.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.12";
    }
    leaf started-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when receiving last became True for the SC.";
    }
}

```

```
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.12";
    }
    leaf stopped-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when receiving last became False for the SC.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.12";
    }
}

/* common SA items */
grouping secy-secure-association-grouping {
    description
        "The secy-secure-association grouping contains configuration and
        state common to both transmit and receive Security Associations(SAs).";
    leaf in-use {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "If inUse is True, and MAC_Operational is True for the Common Port, the
            SA can receive and transmit frames.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14, 10.7.23";
    }
    leaf ssci {
        type uint32;
        config false;
        description "Short Secure Channel Identifier for the Send and Transmit SA";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14, 10.7.23";
    }
    leaf next-pn {
        type dot1aetypes:sec-pn-type;
        config false;
        description
            "The Next Packet Number, one more than the highest PN
            conveyed in the SecTAG of successfully validates frames
            received on this SA.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14, 10.7.23";
    }
    leaf created-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when the SA was created.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14, 10.7.23";
    }
    leaf started-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when inUse last became True for the SA.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14";
    }
    leaf stopped-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        config false;
        description
            "This is the system time when inUse last became False for the SA.";
```

```
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14";
    }
}

grouping set-def {
    leaf tc {
        type int8;
    }
}
/* -----
 * Configuration objects used by 802.1ae YANG module
 * -----
 */

augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
    when "if:type = 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd'" {
        description
            "Augment interfaces with 802.1ae MACSec System specific configuration
            nodes.";
    }
    container secy {
        description
            "Augment interface with 802.1 SecY configuration nodes.";
        list secy {
            key "controlled-port-number";
            description
                "The management information for each SecY is indexed
                by controlled-portNumber within a SecY System. This containment
                relationship complements that specified in IEEE Std 802.1X,
                where the management information for each PAE is indexed by
                portNumber within a PAE System";
            reference
                "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7 IEEE 802.1X-2010 Clause 12.9.2";
            leaf controlled-port-number {
                type dot1x-types:paef-if-index;
                //type dot1aetypes:sec-if-index-type;
                description
                    "Controlled Port Number";
            }
        }
        container verification {
            description
                "This is the Verification controls for validation and
                replay protect for a given secy.";
            reference
                "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.6";
            leaf max-receive-channels {
                type uint8;
                config false;
                description
                    "Specifies Maximum Number of Receive Channels
                    for a SecY";
                reference
                    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.7";
            }
            leaf max-receive-keys {
                type uint8;
                config false;
                description "Specifies Maximum Number of Receive Keys
                for a SecY";
                reference
                    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.7";
            }
            leaf validate-frames {
                type enumeration {

```

```

    enum disabled {
        value 1;
        description
            "Frame Verification is disabled. Remove SecTAGs
            and ICVs (if present) from received frames.";
    }
    enum check {
        value 2;
        description
            "Frame Verification is enabled. Do not discard
            invalid frames.";
    }
    enum strict {
        value 3;
        description
            "Frame Verification is enabled and strictly
            enforced. Discard any invalid frames.";
    }
    enum null {
        value 4;
        description
            "No Frame Verification is performed, do not
            remove-secTags or ICVs";
    }
}
default "strict";
description
    "Controls the frame verification settings.  If the management
    control validate-frames is not Strict, frames without a SecTAG are
    received, counted, and delivered to the Controlled Port; otherwise,
    they are counted and discarded.  If validate-frames is Disabled,
    cryptographic validation is not applied to tagged frames, but
    frames whose original service user data can be recovered are
    delivered.  Frames with a SecTAG that has the TCI E bit set but the
    C bit clear are discarded, as this reserved encoding is used to
    identify frames with a SecTAG that are not to be delivered to the
    Controlled Port.  If validate-frames is Null, all received frames
    are delivered to the Controlled Port without modification,
    irrespective of the absence, presence, or validity of a SecTAG";
reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.8";
}
leaf replay-protect{
    type boolean;
    default "true";
    description
        "If the Packet Number (PN) of the received frame is less than the
        lowest acceptable packet number for the SA, and replay-protect is
        enabled, the frame is discarded and the in-pkts-late counter
        incremented.  The replayProtect and replayWindow controls allows
        replay protection to be disabled, to operate on a packet number
        window, or to enforce strict frame order.  If replayProtect is set
        but the replayWindow is not zero, frames within the window can be
        received out of order; however, they are not replay protected.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.6.2, 10.4";
}
leaf replay-window{
    type uint32;
    default "0";
    description
        "Controls the replay-window size in packets that supports media
        access control methods and provider networks that can misorder
        frames with different priorities and/or addresses. ";
    reference

```

```
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.8";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-untagged {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of packets received without the MACsec tag (SecTAG)
            received while validate-frames was not strict.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-no-tag {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of packets received without the MACsec tag (SecTAG)
            discarded because validate-frames was set to strict.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-bad-tag {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of received packets discarded with an invalid
            MACsec tag (SecTAG), zero value PN, or invalid ICV.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-no-sa {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of received packets discarded with an unknown SCI
            or for an unused SA.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-no-sa-error {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of packets discarded because the received SCI
            is unknown or the SA is not in use.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-pkts-overflow {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of packets discarded because they exceeded
            cryptographic performance capabilities.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
    }
    leaf in-octets-validated {
        type yang:counter64;
        config false;
        description
            "The number of plaintext octets recovered from packets
            that were integrity protected but not encrypted.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.6, 10.6.3";
    }
}
```

```
leaf in-octets-decrypted {
  type yang:counter64;
  config false;
  description
    "The number of plaintext octets recovered from packets
    that were integrity protected and encrypted.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.6, 10.6.3";
}
list receive-sc {
  key "sci";
  config false;
  description
    " This is the Receive Security Channel Status for a given
    secure channel identifier. ";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
  uses secy-secure-channel-grouping;
  leaf receiving {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "Receiving is True if in-use is True for any of the
      SAs for the SC, and False otherwise";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.12";
  }
  leaf in-pkts-ok {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "For this SC, the number of validated packets.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.6.5, 10.7.9";
  }
  leaf in-pkts-unchecked {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "For this SC, the number of packets while validate-frames
      was disabled.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.6.5, 10.7.9";
  }
  leaf in-pkts-delayed {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "For this SC, the number of received packets, with
      Packet Number (PN) lower than the lowest acceptable PN
      lowest-pn and replay-protect is false.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.6.5, 10.7.9";
  }
  leaf in-pkts-late {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "For this SC, the number of discarded packets, because
      the Packet Number (PN) was lower than the lowest
      acceptable PN lowest-pn and replay-protect is true.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
  }
  leaf in-pkts-invalid {
```

```

    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
        "For this SC, the number packets that failed validation but
        could be received because validate-frames was 'check' and the
        data was not encrypted (so the original frame could be
        recovered).";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
}
leaf in-pkts-not-valid {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
        "For this SC, the number of packets discarded because
        validation failed and validate-frames was 'strict' or the data
        was encrypted (so the original frame could not be recovered).";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
}

list receive-sa {
    key "rxa";
    description
        " This is the Receive Security Association Status for this
        association";
    uses secy-secure-association-grouping;
    leaf rxa {
        type dot1aetypes:sec-an-type;
        description
            " The Association Number for this Receiving Security
            Association";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.13";
    }

    leaf lowest-pn {
        type dot1aetypes:sec-pn-type;
        config false;
        description
            "The lowest acceptable packet number. A received frame
            with a lower PN is discarded if replay-protect
            is enabled.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.14";
    }
    leaf enable-receive {
        type boolean;
        description
            "When the SA is created, enable-receive and in-use are
            False and the SA cannot be used to receive frames.
            The SA shall be able to receive, and in-use shall be
            True, when enable-receive is set. The SA shall stop
            receiving, and in-use shall be False, when
            enable-receive is reset.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.15";
    }
}

//// The following is confusing to me.
leaf updt-next-pn {
    type dot1aetypes:sec-pn-type;
    config false;
    description
        "The value of next-pn shall be set to the greater of its

```



```
    description
      "The protect-frames control is provided to facilitate
      deployment.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  }
  leaf always-include-sci {
    type boolean;
    default false;
    description
      "Mandates inclusion of an explicit SCI in the SectAG when
      transmitting protected frames.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.5.3, 10.7.17";
  }
  leaf use-es {
    type boolean;
    default false;
    description
      "Enables use of the ES bit in the SectAG when transmitting
      protected frames.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.5.3, 10.7.17";
  }
  leaf use-scb {
    type boolean;
    default false;
    description
      "Enables use of the SCB bit in the SectAG when transmitting
      protected frames.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.5.3, 10.7.17";
  }
  leaf including-sci {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "True if an explicit SCI is included in the SectAG when
      transmitting protected frames.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clauses 10.5.3, 10.7.17";
  }
  leaf out-pkts-untagged {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "The number of packets transmitted without a SectAG because
      protect-frames is configured false.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.18";
  }
  leaf out-pkts-too-long {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "The number of transmit packets discarded because their length is
      greater than the ifMtu of the Common Port.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.18";
  }
  leaf out-octets-protected {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "The number of plain text octets integrity protected but not
```

```
        encrypted in transmitted frames.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
}
leaf out-octets-encrypted {
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
        "The number of plain text octets integrity protected and
        encrypted in transmitted frames.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.9";
}
container user-priority-0 {
    description
        "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
        represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
        comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
        the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf traffic-class {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..7";
        }
        default 0;
    }
}

container user-priority-1 {
    description
        "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
        represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
        comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
        the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC The
        user priority associated with the incoming frame. This is used as
        an index into the table. Each entry in the Traffic Class Table
        is a traffic class, represented by an integer from 0 (default)
        through 7 that also comprises the numeric value of the four most
        significant bits of the Port Identifier component of the SCI for
        the selected SC. The table index and its output both comprise 4
        bits, representing both the priority (most significant three
        bits) and drop_eligible (least significant bit) of the user
        priority and access priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf traffic-class {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..7";
        }
        default 1;
    }
}

container user-priority-2 {
    description
        "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
        represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
        comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
        the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf traffic-class {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..7";
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
    default 2;
  }
}

container user-priority-3 {
  description
    "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
    represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
    comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
    the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf traffic-class {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..7";
    }
    default 3;
  }
}

container user-priority-4 {
  description
    "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
    represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
    comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
    the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf traffic-class {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..7";
    }
    default 4;
  }
}

container user-priority-5 {
  description
    "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
    represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
    comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
    the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf traffic-class {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..7";
    }
    default 5;
  }
}

container user-priority-6 {
  description
    "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
    represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
    comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
    the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf traffic-class {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..7";
    }
  }
}
```

```
        default 6;
    }
}

container user-priority-7 {
    description
        "Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
        represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
        comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
        the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC
        Each entry in the Traffic Class Table is a traffic class,
        represented by an integer from 0 (default) through 7 that also
        comprises the numeric value of the four most significant bits of
        the Port Identifier component of the SCI for the selected SC. The
        table index and its output both comprise 4 bits, representing
        both the priority (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible
        (least significant bit) of the user priority and access priority.
        The default value of each table entry is that of its index, thus
        leaving the priority and drop_eligible bits";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf traffic-class {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..7";
        }
        default 7;
    }
}

container user-pcp-0 {
    description
        "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
        request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
        for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
        the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
        both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
        default 0;
    }
}

container user-pcp-1 {
    description
        "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
        request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
        for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
        the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
        both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
        default 1;
    }
}
```

```
}
container user-pcp-2 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 2;
  }
}
container user-pcp-3 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 3;
  }
}
container user-pcp-4 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 4;
  }
}
container user-pcp-5 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
```

```
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
        default 5;
    }
}
container user-pcp-6 {
    description
        "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
        request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
        for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
        the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
        both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
        default 6;
    }
}
container user-pcp-7 {
    description
        "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
        request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
        for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
        the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
        both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
        default 7;
    }
}
container user-pcp-8 {
    description
        "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
        request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
        for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
        the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
        both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
        (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
        significant bit) of the user priority and access
        priority.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
    leaf access-priority {
        type uint8 {
            range "0..15";
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
    default 8;
  }
}
container user-pcp-9 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 9;
  }
}
container user-pcp-10 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 10;
  }
}
container user-pcp-11 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 11;
  }
}
container user-pcp-12 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
```

```
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 12;
  }
}
container user-pcp-13 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 13;
  }
}
container user-pcp-14 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
  leaf access-priority {
    type uint8 {
      range "0..15";
    }
    default 14;
  }
}
container user-pcp-15 {
  description
    "The SecY may map the user priority of each frame's transmit
    request at the Controlled Port to the access priority to be used
    for the corresponding transmit request at the Common Port using
    the Access Priority Table. The table index and its output
    both comprise 4 bits, representing both the priority
    (most significant three bits) and drop_eligible (least
    significant bit) of the user priority and access
    priority.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.17";
```

```
leaf access-priority {
  type uint8 {
    range "0..15";
  }
  default 15;
}
}
list transmit-sc {
  key "sci";
  config false;
  description
    "This is the transmit Security Channel, status for a given
    Security Channel Identifier.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.1";
  uses secy-secure-channel-grouping;
  leaf transmitting {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "True if in-use is True for any of the SAs for the SC, and
      False otherwise";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.21";
  }
  leaf encoding-sa {
    type dot1aetypes:sec-an-type;
    config false;
    description
      "The current value of the encoding-sa variable for the selected
      transmit SC.";
  reference
    "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.24";
  }
  leaf out-pkts-protected { /* recommended in secyTcMIBCompliance? */
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "The number of integrity protected but not encrypted packets
      for this transmit SC.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE Clause 10.7.18, Figure 10-3";
  }
  leaf out-pkts-encrypted { /* recommended in secyTcMIBCompliance? */
    type yang:counter64;
    config false;
    description
      "The number of integrity protected and encrypted packets
      for this transmit SC.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE Clause 10.7.18, Figure 10-3";
  }
}
list transmit-sa {
  key txa;
  config false;
  description
    "This is the transmit security association status for a given
    association number. ";
  uses secy-secure-association-grouping;
  leaf txa {
    type dot1aetypes:sec-an-type;
    config false;
    description
      "The association number for the SA ";
    reference

```



```

    }
    leaf transmits {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "Transmits true means key is used for transmitting
            direction ???";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.5";
    }
    leaf receives {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "Receives true means key is used for receiving
            direction ???";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.5";
    }
}
}
container controlled-interface {
    description
        "Controlled interface control and status";
    uses provided-interface-grouping;

    leaf controlled-port-enabled {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "By setting ControlledPortEnabled False, the KaY can prohibit use
            of the Controlled Port until the secure connectivity required has
            been configured.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.6";
    }
}
container uncontrolled-interface {
    description
        "Uncontrolled interface control and status";
    uses provided-interface-grouping;
}

/* See IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.4. The common port is an instance
* of a MAC Internal Sublayer Service (ISS), which is defined outside
* of macsec (defined in 802.1d). Assume that the operational state and
* statistics are already implemented in a yang model for 802.1d and that
* an pae-if-ref is sufficient.
*/
container common-port {
    description
        "This list the statistics for the Provided interface ports both the
        controlled port and the uncontrolled port.";
    leaf common-port {
        type dot1x-types:paef-if-index;
        config false;
        description
            "The common Port for this Secy.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.4";
    }
}
list cipher-suite-control {
    key implemented-cipher-suite;
    leaf implemented-cipher-suite {

```

```

    type dot1aetypes:sec-eui64-type;
    //must "boolean(/../i../cipher-suites/cipher-suite=.)";

    description
      "cipher suite identifier (EUI-64)";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.26";
  }
  leaf enable-use {
    type boolean;
    default true;
    description
      "Enables use of the Cipher Suite by this SecY.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.26";
  }
  leaf require-confidentiality {
    type boolean;
    default true;
    description
      "This value is true if the Cipher Suite can only be used to provide
      both confidentiality and integrity (and not integrity only, or
      confidentiality with an offset) Enables use of the Cipher Suite by
      this SecY.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.26";
  }
  }
  description "";
}
}

list cipher-suites {
  key "cipher-suite";
  leaf cipher-suite {
    type dot1aetypes:sec-eui64-type;
    description
      "A globally unique 64-bit (EUI-64) identifier for this
      cipher suite";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
  }
  leaf name {
    type string {
      length "1..254";
    }
    config false;
    description
      "Cipher Suite Name, a human readable and displayable UTF-8
      (IETF RFC 2279) string.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
  }
  leaf integrity-protection {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
      "True if integrity protection without confidentiality
      can be provided.";
    reference
      "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
  }
  leaf confidentiality-protection {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description

```

```

        "True if confidentiality with integrity protection
        can be provided.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
}
leaf offset-confidentiality {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
        "True if a selectable offset for confidentiality can
        be provided";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
}
leaf changes-data-length {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
        "Indicates that the cipher suite changes the data
        length.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
}
leaf icv-length {
    type uint16;
    config false;
    description
        "The number of octets in the ICV";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.25";
}
}
description
    "A list of configuration parameters and operational state associated
    with a cipher suite.";
}
}
}
/*
 * Interfaces

augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
    when "if:type = 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd'" {
        description
            "Applies to the Controlled Port of SecY
            Ethernet related Interface.";
    }
    description
        "Augment interface model with Secy configuration and
        operational nodes.";
    reference
        "";
    container controlled-port {
        description
            "Controlled interface control and status";
        leaf controlled-port-number {
            type dot1x-types:paef-if-index;
            description
                "Used to reference configured controlled port.";
        }
    }
    uses provided-interface-grouping;

    leaf controlled-port-enabled {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description

```

```

        "By setting ControlledPortEnabled False, the KaY can prohibit use
        of the Controlled Port until the secure connectivity required has
        been configured.";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.6";
    }
}
augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
    when "if:type = 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd'" {
        description
            "Applies to the Controlled Port of SecY
            Ethernet related Interface.";
    }
    container uncontrolled-port {
        description
            "Uncontrolled interface control and status";
        leaf controlled-port-number {
            type dot1x-types:pae-if-index;
            description
                "Used to reference configured controlled port.";
        }
        uses provided-interface-grouping;
    }
}
/* See IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.4. The common port is an instance
* of a MAC Internal Sublayer Service (ISS), which is defined outside
* of macsec (defined in 802.1d). Assume that the operational state and
* statistics are already implemented in a yang model for 802.1d and that
* an pae-if-ref is sufficient.
*/
/*
augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
    when "if:type = 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd'" {
        description
            "Applies to the Controlled Port of SecY
            Ethernet related Interface.";
    }
    container common-port {
        description
            "This list the statistics for the Provided interface ports both the
            controlled port and the uncontrolled port.";
        leaf controlled-port-number {
            type dot1x-types:pae-if-index;
            description
                "Used to reference configured controlled port.";
        }
        leaf common-port {
            type dot1x-types:pae-if-index;
            //type if:interface-ref;
            config false;
            description
                "The common Port for this Secy.";
            reference
                "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 10.7.4";
        }
    }
    leaf mac-enabled {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "The mac-enabled parameter is TRUE if use of the service is
            permitted and is otherwise FALSE. The value of this parameter is
            determined by administrative controls specific to the entity
            providing the service.";
        reference

```

```
        "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.4";
    }
    leaf mac-operational {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
            "The mac-operational parameter is TRUE if, and only if, service
            requests can be made and service indications can occur.";
        reference
            "IEEE 802.1AE-2018 Clause 6.4";
    }
}
}
*/
}
```